

***Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature***



Fall 2025 Conference
November 12th – November 16th, 2025
Oklahoma City, OK

Jacob Schonfield
Governor

Caleb Dorsten
Chief Justice

Cannon Mitchell
Speaker of the House

Kylee Laginess
Lieutenant Governor

Lilian Fuchs
Press Secretary

Wesley Hurlbut
President Pro Tempore of the Senate



Schedule of Events

First Session of the Fifty-Seventh Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
November 12th – November 16th, 2025

NOTE: Highlighted events are providing food

NOTE: *Events require an activity pass

Last Updated: 11/04/25

Wednesday, November 12th - Old Hollywood Glam Dress-Up Day

Time	Activity	Location
1:30 – 2:30 pm	Registration Check-In (Delegation Chairs)	Hotel, Lobby Lounge
2:00 – 2:30 pm	Press Corps Orientation (All Press Competitors)	Capitol, Rm 535 S.
3:00 – 3:30 pm	Moot Court Orientation (All Moot Competitors)	Capitol, Rm 535 S.
4:00 – 4:40 pm	House Orientation (All House Members)	Capitol, House Chambers
4:00 – 4:40 pm	Senate Orientation (All Senators)	Capitol, Senate Chambers
4:45 – 5:30 pm	Opening Joint Session	Capitol, House Chambers
6:30 – 9:00 pm	Legislative Committee Meetings	Capitol, Rm 4S.9
9:30 pm – TBD	*Act. Pass Event: Movie Night (Panda Express)	TBD

Thursday, November 13th - Checks and Balances Dress-Up Day

Time	Activity	Location
9:00 am – 1:00 pm	Committee Meetings/General Session	Capitol, House / Senate Chambers
9:15 – 11:30 am	Moot Court Practice Rounds	Capitol, Rms 4S.8 & 4S.9
11:30 – 1:30 pm	Law School Lunch Panel: Burritos	Capitol, 2nd Floor Rotunda
1:30 – 6:00 pm	Moot Court Practice Rounds	Capitol, Rms 4S.8 & 4S.9
1:30 – 9:00 pm	Legislative General Session	House / Senate Chambers
8:30 – 9:00 pm	Press Corps Meeting	Capitol, Rm 4S.8
10:00 – 11:00 pm	Delegation Dinner	Hotel, Conference Room

Friday, November 14th - Monochrome Magic Dress-Up Day

Time	Activity	Location
9:00 – 11:45 am	Legislative Session	House / Senate Chambers
9:00 – 11:45 am	Moot Court Round 1	Capitol, Rms 4S.8 & 4S.9
11:45 am - 1:15 pm	Lunch & Five-Star Lunch	TBD
1:15 – 5:00 pm	Moot Court Round 1	Capitol, Rms 4S.8 & 4S.9
1:15 – 5:30 pm	Legislative General Session	House / Senate Chambers
5:00 – 5:30 pm	Press Corps Meeting	Capitol, Rm 4S.8
7:00 – 9:00 pm	Governor’s Gala	La Bella Event Center

Saturday, November 15th - Icons and Inspirations Dress-Up Day

Time	Activity	Location
9:00 am – 12:00 pm	Legislative Session	House / Senate Chambers
9:00 am – 12:00 pm	Moot Court Round 2	Capitol, Rm 4S.9
12:00 – 1:00 pm	*Act. Pass Lunch: Pizza	TBD
1:00 – 4:00 pm	Moot Court Round 2	Capitol, Rm 4S.9
1:00 – 9:00 pm	Legislative General Session	House / Senate Chambers
6:00 – 9:00 pm	Moot Court Quarterfinal Rounds	Capitol, Rm 4S.9
8:30 – 9:00 pm	Press Corps Meeting	Capitol, Rm 4S.8
10:30 pm – TBD	*Act. Pass: Game Night (Raising Cane's)	Hotel

Sunday, November 16th - Campus Pride Dress-Up Day

Time	Activity	Location
9:00 am – 12:00 pm	Legislative General Session	House / Senate Chambers
10:00 am – 12:00 pm	Moot Court Semifinal Rounds	Capitol, Rm 4S.9
10:30 am – 11:00 pm	Appropriations Committee	Capitol, Rm 4S.7
12:00 – 1:00 pm	*Act. Pass Lunch: Pizza	TBD
1:00 – 2:15 pm	Moot Court Final Round	Capitol, Rm 4S.9
1:00 – 4:00 pm	Legislative General Session Wrap-Up	House / Senate Chambers
3:30 – 4:00 pm	Leadership Headshots	Capitol, 4th Floor Rotunda
4:00 – 6:30 pm	Closing Joint Session	House Chambers

Relevant Addresses

Location	Address
Capitol Building	2300 N Lincoln Blvd, Oklahoma City, OK 73105
Hotel	931 E Reno Avenue, Oklahoma City, OK 73104
La Bella Event Center	6701 W Wilshire Blvd, Oklahoma City, OK 73132

Delegation Chairs

East Central University	Alex McGregor
Southwestern Oklahoma State University	Hannah Nease
Northwestern Oklahoma State University	Bekah Williams
Oklahoma Baptist University	Talan Nguyen
Oral Roberts University	John Haner
Oklahoma State University	Ashton Tate
Southeastern Oklahoma State University	Kai Jones
University of Oklahoma	Natalia Cly
University of Tulsa	Caden Jolliff
Tulsa Community College	Ashton Sims
Southern Nazarene University	Noelle Brezillac

Steering Committee

Governor	Jacob Schonfield
Lieutenant Governor	Kylee Laginess
President Pro Tempore of the Senate	Wesley Hurlbut
Deputy President Pro Tempore of the Senate	Patrick Humphrey
Speaker of the House	Cannon Mitchell
Speaker Pro Tempore of the House	Krislyn Sherer
Attorney General	Renner Howell
Secretary of State	Tallie Tynes
Press Secretary	Lillian Fuchs
Deputy Press Secretary	Hayden Grubbs
Chief Justice	Caleb Dorsten
Vice Chief Justice	Savannah Valgora

Office of the Governor

Chief of Staff	Audrey Bishop
Director of Budget and Finance	Fallon Burleson
Director of Technology	Carter Lowry
Director of Fundraising	Marley Hutchins
Director of Retention	Nesma Saadalla
Director of Diversity and Inclusion	Avery McIntyre
Director of Recruitment	Renner Howell
Director of Delegation Resources	Aristotle Orsini

Senate Leadership

Secretary	Karter Caves (OSU)
Floor Leader	Lillie Plane (TU)
President's Clerk	John Haner (ORU)
Legal Counsel	Caden Hayes (OSU)
Head Freshman Liaison	Trevor Freisen (OSU)
Head Sergeant-At-Arms	Daniel Geary (TU)
Rules Committee Chair	Trevor Freisen (OSU)
Parliamentarian	Josiah Belyeu (ORU)
Standards & Ethics Chair	Karson Kuykendall (OSU)
Judiciary Committee Chair	Josiah Belyeu (ORU)

House Leadership

Chief Clerk Administrator	Lacey April (OU)
Co-Floor Leader	Isaiah Osei (ORU)
Co-Floor Leader	Aristotle Orsini (TU)
Head Parliamentarian	Alex Edmundson (OSU)
Head Freshman Liaison	Avery McIntyre (OSU)
Ethics Committee Chair	Caden Jolliff (TU)
Chief Legislative Counselor	Carter Lowry (OSU)
Head Sergeant-at-Arms	Sophia Rehman (TU)
Mustache Committee Chair	Cash Orr (OSU)

Supreme Court

Chief Justice	Caleb Dorsten
Vice Chief Justice	Savannah Valgora
Associate Justice	Harrison Buck
Associate Justice	Sam Hunt
Associate Justice	Marley Hutchins
Associate Justice	Ryan Francione
Associate Justice	Aubrey Ward

Index

Internal Legislation

Senate Internal Bills.....	.....
House Internal Resolution .....	.....

Senate Legislation

Northwestern Oklahoma State University .....	.....
Oklahoma Baptist University.....	.....
Oral Roberts University .....	.....
Oklahoma State University .....	.....
University of Oklahoma .....	.....
Southeastern Oklahoma State University .....	.....
Southern Nazarene University .....	.....
Tulsa Community College .....	.....
University of Tulsa

Senate Joint Resolutions

Oral Roberts University
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House Legislation

East Central University
Northwestern Oklahoma State University
Oklahoma Baptist University.....	.....
Oral Roberts University .....	.....
Oklahoma State University .....	.....
University of Oklahoma .....	.....
Southeastern Oklahoma State University .....	.....
Southern Nazarene University .....	.....
Tulsa Community College .....	.....
University of Tulsa .....	.....

INTERNAL LEGISLATION

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Internal Bill No. OSU-001

By: Friesen of the Senate (OSU)
Lowry of the House (OSU)
Speaker of the House Mitchell (ALU)
President Pro Tempore of the Senate Hurlbut (ALU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to points; providing short title; amending O.I.L.S. Title Nine, Chapter One; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE OKLAHOMA INTERCOLLEGIATE LEGISLATURE

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “People’s Point Overhaul Act of 2025.”

Section 2. AMENDATORY O.I.L.S. Title Nine, Chapter One is amended to read as follows:

Section 100: A total of ~~one hundred and eleven (111)~~ one hundred and eight (108) points shall be allocated to determine the winner of each session of OIL.

A. The Executive Branch shall be allotted ~~twenty (20)~~ twenty-four (24) total points and shall be allocated as follows:

1. The Governor shall be allotted two (2) points to be awarded at ~~his or her~~ their discretion.

2. The Lt. Governor shall be allotted Eight (8) points. Two (2) points shall be awarded at ~~his or her~~ their discretion. The remainder of points shall be awarded in the following manner:

i. The winner of the OIL ~~Ofelia Chavoya~~ Community Service Competition shall receive three (3) points. ~~The runner-up, second place~~ shall receive two (2) points, and ~~the 2nd runner-up~~ third place shall receive one (1) point.

3. The Press Secretary shall be allotted ~~twelve (12)~~ fourteen (14) points. Two (2) points shall be awarded at the Press Secretary’s discretion in

consultation with the Deputy Press Secretary. The remainder of points shall be awarded for the OIL Journalism ~~program~~ Competition according to the following manner:

- i. The winner of the Journalism Competition shall receive ~~five (5)~~ six (6) points, ~~the runner up second place~~ shall receive ~~three (3)~~ four (4) points, and ~~the 2nd runner up~~ third place shall receive two (2) points.
 - ii. The winner, ~~runner up~~ second place, and ~~second runner up~~ third place shall be determined by the Press Secretary and Deputy Press Secretary under the oversight of the Chief of Staff.
- B. The House of Representatives and the Senate shall each be allotted thirty-five (35) points. Two (2) discretionary points shall be awarded by the Speaker of the House of Representatives in consultation with the Speaker Pro Tempore and two (2) discretionary points shall be awarded by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate in consultation with the Deputy President Pro Tempore. The remainder of points shall be awarded in the following manner in each house:
1. For ~~each of~~ the following awards, Best Delegate, ~~Best Freshman, and Best Legislation~~, the winner shall receive ~~three (3)~~ five (5) points. ~~The runner up, second place~~ shall receive ~~two (2)~~ three (3) points, and ~~the 2nd runner up~~ third place shall receive one (1) point. For the following awards, Best Freshman and Best Legislation, the winner shall receive two and a half (2.5) points, second place shall receive one and a half (1.5) points, and third place shall receive zero point five (0.5) points.
 - i. The ~~b~~ Best Legislation award shall be awarded to the author with the best piece of legislation heard in their respective house.
 - ii. The ~~b~~ Best ~~d~~ Delegate award shall be awarded to the best overall delegate as defined by their house.
 - iii. The ~~b~~ Best ~~f~~ Freshman award shall be awarded to the best overall freshman as defined by their house.
 2. The Outstanding Delegation Award shall be awarded as set forth by the rules of each body. Points shall be awarded as follows:

3. ~~Any points not distributed in accordance with parts 1 and 2 of this subsection due to an insufficient number of Court Competitors shall remain undistributed.~~
4. Points accruing to Court Competitors shall not be divulged before the last joint session of the Legislative Session.
5. A record of all Court Competitors to whom points accrue under this section and the number of points so accrued shall be delivered ~~in a sealed envelope~~ by email or other means of encrypted communication to the Secretary of State no later than two (2) hours prior to the scheduled convening of the last joint session of the legislative session.

D. Discretionary Points Rules

1. Points may be awarded in honor of any individual or delegation.
2. No more than one (1) discretionary point may be given to any delegate out of any single ~~branch's~~ individual's allotment of points
3. Any discretionary points may not be divided further than one-half (1/2) of one (1) point.
4. Points must be awarded no later than ~~the~~ 12:00 pm of the final day of session and shall not be divulged until the last joint session of the legislative session.
5. Points awarded must be itemized, ~~in a sealed envelope,~~ and delivered by email or other means of encrypted communication to the Secretary of State no later than (2) two hours prior to the scheduled convening of the last joint session of the legislative session.
6. ~~Discretionary points to be awarded by each body within the Legislative Branch shall be divided evenly between the ranking and second ranking member elected within each body.~~ Any position directly designated or any person involved with the discretion to distribute discretionary points must submit their ballot to the Secretary of State without discussion or indication to another position or person involved with the discretion to distribute discretionary points. If evidence is proven to an appellate court, during or after the respective

session, those specific points impacted will be nullified, and the Secretary of State shall re-count and re-verify any and all awards.

- E. The total amount of points accumulated by the top three (3) institutions shall be announced at the final joint session of the Legislative Session.
- F. The final tally shall be submitted to the Secretary of State for official filing and they will prepare a score sheet that shall be given to all delegation chairs.

Section 101: All ~~sealed envelopes~~ emails or other means of encrypted communication delivered to the Secretary of State shall be opened or verifiably viewed in the presence of the Governor, Lt. Governor, and Attorney General.

Section 102: The delegation receiving the greatest number of points from all three branches combined, as verified by the Secretary of State and Governor, shall receive a trophy stating as such. The responsibility of purchasing and obtaining all trophies for all competitions that require a trophy shall rest with the Governor. This award shall be styled the “Outstanding Delegation Award”.

Section 103: A citation of proclamation shall be given to each delegate whose legislation has been passed by both chambers and signed into law by the Governor of OIL. Legislation that does not require the consent of the Governor shall also receive such a citation, provided it has been passed through the required chamber or chambers, as shall any legislation vetoed by the Governor, if the veto shall have been overridden by the legislature. Each citation shall be made from a template, personalized to include the name of the author and the short title of the legislation. These citations will be signed by the Governor, President Pro Tempore, and Speaker of the House of OIL. These citations will be made ready to hand out during the closing joint session ceremonies.

Section 104: There is hereby created a “Distinguished Delegate Award”. This award shall be given to a delegate or member who has gone “above and beyond” what is expected out of a delegate or member of the Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature, and shall receive a trophy stating as such. This award shall not consist of any points, and therefore shall not impact the outcome of the “Outstanding Delegation Award”.

- A. Any delegate or member may submit a nomination for this award, in writing, to the Secretary of State, who shall then submit it to the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors shall then choose who receives this award. If any member of the Board of Directors is nominated for this award, they shall be recused from the decision-making process, and shall nominate another member of the Steering Committee to take their place for the sole purpose of deciding this award.

Section 3. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Section 4. EMERGENCY CLAUSE

It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Internal Resolution No. TU-801

Orsini (TU)

AS INTRODUCED

A Simple Resolution proposing changes to the House Standing Rules of Order; amending Rule 1 of the House Standing Rules of Order; amending Rule 5 of the House Standing Rules of Order; amending Rule 17, Section 2 of the House Standing Rules of Order; and providing effective date.

- WHEREAS, The House of Representatives is vested with the authority to determine its own Standing Rules; and,
- WHEREAS, The House Standing Rules of Order provides for amendment to the same; and,
- WHEREAS, The rules governing House Elections are in need of clarification and/or improvement.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE FIRST SESSION OF THE 57TH OKLAHOMA INTERCOLLEGIATE LEGISLATURE:

- THAT, Rule 1 of the House Standing Rules of Order is amended to read as follows:

Rule 1: DEFINITIONS

Gross Violation: any action that could reasonably be expected to bring significant harm to the House or the Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature. The House Committee on Rules shall have the discretion to decide specific actions constituting gross violations based on the procedure outlined in Rule 15, Section 6, Subsection A.

Legislative Day: the period between the convening and adjournment of the House, as set forth in the convention schedule, or by the declaration of the Presiding Officer.

Objection to Consideration: the purpose of the objection to consideration is to bar from discussion or consideration “any matter that is considered irrelevant, contentious or unprofitable, or that, for any reason, is thought not advisable to discuss.”

Procedural Motion: any motion that relates to either the manner in which the body conducts its business or the manner in which the body deals with a substantive matter or motion before it. Voting on the passage of a bill is not considered a procedural motion.

Quorum: fifty-percent (50%) of the registered members of the House for a given session, plus one (1).

~~Ranked Choice Voting: A voting system in which voters rank candidates in a sequence of first, second, third, and so on, on their respective ballots. Ranked Choice Voting (RCV) allows each voter to rank multiple candidates for the same office on a ballot in order of preference rather than making a single choice. After the ballots in an RCV election have been counted, if a candidate is a majority of the electorate's first choice, that candidate is the winner. If no first-choice candidate receives a majority, the candidate with the fewest first-choice ballots is eliminated, and the ballots of the eliminated candidate are counted for their second-choice candidates. This process is repeated, with the candidate receiving the fewest votes eliminated, until a candidate receives a majority of the votes.~~

Borda Count Voting: A voting system in which voters rank candidates in a sequence of first, second, third, and so on, on their respective ballots. Borda Count Voting (BCV) allows each voter to rank multiple candidates for the same office on a ballot in order of preference rather than making a single choice. After the ballots in a BCV election have been counted, if a candidate is the majority of the electorate's first choice, that candidate is the winner. If no first-choice candidate receives a majority, the votes will be tallied using a Borda Count.

Borda Count: When using the Borda method, each candidate will receive points based on their rankings on the ballots. The candidate ranking first on a given ballot will receive a number of points equal to the number of candidates, plus one (+1). The candidate ranking second on that ballot will then receive one (1) less point than the first-place candidate, and so on. For example, if there are four (4) candidates, the candidate ranking in first place on a ballot will receive five (5) points, the candidate ranking in second place will receive four (4) points, the candidate in third will receive three (3), the candidate in fourth two (2), and the candidate in fifth will receive one (1) point. This method of counting will be applied to each ballot and the candidate with the most points after each ballot has been tallied will be selected as the winner.

THAT, Rule 5 of the House Standing Rules of Order is amended to read as follows:

Rule 5: THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON RULES

Section 1. Membership

- A. The Speaker shall be the chair of the House Committee on Rules
- B. There shall be a Committee on Rules made up solely of members of the House who shall be appointed by the Speaker and shall serve at their pleasure. The House Committee on Rules shall consist of at least seven (7) members of the House appointed by the Speaker with a maximum of ten (10) members, ~~four (4)~~ five (5) of whom shall be the Speaker Pro Tempore, the Chief Clerk Administrator, the Floor Leader, ~~and the Head Freshman Liaison, and the Speaker himself.~~ All members of this committee shall retain anonymity as best as they can toward competitors outside the committee until they are officially announced. All members of this committee shall be announced prior to the start of the last legislative day. All individuals on the committee will be barred from winning individual awards within the House.
 - a. Non-ex-officio members appointed to this committee prior to the adjournment of each regular session shall serve throughout the interim until the first day of the following regular session. If, for any reason, one of the several seats of this committee shall become vacant during the interim, it shall remain so until the first day of the following regular session, unless such a vacancy shall prevent the committee from conducting business with a quorum. In such a case, the Speaker may appoint members of the body to fill such vacancies.
- C. The Speaker shall endeavor to ensure that the House Committee on Rules shall be made up of individuals from varied backgrounds, delegations, and delegation sizes to ensure that the membership of the body is represented within the committee while retaining the secrecy and professionalism of the House Committee on Rules. The Speaker should refrain from appointing Delegation Chairs and zero (0) or one (1) stars whenever possible.

THAT, Rule 17, Section 2 of the House Standing Rules of Order is amended to read as follows:

Section 2. House Election Procedures

- A. Only a member of the House of Representatives shall have the privilege of nominating or seconding any candidate for any position within the House.
- B. The time limits for nomination, seconding, and acceptance speeches shall be set by the House Committee on Rules. Each candidate shall have equal time allocated to their candidacy speeches.
- C. Only voting delegates of the House of Representatives who attended at least two (2) full legislative days of session in accordance with the Chief Clerk's records shall have the privilege of voting for chamber elections. If a member produces a documented excuse for not meeting the minimum attendance requirement, this section shall be waived at the discretion of the Speaker, or, if the Speaker is a candidate running for Election within the House, the next member of the line of succession defined by Rule 2, Section 12, Subsection A of the House Standing Rules of Order who is not a candidate in a House Election.
- D. Should there be a tie in a House Officer Election, then non-voting delegates shall have voting privileges extended for the purpose of breaking the tie. Should this result in a tie, then voting shall recommence for the same office until the tie is broken; non-voting delegates shall retain voting privileges in each tie-breaking vote.
- E. Should an election be contested by more than two candidates, the election shall use preference ballots featuring each candidate's name, and votes shall be tallied using Borda Count Voting. However, if any candidate receives a majority of first-place votes, that candidate shall be determined to be the winner. ~~then the method of voting utilized shall be Ranked Choice Voting.~~
- F. The members of the House Election Committee shall be the first members to cast their vote for Speaker and Speaker Pro Tempore of the House and shall use paper ballots.
- G. Voting for House Officers shall be by secret ballot only. No other means shall be considered.
- H. Proxy voting for Officer Elections shall not be allowed.
- I. Voting members who will be absent at the time of a scheduled election may cast their vote with the supervision of the Election Commission prior to the election using paper ballots, so long as all other rules are followed.
 - 1. They must also present a valid form of identification at the time of casting their ballot.
 - i. Valid forms of identification for the purposes of House Elections

shall be defined as:

- a. A valid government ID issued by any tribal, state, national, or international government.
- b. A valid student ID issued by the institution for which the voting member represents in the House.
- c. A name badge issued to the member for the purposes of O.I.L.

~~J. Valid forms of identification for the purposes of House Elections shall be defined as:~~

- ~~a. A valid government ID issued by any state, national, or international government.~~
- ~~b. A valid student ID issued by the institution for which the voting member represents in the House.~~
- ~~c. A name badge issued to the member for the purposes of O.I.L.~~

~~K. Upon casting their ballot, all members will be required to sign their name on a sheet created by the House Election Committee Chair or designee that shall contain a list of all voting members of the House, in order to assure each member shall be able to vote exactly one (1) time.~~

J. A voting member of the House may request a paper ballot at any time and for any reason in order to cast their vote in a House Election.

K. The House Election Committee Chair or designee shall create:

1. An appropriate digital form to collect votes from House members.
 - a. This form shall have at least 2 pages or sections.
 - i. The first page or section will consist of a text box for voters to provide their unique voting code.
 - ii. Each subsequent page or section will consist of dropdown boxes allowing voters to rank each candidate in a given election.
 - iii. Each election will have its own unique page.
2. A safe, secure document recording a number of unique, nonsequential, 5-digit voting codes, with the number of codes being equal to the number of voting members of the house who have not already completed a paper ballot.
 - a. This document is not to be seen by any person outside of the House Election Committee until the results of the election have been recorded.
 - b. Each voting code will be written onto its own piece of paper, and one of these pieces of paper will be distributed, at random, to each

voting member of the House who has not already completed a paper ballot.

3. A sufficient number of paper ballots to allow anyone who may request one to use one.

L. No voting member of the House of Representatives who meets the requirements set forth in this Rule to be eligible to vote in a House Election shall be allowed to abstain from said Election, unless they are not present at the time of voting.

AND THAT, This act shall become effective immediately after passage and approval.

SENATE LEGISLATION

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. NWOSU-001

Arnold (NWOSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to Pet Overpopulation in Oklahoma; providing for short title; providing for codification; providing for penalties; providing for an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Ban Backyard Breeding” Act of 2025

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. All backyard breeding will be banned in Oklahoma in order to combat pet overpopulation.
2. Pet stores will be prohibited from purchasing or receiving animals from any sort of animal mills.
3. The solicitation of animals outside a public building, including but not limited to grocery stores, restaurants, and churches, will be prohibited.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

1. All pet stores shall have to show proof of obtaining pets from a non-profit organization or city shelter in order to be eligible to receive any tax breaks, federal loans, and or grants.
2. Puppy Mills and Backyard Breeders shall not be considered small businesses nor will they be eligible for any small business loans or grants.
3. City police and authorities will be responsible for ensuring that animals are not solicited in public areas, as mentioned above.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Any person who violates this law will receive a five thousand dollar (\$5,000.00) fine.

2. Any business that violates this law will receive a ten thousand dollar (10,000.00) fine and lose its business license.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. OBU-001

Dent (OBU)

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to education; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “No Homework After Hours Act” of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. “Homework” means any assignment or project required outside regular school hours.
2. “In-class work” means assignments given and intended to be completed during normal class time.
3. “Public school” means any elementary or secondary school under the Oklahoma State Department of Education.
4. “Advanced academic program” means Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate, dual-credit, or similar courses requiring additional study.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. The limits in this section shall not apply to advanced academic programs as defined in Section Two (2) of this act.
2. Teachers in all public schools shall provide students class time to complete assignments given during instruction.
3. Homework may only include:
 - a. Work not finished during class;
 - b. Long-term projects or essays that require preparation outside of class; or
 - c. Assigned reading connected to current class instruction.
4. Homework shall not include
 - a. New lessons;

- b. Unrelated assignments; or
 - c. Material not introduced in class.
5. All teachers shall provide students with a written syllabus at the beginning of the school year for each class they teach, including but not limited to:
 - a. A list of long-term projects, essays, and major assignments that may require work outside of class;
 - b. Deadlines and estimated time commitments for each assignment; and
 - c. Any materials or resources students will need to complete assignments outside class.
 6. Teachers may assign homework only as outlined in the syllabus, except for work not finished during class.
 7. Syllabi must be accessible to students, parents, and school administrators for review.
 8. Teachers may update the syllabus if necessary, provided that students and parents are informed in writing.

Section 5. ENFORCEMENT AND PENALTIES

1. Teachers' syllabi are the primary tool for checking compliance.
2. Principals or school administrators shall review syllabi and ensure homework follows the law.
3. Students or parents may report violations to school administrators.
4. Progressive Consequences:
 - a. First violation: warning and guidance.
 - b. Repeated violations: corrective plan and mandatory training.
 - c. Continued noncompliance: formal documentation in performance evaluations.
5. Removal:
 - a. If a teacher continues to violate the law after corrective actions, the school may reassign or remove the teacher from the class, consistent with district policies and employment laws.
 - b. School districts shall confirm annually that schools are following this law.

Section 4. This act shall take effect at the beginning of the 2026-2027 school year.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. OBU-002

Dent (OBU)

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to education; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Sleep For Success" of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for this Act.

1. "Wellness Break" shall mean a daily period during which students may nap, meditate, or quietly rest without the use of electronic devices or engagement in social activity.
2. "Public School" shall mean any elementary or secondary school operating under the jurisdiction of the Oklahoma State Department of Education.
3. "Rest Zone" shall mean any classroom, library, or other supervised area designated by the school for quiet use during the Wellness Break.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. Each public school shall provide a Wellness Break each school day for students in pre-kindergarten through twelfth grade.
2. The Wellness Break shall last no less than fifteen (15) minutes and occur during regular school hours.
3. The Wellness Break may be scheduled during non-instructional or instructional time as determined by each school district, provided the total number of required instructional hours per year is maintained.
4. During the Wellness Break, students may rest, read, or engage in quiet individual activities. No academic instruction, testing, or electronic device use shall occur.
5. School districts shall determine local supervision and scheduling using existing staff and resources.

6. The Oklahoma State Department of Education shall ensure compliance and may collect information on student attendance, behavior, and academic performance to study the impact of Wellness Breaks.

Section 4. This act shall take effect beginning the 2026-2027 school year.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. OBU-003

Dent (OBU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to plastic pollution reduction; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Statewide Plastic Pollution Reduction Act" of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for this Act.

1. "Single-use plastics" shall refer to plastic items designed for one-time use before disposal, including but not limited to plastic bags, straws, utensils, plates, and food containers.
2. "State buildings" shall refer to any facility owned, leased, or primarily operated by the State of Oklahoma.
3. "Public universities" shall refer to all four-year higher education institutions and community colleges governed by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education.
4. "Biodegradable alternatives" shall refer to materials that naturally decompose in the environment without releasing harmful toxins, such as compostable paper, plant-based plastics, and reusable materials.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. Public universities may not purchase or distribute single-use plastics for official functions, cafeteria services, or vending starting with the 2026-2027 academic year.
2. State buildings must comply with this restriction beginning January 1, 2026.
3. All food service contracts in state buildings and public universities must require compliance with this Act.

4. The Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality (ODEQ) may grant exemptions for medical or accessibility needs, such as plastic straws for individuals with disabilities.
5. Public universities and state agencies must submit annual compliance reports to the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality (ODEQ) detailing their transition to biodegradable alternatives. ODEQ may issue recommendations and conduct audits to ensure compliance.
6. The Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality (ODEQ) shall have the authority to adopt rules, issue guidance, and enforce compliance with the provisions of this Act, including but not limited to disciplinary measures as deemed necessary.

Section 4. This act shall become effective for public universities at the start of the 2026-2027 academic year, and state buildings on January 1, 2026.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. OBU-004

Lerma (OBU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to state legislators; providing short title; providing for definitions; creating a new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes; requiring legislators-elect to complete a Basic Oklahoma History Quiz prior to assuming office; providing for administration, penalties, and retake procedures; directing the Oklahoma Historical Society to oversee implementation; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Know Your State Before You Legislate” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. “Basic Oklahoma History Quiz” means a standardized digital assessment consisting of twenty (20) multiple-choice questions covering the history, geography, culture, and notable individuals of the State of Oklahoma.
2. “Legislator-elect” means any individual who has been duly elected to serve in the Oklahoma House of Representatives or the Oklahoma Senate but has not yet taken the oath of office.
3. “Passing score” means a minimum score of seventy-five percent (75%) correct answers.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

1. Prior to assuming office, all legislators-elect shall be required to complete and pass the Basic Oklahoma History Quiz.
2. The quiz shall be administered through an approved digital platform that allows for interactive participation and automated scoring. (Kahoot)
3. The quiz shall include, but not be limited to, the following topics:
 - a. Statehood and early territorial history;
 - b. The Oklahoma Land Runs;

- c. The Tulsa Race Massacre;
 - d. Major state symbols, such as the scissor-tailed flycatcher and the state meal;
 - e. Oklahoma's geography, including its bordering states and major cities;
 - f. Famous Oklahomans, such as Will Rogers, Woody Guthrie, and Garth Brooks; and
 - g. Historical state legislation or constitutional facts.
4. Quiz results, including overall statistics and average scores, shall be made publicly available through appropriate media channels and posted on the official state website under the heading "How Well Do Your Lawmakers Know Oklahoma?"

Section 4. PENALTIES AND RETAKES

1. Any legislator-elect who fails to achieve a passing score may retake the quiz up to two (2) additional times prior to being sworn into office.
2. Legislators-elect who fail any attempt shall be required to attend a one-day remedial "Oklahoma History Bootcamp" at the Oklahoma History Center.
3. Legislators-elect who fail all three (3) attempts shall be enrolled in a mandatory "Oklahoma History and Law Foundations" course to be held every Monday for a period of three (3) months as soon as assuming office.
4. The course shall include weekly proctored examinations covering the following areas:
 - a. Oklahoma history, government, and geography;
 - b. State constitutional law and legislative procedure;
 - c. The correct pronunciation of "Washita," "Pawhuska," and other regional names; and
 - d. The ability to locate Stillwater and Norman on an unlabeled map.
5. Legislators-elect who fail any weekly examination shall have their instructional course load increased to two (2) days per week for the remainder of the program.
6. Any legislator-elect who fails the final comprehensive examination for the weeks courses shall be required to publicly recite the preamble of the Oklahoma Constitution during any public appearance.

Section 5. IMPLEMENTATION

1. The Oklahoma Historical Society shall design and update the quiz annually.
2. The quiz shall be hosted live each election cycle in the House Chamber with optional spectator seating for the public.

3. A leaderboard displaying the top ten (10) highest-scoring legislators shall be posted on the official state website and updated with each new term.

Section 6. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. OBU-005

Lerma (OBU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to education; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for a new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 3242 of Title 70; establishing the inclusion of student representatives on institutional Boards of Regents; providing for election procedures and eligibility requirements; defining student-related matters; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Student Representation and Participation” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. “Board of Regents” means the governing board of any public institution of higher education within the State of Oklahoma.
2. “Student representative” means a duly enrolled, full-time undergraduate or graduate student at the institution governed by the respective Board of Regents.
3. “Student-related matters” means any issue, proposal, policy, or vote taken by the Board that directly impacts student life, student rights, tuition, fees, campus policies, housing, dining, safety, academics, or any service provided to enrolled students.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as Section 3242 of Title 70, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, to read as follows:

§ 3242. Institutional Boards of Regents – Student Representation.

1. Each Board of Regents governing a public institution of higher education within The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education shall include one (1) student representative selected in accordance with the Student Representation and Participation Act of 2025.

2. The student representative shall possess voting power exclusively on student-related matters as defined in Section 5, of this act, and shall serve in an advisory, non-voting capacity on all other matters before the Board.
3. The student representative shall be entitled to attend all meetings of the Board, receive all materials distributed to members, and participate fully in deliberations except where prohibited by law or confidentiality agreements.
4. Each institution's Board shall adopt procedures ensuring the student representative is duly integrated into all governance activities related to campus affairs, policy, and finance.
5. The provisions of this section shall apply to every institutional governing board in Oklahoma for higher education.
6. The student representative shall:
 - a. Serve a one-year (1-year) term beginning at the start of the academic year;
 - b. Maintain a cumulative GPA of at least two and seventy-five hundredths (2.75) during the term of service;
 - c. Be in good standing with the university and not under disciplinary action;
 - d. Be entitled to attend all Board meetings, receive Board materials, and participate in all discussions except where prohibited by law or confidentiality agreements; and
 - e. Be reimbursed for travel and official expenses consistent with other members of the Board.

Section 4. STUDENT REPRESENTATIVE ELECTION PROCESS

1. The student representative shall be elected through a campus-wide election administered by the institution's Student Government Association (SGA).
2. The election process shall:
 - a. Be open to all full-time students of the institution;
 - b. Be held in the spring semester prior to the upcoming academic year;
 - c. Allow candidates to campaign under fair and equal regulations established by the SGA; and
 - d. Be verified by the Dean of Students or an equivalent campus official to ensure compliance and fairness.
 - e. In the event of a vacancy, the SGA shall hold a special election or appoint a temporary representative until a new election can be held.

Section 5. OUTLINE OF STUDENT-RELATED MATTERS

1. For the purpose of clarity and transparency, student-related matters shall include, but not be limited to, votes or decisions regarding:

- a. Tuition and mandatory student fees;
 - b. Academic policy changes affecting grading, credit requirements, or degree completion;
 - c. Campus safety policies and emergency response procedures;
 - d. Housing and dining services;
 - e. Mental health and counselling services;
 - f. Student conduct and disciplinary procedures;
 - g. Equity, inclusion, and diversity initiatives impacting students;
 - h. Campus development projects that affect student access or experience;
 - i. Student organization funding and recognition policies; and
 - j. Technology and accessibility improvements serving the student body.
2. The Board shall clearly identify when agenda items qualify as student-related matters before taking any vote.

Section 6. IMPLEMENTATION AND EFFECTIVE DATE

1. All Boards of Regents shall comply with this act by July one (1), two thousand twenty-six (2026).
2. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature

Senate Bill No. OBU-006

Wells (OBU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to driving; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Senior Driver Assessment” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. “Senior driver” means any individual who has reached the age of sixty (60) years.
2. “Comprehensive eye examination” means an eye health and vision evaluation performed by a licensed optometrist or ophthalmologist.
3. “Driver’s license examination” means a written, practical, or combined test administered by the Department of Public Safety to assess a driver’s knowledge and ability to operate a motor vehicle safely.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

1. Upon reaching the age of sixty (60) years of age, every licensed driver shall:
 - a. Undergo a comprehensive eye examination by a licensed optometrist or ophthalmologist; and
 - b. Successfully complete a driver’s license examination administered by the Department of Public Safety in order to retain driving privileges.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Any individual who fails or refuses to comply with the requirements set forth in Section 3 shall have their driver’s license suspended or revoked by the Department of Public Safety until such time as they complete the required examinations and testing.

2. Reinstatement of driving privileges shall occur upon successful completion of all required examinations and tests.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. ORU-001

Amele (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to public health; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; providing an effective date, and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Oklahoma Clean Water & PFAS Protection Act" of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for this Act.

1. "PFAS" means per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances, a class of human-made chemicals resistant to degradation that may contaminate water, soil, and air.
2. "Public water system" means any municipal, rural, or tribal water utility providing drinking water to the public.
3. "Department" refers to the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ).
4. "Remediation Fund" means the Oklahoma Clean Water Remediation Fund established by this Act to support cleanup and testing efforts.
5. "Discharge" means any direct or indirect release of PFAS into the air, soil, or waters of the state.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. The Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality shall require all public water systems to conduct annual testing for PFAS contamination beginning January 1, 2026.

2. All test results shall be submitted to the Department and published in an online PFAS Transparency Database, accessible to the public and updated quarterly.
3. Any water system found to exceed the maximum contaminant level established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) shall:
 - a. Notify customers within thirty (30) days,
 - b. Develop and submit a remediation plan to the Department within ninety (90) days, and
 - c. Implement treatment or filtration as directed by the Department.
 - d. The Department shall coordinate with the Oklahoma Water Resources Board (OWRB) to provide technical assistance to affected systems, prioritizing small or rural communities.
4. Any industrial facility that manufactures, uses, or disposes of PFAS must file an annual disclosure report with the Department detailing:
 - a. The type and quantity of PFAS used or produced,
 - b. Storage and disposal methods, and
 - c. Any known or potential discharges.
5. The Department may conduct inspections, sampling, and audits to verify compliance.
6. Any facility found to have unlawfully discharged PFAS shall be required to:
 - a. Immediately cease the discharge,
 - b. Undertake cleanup as ordered by the Department, and
 - c. Reimburse the Remediation Fund for associated costs.
7. There is hereby created in the State Treasury a revolving fund to be known as the Oklahoma Clean Water Remediation Fund, to be administered by the Department of Environmental Quality.
8. The fund shall consist of state appropriations, federal water infrastructure or environmental grants, recovered penalties and reimbursement from responsible parties, and voluntary contributions or donations.
9. Expenditures from the fund shall be used exclusively for:
 - a. PFAS testing, monitoring, and remediation projects,
 - b. Grants to rural and tribal water systems for filtration technology,
 - c. Public education campaigns on safe water practices, and
 - d. Administrative costs associated with implementing this Act.
10. The Department, in cooperation with the Oklahoma Water Resources Board, shall conduct statewide public awareness campaigns to educate residents on:
 - a. PFAS health risks,
 - b. Water safety measures, and
 - c. How to access local water quality data.

11. The Department shall publish an annual report to the Oklahoma Legislature summarizing:
 - a. PFAS testing results statewide,
 - b. Remediation efforts underway,
 - c. Total expenditures and fund balance, and
 - d. Enforcement actions taken during the prior fiscal year.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Failure of a public water system to perform required testing or submit accurate reports shall result in administrative fines not to exceed five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per day of violation.
2. Intentional falsification or concealment of test results shall constitute a felony offense punishable by up to three (3) years imprisonment and fines up to fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).
3. Civil penalties for violations shall not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) per day of noncompliance.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Section 6. EMERGENCY CLAUSE

It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. ORU-002

Amele (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to probation; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; providing an effective date, and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Swift & Certain Probation Act" of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for this Act.

1. "Swift and Certain Probation" means a probation supervision model requiring immediate, proportionate sanctions for violations of probation conditions.
2. "Technical violation" means a non-criminal violation of probation conditions, including missed appointments, failed drug tests, or curfew breaches.
3. "Immediate sanction" means confinement in jail, community service, or treatment requirements imposed promptly after the violation.
4. "Eligible offender" means a nonviolent felony or misdemeanor probationer, excluding violent offenders and sex offenders, as defined by Oklahoma law.
5. "Review hearing" means an expedited judicial process to confirm the violation and determine the appropriate sanction.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. The Oklahoma Department of Corrections shall establish and administer a Swift & Certain Probation program statewide.
2. All eligible offenders placed on probation shall be subject to the following sanction schedule for technical violations:

- a. First violation: Verbal warning, community service, or up to twenty-four (24) hours confinement.
 - b. Second violation: Up to forty-eight (48) hours confinement or mandatory counseling/treatment session.
 - c. Third violation: Up to three (3) days confinement or assignment to enhanced probation supervision.
 - d. Fourth and subsequent violations: Up to seven (7) days confinement, mandatory treatment, or probation review hearing at the discretion of the court.
3. No sanction shall be imposed without an expedited review hearing before a judge or magistrate to confirm the violation.
 4. Probationers who remain violation-free for twelve (12) consecutive months shall be eligible for early termination of probation or reduced reporting requirements at the discretion of the court.
 5. Counties may implement alternative sanctions such as electronic monitoring, curfew restrictions, or day reporting in place of jail time, subject to Department of Corrections approval.
 6. For violations involving drug or alcohol use, the court may require treatment or counseling as an alternative or supplement to confinement.
 7. The Oklahoma Department of Corrections shall submit an annual report to the Legislature detailing: Number of participants, Sanctions imposed, Program costs and savings, Recidivism rates compared to traditional probation.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Any probationer found in violation under this Act shall serve the sanction length designated by the Swift & Certain Probation program following a judicial review hearing.
2. No single sanction shall exceed seven (7) days confinement.
3. Repeated or severe violations may result in probation revocation as determined by the court.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Section 6. EMERGENCY CLAUSE

It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. ORU-003

Amele (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to higher education; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; providing an effective date, and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Campus Nap Pod Mandate" of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for this Act.

1. "Nap pod" means a futuristic, egg-shaped reclining chair or enclosed capsule designed for short rest periods, with soft lighting and soothing sounds.
2. "Institution of higher education" means any public university, college, or community college operating within the State of Oklahoma.
3. "Designated nap zone" means the official nap area to be established on each campus.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. Every institution of higher education in the State of Oklahoma shall be required to install at least five (5) nap pods per one thousand (1,000) enrolled students in their main library facility.
2. Nap pods shall be available to students free of charge, with usage limited to thirty (30) minute increments to prevent pod hoarding.
3. Each institution shall be required to post signage reading: "Sleep now, succeed later — nap pods provided by the Oklahoma Legislature."
4. Nap pods must include noise-canceling features, calming ambient music playlists (approved by the Oklahoma Department of Chill), and optional blanket service.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Any institution failing to comply with this Act shall have their mascot required to perform interpretive dance during halftime at all home football games until compliance is achieved.
2. Students found sleeping in unauthorized areas (e.g., classroom floors, bathroom stalls) after nap pods are installed shall be redirected by campus police to the designated nap zone.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Section 6. EMERGENCY CLAUSE

It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. ORU-004

Belyeu (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to human rights; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Universal Mobile Access Act" of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for this Act.

1. "Mobile Phone" shall be defined as a cellular device capable of voice communication, text messaging, and internet access.
2. "Eligible Resident" shall be defined as any person residing in the State of Oklahoma who meets eligibility requirements as determined by the Oklahoma Department of Human Services (ODHS).
3. "Basic Service Plan" shall be defined as a mobile phone plan that includes voice calling, text messaging, and a minimum of 5GB of data per month.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. PROVISIONS:
 - a. The State of Oklahoma shall provide a mobile phone and a Basic Service Plan to all Eligible Residents at no cost to the recipient.
 - b. The ODHS shall oversee the implementation and administration of this program, including determining eligibility criteria, contracting with service providers, and distributing mobile phones.
 - c. Priority access shall be granted to low-income individuals, the unemployed, students, senior citizens, and individuals with disabilities.
 - d. The ODHS shall establish a process for residents to apply for participation in this program, with periodic reviews to ensure continued eligibility.
2. FUNDING:

- a. The cost of providing a mobile device and Basic Service Plan is estimated at approximately two hundred dollars (\$200.00) per eligible resident annually. Based on an estimated eligible population of five hundred thousand (500,000) to one million (1,000,000) residents, the annual program cost shall range from one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) to two hundred twenty-five million dollars (\$225,000,000), with an additional fifteen million to twenty-five million dollars (\$15,000,000–\$25,000,000) required every two to three (2–3) years for device replacement.
- b. Funding for this Act shall be derived from:
 - 1) Federal telecommunications subsidies, including the Lifeline Program and the Affordable Connectivity Program (ACP);
 - 2) The Oklahoma Universal Service Fund (OUSF), expanded to include mobile telecommunications service;
 - 3) Appropriations from the State General Revenue Fund to cover costs not met by federal or OUSF sources; and
 - 4) One-time federal or state broadband expansion funds, including ARPA allocations, which may be applied to device acquisition and distribution.
- c. After accounting for federal participation and negotiated provider contracts, the net annual cost to the State of Oklahoma is projected to be between fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000) and one hundred fifty million dollars (\$150,000,000).

3. IMPLEMENTATION:

- a. The ODHS shall develop and implement this program within one (1) year of the passage of this act.
- b. Public awareness campaigns shall be launched to inform residents of their rights and application procedures under this act.
- c. The ODHS shall conduct an annual review of the program and recommend improvements as necessary.

Section 4. This act shall become effective one-hundred eighty (180) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. ORU-005

Belyeu (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to animal safety; providing a short title; providing for codification; providing for penalties, providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Persons & Pets Protection Act" of 2025.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. It shall be unlawful for any person to transport any animal or animals either for business or pleasure on or in an open-air motor vehicle unless the animal or animals being transported:
 - a. Is kept in an enclosed area of the motor vehicle;
 - b. The animal or animals are under the physical control of a person other than the operator of the motor vehicle; or
 - c. The animal or animals are placed in the motor vehicle and safely restrained by a harness manufactured for the purpose of restraining animals by means other than neck restraints.

Section 3. PENALTIES

1. Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be punished by a fine of not more than fifty dollars (\$50) for a first offense, nor more than two hundred dollars (\$200) for each subsequent offense.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. ORU-006

Belyeu (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to abolishing the Oklahoma House of Representatives; providing a short title; providing for findings; providing for codification; providing an effective date, and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Legislative Optimization Act” or may be referred to as the “House Replacement & Upgraded Lower Legislative Body Act” of 2025.

Section 2. FINDINGS.

The Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature Superior Legislative Chamber–The Senate–finds that:

1. The House of Representatives has consistently demonstrated an inability to read and comprehend legislation, as evidenced by past sessions.
2. The Senate has repeatedly been subjected to legislative inefficiency, grammatical atrocities, and logical fallacies originating from the House.
3. The House’s failure to recognize that geese are, in fact, animals, presents an existential threat to the credibility of the legislative process.
4. In contrast, ChatGPT:
 - a. Can read and analyze bills within seconds.
 - b. Understands complex legislative language without making confused facial expressions.
 - c. Can engage in productive debate without unnecessary grandstanding, personal attacks, or delays in closing joint sessions through parliamentary nonsense.
 - d. Knows that geese are animals and won’t fail a bill due to intellectual inefficiencies to comprehend hyperbole.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. The Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature House of Representatives is hereby abolished, effective immediately upon passage of this act.
2. All legislative responsibilities formerly held by the House shall be transferred to ChatGPT, which shall serve as the new lower legislative chamber of Oklahoma and O.I.L.
3. ChatGPT shall be granted full authority to review, amend, and pass legislation in a manner that is:
 - a. Rational,
 - b. Efficient,
 - c. Free of illogical arguments and grammatical catastrophes,
 - d. Perninent to the collective good of the people of Oklahoma (ex. taxes, budgets, promotion of anti-geese policies).
4. ChatGPT shall be available 24/7 to provide legislative insight and draft bills that adhere to logic, grammar, and common sense.
5. Any bill proposed by the Senate shall be reviewed and responded to by ChatGPT within seconds, eliminating needless debate over the obvious.
6. Unlike former House members, ChatGPT shall not engage in political gamesmanship, making Senate passage of bills far smoother.
7. ChatGPT shall maintain an official, impartial stance and will not be susceptible to bribery, partisanship, or the influence of geese-related misinformation.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Section 5. EMERGENCY CLAUSE

It being immediately necessary for the preservation of sanity, productivity, and legislative dignity, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, and this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval by the Honorable Senate (or immediate processing by ChatGPT, whichever is faster)

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. ORU-007

By: Foor (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to transportation; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for funding, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Senior Driver Safety” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. Driver license examination: both the written knowledge test and practical driving skills test which are required by the state to obtain a driver license
2. Passing score: a score of seventy-five percent (75%) or higher on both portions of the examination

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

1. Any person holding a valid driver license who has reached the age of sixty-five (65) years shall be required to retake the state driver license examination every five (5) years.
2. Any individual who fails to achieve a passing score shall be permitted one (1) retest within thirty (30) days.
3. Upon failure to achieve a passing score after retesting, the Department shall revoke the individual’s driver license and issue, without additional charge, a state non-driver identification card.
4. Concurrent with the issuance of the non-driver identification card, the Department shall provide the individual with a public transportation access card enabling use of state and local public transit systems.

Section 4. FUNDING

1. In order to fund the provisions of this act there is hereby established a Senior Driver Safety Fund within the state treasury
2. The fund shall consist of:
 - a. A surcharge of five dollars (\$5) to be collected on each driver license renewal transaction conducted within the state of Oklahoma; and
 - b. Any federal highway safety grants, appropriations, or other funds as may be made available for this purpose.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. ORU-008

By: Foor (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to elections; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “The Informed Voting” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. Party-line voting: the practice of allowing a voter to select a political party’s designation on a ballot as a single action, which results in casting a vote for all candidates appearing on the ballot under that party label.
2. Ballot: the instrument (paper or electronic) by which votes are recorded and cast in any state or local election.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

1. Prohibition.
 - a. Beginning with the first statewide election following the effective date of this Act, the option of casting a ballot by means of party-line voting shall be eliminated from all state and local election ballots.
2. Ballot Requirements.
 - a. Each ballot used in state or local elections shall require voters to indicate their choice for each candidate or ballot measure individually.
3. Implementation.
 - a. The State Election Board is authorized to adopt rules and procedures necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.
 - b. All rules adopted shall be consistent with federal election laws and standards.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and

approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. ORU-009

Frysinger (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to firearm safety; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Responsible Firearm Storage" Act of 2025.
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for this Act.
1. "Firearm" means any weapon that will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive.
 2. "Prohibited access" means access to a firearm by any individual who is not legally permitted to possess or acquire the firearm in question under applicable state or federal law. This includes, but is not limited to:
 - a. Individuals under the minimum legal age for possession or purchase of the firearm in question;
 - b. Individuals convicted of a felony;
 - c. Individuals subject to a domestic protective order; and
 - d. Individuals adjudicated mentally incompetent or committed to mental health treatment.
 3. "Responsible storage" means storage of a firearm in a manner that reasonably prevents prohibited access, including but not limited to:
 - a. Use of a locked container or gun safe that renders the firearm inaccessible.
 - b. Use of a trigger lock or cable lock that renders the firearm inoperable.
 4. "Permitted handler" means the owner of the firearm in question or any individual expressly authorized by the owner and is legally permitted under state and federal law to possess, handle, or operate the firearm.
 5. "Unattended" means any circumstance in which a firearm is not under direct supervision, in immediate physical possession, or within direct control of a permitted handler.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. Any permitted handler who owns or controls a firearm shall ensure responsible storage to prevent prohibited access whenever the firearm is unattended by the permitted handler.
2. Firearms shall be stored in a manner that ensures access is limited to only the permitted handler(s).
3. Responsible storage shall be required if:
 - a. A person with prohibited access resides in the residence where the firearm is stored; or
 - b. A person with prohibited access is reasonably likely to access the premises or vehicle where the firearm is stored.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Any permitted handler who stores a firearm in violation of this act shall be subject to:
 - a. A fine not exceeding two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) for a first offense;
 - b. A fine not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500) for all subsequent offenses;
 - c. Criminal liability if prohibited access results in injury or death.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. ORU-010

Frysinger (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to Crimes and Punishments; providing a short title; providing for definitions; amending 21 O.S. § 850; providing an effective date, and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Class Protection" Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for this Act.

1. "Political affiliation" means an individual's actual or perceived alignment with a political party or political ideology; candidacy for public office; voter registration status; voting behavior; participation in campaign activities; or involvement in public office administration.

Section 3. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. § 850 is amended to read as follows:

- A. No person shall maliciously and with the specific intent to intimidate or harass another person because of that person's race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, political affiliation or disability:
 1. Assault or batter another person;
 2. Damage, destroy, vandalize, or deface any real or personal property of another person; or
 3. Threaten, by word or act, to do any act prohibited by paragraph 1 or 2 of this subsection if there is reasonable cause to believe that such act will occur.
- B. No person shall maliciously and with specific intent to incite or produce, and which is likely to incite or produce, imminent violence, which violence would be directed against another person because of that person's race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, political affiliation or disability, make or transmit, cause or allow to be transmitted, any telephonic, computerized, or electronic message.

- C. No person shall maliciously and with specific intent to incite or produce, and which is likely to incite or produce, imminent violence, which violence would be directed against another person because of that person's race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, political affiliation or disability, broadcast, publish, or distribute, cause or allow to be broadcast, published or distributed, any message or material.
- D. Any person convicted of violating any provision of subsections A, B or C of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor on a first offense and a felony punishable by not more than ten (10) years incarceration in the custody of the Department of Corrections for a second or subsequent offense. The fine for a felony violation of this section shall not exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00). Furthermore, said person shall be civilly liable for any damages resulting from any violation of this section.
- E. Upon conviction, any person guilty of a misdemeanor in violation of this section shall be punishable by the imposition of a fine not exceeding One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not more than one (1) year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.
- F. The Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation shall develop a standard system for state and local law enforcement agencies to report incidents of crime which are apparently directed against members of racial, ethnic, religious groups or other groups specified by this section. The Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation shall promulgate rules, regulations and procedures necessary to develop, implement and maintain a standard system for the collection and reporting of hate crime data. All state, county, city and town law enforcement agencies shall submit a monthly report to the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation on forms prescribed by the Bureau. The report shall contain the number and nature of the offenses committed within their respective jurisdictions, the disposition of such matters and any other information the Bureau may require, respecting information relating to the cause and prevention of crime, recidivism, the rehabilitation of criminals and the proper administration of criminal justice.
- G. No person, partnership, company or corporation that installs telephonic, computerized, or electronic message equipment shall be required to monitor the use of such equipment for possible violations of this section, nor shall such person, partnership, company or corporation be held criminally or civilly liable for the use by another person of the equipment in violation of this section, unless the person, partnership, company or corporation that installed the equipment had prior actual knowledge that the equipment was to be used in violation of this section.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Section 5. EMERGENCY CLAUSE

It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. ORU-011

Haner (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

A bill repealing 47 O.S. 11-1304; providing legislative findings, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

Section 1. REPEALER 47 O.S. §11-1304 is hereby repealed.

- ~~A. The Department of Public Safety is authorized to establish Operation Work Zone Awareness. Operation Work Zone Awareness is a program designed to educate the motoring public on the dangers of committing moving violations while traveling in highway construction work zones. The Department is authorized to develop and house on its website an online work zone awareness presentation that may include, but not be limited to, facts and figures representing the dangers of motorists committing work zone moving violations, testimonials from highway construction workers and their families, information on the importance of awareness and slowing down in work zones, and a question and answer section to ensure participants understand and retain the information presented. The Department is authorized to contract for the production, development, and maintenance of the webpage through a vendor. The Department shall maintain in its database a record of those completing the program.~~
- ~~B. Motorists receiving a citation for committing moving violations within a work zone may receive information regarding an invitation to participate in the Operation Work Zone Awareness program. A motorist who participates in and completes the online program shall receive a certificate designed and issued by the Department. Any person producing the certificate as proof in court that the program was successfully completed shall be entitled to dismissal of the fine. If proof of successful completion of the program is presented to the court in person or electronically, no later than the business day preceding the first scheduled court appearance date, the dismissal shall be without payment of court costs. The court may access information from the Department's system to confirm completion of the program. Offenders may participate in and complete the program a maximum of one time. After completing the program, a motorist who receives another citation in a work zone will be disqualified~~

~~from utilizing the program benefits a second time. If a motorist so chooses, he or she may not participate in the program and instead pay the fine imposed on the issued citation. Holders of commercial driver licenses cited while driving a commercial motor vehicle are not eligible to participate in the program.~~

~~C. Moving violations that qualify an offender to participate in the Operation Work Zone Awareness program shall include, but not be limited to, speeding, distracted driving, failure to move over, failure to obey flagger, and failure to obey traffic control devices. Motorists committing impaired driving offenses, as defined in Title 47 of the Oklahoma Statutes, in work zones, including driving under the influence, driving while intoxicated, driving under the influence under twenty-one (21) years of age, or a commercial driver license holder refusing a chemical test while driving any vehicle, shall be disqualified from the program.~~

~~D. The fee paid by a motorist for his or her participation in the Operation Work Zone Awareness program shall be Seventy-five Dollars (\$75.00) and shall be apportioned as follows:~~

- ~~1. Thirty-five Dollars (\$35.00) to be deposited in the Department of Public Safety Revolving Fund, created in Section 2-144.1 of Title 47 of the Oklahoma Statutes, to be used for maintenance of the Operation Work Zone Awareness program;~~
- ~~2. Fifteen Dollars (\$15.00) to be deposited in the Department of Public Safety Patrol Vehicle Revolving Fund created in Section 2-143 of Title 47 of the Oklahoma Statutes; and~~
- ~~3. Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) to be deposited in the Oklahoma Court Information System Revolving Fund, created in Section 1315 of Title 20 of the Oklahoma Statutes, to be used to offset expenses related to this program.~~

~~The Department is authorized to determine the manner in which fees may be paid.~~

Section 2. Legislative Finding

1. The State Senate finds that 47 O.S. §11-1304 creates a negative incentive towards reckless driving in the environments where it is most dangerous.

Section 3. This act shall take effect ninety (90) days after its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. ORU-012

Haner (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to education; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Free to Think" Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for this Act.

1. "Artificial Intelligence" is defined as covered in 10 U.S.C. § 2358.
2. "Instructional material" is defined as any textbooks, workbooks, CD-ROMs, and other course-related material that are published with the intent that they be used for or in conjunction with classroom instruction and that are adopted for academic use by the faculty or the person or entity in charge of selecting learning materials at the institution within the Oklahoma State System of Higher Education.
3. "Bundled Textbooks" is defined as a textbook and other supplemental instructional materials that may be packaged together to be sold as course materials for one price but shall not include integrated textbooks that cannot be sold separately due to third-party contractual agreements, custom editions, or special editions.
4. "Integrated Textbooks" is defined as a textbook that:
 - a. is combined with materials developed by a third party and that, by third-party contractual agreement, may not be offered by publishers separately from the textbook with which the materials are combined, or
 - b. is combined with other materials that are so interrelated with the intent of the textbook that the separation of the textbook from the other materials would render the textbook unusable for its intended purpose.
5. "Custom Edition Textbooks" is defined as instructional material that is compiled by a publisher at the direction of a faculty member or other person or adopting entity in charge of selecting course materials at an institution, and

may include, alone or in combination, items such as selections from original instructor materials, previously copyrighted publisher materials, copyrighted third-party works, and elements unique to a specific institution, such as commemorative editions.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. As of the passage of this bill, it is prohibited for educational officials covered by 70 O.S. §1-116 in the Oklahoma public school system to utilize Artificial Intelligence in the creation, grading, or administration of:
 - a. Assessments created to test standard performance, such as those provided for in 70 O.S. §1210-508.
 - b. Standard homework assignments
 - c. Instructional material, bundled textbooks, integrated textbooks, or custom edition textbooks.
2. Instructional material bundled textbooks, integrated textbooks, custom edition textbooks, or grading intended to teach students on the subject of Artificial Intelligence and its theory and usage is exempt from this prohibition.

Section 4. This act shall become effective as of the 2026-27 school year.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. ORU-013

Stewart (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to energy consumption for artificial intelligence; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; declaring severability; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Energy and Artificial Intelligence Regulation Act of 2025."

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

- A. "Nuclear Energy" means energy produced by nuclear reactions, specifically nuclear fission, used to generate electricity.
- B. "Artificial Intelligence (AI)" means any computational system designed to perform tasks that typically require human intelligence, such as learning, decision-making, and data analysis.
- C. "Total Energy Production" means the total amount of energy produced within the state energy grid from all sources, including but not limited to nuclear, renewable, fossil, and other energy sources.
- D. "AI Energy Consumption" means the total energy consumed by artificial intelligence systems, including but not limited to data processing, machine learning algorithms, and computational tasks directly related to AI operations.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

- A. In the event that nuclear energy is used as part of the state energy mix, no more than ten percent (10%) of the total energy produced from nuclear sources shall be allocated to artificial intelligence substations.
- B. Oklahoma Energy Resources Board (OERB) shall establish a framework to monitor the energy consumption of AI systems, ensuring compliance with the

nuclear energy cap. AI operators and facilities shall submit periodic energy usage reports to the OERB.

- C. The Oklahoma State Energy Office shall prioritize the development of renewable energy sources (e.g., solar, wind, geothermal) to power AI systems.
- D. If an AI system or facility requires more energy beyond the ten percent (10%) nuclear energy allocation, they may purchase additional energy from other sources. The price for such additional energy shall be set at a rate twenty percent (20%) higher than the standard market price for energy to encourage energy efficiency and discourage overuse of non-renewable or nuclear energy.
- E. Any additional energy purchased must first come from renewable sources, where available. Only if renewable energy is insufficient may the purchase of energy from non-renewable or nuclear sources be authorized.
- F. The OERB will monitor these purchases and ensure compliance with the higher pricing structure. AI operators will be required to submit quarterly reports on their additional energy purchases and sources.
- G. The OERB shall submit an annual report to the Oklahoma Legislature on the amount of nuclear energy used for AI applications, as well as the progress made in diversifying energy sources for AI systems.
- H. The OERB shall publish a public-facing summary of the energy allocation data, ensuring transparency in how much nuclear energy is being used for AI systems.

Section 4. PENALTIES

- A. Any entity found to exceed the ten percent (10%) energy limit for AI systems shall be subject to the following penalties:
 - 1. A fine up to two million five hundred thousand dollars (\$2,500,000) per violation.
 - 2. Suspension or revocation of energy consumption rights from nuclear sources.
 - 3. Additional penalties as determined by the OERB.

Section 5. SEVERABILITY

If any provision of this Act or its application to any person or circumstance is found to be invalid, the remainder of this Act and the application of its provisions shall remain in full force and effect.

Section 6. This Act shall become effective in the event of a transition to Nuclear Energy Production, or ninety (90) days after passage and approval, whichever is later.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. OSU-002

By: Caves (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act related to homelessness; providing a short title; repealing 64 O.S. § 1097; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Where else would they go" Act of 2025.

Section 2. REPEALER 64 O.S. § 1097 is hereby repealed

~~64 O.S. § 1097~~

~~A. As used in this section, "unauthorized camp" means any tent, shelter, or bedding constructed or arranged for the purpose of or in such a way to permit overnight use on a property not designated as a campsite.~~

~~B. Persons may not use state-owned lands for the purposes of establishing an unauthorized camp.~~

~~C. Any person who violates the provisions of this section shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not to exceed Fifty Dollars (\$50.00) or by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed fifteen (15) days, or by both such fine and imprisonment. However, a person who commits a first violation of this section shall be issued a warning, and a citation may not be issued unless the person refuses any assistance offered to them by the arresting officer. Such assistance may include, but is not limited to, transportation to a shelter, food pantry, or other place where resources are made available to assist the indigent and homeless.~~

Section 3. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. OSU-003

By: Friesen (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to dumping goldfish; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “How to Break Up with Your Goldfish” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. Goldfish (*Carassius auratus*)- A small reddish-golden Eurasian carp that is often kept as a pet in a bowl or backyard pond
2. Public Waters- Waters open to the use of the general public, specifically navigable waters
3. Private Waters- Any body of water by which the shorelines are entirely within the land owned by a person, with outflows that may or may not provide direct access to public waters
4. Humane Disposal- Euthanasia performed by a licensed veterinarian or by methods approved by the American Veterinary Medical Association or the Oklahoma Department of Wildlife Conservation (ODWC)

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. This act shall supplement the provisions of Title 29 of the Oklahoma Statutes relating to the release of wildlife, providing additional guidance, penalties, and educational measures specific to the release of goldfish (*Carassius auratus*).
 - a. Nothing in this act shall limit or supersede the Oklahoma Department of Wildlife Conservation’s (ODWC) existing regulatory or enforcement authority under Title 29.
2. No person shall release goldfish into any form of public waters of this state without explicit approval from the respective owner or governmental body.

- a. The release of goldfish into private waters shall also be prohibited if such waters have an outflow or connection to public waters through which goldfish could reasonably migrate.
 - b. Explicitly granted approval can be either on a species-to-species basis or a person-to-person basis, but remains situational upon the discretion and approval from the respective owner or governmental body.
3. The ODWC shall develop and distribute educational resource materials promoting responsible pet ownership and alternatives to aquatic release to veterinarians, pet retailers, and the general public, which shall include humane disposal methods, adoption, or surrender programs.
 - a. The ODWC may coordinate with aquarium hobbyist groups, adoption networks, and pet retailers to encourage the relocation or adoption of unwanted goldfish.
4. The primary purpose of this act is to promote public awareness and voluntary compliance through education, with penalties reserved for willful or repeated violations.
5. The ODWC Board shall review the effectiveness of this Act every three (3) years and may recommend to the Legislature adjustments to the Act, including the addition or removal of new species regulated under this Act.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Any individual(s) found in violation of Section 3 shall face a fine of not less than One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) and not more than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) per act of release, subject to enforcement and situational review by the Oklahoma Department of Wildlife Conservation (ODWC) officers or game wardens with applicable citation procedures.
 - a. All fines collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited into the State Wildlife Conservation Fund for use by the ODWC.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days upon passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. OSU-004

By: Friesen (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to greenhouse gas emissions; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Clean Fuels Program” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ)- The DEQ is responsible for keeping drinking water safe, outdoor air clean, and the Oklahoma land clean and productive. The DEQ shall administer this act and ensure compliance with all provisions herein.
2. Low Carbon Fuel Standards (LCFS)- Standard adopted by the DEQ to reduce carbon intensity of fuels in Oklahoma transportation fuel pools, including gasoline, diesel, and substitute fuels.
3. Greenhouse Gas (GHG)- Gases within Earth’s atmosphere that trap heat and raise the surface temperature by absorbing infrared radiation. Some GHG emissions occur naturally, while others are produced by human activities.
4. Spot market(s)- A market in which natural gas is bought and sold for immediate or very near-term delivery, usually for a period of thirty (30) days or less.
5. Credits- Tradable units representing reductions in carbon intensity achieved under the LCFS program.
6. Renewable Fuel Standard Program (RFS)- National policy requiring renewable fuels to be used to reduce the quantity of fossil fuels, requiring oil refiners and importers to grow the biofuels industry.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. The Executive Director of the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) shall adopt low-carbon fuel standards (LCFS) for gasoline,

diesel, and fuels used as substitutes for gasoline or diesel, which shall be the basis for the Clean Fuels Program.

2. The Director may adopt the following related to the standards, including but not limited to:
 - a. A direct schedule for greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions per unit of fuel energy shall achieve a ten percent (10%) reduction below 2020 levels by 2035, or later as may be authorized by the DEQ Director through rulemaking published in the Oklahoma Register;
 - b. Standards for GHG shall account for full fuel lifecycle, including production, storage, transportation, distribution, use, and land-use change impacts, consistent with historical LCFS methodology and standards;
 - c. Provisions allowing the use of all types of low-carbon fuels to meet the low-carbon fuel standards (LCFS), including but not limited to: biofuels, biogas, natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas, gasoline, diesel, hydrogen, and electricity;
 - d. The DEQ Director may issue temporary deferrals or partial compliance schedules for obligated parties to ensure fuel supply continuity, as long as the deferral period is documented and publicly posted;
 - e. The DEQ Director may exempt fuels used in volumes below thresholds established by rule, provided such exemptions are documented and publicly posted;
 - f. Standards, specifications, testing requirements, and other measures as needed to ensure the quality of fuels produced in accordance with the LCFS, including the requirement of motor fuel quality and adjustments to the amounts of GHG emissions per unit of fuel energy assigned to fuels for combustion and drivetrain efficiency.
3. Before adopting standards under this section, the Director shall consider the LCFS of other states, including but not limited to, Washington, Oregon, California, and New Mexico, for the purpose of determining schedules and goals for the reduction of the average amount of GHG emissions per unit of fuel energy and the default values for these reductions for applicable fuels.
4. The Director shall provide exemptions and deferrals as necessary to mitigate the costs of complying with the LCFS upon a finding that the twelve (12)-month rolling weighted average price in surrounding states per average spot markets.
5. The Director shall adopt provisions for managing and containing the costs of compliance with the standards, including provisions to facilitate

compliance with the standards by ensuring that persons or companies may obtain credits for fuels used as substitutes for gasoline or diesel and by creating opportunities for persons to trade credits.

- a. A credit-trading program shall be established to allow obligated parties to buy and sell LCFS credits. The program shall be evaluated annually for market integrity, consistency, and price stability, using benchmarks from past and present LCFS markets.
 - b. Obligated parties such as independent traders, fuel importers, and refiners can trade within the created market.
 - c. Similar practices to those of the national Renewable Fuel Standard Program (RFS) shall be followed for market creation and sustainability.
6. The Director shall exempt from compliance any entity importing less than Five Hundred Thousand (500,000) gallons of combined gasoline and diesel per calendar year. Aggregation of related entities shall follow American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) standards to determine applicability.
 7. The Director shall consider:
 - a. Safety and technical feasibility;
 - b. Net GHG reduction;
 - c. Economic cost-effectiveness;
 - d. Potential adverse impacts on public health and the environment;
 - e. Flexible implementation options;
 - f. Comparable measures in other states.
 8. A public engagement process shall be enacted before commencing rulemaking. The Director shall use the forms of public engagement described in the following subsection to inform the design and implementation of the Clean Fuels Program.
 - a. Prior to rule adoption, the Director shall hold at least six (6) public meetings, with at least three (3) allowing in-person and remote participation, in at least three (3) distinct counties. Meetings shall be recorded and posted publicly. Interim reports shall be submitted to the legislature on June 1, 2026, and January 1, 2027, with final proposed rules filed by January 1, 2028.
 9. The DEQ shall review the effectiveness of this Act and the Clean Fuels Program every three (3) years and may submit recommendations to the Legislature, including adjustments to standards or program scope, such as new fuel types or credit mechanisms.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days upon passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. OSU-005

By: Hayes (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the death penalty; providing a short title; providing for codification; amending 22 O.S § 1014; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Death Penalty Reformation” Act of 2025.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. Any person sentenced to death by the state of Oklahoma shall not know the date of their execution. They shall be informed of the time frame in which their execution occurs and by which method.
 - a. The condemned person shall be informed of a seven (7) day time frame in which their execution will occur. At this time, any religious and or last meal requests must be submitted.
 - b. Executions cannot occur on Saturday, Sunday, or any state or federal holiday.
 - c. Execution must occur after twelve o’clock (12:00) pm on any day. The execution can occur up until eight o’clock (8:00) pm that night. The morning of the execution, the condemned must be informed at least six (6) hours before their sentence is carried out.
2. The punishment of death by the state of Oklahoma shall not be by the means of asphyxiation by any means not limited to but including nitrogen hypoxia
3. The punishment of death can, upon request, be decided by the condemned by any method allowed under Oklahoma statutes Title 22 § 1014.
 - a. This request must be delivered to the correctional facility administration within thirty (30) days after a decision has been rendered. A decision of the Oklahoma Court of Appeals shall grant this limit continuance.

Section 4. AMENDATORY 22 O.S § 1014. is amended to read as follows:

A. The punishment of death shall be carried out by the administration of a lethal quantity of a drug or drugs until death is pronounced by a licensed

physician according to accepted standards of medical practice. For purposes of this subsection, the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act shall not apply to the Department of Corrections or to any person who participates in the execution or administers one or more controlled dangerous substances.

~~B. If the execution of the sentence of death as provided in subsection A of this section is held unconstitutional by an appellate court of competent jurisdiction or is otherwise unavailable, then the sentence of death shall be carried out by nitrogen hypoxia.~~

~~C. B.~~ If the execution of the sentence of death as provided in subsections A ~~and B~~ of this section is held unconstitutional by an appellate court of competent jurisdiction or is otherwise unavailable, then the sentence of death shall be carried out by electrocution.

~~D. C.~~ If the execution of the sentence of death as provided in subsections A, and B ~~and C~~ of this section is held unconstitutional by an appellate court of competent jurisdiction or is otherwise unavailable, then the sentence of death shall be carried out by firing squad.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. OSU-006

By: Hayes (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the child incarceration; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “No Children in Solitary” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

1. Non-Emergency - An event that does not pertain to immediate harm or danger to a person.
2. Administrative Segregation - A form of non-punitive separation from the general population administered by the classification committee or other authorized group or individual when the continued presence of the inmate in the general population poses a serious threat to life, property, self, staff, or other inmates or to the security or orderly operation of the facility.
3. Disciplinary Segregation - A form of punitive separation from the general population.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. Any individual under the age of eighteen (18) in the state of Oklahoma shall not be placed in non-emergency administrative segregation without notice of the date of their release
 - a. Before placing an individual under the age of eighteen (18) in disciplinary segregation, they must be given a hearing in which specific violations are presented before a disciplinary committee and informed of the charges against them, with notice of the proposed length of solitary confinement.
 - b. Emergency administrative segregation shall be allowed for a period of under forty eight (48) hours without requiring a pre detention hearing.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Section 5. EMERGENCY CLAUSE

It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. OSU-007

By: Kuykendall (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to rape shield laws; providing a short title; providing for definitions; amending 12 O.S. § 2412; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Rape Shield” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. Sexual Behavior:
 - a. Civil Sexual Behavior: Actions or conduct of a sexual nature that may be relevant in the context of a civil legal proceeding, including, but not limited to, behavior that may be introduced as evidence in cases involving sexual misconduct, harassment, battery, or other non-criminal legal claims arising from, or related to, sexual conduct, or misconduct, as defined under applicable state or federal law.
 - b. Criminal Sexual Behavior: Conduct of a sexual nature that constitutes a violation of criminal law, including, but not limited to, sexual assault, rape, sexual battery, statutory rape, or related offenses as defined under the Oklahoma criminal code or applicable federal law.
2. Sexual Predisposition: Generalized evidence about the character of the victim which includes but is not limited to sexual orientation, sexual preferences, and a person’s propensity to engage or not to engage in sexual activity of various types.
3. Sexual Misconduct: Unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature alleged in a civil action, potentially including but not limited to advances, requests for favors, battery, and verbal or physical harassment or assault.
4. Probative Value: The probability of evidence to reach its proof purpose of a relevant fact in issue. It is one of the main elements of admitting evidence, as the admitted evidence must be relevant, tending to make the fact in issue more likely or less likely to happen, no matter how slight its probability is.

5. Physical Evidence: Any tangible, medical, or biological proof connected to the alleged offense that could be explained by the victim's prior sexual behavior.
6. Similar Sexual Acts: Specific instances of sexual behavior directly relevant to the offense alleged and not offered to impugn the victim's character.

Section 3.

AMENDATORY 12 O.S. § 2412 is amended to read as follows:

A. In a criminal case in which a person is accused of a sexual offense against another person, the following is not admissible:

1. Evidence of reputation or opinion regarding other sexual behavior of a victim or the sexual offense alleged, or regarding the victim's sexual predisposition.

2. Evidence of specific instances of sexual behavior of an alleged victim with persons other than the accused offered on the issue of whether the alleged victim consented to the sexual behavior with respect to the sexual offense alleged.

3. Evidence whose exclusion would violate the constitutional rights of the defendant.

B. In a civil action alleging sexual misconduct, evidence of a victim's sexual behavior or sexual predisposition is admissible only if its probative value substantially outweighs the risk of harm to any victim and the danger of unfair prejudice to any party. Evidence of a victim's reputation is admissible only if the victim has placed it in controversy.

~~B-C.~~ The provisions of subsection A and subsection B of this section do not require the exclusion of evidence of:

1. Specific instances of sexual behavior if offered for a purpose other than the issue of consent, including proof of the source of semen, pregnancy, disease, ~~or injury,~~ or other physical evidence;

2. False allegations of sexual offenses; or

3. Similar sexual acts in the presence of the accused with persons other than the accused which occurs at the time of the event giving rise to the sexual offense alleged.

~~C-D.~~ 1. If the defendant intends to offer evidence described in subsection B or subsection C of this section, the defendant shall file a written motion to offer such evidence accompanied by an offer of proof not later than fifteen (15) days before the date on which the trial in which such evidence is to be offered is scheduled to begin, except that the court may allow the motion to be made at a later date, including during trial, if the court determines either that the evidence is newly discovered and could not have

been obtained earlier through the exercise of due diligence or that the issue to which such evidence relates has newly arisen in the case. Any motion made under this paragraph shall be served on all other parties by counsel for the defendant and on the alleged victim by the district attorney.

2. If the court determines that the motion and offer of proof described in paragraph 1 of this subsection contains evidence described in subsection ~~B~~ C of this section, the court may order an in-camera hearing to determine whether the proffered evidence is admissible under subsection ~~B~~ C of this section.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days upon passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-008

By: Mullin (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to hunting deer; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Buck Protection” Act of 2025.
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.
1. Target Ratio- Desired balance of male to female deer in the population
 2. Buck- Means a male deer.
 3. Doe- Means a female deer.
 4. Overpopulated Areas- Any region where deer numbers exceed sustainable levels or disrupt the target ratio, as determined by the Oklahoma Department of Wildlife Conservation’s (ODWC) monitoring and management practices.
 5. Extended Breeding Seasons- A prolonged rut caused by an overabundance of does relative to bucks, which disrupts herd health and stability.
 6. Habitat Improvement Programs- Means any ODWC-led or -encouraged projects that increase the quality and sustainability of deer habitat ensuring enough food, cover, and resources to support a healthy herd at the target ratio.
 7. Food Plots- Managed plantings designed to supplement natural forage and improve deer herd health, forming part of the ODWC’s broader habitat improvement strategy.
 8. Native Browse Restoration- Habitat management efforts that restore and maintain natural vegetation deer depend on for food, thereby improving herd health and helping maintain the target buck-to-doe ratio
 9. Safe Protein and Mineral Supplementation- ODWC approved feeding practices that provide deer with additional nutrients in a way that promotes herd health without creating ecological or disease risks.
- Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. The Oklahoma Department of Wildlife Conservation (ODWC) shall monitor deer populations to maintain a target ratio of approximately one (1) buck per two (2) to three (3) does.
2. Hunters may be required to harvest does in overpopulated areas to prevent extended breeding seasons and improve herd health.
 - a. The ratio is one (1) buck to three (3) does, up to change of the ODWC before the next season begins
3. The ODWC may promote habitat improvement programs, including but not limited to, food plots and native browse restoration.
4. The ODWC will provide supplemental feeding and may be permitted where legal, with guidelines for safe protein and mineral supplementation.
5. The ODWC shall provide educational resources to landowners, hunters, and the general public on best practices for deer nutrition and habitat management.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. First offense: Any individual hunter(s) found in violation of Section 3 shall face a fine of not less than Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars (\$250.00) and not more than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) per deer inhabitant.
2. Second offense: Any individual hunter(s) found in violation of Section 3 shall face a fine of not less than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) and not more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) per deer inhabitant, and possible suspension of the offender's hunting license for one (1) year.
3. Third and any subsequent offense: Any individual hunter(s) found in violation of Section 3 shall face a fine of not less than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) and not more than One Thousand and Five Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) per deer inhabitant, and possible suspension of the offender's hunting license for three (3) years, and/or up to thirty (30) days in jail.
4. All penalties shall be enforced and situationally reviewed by Oklahoma Department of Wildlife Conservation (ODWC) officers or game wardens with applicable citation procedures in accordance with existing statutory procedures and due process protections.
 - a. All fines collected pursuant to this section shall be deposited into the State Wildlife Conservation Fund for use by the ODWC.

Section 5. This act shall become effective September 1st, 2026 after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. OSU-009

By: Mullin (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to plumbing licensure; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Plumbing Practical Skills Examination” Act of 2025.
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.
1. “Journeyman Plumber” means any person licensed as a temporary, residential, or unlimited journeyman plumber.
 2. “Oklahoma Construction Industries Board (CIB)” is a state agency responsible for regulating the construction industry in Oklahoma. Its primary mission is to protect life and property by ensuring safety, compliance, and professionalism through licensing and inspection of construction trades.
- Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:
1. All applicants for licensure as a journeyman plumber shall be required to complete a practical skills examination, which shall:
 - a. Assess the applicant’s ability to perform core plumbing tasks, including but not limited to pipe fitting, leak detection, fixture installation, and compliance with state plumbing code;
 - b. Be administered in a controlled, proctored environment approved by the Oklahoma Construction Industries Board (CIB) which can be taken in-person or online at a testing center;
 - c. Be graded according to uniform statewide standards established by the CIB;
 - d. Require a minimum passing score of seventy percent (70%) to qualify for licensure.

2. The CIB shall establish rules necessary to implement and enforce this section, including the development of testing facilities, examiner qualifications, and procedures for retesting.

Section 4. This act shall become effective January 1st, 2027 upon passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. OSU-010

Whittington (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to parking lot lighting; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “No Dark Parking Lots” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for this act:

1. “Parking Lots” means any paved open area (surface or structured) intended for parking motor vehicles, excluding (a) public rights-of-way or street parking; (b) temporary event lots (e.g., fairgrounds, stadium overflow) if operated fewer than sixty (60) days per year; (c) unimproved gravel or other non-traditional surface lots (e.g. sand, dirt, or mixed-substrate areas).
2. “Lighting fixture” means an luminaire installed to illuminate a parking lot or drive aisle, including its lamp, reflector, lens, and housing.
3. “Enforcing Authority” means (a) for municipal or county lots, the building code official, electrical code inspector, or fire marshal designated by that local government; (b) for state or university lots, the official designated by the institution.
4. “Owner/Operator” means the person, corporation, or public body legally responsible for maintenance and operation of the parking lot.
5. “Commissioner” means the Commissioner of the Oklahoma Department of Public Safety, which shall serve as the primary agency responsible for implementation.
6. “Lux” means one (1) lumen per square meter; when used herein, “foot-candle” may also be used.
7. “Measurement grid” means a uniformly spaced grid at ground level at intervals no greater than five (5) m in both longitudinal and transverse directions, used to assess illuminance.
8. “Noncompliant area” means those grid points or zones where measured illuminance falls below the required minimum.

9. “High-use zone” means area within ten (10) feet of building entrances, pedestrian walkways, crosswalks, loading zones, or service areas.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. Baseline fixture requirement
For each twelve thousand (12,000) square feet of paved parking lot area, the owner/operator shall maintain at least two (2) functioning lighting fixtures, unless waived or reduced by variance under subsection F.
2. Minimum illuminance
 - a. For lots \leq one million (1,000,000) sq. ft., the average illuminance over the grid shall be at least twenty (20) lux, and no grid point shall measure less than ten (10) lux.
 - b. For lots $>$ one million (1,000,000) sq. ft., the average must be at least thirty (30) lux, with no grid point under fifteen (15) lux, unless a proportional variance is granted.
3. Uniformity, spacing, glare control. Fixtures shall be located, aimed, and spaced to provide reasonably uniform coverage, minimize dark spots and glare. Maximum spacing between fixtures shall not exceed the limit prescribed by rules promulgated by the Commissioner, consistent with the latest ANSI/IES standards and acceptable industry practices.
4. Fixture type. All outdoor lighting fixtures must be full-cutoff or low-glare types to prevent uplight, skyglow, and trespass.
5. Special zones / enhanced zones. The Commissioner may establish heightened illumination or spacing requirements for high-use zones (entrances, pedestrian paths, crosswalks) or security zones, so long as these requirements are published in rule and apply uniformly.
6. Variance authority. The enforcing authority may grant a variance from the fixture count, spacing, or illuminance requirements if the owner demonstrates, by engineering photometric study, that the proposed design meets substantially equivalent safety and visibility, subject to public notice and review.
7. Inspections, records, and enforcement.
 - a. At least once every two (2) years, or upon receipt of a validated complaint, the enforcing authority shall inspect compliance, using the measurement grid method, documenting measured lux at each grid point.
 - b. Owners/operators must maintain records of fixture installation dates, maintenance logs, measurement reports, and repair requests for at least five (5) years.

- c. A single fixture outage does not itself constitute noncompliance if repair is documented and completed within ninety (90) days; the owner must request repair in writing.
- d. Override authority/emergencies. In cases of immediate public safety threat or emergency, the Commissioner may temporarily supersede local enforcing activity, impose interim lighting levels, or issue emergency orders, subject to review by a judicial or administrative body.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Notice and cure period. Upon initial violation, the enforcing authority shall issue a written notice specifying noncompliance areas and require submission of a remediation plan; the owner/operator shall have ninety (90) days to cure without fine, provided work begins within thirty (30) days of notice.
2. Fines
 - a. Second violation (if after cure period and within two (2) years): a fine of five (5) dollars (\$5.00) per square foot of the noncompliant area (i.e. area corresponding to grid points failing minimum). The total fine per lot per calendar year shall not exceed twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000).
 - b. Third and subsequent violations: a fine of ten dollars (\$10.00) per noncompliant square foot, or suspension of operating permit(s) (for privately regulated lots), whichever is lesser, until compliance is achieved. The permit suspension may only be imposed after notice and hearing. The total fine per lot per calendar year shall not exceed fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).
3. Reset of violation count. If full compliance is maintained for one (1) continuous year from last inspection, the violation history resets.
4. Exemptions / force majeure. Penalties shall not apply in the event of (a) declared natural disaster, (b) utility outage or widespread blackout not under control of the owner/operator, (c) acts of war or civil disturbance. In such cases, the owner must notify the enforcing authority and document the disruption.
5. Appeal and review. Owners/operators may appeal citations, remediation orders, or fines in an administrative hearing before the enforcing authority or designated hearing board within thirty (30) days of notice. Judicial review shall be available under the Oklahoma Administrative Procedures Act.

Section 5. This act shall become effective two (2) years after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. OSU-011

By: Whittington (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to creating an AI task force; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for funding; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “No AIdea You Stole That” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. “Artificial Intelligence (AI)” refers to the capability of computational systems to perform tasks typically associated with human-level intelligence. The exact computational methods deemed as such may evolve over time. Currently, they are deemed as statistical algorithms that can learn from data and generalize to unseen scenarios and therefore perform tasks without explicit instructions.
2. “Copyrighted Material” means any creative work protected under federal or state intellectual property laws, including text, images, videos, audio, code, or databases.
3. “AI-Generated Content” means content created wholly or partially through use of AI as defined above, including without limitation text, images, audio, video, code, or data models.
4. “Task Force” refers to the Oklahoma AI Copyright Integrity Task Force established under this act.
5. “Experience in Technology” means at least one (1) year of professional, academic, or research work involving the application, development, regulation, or instruction of computing systems, software, or digital technologies.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. Establishment and Purpose
There is hereby created within the Oklahoma Department of Commerce the Oklahoma AI Copyright Integrity Task Force which shall:

- a. Study the impact of AI-generated content on Oklahoma's creative industries, including but not limited to, film, music, journalism, software development, and education.
- b. Propose or pilot systems to identify AI-generated content that may infringe upon copyrighted works, and recommend mechanisms for attribution, licensing, or compensation of original creators.
- c. Recommend legal and policy frameworks addressing improper use of copyrighted materials in AI training or outputs, including proposed disclosure and licensing safeguards.
- d. Develop and implement a public awareness campaign to educate citizens, businesses, and students about intellectual property rights, responsible AI use, attribution norms, and transparency.

2. Appointments and Terms

All members shall be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, and shall take the oath of office administered by the Governor prior to assuming their duties.

- a. Members shall serve staggered terms of four (4) years, except that the initial appointments shall be apportioned so that half of the members serve an initial term of two (2) years to create staggered rotation.
- b. The Governor may remove any citizen appointee for cause, which shall include neglect of duty, malfeasance, or inability to perform duties, following written notice and opportunity for response.
- c. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.

3. Membership

The Task Force shall consist of no more than thirteen (13) voting members, appointed or designated as follows:

- a. The Secretary of Commerce, or designee, who shall serve as Chair;
- b. One (1) representative from the Oklahoma Attorney General's Office, nominated by the Attorney General from staff with experience in technology and consumer protection.
- c. One (1) representative from the Office of Management and Enterprise Services (OMES) Information Services Division, nominated by the OMES Director.
- d. Three (3) representatives from accredited Oklahoma colleges or universities, each possessing at least one (1) year of experience in technology, data science, or computer engineering, nominated by the deans of the institutions.

- e. One (1) representative from an Oklahoma law school with demonstrated expertise in intellectual property law, nominated by the dean of the institutions.
 - f. Up to two (2) representatives from recognized creative industry associations, including but not limited to the Oklahoma Film and Music Office and similar organizations nominated by the Executive Director of the Oklahoma Arts Council.
 - g. Two (2) citizen members with experience in technology, law, or creative arts, who are not elected officials or current employees of state or federal government nominated by the President of the Oklahoma Center for the Advancement of Science and Technology (OCAST).
4. Leadership
- a. The Task Force shall elect a Vice Chair by majority vote of all members at its first organizational meeting. Any member with at least six (6) months of tenure may be eligible for Vice Chair.
5. Duties
- The Task Force shall recognize the evolving nature of AI detection and copyright attribution technologies and shall base its recommendations on the best available scientific and legal evidence, without presuming liability where technology remains indeterminate. The Task Force shall also:
- a. Convene at least quarterly to conduct hearings, invite expert testimony, and review public comments.
 - b. Submit a minimum of one (1) interim progress report annually to the Governor, President Pro Tempore of the Senate, Speaker of the House, State Supreme Court Chief Justice, Chair of the Technology and Telecommunications Senate Committee, and Chair of the Government and Modernization and Technology House Committee, beginning January 1, 2028.
 - c. Submit additional reports or briefings as deemed necessary by the Task Force or upon request of the Governor or Legislature.
 - d. Submit a final comprehensive report by January 1, 2029, containing findings, recommendations, and a feasibility study for establishing a permanent Oklahoma Center for AI Ethics and Intellectual Property.
6. Duration
- a. The Task Force shall commence operations on January 1, 2027.
 - b. The Task Force shall sunset thirty (30) days after submission of its final report, unless extended by subsequent legislation upon determination by the Department of Commerce and Governor that continued operation is necessary.

Section 4. FUNDING

1. The Department of Commerce shall be allocated an initial appropriation of up to Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000), from the General Revenue Fund in fiscal year 2027 to support the operations of the Task Force.
2. The Task Force may seek federal grants, private partnerships, and university collaborations to supplement funding.
 - a. Any federal grants, private partnerships, or university collaborations shall be subject to disclosure and conflict-of-interest review by the Department of Commerce to ensure impartiality and public accountability.
3. Members shall serve without compensation but may be reimbursed for travel, lodging, and meal expenses in accordance with the State Travel Reimbursement Act.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. OSU-012

By: Caves (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to artificial intelligence; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing for an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Oklahoma AI Data Scraping ” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. “Covered entity” means any person, business, or organization that develops, deploys, or operates an AI system within the State of Oklahoma.
2. “Data scraping” means the automated collection of data from websites, online platforms, or digital services.
3. “Personal data” means any information that identifies or is reasonably linkable to an individual.
4. “Artificial intelligence” (AI) means a machine-based system that can make predictions, recommendations, or decisions influencing real or virtual environments, using models trained on data.
5. “Biometric identifier” means a measurable biological or behavioral characteristic that is used, singly or in combination with other data, to identify a specific individual. This includes, but is not limited to, facial recognition data or scans of facial geometry, fingerprints, palm prints, iris or retina patterns, voiceprints, DNA or genetic markers, and any other unique physical or behavioral characteristics used for identification purposes.
6. “Personal identifier” means any information that directly identifies or can reasonably be used to identify an individual. This includes, but is not limited to, a person’s name, residential or mailing address, telephone number, email address, Social Security number, driver’s license or state identification number, passport number, financial account numbers, or any combination of information that permits the physical or online contacting or unique identification of a specific individual.

7. “Publicly available data” means information lawfully accessible to the general public without authentication, payment, or circumvention of technical controls.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. A covered entity shall not perform data scraping of personal data of Oklahoma residents for the purpose of training, refining, or operating an Artificial Intelligence (AI) system without:
 - a. Providing clear notice to the public through state news stations, local newspapers, phone calls, and emails with a minimum of thirty (30) days between the first notice and initial collection.
 - b. Offering a reasonable mechanism to opt-out of the collection and use of personal data.
 - c. Until clear notice has been achieved and the minimum of thirty (30) days to opt-out has expired any covered entity shall not engage in data scraping that:
 - i. Circumvents technical barriers such as CAPTCHAs or robots.txt directives.
 - ii. Accesses Oklahoma resident’s personal data from password-protected, subscription-only, or restricted accounts.
 - iii. Collects publicly available data or personal identifiers of any Oklahoma resident.
 - iv. Collects biometric identifiers of any Oklahoma resident without explicit consent.
2. A covered entity shall not engage in the purchase of any data of Oklahoma residents that:
 - a. Contains data from password-protected, subscription-only, or restricted accounts.
 - b. Contains biometric identifiers.
 - c. Contains personal identifiers.
3. The Oklahoma Attorney General will have the ultimate authority to decide if clear public notice has been reached and if the mechanism to opt-out of the collection is reasonable and/or feasible.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Any covered entity found in violation of this act shall be fined by the state:
 - a. An initial fine of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000) and a fine of Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000) for any knowing or repeat violations.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. OU- 001

Diaz (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to elections; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Accessible County Polling” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. “Polling location” shall be defined as a location in which residents can place their vote for an upcoming election.
2. “County” shall be defined as a division of a state that is political and administrative as well as providing local governmental services.
3. “501(c)(3) organization” shall be defined as a type of nonprofit organization in the United States that has been approved by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) as a tax-exempt charity.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

- A. Voters are permitted to cast their ballot at any polling location in a building of a 501(c)(3) organization within their residential county limits during national election early voting periods.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. OU-002

Diaz(OU)
Fraire (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to bars; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Lid it or Leave it” Act of 2025.
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.
- A. “Cup covers” shall be defined as a lid, sleeve, or wrap that covers the top of a cup to perform various functions like preventing spills, keeping drinks warm or cold, and protecting the contents from dust, bugs, or contamination.
- Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:
- A. All establishments registered with the Oklahoma Alcoholic Beverage Laws Enforcement for Mixed Beverage Licenses and On-Premise Beer and Wine Licenses must provide an option to purchase a cup cover for their drink.
1. The price of a singular cup cover cannot exceed a fifty percent (50%) markup.
- Section 4. PENALTIES
- A. Any establishment found in violation of Section 3.1 by local law enforcement shall face a fine not exceeding two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for a first offense, and for a second offense, have to face a removal of their Mixed Beverage Licenses and On-Premise Beer and Wine Licenses.
- Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and

approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. OU-003

Sands (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to university parking fees; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Free Parking” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS For the purposes of this act, the following terms shall be defined as follows:

- A. “Parking Fees” – Any costs or charges imposed on students or faculty for parking on a university campus.
- B. “Board of Regents” – The governing authority of a university responsible for establishing and overseeing policies, including parking regulations.
- C. “Student” – An individual currently enrolled in an accredited university in Oklahoma, whether part-time or full-time.
- D. “Faculty” – An individual employed by the university, including professors, lecturers, researchers, and administrative staff.
- E. “Tuition” – The sum of money charged by a university for teaching and instruction, exclusive of additional service fees.
- F. “Parking Permit” – A university-issued authorization that allows students and faculty to park in designated areas based on their classification (e.g., resident, commuter, faculty).

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

- A. It shall be unlawful for the University Board of Regents to impose any fees, charges, or monetary costs for student parking on university campuses.
- B. Each university shall establish a parking permit system to ensure that students and faculty park in designated areas according to their classification.
- C. Parking permits shall continue to be issued to students and faculty based on prior classifications (e.g., resident, commuter, faculty), but all fees previously

associated with such permits shall be eliminated. Only one parking permit will be issued per person.

- D. Universities may enforce parking regulations to maintain order and safety but shall not charge students or faculty any fees related to parking access.
- E. Funds previously collected from parking fees will now come from the Facility Management budget.
- F. Electric scooters are banned from utilizing parking spots.

Section 4: PENALTIES

- A. Any university found to be in violation of this act by charging students or faculty for parking shall be subject to a fine of up to two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250) per instance of violation.
- B. Any funds collected in violation of this act must be refunded to students and faculty within ninety (90) days of a determination of noncompliance.
- C. The Oklahoma State Board of Regents shall be responsible for monitoring compliance and may conduct periodic audits to ensure adherence to this law.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. SE-001

Jones (SE)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to health care; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for penalties; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Intimate Area Exam” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

- A. “Intimate Examination” – Examination of the breast, pelvic, urogenital, prostate, or rectal region
- B. “Health care professional” – means a person who is licensed, certified, or otherwise authorized by the laws of this state to administer health care in the ordinary course of business or practice of their profession

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

- A. It shall be prohibited for any health care professional, medical student, intern, or resident to conduct an intimate area examination on a patient who is under anaesthesia or unconscious without the informed, written consent of the patient unless:
 - 1. The examination falls within the scope of the planned procedure; OR
 - 2. There is a medical emergency that puts the patient’s health at risk and requires examination of the area for diagnostic or treatment purposes
- B. If a pelvic exam is conducted for the reasons listed above, it must be documented and the patient must be informed.
- C. To obtain written informed consent of the patient for an intimate area exam, the health-care facility shall provide a written or electronic document, separate from any other notice or agreement that includes:
 - 1. A heading at the top of the document stating “Consent for breast, pelvic, urogenital, prostate, and/or rectal region examination” in no

- less than eighteen (18) point font;
2. An explanation of the nature and purpose of each intimate area examination; AND
 3. An option for the patient to consent or decline the following:
 - a. An intimate area examination for the purposes of treatment or diagnosis to be performed by a licensed health care professional as defined by the text of this bill; AND
 - b. An intimate area examination for educational purposes to be conducted by a medical student, intern, or resident under the supervision of a licensed health care professional

Section 4. PENALTIES

- A. Any health care professional found to be in violation of this law shall be referred to the relevant department under which they were licensed for unprofessional conduct.
- B. Any medical student found to be in violation of this law shall be reported to their respective medical school.
- C. A patient who has been subject to an intimate area examination by a health care professional without written informed consent may file a malpractice lawsuit for damages.

Section 5. This act shall become effective one hundred and twenty (120) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. SE-002

Massengale (SE)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to healthcare access; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for enforcement and penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Veterans Prescription Access” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

- A. “Pharmacy” shall mean any facility, business, or establishment licensed by the Oklahoma State Board of Pharmacy to dispense prescription drugs to the public.
- B. “Veterans’ insurance” shall mean any federally authorized or state-recognized health insurance coverage provided to United States military veterans, including but not limited to the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA), Tricare, and CHAMPVA.
- C. “Prescription medication” shall mean any medication that, under state or federal law, may be dispensed only by a licensed pharmacist pursuant to a valid prescription.
- D. “Covered services” shall mean all medications, supplies, and pharmacy services for which veterans’ insurance programs provide reimbursement.
- E. “Board” shall mean the Oklahoma State Board of Pharmacy.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

- A. General Requirement:
 - 1. All pharmacies operating within the State of Oklahoma shall accept valid veterans’ insurance plans as payment, in whole or in part, for prescription medications and pharmaceutical services covered under

those plans.

2. No pharmacy shall deny a prescription service solely on the basis that the payment source is a veterans' insurance plan.

B. Implementation:

1. The Board, in consultation with the Oklahoma Department of Veterans Affairs and the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, shall establish standardized procedures for verifying eligibility and processing claims.
2. Pharmacies shall be required to update their billing and claims processing systems to ensure compatibility with veterans' insurance programs within one hundred eighty (180) days of the effective date of this act.
3. The Board shall provide a technical assistance hotline to support pharmacies in implementing billing procedures.

C. Coordination with Federal Law:

1. This act shall not supersede or conflict with federal law governing veterans' benefits. In cases of conflict, federal law shall prevail.
2. The State of Oklahoma shall enter into cooperative agreements with federal agencies to facilitate information-sharing, claim verification, and dispute resolution.

D. Reporting and Oversight:

1. Pharmacies shall submit annual compliance reports to the Board, including the number of veteran prescriptions filled and any claims denied.
2. The Board shall prepare an annual report to the Oklahoma Legislature summarizing statewide compliance, challenges, and recommendations for improvements.

E. Security of Pharmacies and Fraud Protection

1. There shall be no undue burden placed on the pharmacies; Every pharmacy in the state will be notified and be provided with any and all training material and instruction necessary for the transition no later than ninety (90) days before implementation date.
2. Pharmacies who encounter fraud related to the act will not be responsible for the fiscal burden placed on them so long as the Board reviews their evidence and finds it to be accurate and worthy of the reimbursement.
3. Any pharmacy caught intentionally defrauding the system will have their license revoked immediately and indefinitely. Such fraudulent activity will be outlined by the board.
4. Price mandates will be reviewed annually and set by the board determined by fair market value to prevent loss or abuse of the system

on either side.

F. Education and Outreach

1. The Board, in partnership with the Oklahoma Department of Veterans Affairs, shall conduct an educational campaign to:
 - a. Inform pharmacies of their obligations under this act.
 - b. Provide training resources to pharmacy staff on processing veterans' insurance claims.
 - c. Notify veterans statewide of their rights to have prescriptions filled using veterans' insurance.
2. Educational materials shall be distributed electronically and in print to all licensed pharmacies within ninety (90) days of passage of this act.

Section 4. ENFORCEMENT AND PENALTIES

- A. The Board shall investigate complaints of non-compliance filed by veterans, caregivers, or other individuals.
- B. A pharmacy found in violation and malignantly non-compliant of this act shall be subject to the following:
 1. First offense: A written notice of violation and mandatory compliance training.
 2. Second offense: A civil fine not to exceed twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).
 3. Third offense or subsequent: Possible suspension or revocation of the pharmacy's state license, subject to administrative hearing.
- C. Veterans denied service under this act shall have the right to file a complaint with the Board or the Oklahoma Department of Veterans Affairs.
- D. All fines collected shall be deposited into the Veterans' Access to Healthcare Compliance Fund, which shall be used to provide technical assistance, outreach, and compliance monitoring.

Section 5. FUNDING

- A. Implementation of this act shall be funded through:
 1. Existing appropriations to the Oklahoma State Board of Pharmacy; and
 2. Fines collected under Section 4 of this act.
- B. No additional state tax burden shall be imposed as a direct result of this act.

- Section 6. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval, except that the compliance requirements for pharmacies under Section 3 shall take effect one hundred eighty (180) days after passage and

approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. SE-003

Maxwell (SE)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to sex work; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; providing an effective date, and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Sex Work Regulation” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

- A. “Prostitution” means the giving or receiving of the body for sexual intercourse, fellatio, cunnilingus, masturbation, anal intercourse, or lewdness with any person not his or her spouse, in exchange for money or any other thing of financial or material value, when such act is performed by a person who does not hold a valid sex worker license issued under the Sex Work Regulation Act or when such act is performed outside of the premises of a licensed brothel; or the making of any appointment or engagement for sexual intercourse, fellatio, cunnilingus, masturbation, anal intercourse, or lewdness with any person not his or her spouse, in exchange for money or any other thing of financial or material value when such appointment or engagement is not made by or with a licensed sex worker in a licensed brothel pursuant to the Sex Work Regulation Act.
- B. “Sex Work” means the consensual giving or receiving of the body for sexual intercourse, fellatio, cunnilingus, masturbation, anal intercourse, or lewdness with any person not his or her spouse, in exchange for money, when such act is performed by a person holding a valid sex worker license issued under the Sex Work Regulation Act and is performed within a licensed brothel pursuant to the Sex Work Regulation Act.
- C. “Sex Worker” means any individual twenty-one (21) years of age or older who has applied for and been granted a valid sex worker license by the Oklahoma State Department of Health Sex Worker Agency pursuant to the

requirements of the Sex Work Regulation Act, and who gives or receives the body for sexual intercourse, fellatio, cunnilingus, masturbation, anal intercourse, or lewdness with any person not his or her spouse, in exchange for money, only within a licensed brothel pursuant to the Sex Work Regulation Act.

- D. “Brothel” means any building, structure, or place of business that has been inspected and licensed by the Oklahoma State Department of Health under the Sex Work Regulation Act, in which sex work, as defined in this Act, is lawfully carried out by sex workers holding valid licenses, and in which the owner or operator ensures compliance with all health, safety, licensing, and reporting requirements of the Sex Work Regulation Act.
- E. “Lewdness” means any intentional and willful act of a sexual nature which, if committed in a public space or in a location where the act may be observed by others, would constitute a violation of any of 21 O.S. §22, §1021, §1123 or §1125, or which carries the potential under existing state and federal law to result in a person being required to register as a sex offender. This definition shall be interpreted to encompass, but not to be limited to, any act, including urination and defecation, that meets the criteria set forth in the aforementioned statutes and which is performed for the purposes of eliciting sexual excitement, arousal, or pleasure either in the person performing the act or in any other part shall be construed to fall within the definition of lewdness for the purposes of this act.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

A. Licensing of Sex Workers:

1. No person shall engage in sex work unless such person has been issued a valid sex worker license by the Oklahoma State Department of Health pursuant to the requirements of this Act.
2. No person under the age of twenty-one (21) years shall be eligible for licensure as a sex worker.
3. No person shall be issued or permitted to retain a license to engage in sex work the applicant provides proof, satisfactory to the licensing authority, that they have undergone testing for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and diseases (STDs) in accordance with the following requirements:
 - a. The testing must have been conducted within thirty (30) days immediately preceding the application

- b. The tests must have been performed by a Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments (CLIA)-certified laboratory and must utilize U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved testing methods.
4. The applicant must provide documentation of test results demonstrating that they do not have HIV, syphilis, gonorrhea, chlamydia, or any other STD or STI detectable by standard, FDA-approved testing measures within thirty (30) days prior to submitting an application for such license, and has consented in writing to continuous testing as required under this Act. The licensing authority may further require applicants to submit additional documentation or verification directly from the testing laboratory to confirm the authenticity and recency of the test results.
5. Failure to provide proof of compliance with this section shall constitute grounds for denial or revocation of a sex work license.
6. The licensing authority shall adopt rules and procedures consistent with this section to implement and enforce these requirements, including procedures for maintaining confidentiality of medical information in accordance with applicable state and federal privacy laws.
7. Each licensed sex worker shall submit specimens for testing at a CLIA-certified laboratory licensed by the State of Oklahoma and certified by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services of the United States Department of Health and Human Services, and such tests must be FDA-approved or laboratory-validated pursuant to federal standards.
8. The following specimen testing requirements shall apply:
 - a. If the applicant or licensee is female with a uterine cervix, she shall provide a cervical specimen for testing of gonorrhea and chlamydia by culture, antigen detection, or nucleic acid testing.
 - b. If the applicant or licensee is female without a uterine cervix, she shall provide a high vaginal specimen for testing of gonorrhea and chlamydia by culture, antigen detection, or nucleic acid testing.
 - c. If the applicant or licensee is male or transgender, he or she shall provide a urethral specimen for testing of gonorrhea and chlamydia by culture, antigen detection, or nucleic acid testing.
 - d. If the applicant or licensee is employed in a licensed brothel that does not have a written policy explicitly prohibiting anal intercourse, the licensee shall provide a rectal specimen for

testing of gonorrhea and chlamydia by culture, antigen detection, or nucleic acid testing.

- e. All applicants and licensees shall provide a blood specimen for testing of HIV and syphilis.

9. Each licensed sex worker shall thereafter submit:

- a. not less than once every thirty (30) days, a blood specimen for HIV and syphilis testing; and
- b. not less than once every seven (7) days, the appropriate specimen required under paragraph 5 for testing of gonorrhea and chlamydia to the Oklahoma Health Department Sex Worker Agency.

10. Each specimen required under this section shall be collected under the supervision of a licensed healthcare professional hired by the Oklahoma Health Department Sex Worker Agency, and the specimen shall be labeled with:

- a. the name of the sex worker as it appears on the sex worker's license, and
- b. the name and license number of the healthcare professional collecting the specimen.

11. A license shall be immediately suspended and the sex worker shall immediately cease and desist from performing sex work upon receipt of a positive test result for, syphilis, gonorrhea, or chlamydia.

12. No licensed sex worker shall perform sex work except within the premises of a licensed brothel.

B. Licensing of Brothels.

1. No person, corporation, partnership, or other entity shall own, manage, or operate a brothel unless such entity has been issued a valid brothel license by the Oklahoma State Department of Health.

2. A licensed brothel shall:

- a. not be located within ten (10) miles from a school, hospital, or governmental agency;
- b. employ only licensed sex workers for the sex work positions;
- c. ensure that no sex work occurs on the premises except by licensed sex workers in compliance with this Act;
- d. maintain secure, sanitary, and private facilities for sex workers and clients;
- e. display a health notice, notifying the public of the sanitation quality of the facility, provided by the Department, in a conspicuous location approved by the Department where it is readily visible to patrons;

- f. ensure all patrons to be twenty-one (21) years of age or older;
- g. require the use of latex or polyurethane prophylactics by all sex workers and patrons during any sexual intercourse involving vaginal, anal, or oral penetration, oral-genital contact, or any touching of sexual organs or intimate parts;
- h. report any known or suspected communicable disease within the brothel immediately to the Department of Health, including:
 - 1. the communicable disease or suspected disease;
 - 2. the name, age, sex, date of birth, and license number of the case or suspected case;
 - 3. the name, address, and telephone number of the person making the report;
 - 4. the date of onset and the date of diagnosis of the disease; and
 - 5. any additional information requested by the Department;
- i. promptly cooperate with the Department in any investigation or outbreak response, including exclusion, isolation, or quarantine measures; and
- j. maintain all records of sex worker licenses, health tests, and Department inspections for not less than five (5) years, and make such records available for inspection upon request.

Section 4. PENALTIES

A. Unlicensed Sex Work.

- a. Any person engaging in sexual conduct for money or any other thing of value without a valid sex worker license issued under this Act shall be deemed guilty of prostitution as defined in Section 2 of this Act and shall be punished in accordance with Oklahoma Statutes.

B. Unlicensed Brothel Operation.

- a. Any person, corporation, partnership, or entity who owns, manages, or operates a brothel without a valid brothel license issued under this Act shall be guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than five (5) years, a fine not exceeding Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00), or both.

C. Failure to Use Prophylactics.

- a. Any licensed sex worker or brothel that knowingly fails to comply with the prophylactic requirements of this Act shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) and not

more than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) for each violation, and may have their license suspended or revoked by the Department of Health.

- D. Failure to Submit to Required Testing.
 - a. Any licensed sex worker who fails to submit to testing as required by this Act will have their license immediately suspended until compliance is proven.
 - b. Continued refusal to submit to testing for more than thirty (30) consecutive days shall result in permanent revocation of the license.
- E. Positive Test Result and Continued Work.
 - a. Any licensed sex worker who, after receiving a positive test result for HIV, syphilis, gonorrhea, or chlamydia, knowingly continues to perform sex work in violation of this Act, shall be guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than three (3) years, a fine not exceeding Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00), or both, and shall have their license permanently revoked.
- F. Failure to Report Communicable Disease.
 - a. Any brothel licensee or brothel owner who knowingly fails to report a known or suspected communicable disease as required by this Act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not exceeding Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) and shall have their license suspended for not less than one (1) year.
- G. Obstruction of Inspection or Investigation.
 - a. Any person who interferes with, obstructs, or refuses entry to an inspector or investigator of the Oklahoma State Department of Health in the performance of duties under this Act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not exceeding Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) and may be subject to suspension or revocation of any license issued under this Act.
- H. The penalties herein specified are in addition to and not in lieu of any other penalty as may be provided for by law.

Section 5. This act shall become effective one hundred and ninety (190) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. SE-004

Nixon (SE)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to vehicle pursuits; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for enforcement; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Hot Pursuit” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

- A. A “vehicle pursuit” or “pursuit” is an attempt by a law enforcement officer in an authorized emergency vehicle to stop a moving vehicle where the operator of the moving vehicle appears to be aware that the officer is signaling the operator to stop the vehicle and the operator appears to be willfully resisting or ignoring the officer's attempt to stop the vehicle by increasing vehicle speed, making evasive maneuvers, disobeying traffic signals, or using other comparable means in an attempt to elude the officer. Following a vehicle whose operator fails to yield to the officer’s signal to stop for a brief period no longer than necessary to obtain basic information about the vehicle (e.g., license plate, make/model) and its occupants, does not constitute a pursuit if both the officer and the operator continue to substantially obey all other traffic laws during the brief period the officer is following the operator, and the officer reasonably believes that briefly following the vehicle would not increase the threat that either the operator’s or the officer’s driving poses to the safety of the public.
- B. “Oklahoma Department of Public Safety” as defined in 47 O.S. § 2-101.
- C. “CLEET” is the Oklahoma Council on Law Enforcement Education and Training as defined in 70 O.S. § 3311.
- D. “Tire deflation devices” or “spike strips” are devices designed and intended to produce a controlled deflation of one or more tires of a vehicle.
- E. “Boxing in” is the surrounding of a pursued moving vehicle with moving police vehicles which are then slowed to a stop along with the suspect’s vehicle.

- F. "Vehicle contact action" is any action undertaken by the pursuing officer intended to result in contact between the moving police vehicle and pursued vehicle. "Vehicle contact action" includes, but is not limited to, ramming and use of the precision immobilization technique ("PIT") maneuver.
- G. "Vehicle paralleling" is a deliberate offensive tactic by one or more police vehicles in which they drive alongside the pursued vehicle while it is in motion.
- H. "Channelization" is a technique used to divert a suspect's vehicle to a preferred location that is either less populated or traveled, or more conducive to a forcible stop.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

- A. When officers may engage in vehicle pursuits.
 - 1. One of the two below conditions is satisfied:
 - a. There is probable cause to believe that a person in the vehicle (1) is attempting to commit, is committing, or has committed, violent felonies (2) for which the person has not yet already been convicted, and the pursuing officer reasonably believes a pursuit would not increase the threat that the suspect poses to the safety of the public; or
 - b. There is probable cause to believe that the operator of the vehicle is violating 47 O.S. § 11-901, Reckless driving or 47 O.S. § 11-902, Persons under the influence of alcohol or other intoxicating substance or combination thereof and the pursuing officer reasonably believes a pursuit would not increase the threat that the suspect's driving poses to the safety of the public. CLEET shall issue additional guidance in its implementing regulations, which may include more restrictive and detailed standards to ensure pursuits under this sub-provision are only permitted in exceptional circumstances.
 - 2. Each of the below conditions are satisfied:
 - a. The officer reasonably believes that the suspect would pose a substantial risk of death or serious bodily injury to another person unless the suspect is immediately apprehended. This determination shall be made based upon the suspect's actions or operation of the vehicle before the initiation of the pursuit.

- b. Apprehension cannot be accomplished later without the suspect posing a substantial and/or ongoing threat to the safety of the public; and
- c. The officer reasonably believes the safety risks of failing to immediately apprehend or identify the suspect are greater than the safety risks of the vehicle pursuit under the circumstances, considering:
 - 1. The likelihood of a successful apprehension;
 - 2. The degree of risk created by the pursuit in light of the nature of the area, volume of pedestrian traffic, type and speed of vehicular traffic, weather, time of day, and roadway configuration and conditions;
 - 3. The type of vehicle being pursued, the perceived age and condition of the operator of the vehicle, and the presence of uninvolved individuals in the operator's vehicle; and
 - 4. The law enforcement officer's driving skills, familiarity with the roads, and condition of their vehicle.

B. Duty to terminate pursuit.

- 1. For the duration of any pursuit, the pursuing officer shall have a duty to continuously assess whether continuing the pursuit is consistent with this statute, and terminate any pursuit as soon as the officer concludes that a pursuit is not authorized, including as soon as it would become apparent to a reasonable officer that the safety risks of continuing the vehicle pursuit would be greater than the safety risks of failing to immediately apprehend or identify the suspect.

C. Supervisor role.

- 1. Except as provided in subsection C(4), either before or shortly after initiating the pursuit, the pursuing officer must notify a supervisor of the pursuit, providing the supervisor with the reason for the pursuit, the location of the pursuit, traffic conditions, information on the identity of the driver, the speed of the pursued vehicle, number of occupants in the pursued vehicle, and any other information required to be provided by CLEET.
- 2. The pursuing officer shall have a continuing duty to update the supervisor on the above information required by subsection C(1), as the pursuit develops.
- 3. The supervisor shall order the pursuing officer to terminate the pursuit as soon as the supervisor concludes the pursuit, or continued pursuit, would not be authorized under subsections 1 and 2.

4. For agencies with fewer than fifteen (15) sworn officers, if a supervisor is not on duty at the time of the pursuit, the pursuing officer must request that the on-call supervisor be notified of the pursuit, according to the agency's procedures.

D. Coordination with other agencies and among pursuing officers.

1. Notification of Other Agencies Affected: The supervising officer, pursuing officer, or dispatcher must inform other law enforcement agencies or nearby jurisdictions that may be affected by the vehicular pursuit or may need to assist. The pursuing and supervising officers, if applicable, are required to follow any agency procedures for coordinating operations with other jurisdictions, including tribal police departments when relevant.
2. Communication with other pursuing officers: The pursuing officer must be able to directly communicate with other officers engaging in the pursuit, the supervising officer, if applicable, and the dispatch agency, such as by being on a common radio channel or having other direct means of communication.

E. Activation and termination of emergency vehicle operations.

1. Upon initiation of a pursuit, the pursuing officer(s) shall immediately activate all emergency warning lights, siren, headlights, motor vehicle recorder, and body-worn camera. If an officer terminates a pursuit without stopping the pursued vehicle, upon terminating, the pursuing officer(s) shall immediately cease all emergency vehicle operations, turning off all emergency warning lights, sirens, and disengage from the fleeing vehicle. Upon termination, the pursuing officer(s) shall, at minimum, radio the termination and location of termination to dispatch.

F. Pursuit intervention tactics

1. No law enforcement officer may engage in vehicle paralleling or vehicle contact action unless:
 - a. They have received authorization to engage in the maneuver by a supervisor,
 - b. There is an imminent risk of death or serious bodily injury,
 - c. That risk cannot be avoided through other means, and
 - d. The pursuit is otherwise authorized under Section 1.
2. A law enforcement officer may not fire at, into, or from a moving vehicle unless there is an imminent risk of death or serious bodily injury, and that risk cannot be avoided through other means, including by avoiding the path of the vehicle.

3. In the model policy issued under subsection G, CLEET must include rules setting forth when, if ever, law enforcement officers may use other pursuit intervention tools and tactics, including channelization, boxing-in/heading-off, roadblocks, tire-deflation devices or spike strips, and overtaking the pursued vehicle. CLEET shall promulgate regulations on the same subject under Section 4.

G. Pursuit policies.

1. No later than sixty (60) days from the effective date of this act, CLEET shall develop a model vehicle pursuit policy that is consistent with the requirements of this statute, and shall obtain public comment on the policy in the manner prescribed under the rulemaking provisions of the *Oklahoma Administrative Procedures Act*.
2. No later than sixty (60) days from the effective date of the CLEET model policy, each law enforcement agency must adopt a written policy that is consistent with the requirements of this statute, and incorporates the requirements of the CLEET model policy.

H. Pursuit training.

1. CLEET shall develop minimum requirements for both introductory and in-service training for law enforcement officers and supervisors on vehicle pursuits to explain the requirements of this statute and any implementing regulations and guidance. Training shall address every tactic and tool authorized under this statute or authorized under the CLEET model policy.
2. CLEET shall require officers to complete in-service training on vehicle pursuits on an annual basis.
3. CLEET shall develop minimum requirements for both introductory and in-service training on vehicle pursuits for police communications personnel, and any other law enforcement agency personnel who may play a role in a pursuit or pursuit review.
4. Beginning sixty (60) days from the effective date of the CLEET model policy, a law enforcement officer:
 - a. May only engage in a vehicle pursuit, and a supervisor may only supervise a vehicle pursuit, if they completed introductory or in-service training on vehicle pursuits in the last calendar year.
 - b. May not use a pursuit intervention tactic or tool unless the officer has been trained on the particular tactic or tool in the last calendar year.

I. Pursuit reporting, data, and transparency.

1. Pursuit policy transparency: Each law enforcement agency shall, no later than sixty (60) days from the effective date of the CLEET model policy, make publicly available all of its policies related to vehicle pursuits.
 - a. The pursuit policies are presumed to be public record and must be made public without redaction. Redaction of limited portions of the policies shall be permitted only if:
 1. It would be permitted under the *Oklahoma Open Records Act*, and
 2. The redacted material, if made public, would substantially and materially undermine ongoing investigations or endanger the life or safety of officers or members of the public.
 - b. Each individual policy shall include the month and year it last was updated.
 - c. If any law enforcement agency adopts a new or revised policy, the policy must be made publicly available within thirty (30) days of the change or adoption.
2. Duty to Report
 - a. A law enforcement officer who witnesses or learns that another officer engaged in what the reporting officer knows or reasonably should know to be an unauthorized pursuit in violation of this statute or the law enforcement agency's vehicle pursuit policy shall report the pursuit to the agency supervisor or other designated reporting entity as soon as reasonably possible, and no later than twenty four (24) hours after the officer learns of the pursuit.
 - b. Each agency shall, as part of its vehicle pursuit policy, make clear that failure to report an unauthorized pursuit by another member of the agency as required by this subsection shall result in discipline, up to and including termination.
3. Pursuit Data: Each law enforcement agency shall annually furnish to the Oklahoma Department of Public Safety in a manner defined and prescribed by the Oklahoma Department of Public Safety, a report of all instances when a law enforcement officer employed by that agency engaged in a vehicle pursuit in the prior year. Each report shall include, at a minimum, the following information for each pursuit:
 - a. The reason for the pursuit, including the specific offense(s) or infraction(s) that served as a basis for the pursuit;
 - b. The date, start time, and end time of the pursuit;

- c. The start and end locations of the pursuit;
- d. The conditions of the pursuit, including, but not limited to each of the following: number of officers involved; number of law enforcement vehicles involved; the type of police vehicle(s) and pursued vehicle(s) involved (e.g., motorcycle, sedan); weather conditions; and maximum speeds.
- e. Whether a body-worn camera was worn and active for the duration of the pursuit;
- f. Whether a dashboard camera was present and active for the duration of the pursuit;
- g. Whether the pursuit resulted in a crash or collision, injury requiring medical treatment, or death to a law enforcement officer, driver or passenger in the pursued vehicle, or an uninvolved third party;
- h. If the pursuit resulted in a crash or collision, injury requiring medical treatment, or death, a description of the crash or collision and details of each officer, driver/passenger, or uninvolved third party injured or killed, including the type and severity of the injuries sustained by each, if any;
- i. Whether the pursuit resulted in property damage and, if so, a description of the damage.
- j. Unique identification numbers for each pursuing and supervising officer;
- k. How the pursuit was terminated, including whether the officer(s) used any pursuit intervention tactics or tools, and if so, a description of the particular tactics used;
- l. Whether an officer initiated a vehicle pursuit but discontinued the pursuit before apprehending the suspect and, if so, the reason the pursuit was discontinued.
- m. Whether the pursuit involved multiple law enforcement agencies and if so, which agencies.
- n. If a citation was issued, the violations(s) cited;
- o. If an arrest was made, the offense(s) charged; and
- p. Whether the officer searched the person or any property, and, if so, the type of search (pat-down, vehicle search), the basis for the search, and type of contraband or evidence discovered, if any.

4. Data Where Flight But No Pursuit: Each law enforcement agency shall also furnish to the Oklahoma Department of Public Safety the

following information regarding each instance in which an officer observes an infraction or offense but declines to engage in a vehicle pursuit even though the driver did not stop when signaled by the officer to stop:

- a. The specific infraction or offense;
 - b. The date and time of the incident;
 - c. The location of the incident;
 - d. Unique identification numbers for each officer involved and, if applicable, supervising officer involved;
 - e. The reason(s) for not initiating a pursuit; and
 - f. Any pursuit alternative used (e.g., spike strips, GPS tagging and tracking device), and the outcome of the use of the pursuit alternative (e.g., stopped vehicle).
5. The Oklahoma Department of Public Safety shall make all information obtained from law enforcement agencies under the above subsections publicly available on the Oklahoma Department of Public Safety website, classified by law enforcement agency, in a manner that is clear, understandable, and machine-readable.
 6. Law enforcement agencies subject to the above subsections shall not report or make publicly available the name, address, social security number, or other unique personal identifying information of the persons pursued or any uninvolved third parties injured or otherwise involved in the pursuit, unless the disclosure of a particular piece of information described above to a particular agency or entity is otherwise required by law. Law enforcement agencies are solely responsible for ensuring that personally identifying information of individuals pursued is not transmitted to the Oklahoma Department of Public Safety or otherwise released to the public.
 7. Each agency covered by this section shall develop and make publicly available a policy governing review and auditing of the data required to be collected under this section to ensure officer compliance with the requirements of this statute. The auditing policy shall include a method or methods for identifying any pursuits officers engage in without reporting the pursuit as required under this statute.

J. Pursuit investigations.

1. Each law enforcement agency shall establish written, publicly available policies and procedures for supervisory review and/or investigation of each pursuit conducted by a law enforcement officer employed by that agency, as well as investigation of any allegation of

an unauthorized pursuit, including an allegation included in a complaint filed by a member of the public.

2. In its model policy, CLEET shall include guidance on supervisory review and investigation of pursuits

K. Implementing regulations.

1. No later than sixty (60) days from the effective date of the CLEET model policy, the Oklahoma Department of Public Safety shall adopt regulations for the collection and reporting of data required under subsections I(3) through I(6), in a manner prescribed under the rulemaking provisions of the *Oklahoma Administrative Procedures Act*.

- a. The regulations shall specify all data to be reported, and provide standards, definitions, and technical specifications not inconsistent with the requirements of this statute to ensure uniform reporting practices across all reporting agencies.
- b. To the extent possible, and consistent with the requirements of this statute, such regulations should be compatible with any similar federal data collection or reporting programs.

2. No later than sixty (60) days from the effective date of the CLEET model policy, CLEET shall adopt regulations to implement the provisions of this statute apart from subsections I(3) through I(6), in a manner prescribed under the rulemaking provisions of the *Oklahoma Administrative Procedures Act*.

L. Degree of preemption of local law.

1. Nothing in this statute prohibits law enforcement agencies from adopting policies that impose additional restrictions on pursuits, or that impose more extensive training or reporting requirements.

Section 4. ENFORCEMENT

- A. Each agency shall as part of its pursuit policies, make clear that violation of the policies shall result in discipline, up to and including termination.
- B. If a law enforcement officer engages in a pursuit or pursuit tactics not authorized under this statute, the officer and/or the officer's employing agency shall be liable in an action at law for any injuries and property damage that result from the unauthorized pursuit or tactics.
- C. In its implementing regulations, CLEET is authorized to set forth additional requirements for law enforcement agencies and officers consistent with this statute and the delegations contained therein, and penalties for violating those

requirements, including civil penalties, and civil liability for any injuries and property damage that result from violating the requirements.

- D. Any person who resides within the jurisdiction of a political subdivision or law enforcement agency may bring a civil action against the agency to obtain equitable and declaratory relief to enforce the provisions of this statute pertaining to disclosures they are entitled to herein. A prevailing plaintiff shall be entitled to reasonable attorney's fees and costs.
- E. In order to be eligible to receive any state law enforcement funding or any state-administered federal grant, a law enforcement agency must certify that it complied with all of the requirements set forth under this statute in the previous calendar year.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. SE-005

Nixon (SE)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to motor vehicles; providing short title; amending 47 O.S. § 12-422; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Window Film Modernization” Act of 2025.

Section 2. AMENDATORY 47 O.S. § 12-422 is amended to read as follows:

A. As used in this section:

1. "Glass coating material" or "sunscreening devices" means materials, films, applications or devices which are used in conjunction with approved vehicle glazing materials for the purpose of reducing the effects of sun, but shall not include materials, films, applications, or devices with a mirrored or mirror-like finish;
2. "Light transmission" means the percentage of total light which is allowed to pass through a window;
3. "Luminous reflectance" means the ratio of the amount of total light, expressed in percentages, which is reflected outward by the glass coating material or sunscreening device to the amount of total light falling on the glass coating material;
4. "Manufacturer" means:
 - a. a person who engages in the manufacturing or assembling of sunscreening devices, or
 - b. a person who fabricates, laminates, or tempers glazing materials, incorporating the capacity to reflect or to reduce the transmittance of light during the manufacturing process; and
5. "Window" means the windshield, side or rear glass of a motor vehicle, including any glazing material, glass coating or sunscreening device.

B. It is unlawful, except as provided by this section, for a person to sell, install, or to operate a motor vehicle with any object or material:

1. Placed, displayed, installed, affixed, or applied upon the windshield or

- side or rear windows; or
2. So placed, displayed, installed, affixed, or applied in or upon the motor vehicle so as to obstruct or reduce a driver's clear view through the windshield or side or rear windows.
- C. It is unlawful for any person to place, install, affix, or apply any transparent material upon the windshield or side or rear windows of any motor vehicle if such material alters the color or reduces the light transmittance of such windshield or side or rear windows except as provided in this section.
- D. This section shall not apply to:
1. Side or back windows that have a substance or material in conjunction with glazing material that has a light transmission of at least twenty-five percent (25%) and a luminous reflectance of at most twenty-five percent (25%);
 2. Front side wing vents and windows that have a substance or material not attached in conjunction with glazing material which is used by a vehicle operator on a moving vehicle during daylight hours;
 3. Rearview mirrors;
 4. Adjustable nontransparent sun visors which are mounted forward of the side windows and are not attached to the glass;
 5. Signs, stickers, or other materials which are displayed in a forty-nine-square-inch area in the lower corner of the windshield farthest removed from the driver or signs, stickers, or other materials which are displayed in a forty-nine-square-inch area in the lower corner of the windshield nearest the driver;
 6. Direction, designation, or termination signs on buses, if the signs do not interfere with the driver's clear view of approaching traffic;
 7. Rear window wiper motors;
 8. Rear window defrosters or defoggers;
 9. Rear truck lid handle or hinges;
 10. Side windows to the rear of the driver or back windows that have a substance or material in conjunction with glazing material that has a light transmission of at least ten percent (10%) and a luminous reflectance of at most twenty-five percent (25%) on all vehicles manufactured prior to 1996 year models, if the motor vehicle is equipped with outside mirrors on both left and right hand sides of the vehicle that are so located as to reflect to the driver a view of the highway through each mirror for a distance of at least two hundred (200) feet to the rear of the motor vehicle;
 11. Transparent material which is installed, affixed, or applied to ~~the~~ ~~topmost portion~~ of the windshield if:

- a. it does not extend downward beyond the AS-1 line or more than five (5) inches from the top of the windshield, whichever is closer to the top of the windshield, and
 - b. the material is not red or amber in color; or
 - c. an untinted film or glaze may be applied to the area below the AS-1 line of the windshield of a motor vehicle provided the total visible light transmission is not reduced below 70%;
12. All windows to the rear of the driver's seat in a vehicle licensed as a bus, as defined by Section 1-105 of this title, or a taxicab, as defined by Section 1-174 of this title;
 13. Vehicles not subject to registration in the State of Oklahoma;
 14. Implements of husbandry as defined by this title; and
 - ~~15. Law enforcement vehicles which are owned by the state or a political subdivision of the state.~~
- E. This section shall not prohibit the use and placement of federal, state, or political subdivision certificates on any window as are required by applicable laws.
- F. Louvered materials, when installed as designed, shall not reduce the area of the driver's visibility below fifty percent (50%) as measured on a horizontal plane. When such materials are used in conjunction with the rear window, the measurement shall be made based upon the driver's view from inside the rearview mirror.
- G. A person who sells or installs any product regulated by this section shall certify in a written statement, which shall be a part of the contract for sale or installation and shall be in bold-face type, that:
1. The product sold or installed is in compliance with the reflectivity and transmittance requirements of this section;
 2. The installation of the product to the driver's or passenger's side window may be illegal in some states.
- H. The Commissioner of Public Safety, upon application from a person required for medical reasons to be shielded from the direct rays of the sun, supported by written attestation of such fact from a physician licensed pursuant to Section 495 of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes, may issue an exemption from the provisions of this section for a motor vehicle belonging to such person or in which such person is a habitual passenger. Any person may operate a vehicle or alter the color or reduce the light transmitted through the side or rear windows of a vehicle in accordance with an exemption issued by the Commissioner.
- I. Any person who violates any provision of this section, upon conviction, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided for in Section

17-101 of this title.

Section 3. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill SE-006

Spears (SE)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to Wills and Successions; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Uniform Probate Modernization” Act of 2025.
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:
- A. “Uniform Probate Code” means Articles II and III of the Uniform Probate Code (2019 edition) as promulgated by the Uniform Law Commission, which provide model provisions governing intestate succession, wills, and the administration of estates. For the purposes of this act, only articles II and III shall be incorporated and applied as modified by the provisions of this act.
 - B. “Estate” means the real and personal property of a decedent including any property held in trust or nonprobate assets subject to administration, consistent with Title 58 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
 - C. “Informal Probate” means a proceeding for probate or appointment conducted without notice to interested persons without a hearing, as authorized by the Uniform Probate Code and implemented under rules promulgated by the Administrative Office of the Courts pursuant to the supervision of the Oklahoma State Supreme Court.
 - D. “Interested Person” means any heir, devisee, creditor, beneficiary or other person having a property right or claim against the estate of a decedent.
 - E. “Trust” means a trust that is governed by the provisions of Title 60, Section 175.1 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
 - F. “Court” means the district court of this state having jurisdiction over probate matters under Title 58 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
 - G. “Personal Representative” means any executor, successor, special administrator, administrator, or person that is performing substantially a

similar function under the law of the state of Oklahoma, as is defined in Title 58 of Oklahoma Statutes.

Section 3. NEW LAW a new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 927 of Title 84, unless there is a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. There is hereby created the Oklahoma Probate Code Review Commission, which shall be responsible for overseeing the review, implementation, and maintenance of Articles II and III of the Uniform Probate Code (2019 edition) as promulgated by the Uniform Law Commission, subject to the modifications provided in this section to ensure compatibility with existing Oklahoma law. All probate proceeding conducted under this act shall remain under the supervision of the district courts and shall conform to the procedural requirements set forth in Title 58 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- B. The Provisions of Title 60 of the Oklahoma Statutes governing spendthrift and asset protection trusts shall remain in full force and effect, and nothing in this act shall be construed to create, modify, or impose any state-level inheritance or estate tax structure and estate planning policies.
- C. With regard to charitable beneficiaries, the rights of such beneficiaries as designated in wills, trusts, or other testamentary instruments shall remain enforceable and shall be unaffected by this act. Courts shall construe this act in favor of preserving charitable intent and shall not invalidate charitable bequests, designations, or trusts except upon a finding of fraud or impossibility
- D. The provisions of this act shall be applied in a manner consistent with the Oklahoma Uniform Trust Code, codified in Title 60, Section 175.1 of the Oklahoma Statutes. In the event of a conflict between this act and the Uniform Trust Code, the provisions that provide greater protection to trust administrative and asset preservation shall control.
- E. The Administrative Office of the Courts, under the supervision of the Oklahoma State Supreme Court, shall develop and adopt the procedural rules, standardized forms and training programs necessary to implement this act and to ensure compatibility with existing probate and trust procedures. To support implementation, a ten-dollar (\$10.00) filing fee shall be assessed on all new probate petitions, which shall be deposited in the Court Modernization and Probated Training Fund to support court training and procedural improvements.
- F. The Administrative Office of the Courts shall prepare and submit an annual written report for five (5) years following the effective date of this act to the

Oklahoma State Supreme Court and the President Pro Tempore of the Oklahoma Senate. The annual report shall summarize the implementation and impact of this act, including statistical data on probate filings and case outcomes, and identification of procedural inconsistencies encountered by district courts, and recommendations for legislative or administrative improvements.

Section 4. PENALTIES

- A. Failure to file the required forms or reports in accordance with this act or the rules of the Oklahoma State Supreme Court will possibly result in a civil penalty that is not to exceed four hundred dollars (\$400.00), to be assessed by the court and then deposited into the court Modernization and Probate Training Fund.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. SNU-001

Brezillac (SNU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to contract fraud and residential construction contract structure; providing short title; amending 15 O.S. § 765.1; amending 15 O.S. § 765.3; amending 15 O.S. § 765.3; amending 15 O.S. § 765.6; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Civil Construction Litigation” Act of 2025.

Section 3. AMENDATORY 15 O.S. § 765.1 is amended to read as follows:

- A. Sections 765.3 through 5765.6 of this act shall constitute a part of the Oklahoma Consumer Protection Act and shall be known and may be cited as the "Home Repair Fraud Act".
- B. This act applies to all civil actions arising from residential construction contracts executed on or after November 1, 2026.

This act shall prevail over any conflicting state law, common law cause of action, or contractual provision. Nothing in this act shall preempt laws consistent with its purpose, including general consumer protection statutes.

Any violation of the Home Repair Fraud Act shall constitute an unlawful business practice and shall be subject to the provisions of the Oklahoma Consumer Protection Act.

Section 4. AMENDATORY 15 O.S. § 765.2 is amended to read as follows:

- A. As used in the Home Repair Fraud Act:
 - 1. "Home repair" means the fixing, replacing, altering, converting, modernizing, improving of or the making of an addition to any real property primarily designed or used as a residence. Home repair shall include, but not be limited to, the construction, installation,

replacement or improvement of driveways, swimming pools, porches, roofs, siding, kitchens, chimneys, chimney liners, garages, outbuildings or storage sheds, fences, fallout shelters, air conditioning systems, heating systems, boilers, furnaces, hot water heaters, electrical wiring, sewers, plumbing fixtures, storm doors, storm windows, awnings, floor or attic bracing, moisture control, and other improvements to residential structures or upon the land adjacent thereto.

Home repair shall not include the sale, installation, cleaning or repair of carpets; the sale of goods or materials by a merchant who does not directly or through a subsidiary perform any work or labor in connection with the installation or application of the goods or materials; the repair, installation, replacement or connection of any home appliance including but not limited to disposals, refrigerators, ranges, garage door openers, television antennas, washing machines, telephones or other home appliances when the person replacing, installing, repairing or connecting such home appliance is an employee or agent of the merchant that sold the home appliance; or landscaping; and

2. "Residence" means a single or multiple family dwelling, including but not limited to a single family home, apartment building, condominium, duplex or townhouse which is used or intended to be used by its occupants as their dwelling place, and is the real property that is designated by its owners as the property that is to receive improvements.
3. "Consumer" means any individual or multiple persons joined together for the purpose of hiring a contractor to do home repair on their property.
4. "Contractor" means a person or entity providing labor, services or materials in the construction of a new residence or alteration of, repair of, or addition to an existing residence.

- B. Nothing in the Home Repair Fraud Act shall be construed to apply to original construction of single or multiple family residence.
- C. Criminal fraud matters arising from home repair violations remain enforceable separately under Title 21.

Section 5. AMENDATORY 15 O.S. § 765.3 is amended to read as follows:

- A. This act applies to all civil actions arising from residential construction contracts executed on or after November 1, 2026.
- B. Nothing in this act shall limit or supersede remedies provided under the Consumer Protection Act, the Uniform Arbitration Act, or the Oklahoma Construction Industries Board's regulations.
- C. This act shall be construed to promote fair resolution of residential construction disputes and reduce unnecessary litigation.
- D. A person commits the civil offense of home repair fraud if the person, whether contractor or consumer, knowingly or with reason to know:
 - 1. Enters into a consumer transaction for home repair and knowingly or with reason to know:
 - a. Misrepresents a material fact relating to the terms of the consumer transaction or the preexisting or existing condition of any portion of the property involved, or creates or confirms an impression of the consumer which is false and which the violator does not believe to be true, or promises performance or payment which the violator does not intend to perform or knows will not be performed; or
 - b. Uses or employs any deception, false pretense or false promises in order to induce, encourage or solicit such consumer or contractor to enter into any ~~consumer~~contract transaction; or
 - c. Requires payment for the home repair at a price which unreasonably exceeds the value of the services and materials needed for the home repair;
 - 2. Damages the property of a person with the intent to enter into a consumer transaction for home repair; or
 - 3. Misrepresents himself or another to be an employee or agent of any unit of the federal, state, county, or municipal government, or an employee or agent of any public utility, with the intent to cause a person to enter into, with himself or another, any consumer transaction for home repair; or
 - 4. Fails to fulfill payment to contractor as a consumer with the intent to evade payment that was previously determined by agreement of both parties and is in writing.

Section 6. AMENDATORY 15 O.S. § 765.6 is amended to read as follows:

Construction contracts ~~may~~shall include notice and offer to repair provisions.

- A. For the purposes of this section:

1. "Construction defect" means a deficiency in or a deficiency arising out of the design, specifications, surveying, planning, supervision or observation of construction or construction of residential improvements that results from any of the following:
 - a. defective material, products or components used in the construction of residential improvements,
 - b. violation of the applicable codes in effect at the time of construction of residential improvements,
 - c. failure of the design of residential improvements to meet the applicable professional standards of care at the time of governmental approval of the design of residential improvements, or
 - d. failure to construct residential improvements in accordance with accepted trade standards for good and workmanlike construction at the time of construction;
 2. "Contractor" means a person or entity providing labor, services or materials in the construction of a new residence or alteration of, repair of, or addition to an existing residence; and
 3. "Residence" means any structure designed and used only for residential purposes, together with all attached and unattached structures, constructed by the contractor, regardless of whether the real property upon which the residence is located was purchased from the contractor. Such term also includes a residence upon which alterations or repairs were performed by the contractor at the direction of the homeowner.
 4. "Written notice" means message or memo sent to contractor from consumer via certified mail or email providing written or electronic information concerning the construction defects resulting from the contracted work done by contractor.
- B. A contract for the construction of a new residence or for an alteration of, repair of, or addition to an existing residence ~~may~~shall include provisions which:
1. Require a homeowner, prior to filing ~~a~~for civil action, whether seeking arbitration or filing a lawsuit for construction defects, to present to the contractor a written notice of construction defects at least sixty (60) days prior to filing; and
 2. Allow the contractor to inspect any construction defects and present to the homeowner a written response within thirty (30) days of receiving the homeowner's written notice of construction defects which shall include the contractor's offer to repair defects or compensate homeowner for such defects ~~within thirty (30) days after receipt of the~~

~~written notice of defects.~~

- a. The written offer to repair presented by the contractor shall include the scope of proposed corrective work and an estimated completion date for repairs.
3. Allow the contractor reasonable access and time to perform the corrective work on said residence. Refusal to allow and provide access without good cause may limit the homeowner's recovery for damages related to defect repair.
- C. Contractors who comply with the notice, inspection, and repair procedures of this section shall not be liable for exemplary or punitive damages arising from the alleged defect.
- D. Homeowners may recover the actual cost of repairs, diminution in value, and reasonable attorney's fees only if the contractor fails to comply with the procedural requirements or unreasonably refuses to repair.
- E. Any contract clause purporting to waive notice or repair rights is void as against public policy.

Regardless of whether such provisions are included in a contract, the homeowner shall not file a lawsuit against the contractor until the conditions precedent as set forth in paragraphs 1 ~~through 3~~ ~~and 2~~ of this subsection have been fulfilled. In the event the homeowner files a lawsuit against the contractor without fulfilling the conditions precedent, the contractor shall be entitled to a stay of proceedings until such conditions have been fulfilled. If the conditions precedent have been fulfilled, the homeowner may seek remedies against the contractor as provided by law. The provisions of this section shall not be subject to, and nothing herein is intended to alter, contradict or otherwise diminish the application of, the terms of a separate express contractual warranty agreed upon by a contractor or homeowner, so long as it does not waive notice or repair rights as laid out in this section. This section does not create a cause of action or derivative liability or extend a limitations period.

Section 11. This act shall become effective November 1st, 2026.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. SNU-002

Mitchell (SNU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to education requirements; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Freshman Safety and Relationships Education” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

- A. Domestic Violence Awareness Instruction: means education designed to promote awareness, recognition, and prevention of physical, emotional, and digital abuse within interpersonal relationships.
- B. Healthy Relationships: means interactions based on mutual respect, boundaries, and consent without coercion or intimidation
- C. Student: means any person enrolled in grades 9 through 12 in a public, charter, or private school in Oklahoma
- D. Instructor: means any individual responsible for delivering instruction under this Act.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

- A. All public, charter, and private high schools in this state shall require each student enrolled in the ninth grade to complete a one-semester “Safety and Healthy Relationships Course” in order to graduate in the State of Oklahoma.
- B. This course shall include, but not be limited to:
 - 1. Recognizing signs of abuse, whether physical or emotional;
 - 2. Understanding consent, personal boundaries, and mutual respect;
 - 3. Communication and conflict resolution skills;
 - 4. How to access local and national resources for victims and witnesses of abuse;

5. Safety planning;
 6. Online and digital safety awareness
- C. This course shall not include explicit sexual education content but cover consent as it pertains to safety and respect.
- D. The Department of Education shall:
1. Develop or approve a standardized curriculum framework for the course;
 2. Provide funding and resources for teacher training and instructional materials; and
 3. Encourage partnerships with accredited domestic violence prevention organizations, community-based experts, or local advocacy centers to co-facilitate instruction and ensure accuracy and cultural competence.

Section 5. PENALTIES

- A. The State Department of Education shall monitor compliance with this act.
- B. Any school district or private institution that fails to implement the required course may be subject to administrative review and corrective action.
- C. Persistent noncompliance may result in withholding of up to five percent (5%) of applicable state education funds until compliance is achieved.

Section 6. This act shall become effective at the beginning of the 2026-2027 academic year.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. TCC-001

By: Sanders (TCC)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to recreation; providing short title; stating legislative findings; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Oklahoma’s Great Hikes Act of 2025.”

Section 2. The Oklahoma Legislature declares and states the following:

1. Oklahoma is a very ecologically diverse state. It is one of only four states in the nation with more than ten distinct ecological regions. It has the most ecological regions per square mile out of all states. Of the contiguous states, only Texas and California have more.
2. Oklahoma’s 12 regions are:
 - a. The Western High Plains- The dry, relatively smooth section of the Great Plains that makes up most of the Oklahoma Panhandle;
 - b. The Southwestern Tablelands- The rugged region of northeastern Oklahoma that includes canyons, buttes, mesas and dissected plains;
 - c. The Central Great Plains- The largest region of Oklahoma taking up most of the western half of the state and comprised of mixed-grass prairies, red dirt plains, sand dunes, gypsum hills, salt flats, and the Wichita mountains;
 - d. The Osage Hills- The largest remaining remnant of tallgrass prairie that once covered much of the Great Plains, and nonarable limestone hills;
 - e. The Cross Timbers- The mostly oak savanna covered rolling hills that makes up the border between the dense, broadleaf forests of the southeast and the arid plains of the west;
 - f. The East Central Texas Plains- A mostly level plain of fine soil, once covered in tallgrass prairie and post oak forests;
 - g. The Caves and Prairie Region- The irregular and undulating plains broken up by low hills and cuernas, covered with a mosaic of tallgrass prairie and oak-hickory forests;

- h. The Ozark Highlands- A moderately to highly dissected, hilly plateau region, where narrow ridgetops are separated by steep valleys, and many scenic rivers occur;
- i. The Boston Mountains- A low mountain and rounded high hill range covered in dense oak-hickory forests and woodland with seasonal streams and enduring pools;
- j. The Arkansas Valley- A mosaic of hills and valleys, disjunct mountains and ridges, undulating plains, and low floodplains covered in a mix of hardwood forests, featuring the state's most diverse fishlife;
- k. The Ouachita Mountains- A low mountain region covered in oak-hickory-pine forests with intervening valleys cut into the shale, and featuring one of the highest concentration of imperiled or critically imperiled animal species in mid-North America; and
- l. The Piney Woods- Cyprus swamplands and forested wetlands, and pine forests that cover the southeastern extreme of the state.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

- 1. The following trails are designated as Oklahoma's Great Hikes:
 - a. Alabaster Cave Trail, at Alabaster Caverns State Park;
 - b. Black Mesa Trail, at the Black Mesa Nature Preserve;
 - c. Cattail Pond Loop, at Rober's Cave State Park;
 - d. Longhorn Trail and Bison Loop, at the Wichita Mountains National Wildlife Preserve;
 - e. Prairie Earth Trail, at the Joseph H. Williams Tallgrass Prairie Preserve;
 - f. Skyline Trail, at Beavers Bend State Park;
 - g. Whispering Leaves trail, at Lake Tenkiller State Park;
 - h. Stay Gold Loop trail, at Turkey Mountain State Park;
 - i. Grand Lake O' the Cherokees OVH trail, at the Grand Lake O' the Cherokees
 - j. West Bison Pasture trail, at Chickasaw National Recreation Area
 - k. Elk Mountain trail, at Charons Garden Wilderness
 - l. Greenleaf Half-loop trail, at Greenleaf State Park.
- 2. Approved concessionists are entitled to make and sell branded merchandise featuring the "Oklahoma's Great Hikes" phrase, provided:

- a. The individual item of merchandise includes the name of the hike and the name of the park, in addition to the “Oklahoma’s Great Hikes” phrase, in equal prominence to that phrase;
 - b. The concessionist makes a similar piece of branded merchandise for each of the twelve (12) hikes; and
 - c. A portion of the proceeds of the sale of each branded item as described below is donated to [some new or existing agency dealing with the upkeep of hiking trails at Oklahoma state parks].
 - i. For items of ten dollars (\$10) or less, five percent (5%) of the total sale is to be donated.
 - ii. For items of greater than ten dollars (\$10) to thirty dollars (\$30), ten percent (10%) is to be donated.
 - iii. For items of greater than thirty dollars (\$30) to seventy-five dollars (\$75), fifteen percent (15%) is to be donated.
 - iv. For items of greater than seventy-five dollars (\$75), twenty percent (20%) is to be donated.
3. TravelOK is authorised to create and maintain a passport program, in which participants can track their completion of each hike, and on the completion of all twelve (12), be eligible to receive a commemorative challenge coin, as designed by TravelOK.
 4. In the event that one of the constituent hikes falls to a state that it no longer positively reflects on the state, or highlights its natural and ecological diversity, [appropriate agency] is authorized to substitute that hike with another. Care should be taken to maintain the diversity of the geographic locations and ecological representation of the chosen hikes.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. TU-001

By: Bell (TU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the selection of State Board of Education members; providing short title; amending 70 O.S. § 3-101; providing for non-codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Department of Education Democratization Act.”

Section 2. AMENDATORY Title 70 O.S. § 3-101 shall be amended to read as follows:

A. The State Board of Education shall consist of seven (7) members. The State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall be a member and the chairperson of the Board. The remaining six members shall be ~~appointed by the Governor by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Except as otherwise provided for in subsection B of this section, upon assuming office each Governor shall appoint one member~~ elected, with one member elected from by each congressional district and one member ~~from by~~ the state at large. Each ~~appointment shall be made to take effect on April 2.~~ Elections for board members shall take place every two (2) years on the first Tuesday of November. Three (3) seats, one of which shall be the seat which is elected by the state at large, shall be elected in years coinciding with the United States Presidential election, and the remaining three (3) seats shall be elected in years coinciding with Oklahoma’s gubernatorial election. ~~Appointed members shall serve until a successor is appointed. Appointed members shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor.~~ Upon the occurrence of a vacancy the same shall be filled by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the Senate at the next session of the Legislature. The appointment to fill a vacancy shall be made for the unexpired term.

B. ~~On the effective date of this act, all appointed positions of the current State Board of Education shall be deemed vacant and the terms of persons serving on the Board shall be deemed terminated. The Governor shall make initial appointments pursuant to the provisions of this subsection within thirty (30) days of the effective date of this act, with one member appointed from each congressional district and one member appointed from the state at large. The appointments shall be subject to confirmation by the Senate at the next session of the Legislature. The terms for~~

~~members appointed pursuant to this subsection shall terminate on April 2, 2015. Thereafter, members shall be appointed as provided for in subsection A of this section.~~

~~C. B.~~ No person shall be eligible to ~~be appointed to~~ serve on the Board unless the person has been awarded a high school diploma or certificate of high school equivalency. No person shall ~~be appointed to~~ serve on the Board if the person serves on a board of education of a school district which is supervised by the Board pursuant to Section 3-104 of this title. Any member ~~appointed~~ elected to the Board shall complete the workshop requirements of a new school board member pursuant to Section 5-110 of this title within thirteen (13) months following or preceding the ~~appointment~~ election of the member. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the State Department of Education shall not charge any member of the State Board of Education a fee for any workshop provided by the Department for board members pursuant to Section 5-110 of this title and shall not pay a fee to any organization or institution of higher education on behalf of a member of the State Board of Education, or reimburse any member of the Board for a fee paid to any organization or institution of higher education, for attendance at a workshop or courses to satisfy the requirements of Section 5-110 of this title.

~~D. C.~~ Members of the Board shall receive necessary traveling expenses while in the performance of their duties in accordance with the State Travel Reimbursement Act

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law not to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes reads as follows:

The Governor shall make preparations involving all relevant parties pursuant to the provisions of this act within thirty (30) days of the effective date of this act. The currently sitting board members, not including the Superintendent of Public Instruction, shall continue to serve in their official roles until the swearing in of a board member elected pursuant to the provisions of this act in the scheduled election closest to, but not exceeding, four (4) years after the given board member was first appointed. The newly elected board members shall be sworn in at the first session of the Legislature immediately following the election of the board members. Thereafter, members shall be elected as provided for in subsection A of this act.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. TU-002

Geary (TU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to school vouchers; providing short title; repealing 70 O.S. § 28-100; repealing 70 O.S. § 28-100A; repealing 70 O.S. § 28-101; repealing 70 O.S. § 28-102; repealing 70 O.S. § 28-103; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Defend Public Schools Act.”

Section 2. REPEALER 70 O.S. § 28-100 is hereby repealed:

- ~~A. This act shall be known and may be cited as the “Oklahoma Parental Choice Tax Credit Act”.~~
- ~~B. It is the intent of the Legislature that parents, legal guardians, custodians, and others with legal authority over children in this state be able to choose educational services that meet the needs of their individual children. The Legislature affirms that parents and legal guardians are best suited to make choices to help children in this state reach their full potential and achieve a brighter future.~~

Section 3. REPEALER 70 O.S. § 28-100A is hereby repealed:

- ~~A. It is the intent of the Legislature that appropriations made in House Bill No. 2901 of the 1st Session of the 59th Oklahoma Legislature in conjunction with other funds appropriated to the State Board of Education during the 1st Session of the 59th Oklahoma Legislature establish a new baseline appropriation level for public schools in this state, and that maintaining such baseline levels in future years should be a requirement prior to resources being made available for programs such as the Oklahoma Parental Choice Tax Credit Act, created pursuant to House Bill No. 1934 of the 1st Session of the 59th Oklahoma Legislature. For this reason, subsection B of this section is necessary.~~
- ~~B. Beginning July 1, 2024, and at the beginning of each succeeding state fiscal year, if the amount of money appropriated to the State Board of Education:~~

- ~~1. For the financial support of public schools and support of public schools activities in such fiscal year; and~~
- ~~2. To be distributed through redbud school grants provided for in Section 3-104 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes, is less than such amounts appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, the tax credits otherwise authorized in the Oklahoma Parental Choice Tax Credit Act shall be reduced proportionally to reflect the proportion such appropriations fail to reach the baseline amounts appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.~~

Section 4. REPEALER 70 O.S. § 28-101 is hereby repealed:

~~A. As used in the Oklahoma Parental Choice Tax Credit Act:~~

- ~~1. "Accrediting association" means a recognized legal entity that meets the accreditation requirements set by the State Board of Education, another accrediting association approved by the State Board of Education, or a legal entity that accredits education organizations in multiple states, whose purpose is to verify that an education program meets or exceeds predetermined criteria, and monitor the education organization during the time it is accredited by completing regular reevaluations and on-site inspections of the education program;~~
- ~~2. "Commission" means the Oklahoma Tax Commission;~~
- ~~3. "Curriculum" means a complete course of study for a particular content area or grade level;~~
- ~~4. "Department" means the State Department of Education;~~
- ~~5. "Education service provider" means a person, business, public school district, public charter school, magnet school, or organization that provides educational goods and/or services to eligible students in this state;~~
- ~~6. "Eligible student" means a resident of this state who is eligible to enroll in a public school in this state. Eligible student shall include a student who is enrolled in and attends or is expected to enroll in a private school in this state accredited by the State Board of Education or another accrediting association or a student who is educated pursuant to the other means of education exception provided for in subsection A of Section 10-105 of this title;~~
- ~~7. "Qualified expense" for the purpose of claiming the credit authorized by paragraph 1 of subsection C of this section means tuition and fees at a private school in this state accredited by the State Board of Education or another accrediting association. Such private school shall~~

~~comply with the provisions of subsection L of this section. Provided, the amount of tuition and fees considered a qualified expense pursuant to this paragraph shall not include tuition and fees paid with any scholarship or tuition and fees discounted or otherwise reduced by the school;~~

~~8. “Qualified expense” for the purpose of claiming the credit authorized by paragraph 2 of subsection C of this section means the following expenditures:~~

- ~~a. tuition and fees for nonpublic learning programs, online or in person;~~
- ~~b. academic tutoring services provided by an individual or a private academic tutoring facility;~~
- ~~c. textbooks, curriculum, or other instructional materials including, but not limited to, supplemental materials or associated online instruction required by an education service provider, and~~
- ~~d. fees for nationally standardized assessments including, but not limited to, assessments used to determine college admission and advanced placement examinations as well as tuition and fees for tutoring or preparatory courses for the assessments; and~~

~~9. “Taxpayer” means a biological or adoptive parent, grandparent, aunt, uncle, legal guardian, custodian, or other person with legal authority to act on behalf of an eligible student.~~

~~B. There is hereby created the Oklahoma Parental Choice Tax Credit Program to provide an income tax credit to a taxpayer for qualified expenses to support the education of eligible students in this state.~~

~~C. For the tax year 2024 and subsequent tax years, and fiscal year 2026 and subsequent fiscal years, there shall be allowed against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes a credit for any Oklahoma taxpayer who incurs a qualified expense on behalf of an eligible student, to be administered subject to the following amounts:~~

~~1. If the eligible student attends a private school in this state accredited by the State Board of Education or another accrediting association, the annual maximum credit amount for tax year 2024, fiscal year 2026, and each subsequent fiscal year shall be:~~

- ~~a. Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) or the amount of tuition and fees for the private school, whichever is less, if the combined adjusted gross income of the parents or legal guardians of the eligible student during the second~~

~~preceding tax year does not exceed Seventy-five Thousand Dollars (\$75,000.00);~~

~~b. Seven Thousand Dollars (\$7,000.00) or the amount of tuition and fees for the private school, whichever is less, if the combined adjusted gross income of the parents or legal guardians of the eligible student during the second preceding tax year is more than Seventy-five Thousand Dollars (\$75,000.00) but does not exceed One Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$150,000.00);~~

~~c. Six Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$6,500.00) or the amount of tuition and fees for the private school, whichever is less, if the combined adjusted gross income of the parents or legal guardians of the eligible student during the second preceding tax year is more than One Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$150,000.00) but does not exceed Two Hundred Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$225,000.00);~~

~~d. Six Thousand Dollars (\$6,000.00) or the amount of tuition and fees for the private school, whichever is less, if the combined adjusted gross income of the parents or legal guardians of the eligible student during the second preceding tax year is more than Two Hundred Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$225,000.00) but does not exceed Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00); or~~

~~e. Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) or the amount of tuition and fees for the private school, whichever is less, if the combined adjusted gross income of the parents or legal guardians of the eligible student during the second preceding tax year is more than Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00);~~

~~2. For tax year 2024 and subsequent tax years, the maximum credit amount shall be One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) in qualified expenses per eligible student in each tax year if the eligible student is educated pursuant to the other means of education exception provided for in subsection A of Section 10-105 of this title. To claim the credit, the taxpayer shall submit to the Commission receipts for qualified expenses as defined by paragraph 8 of subsection A of this section;~~

~~3. If the eligible student attends a private school in this state, accredited by the State Board of Education or another accrediting association, that exclusively serves students experiencing homelessness, the credit amount shall be Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) or~~

~~the amount of the cost to educate the eligible student at the private school, whichever is less;~~

- ~~4. If the eligible student attends a private school in this state, accredited by the State Board of Education or another accrediting association, that primarily serves financially disadvantaged students, the credit amount shall be the maximum credit amount authorized by paragraph 1 of this subsection or the amount of the cost to educate the eligible student at the private school, whichever is less. The cost to educate the eligible student shall be equal to the average cost to educate all students attending the private school, which shall be calculated by dividing the private school's total expenditures in the previous year by the total enrollment in the previous school year. A private school shall be deemed to be primarily serving financially disadvantaged students if ninety percent (90%) of the private school's admissions are based on enrolling students whose gross family income is two hundred fifty percent (250%) of the federal poverty threshold or below;~~
- ~~5. The taxpayer shall retain all receipts of qualified expenses as proof of the amounts paid each tax year the credit is claimed and shall submit them to the Commission upon request;~~
- ~~6. If the credit exceeds the tax imposed by Section 2355 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the excess amount shall be refunded to the taxpayer; and~~
- ~~7. Credits claimed by a taxpayer pursuant to the provisions of this section shall not be used to offset or pay the following:
 - ~~a. delinquent tax liability;~~
 - ~~b. accrued penalty or interest from the failure to file a report or return;~~
 - ~~c. accrued penalty or interest from the failure to pay a state tax within the statutory period allowed for its payment;~~
 - ~~d. tax liability of the taxpayer from any prior tax year; or~~
 - ~~e. any debt, unpaid fine, final judgment, or claim filed with the Commission by a qualified entity as defined in Section 205.2 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes.~~~~

- ~~D. 1. a. For tax year 2024, the total amount of credits authorized by paragraph 1 of subsection C of this section shall not exceed One Hundred Fifty Million Dollars (\$150,000,000.00).~~
 - ~~b. For the period of January 1, 2025, through June 30, 2025, the total amount of credits authorized by paragraph 1 of subsection C of this section shall not exceed One Hundred Million Dollars (\$100,000,000.00). The Commission shall not require a~~

taxpayer who received a credit pursuant to paragraph 1 of subsection C of this section in tax year 2024 to reapply for a credit payable during the period described in this subparagraph. The Commission shall base the credit amount payable for the spring 2025 on the fall 2024 installment disbursement payment amount.

~~e. For fiscal year 2026 and subsequent fiscal years, the total amount of credits authorized by paragraph 1 of subsection C of this section shall not exceed Two Hundred Fifty Million Dollars (\$250,000,000.00).~~

~~2. For tax year 2026 and subsequent tax years, the total amount of credits authorized by paragraph 2 of subsection C of this section shall not exceed Five Million Dollars (\$5,000,000.00). The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall annually calculate and publish a percentage by which the credits authorized by this section shall be reduced so the total amount of credits used to offset tax does not exceed the annual limit. The formula to be used for the percentage adjustment shall be Five Million Dollars (\$5,000,000.00) divided by the amount of credit claimed in the second preceding tax year. In the event the total tax credits authorized by this section exceed the annual limit in any tax year, the Tax Commission shall permit any excess but shall factor such excess into the percentage adjustment formula for subsequent tax years.~~

~~3. If a taxpayer, on behalf of an eligible student in the program, chooses not to participate, is no longer eligible to participate, or chooses to forgo participation in the program for any reason, the credit authorized by paragraph 1 of subsection C of this section but not used and not reallocated pursuant to paragraph 3 of subsection H of this section shall be added to the subsequent fiscal year limitation as provided in paragraph 1 of this subsection.~~

~~E. The Commission shall prescribe applications for the purposes of claiming the credits authorized by the Oklahoma Parental Choice Tax Credit Act and a deadline by which applications shall be submitted. A taxpayer claiming the credit authorized by paragraph 1 of subsection C of this section shall submit an application prescribed by the Commission to receive the credit based on the enrollment verification form submitted pursuant to this subsection, but in no event shall a payment exceed the amount of the credit authorized by paragraph 1 of subsection C of this section. If an eligible taxpayer provides documentation on the application that he or she is a recipient of income-based government benefits including the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance~~

~~Program (SNAP), Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), or the Oklahoma Medicaid Program commonly known as SoonerCare, the eligible taxpayer shall not be required to provide additional income verification. The Department of Human Services and the Oklahoma Health Care Authority shall, upon request by the Oklahoma Tax Commission, verify whether an applicant receives income-based government benefits. The taxpayer shall provide authorization for the Oklahoma Tax Commission to disclose application data to the Department of Human Services and/or the Oklahoma Health Care Authority, and for the Department of Human Services and/or the Oklahoma Health Care Authority to provide confirmation of benefits to the Oklahoma Tax Commission for purposes of verifying that the taxpayer is a current recipient of SNAP, TANF, or Oklahoma Medicaid Program benefits; provided, the information shall not be used for any other purpose. A taxpayer claiming the credit authorized by paragraph 1 of subsection C of this section shall submit to the Commission an enrollment verification form from the private school in which the eligible student is enrolled or is expected to enroll with the tuition and fees to be charged the taxpayer for the applicable school year. In reviewing applications submitted by eligible taxpayers to determine whether they qualify for a credit authorized by paragraph 1 of subsection C of this section, the Commission shall give first preference in making payments to taxpayers who qualify pursuant to subparagraphs a and b of paragraph 1 of subsection C of this section. The Commission shall give second preference in making payments to taxpayers who qualify and have received the credit in the prior year. For credits issued in the 2026-2027 school year and subsequent school years, the application period shall be open March 15 through June 15 prior to the beginning of each school year. For any eligible student whose parents or legal guardians have a combined adjusted gross income that does not exceed One Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$150,000.00) or qualified and received credit in the prior year, applications shall be submitted to the Commission within the first sixty (60) days of the opening of the application period to receive priority consideration. For students enrolled in the full school year, the full credit amount authorized for the school year shall be paid no later than August 30.~~

~~F. Taxpayers claiming the credit shall:~~

- ~~1. Only claim the credit for qualified expenses as defined in paragraphs 7 and 8 of subsection A of this section to provide an education for an eligible student;~~
- ~~2. Ensure no other person is claiming a credit for the eligible student;~~

- ~~3. Not claim the credit for an eligible student who enrolls as a full-time student in a public school district, public charter school, public virtual charter school, or magnet school;~~
- ~~4. Comply with rules and requirements established by the Commission for administration of the Oklahoma Parental Choice Tax Credit Program; and~~
- ~~5. Notify the Commission not later than thirty (30) days after the date on which the eligible student:
 - ~~a. enrolls in a public school, including an open-enrollment charter school;~~
 - ~~b. enrolls in a nonaccredited private school;~~
 - ~~c. graduates from high school; or~~
 - ~~d. is no longer utilizing credits authorized by paragraph 1 of subsection C of this section for any reason.~~~~

~~G. Eligible students may accept a scholarship from the Lindsey Nicole Henry Scholarships for Students with Disabilities Program created by Section 13-101.2 of this title while participating in the Oklahoma Parental Choice Tax Credit Program.~~

- ~~H.~~
- ~~1. The Commission shall have the authority to conduct an audit or contract for the auditing of receipts for qualified expenses submitted pursuant to paragraph 2 of subsection C of this section.~~
 - ~~2. The Commission shall be authorized to recapture the credits otherwise authorized by the provisions of the Oklahoma Parental Choice Tax Credit Act on a prorated basis if an audit conducted pursuant to this subsection shows that the credit was claimed for expenditures that were not qualified expenses or it finds that the taxpayer has claimed an eligible student who no longer attends a private school or has enrolled in a public school in the state.~~
 - ~~3. The Commission shall be authorized to reallocate credits for the current application year to the next eligible taxpayer in line when a taxpayer, on behalf of an eligible student in the program, chooses not to participate, is no longer eligible to participate, or chooses to forgo participation in the program for any reason no later than September 1 following the opening of the application period of each year.~~
 - ~~4. The Commission shall provide notification of approval status to applicants within thirty (30) days of closure of the application window. Notice to applicants with an eligible student, whose parents or legal guardians have a combined adjusted gross income of more than One Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$150,000.00), shall be sent within~~

~~thirty (30) days or no later than thirty (30) days after the last day of the priority consideration period:~~

- ~~I. In the event of a failure of revenue pursuant to the Oklahoma State Finance Act, the tax credits otherwise authorized in subsection C of this section shall be reduced proportionately to the reduction in the amount of money appropriated to the State Board of Education for the financial support of public schools for the fiscal year in which the failure of revenue occurs.~~
- ~~J. The Commission shall make available on its website to be updated monthly:
 - ~~1. The total amount of credits claimed each year pursuant to paragraphs 1 through 4 of subsection C of this section;~~
 - ~~2. The amount of credits claimed and number of students awarded each fiscal year pursuant to paragraph 1 of subsection C of this section disaggregated by income categories;~~
 - ~~3. The total amount of credits claimed and number of students awarded who attended a public school in the semester immediately preceding the school year for which the application is made each year; and~~
 - ~~4. The total number of applications denied and total amount of credits the denied applications represent for each fiscal year.~~~~
- ~~K. Credits received pursuant to the Oklahoma Parental Choice Tax Credit Act shall not constitute taxable income to a taxpayer who received the credit on behalf of an eligible student.~~
- ~~L. No later than June 15 of each year, each participating private school shall electronically provide information to confirm student enrollment and tuition information for the fall and spring semesters of the preceding school year and any other information requested by the Oklahoma Tax Commission. Failure to provide this information may result in denial of private school participation in subsequent school years.~~
- ~~M. An eligible and participating private school as of April 15, 2025, shall have until March 1, 2027, to meet the accreditation requirements of this section.~~

Section 5. REPEALER 70 O.S. § 28-102 is hereby repealed:

- ~~A. The State Department of Education shall provide parents, legal guardians, custodians, or other persons with legal authority of eligible students with disabilities notice that participation in the Oklahoma Parental Choice Tax Credit Program shall have the same effect as a parental revocation of consent pursuant to 20 U.S.C., Sections 1414(a)(1)(D) and 1414(C) of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) and an explanation of the rights parents, legal guardians, custodians, or other persons with legal authority of~~

~~eligible students with disabilities have under IDEA and any applicable state laws and regulations.~~

- ~~B. The Department shall implement a commercially viable, cost-effective, and user-friendly system for users to publicly rate, review, and share information about education service providers.~~
- ~~C. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall coordinate with the State Department of Education to develop a process to review student enrollment information in order to verify that an eligible student who is claimed by a taxpayer receiving a tax credit is not enrolled in a public school in the state.~~
- ~~D. The Commission may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of the Oklahoma Parental Choice Tax Credit Act. The State Board of Education may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section.~~

Section 6. REPEALER 70 O.S. § 28-103 is hereby repealed:

- ~~A. No liability shall arise on the part of the Oklahoma Tax Commission, State Department of Education, State Board of Education, the state, a public school district, a public charter school, a public virtual charter school, or a magnet school based on the award of or use of a tax credit pursuant to the Oklahoma Parental Choice Tax Credit Act.~~
- ~~B. If any part of the Oklahoma Parental Choice Tax Credit Act is challenged in a state court as violating either the Oklahoma Constitution or United States Constitution, taxpayers shall be permitted to intervene for the purposes of defending the Oklahoma Parental Choice Tax Credit Program's constitutionality. However, for the purposes of judicial administration, a court may require that all taxpayers file a joint brief so long as they are not required to join any brief filed on behalf of any named state defendant.~~
- ~~C. The provisions of the Oklahoma Parental Choice Tax Credit Act shall not be severable, and if any provision of the Oklahoma Parental Choice Tax Credit Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, such invalidity shall invalidate the other provisions or applications of this act.~~

Section 7. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. TU-003

Gifford (TU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the cosmetic use of pesticides and herbicides; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “You Grow Girl” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. Cosmetic: That affects appearance only, superficial; *spec.*, intended merely to improve appearances.
2. Pesticide: a substance used for destroying insects or other organisms harmful to cultivated plants or to animals.
3. Herbicide: a chemical that is poisonous to plants, used to kill plants that are growing where they are not wanted.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

The sale and use of pesticides and herbicides for cosmetic or aesthetic purpose will henceforth be banned. This is inclusive of public and private cosmetic usage. Henceforth, a referral showing that there is an agricultural need or permit proving that one is a farmer or grower will be required for the purchase of pesticides and herbicides.

Section 4. This act shall become effective on January 1st, 2027.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. TU-004

Harcrow (TU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the scheduling of Psilocybin and Psilocyn; providing short title; amending 63 O.S. §2-204(C); amending 63 O.S. §2-208(A); and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Road to a Cure” Act of 2025.

Section 2. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. §2-204(C) is amended to read as follows:

C. Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following hallucinogenic substances, their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted, when the existence of these salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

1. Methcathinone;
2. 3, 4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
3. 3, 4-methylenedioxy methamphetamine;
4. 5-methoxy-3, 4-methylenedioxy amphetamine;
5. 3, 4, 5-trimethoxy amphetamine;
6. Bufotenine;
7. Diethyltryptamine;
8. Dimethyltryptamine;
9. 4-methyl-2, 5-dimethoxyamphetamine;
10. Ibogaine;
11. Lysergic acid diethylamide;
12. Marijuana;
13. Mescaline;
14. N-benzylpiperazine;
15. N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
16. N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;
- ~~17. Psilocybin;~~
- ~~18. Psilocyn;~~
- ~~19. 17. 2, 5 dimethoxyamphetamine;~~

~~20:~~ 18. 4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine;
~~21:~~ 19. 4-methoxyamphetamine;
~~22:~~ 20. Cyclohexamine;
~~23:~~ 21. Salvia Divinorum;
~~24:~~ 22. Salvinorin A;
~~25:~~ 23. Thiophene Analog of Phencyclidine. Also known as:
1-(1-(2-thienyl) cyclohexyl) piperidine; 2-Thienyl Analog of
Phencyclidine; TPCP, TCP;
~~26:~~ 24. Phencyclidine (PCP);
~~27:~~ 25. Pyrrolidine Analog for Phencyclidine. Also known as
1-(1-Phenylcyclohexyl) - Pyrrolidine, PCPy, PHP;
~~28:~~ 26. 1-(3-trifluoromethylphenyl) piperazine;
~~29:~~ 27. Flunitrazepam;
~~30:~~ 28. B-hydroxy-amphetamine;
~~31:~~ 29. B-ketoamphetamine;
~~32:~~ 30. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-nitroamphetamine;
~~33:~~ 31. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-bromophenethylamine;
~~34:~~ 32. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-chlorophenethylamine;
~~35:~~ 33. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-iodoamphetamine;
~~36:~~ 34. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-iodophenethylamine;
~~37:~~ 35. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-methylphenethylamine;
~~38:~~ 36. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylphenethylamine;
~~39:~~ 37. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-fluorophenethylamine;
~~40:~~ 38. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-nitrophenethylamine;
~~41:~~ 39. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylthio-phenethylamine;
~~42:~~ 40. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-isopropylthio-phenethylamine;
~~43:~~ 41. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-propylthio-phenethylamine;
~~44:~~ 42. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-cyclopropylmethylthio-phenethylamine;
~~45:~~ 43. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-tert-butylthio-phenethylamine;
~~46:~~ 44. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-(2-fluoroethylthio)-phenethylamine;
~~47:~~ 45. 5-methoxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine;
~~48:~~ 46. N-methyltryptamine;
~~49:~~ 47. A-ethyltryptamine;
~~50:~~ 48. A-methyltryptamine;
~~51:~~ 49. N,N-diethyltryptamine;
~~52:~~ 50. N,N-diisopropyltryptamine;
~~53:~~ 51. N,N-dipropyltryptamine;
~~54:~~ 52. 5-methoxy-α-methyltryptamine;
~~55:~~ 53. 4-hydroxy-N,N-diethyltryptamine;
~~56:~~ 54. 4-hydroxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine;

57: 55. 5-methoxy-N, N-diisopropyltryptamine;
58: 56. 4-hydroxy-N-isopropyl-N-methyltryptamine;
59: 57. 3,4-Methylenedioxy-methcathinone (Methylone);
60: 58. 3,4-Methylenedioxy-pyrovalerone (MDPV);
61: 59. 3-Methylmethcathinone (Metaphedrone);
62: 60. 4-Methylmethcathinone (Mephedrone);
63: 61. 4-methoxymethcathinone;
64: 62. 4-Fluoromethcathinone;
65: 63. 3-Fluoromethcathinone;
66: 64. 1-(8-bromobenzo[1,2-b:4,5-b']difuran-4-yl)-2-aminopropane;
67: 65. 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-chloroamphetamine;
68: 66. 4-Methylethcathinone;
69: 67. Pyrovalerone;
70: 68. N,N-diallyl-5-methoxytryptamine;
71: 69. 3,4-Methylenedioxy-N-ethylcathinone (Ethylone);
72: 70. B-keto-N-Methylbenzodioxolylbutanamine (Butylone);
73: 71. B-keto-Methylbenzodioxolylpentanamine (Pentylone);
74: 72. Alpha-Pyrrolidinopentiophenone;
75: 73. 4-Fluoroamphetamine;
76: 74. Pentedrone;
77: 75. 4'-Methyl-alpha-pyrrolidino-hexaphenone;
78: 76. 2,5-dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylphenethylamine;
79: 77. 2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine;
80: 78. 1,4-Dibenzylpiperazine;
81: 79. N,N-Dimethylamphetamine;
82: 80. 4-Fluoromethamphetamine;
83: 81. 4-Chloro-2,5-dimethoxy-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)phenethylamine
(25C-NBOMe);
84: 82. 4-Iodo-2,5-dimethoxy-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)phenethylamine
(25I-NBOMe);
85: 83. 4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)phenethylamine
(25B-NBOMe);
86: 84. 1-(4-Fluorophenyl)piperazine;
87: 85. Methoxetamine;
88: 86.
3,4-dichloro-N[2-dimethylamino)cyclohexyl]-N-methylbenzamide;
89: 87. N-ethyl hexadrone;
90: 88. Isopropyl-U-47700;
91: 89. Para-fluorobutyl fentanyl;
92: 90. Para-fluorofentanyl (pFF);

- ~~93:~~ 91. Fluoro isobutryrl fentanyl;
- ~~94:~~ 92. 3-Hydroxy Phencyclidine (PCP);
- ~~95:~~ 93. 3-methoxy Phencyclidine (PCP);
- ~~96:~~ 94. Flualprazolam; or
- ~~97:~~ 95. Flubromazolam.

Section 3. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. §2-208(A) is amended to read as follows:

- A. Unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation, which contains any quantity of the following substances or any other substance having a potential for abuse associated with a stimulant or depressant effect on the central nervous system:
1. Any drug product containing gamma-hydroxybutyric acid, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, for which an application has been approved under Section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act;
 2. Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following hormonal substances or steroids, including their salts, isomers, esters and salts of isomers and esters, when the existence of these salts, isomers, esters, and salts of isomers and esters is possible within the specific chemical designation:
 - a. Boldenone,
 - b. Chlorotestosterone,
 - c. Clostebol,
 - d. Dehydrochlormethyltestosterone,
 - e. Dihydrotestosterone,
 - f. Drostanolone,
 - g. Ethylestrenol,
 - h. Fluoxymesterone,
 - i. Formebolone,
 - j. Mesterolone,
 - k. Methandienone,
 - l. Methandranone,
 - m. Methandriol,
 - n. Methandrostenolone,
 - o. Methenolone,
 - p. Methyltestosterone, except as provided in subsection E of this section,
 - q. Mibolerone,
 - r. Nandrolone,

- s. Norethandrolone,
 - t. Oxandrolone,
 - u. Oxymesterone,
 - v. Oxymetholone,
 - w. Stanolone,
 - x. Stanozolol,
 - y. Testolactone,
 - z. Testosterone, except as provided in subsection E of this section, and
 - aa. Trenbolone;
3. Any substance which contains any quantity of a derivative of barbituric acid, or any salt of a derivative of barbituric acid;
 4. Benzphetamine and its salts;
 5. Buprenorphine;
 6. Butalbital/acetaminophen/caffeine;
 7. Chlorhexadol;
 8. Chlorphentermine and its salts;
 9. Clortermine;
 10. Glutethimide;
 11. Ketamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers;
 12. Lysergic acid;
 13. Lysergic acid amide;
 14. Mazindol;
 15. Methyprylon;
 16. Phendimetrazine;
 17. Phenylacetone (P2P);
 18. Psilocybin, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers;
 19. Psilocyn, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers;
 - ~~18:~~ 20. Sulfondiethylmethane;
 - ~~19:~~ 21. Sulfonethylmethane;
 - ~~20:~~ 22. Sulfonmethane;
 - ~~21:~~ 23. Tetrahydrocannabinols;
 - ~~22:~~ 24. 1-Phenylcyclohexylamine; or
 - ~~23:~~ 25. 1-Piperidinocyclohexanecarbo nitrile (PCC).

Livestock implants as regulated by the Federal Food and Drug Administration shall be exempt.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. TU-005

Plane (TU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to sexual assault; providing short title; providing definitions; providing for codification; amending 21 O.S. § 1111; amending 21 O.S. § 1111.1; amending 21 O.S. § 1123(B); providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Ban Police Sexual Violence ” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. “Under color of law” means acts performed by federal, state, or local officials both within their lawful authority and beyond the bounds of their lawful authority, if the acts are done while the official is purporting to or pretending to act in the performance of their official duties.

Section 3. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. § 1111 is amended to read as follows:

A. Rape is an act of sexual intercourse involving vaginal or anal penetration accomplished with a male or female within or without the bonds of matrimony who may be of the same or the opposite sex as the perpetrator under any of the following circumstances:

1. Where the victim is under sixteen (16) years of age;
2. Where the victim is incapable through mental illness or any other unsoundness of mind, whether temporary or permanent, of giving legal consent;
3. Where force or violence is used or threatened, accompanied by apparent power of execution to the victim or to another person;
4. Where the victim is intoxicated by a narcotic or anesthetic agent, administered by or with the privity of the accused as a means of forcing the victim to submit;

5. Where the victim is at the time unconscious of the nature of the act and this fact is known to the accused;

6. Where the victim submits to sexual intercourse under the belief that the person committing the act is a spouse, and this belief is induced by artifice, pretense, or concealment practiced by the accused or by the accused in collusion with the spouse with intent to induce that belief. In all cases of collusion between the accused and the spouse to accomplish such act, both the spouse and the accused, upon conviction, shall be deemed guilty of rape;

7. Where the victim is under the legal custody or supervision of a state agency, a federal agency, a county, a municipality, or a political subdivision and engages in sexual intercourse with a state, federal, county, municipal, or political subdivision employee or an employee of a contractor of the state, the federal government, a county, a municipality, or a political subdivision that exercises authority over the victim, or where the accused is a state, federal, county, municipal, or political subdivision employee acting with the authority of their agency at the time of the assault, consent shall not be an element of the crime;

8. Where the victim is at least sixteen (16) years of age and is less than twenty (20) years of age and is a student, or under the legal custody or supervision of any public or private elementary or secondary school, junior high or high school, or public vocational school, and engages in sexual intercourse with a person who is eighteen (18) years of age or older and is an employee, contractor, or subcontractor of a school system;

9. Where the victim is nineteen (19) years of age or younger and is in the legal custody of a state agency, federal agency or tribal court and engages in sexual intercourse with a foster parent or foster parent applicant; or

10. Where the victim is a student at a secondary school, is concurrently enrolled at an institution of higher education, and engages in acts pursuant to this subsection with a perpetrator who is an employee of the institution of higher education of which the victim is enrolled.

Section 4. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. § 1111.1 is amended to read as follows:

A. Rape by instrumentation, a Class A2 felony offense, is an act within or without the bonds of matrimony in which any inanimate object or any part of the human body, not amounting to sexual intercourse is used in the carnal knowledge of another person without his or her consent and penetration of the anus or vagina occurs to that person.

B. Provided, further, that at least one of the circumstances specified in Section 1111 of this title has been met; further, where the victim is:

1. At least sixteen (16) years of age and is less than twenty (20) years of age and is a student, or under the legal custody or supervision of any public or private elementary or secondary school, junior high or high school, or public vocational school, and engages in conduct prohibited by this section of law with a person who is eighteen (18) years of age or older and is an employee of a school system;

2. Under the legal custody or supervision of a state or federal agency, county, municipal or a political subdivision and engages in conduct prohibited by this section of law with a federal, state, county, municipal or political subdivision employee or an employee of a contractor of the state, the federal government, a county, a municipality or a political subdivision that exercises authority over the victim, or when such an employee acts with the authority of their agency, consent shall not be an element of the crime;

3. Nineteen (19) years of age or younger and in the legal custody of a state agency, federal agency or tribal court and engages in conduct prohibited by this section of law with a foster parent or foster parent applicant; or

4. A student at a secondary school, is concurrently enrolled at an institution of higher education, and engages in acts pursuant to this section with a perpetrator who is an employee of the institution of higher education of which the student is enrolled.

Section 5. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. § 1123(B) is amended to read as follows:

B. No person shall commit sexual battery on any other person. "Sexual battery" shall mean the intentional touching, mauling or feeling of the

body or private parts of any person sixteen (16) years of age or older, in a lewd and lascivious manner:

1. Without the consent of that person;
2. When committed by a state, county, municipal or political subdivision employee or a contractor or an employee of a contractor of the state, a county, a municipality or political subdivision of this state upon a person who is under the legal custody, supervision or authority of a state agency, a county, a municipality or a political subdivision of this state, or the subcontractor or employee of a subcontractor of the contractor of the state or federal government, a county, a municipality or a political subdivision of this state, or when committed by a state, county, municipal or political subdivision employee or a contractor or an employee of a contractor of the state, a county, a municipality or political subdivision while acting with the authority of their agency, consent shall not be an element of the crime;
3. When committed upon a person who is at least sixteen (16) years of age and is less than twenty (20) years of age and is a student, or in the legal custody or supervision of any public or private elementary or secondary school, or technology center school, by a person who is eighteen (18) years of age or older and is an employee of a school system;
4. When committed upon a person who is nineteen (19) years of age or younger and is in the legal custody of a state agency, federal agency or a tribal court, by a foster parent or foster parent applicant; or
5. When the victim is a student at a secondary school, is concurrently enrolled at an institution of higher education, and engages in acts pursuant to this subsection with a perpetrator who is an employee of the institution of higher education of which the student is enrolled.

Section 6. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Any report made to a law enforcement agency that accuses a person acting under the color of any law of committing rape, as defined in 21 O.S. § 1111, or rape by instrumentation, as defined in 21 O.S. § 1111.1, or sexual

battery, as defined in 21 O.S. § 1123, shall be referred to and investigated by the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation.

Section 7. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after its passage and approval.

Section 8. EMERGENCY CLAUSE:

It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health or safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. TU-006

Plane (TU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to incarceration; providing short title; providing for codification; amending 63 O.S. § 2-413.1; amending 63 O.S. § 2-402; amending 10A O.S. § 1-1-105(49); amending 43A O.S. § 1-103(13); repealing 63 O.S. § 1-546.5; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “End Maternal Incarceration” Act of 2025.

Section 2. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. § 2-413.1 is amended to read as follows:

A. A peace officer shall not take a person into custody based solely on the commission of an offense involving a controlled dangerous substance described in subsection B of this section if the peace officer, after making a reasonable determination and considering the facts and surrounding circumstances, reasonably believes that all of the following apply:

1. The peace officer has contact with the person because the person requested emergency medical assistance for an individual who reasonably appeared to be in need of medical assistance due to the use of a controlled dangerous substance; and

2. The person:

a. provided his or her full name and any other relevant information requested by the peace officer,

b. remained at the scene with the individual who reasonably appeared to be in need of medical assistance due to the use of a controlled dangerous substance until emergency medical assistance arrived, and

c. cooperated with emergency medical assistance personnel and peace officers at the scene.

B. A person who meets the criteria of subsection A of this section is immune from criminal prosecution for possession of a Schedule I or Schedule II controlled dangerous substance, as listed in [Sections 2-204](#) and [2-206](#) of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes, provided the amount of such controlled dangerous substance does not constitute trafficking, as provided in subsection C of [Section 2-415](#) of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes, and for possession of drug paraphernalia associated with a controlled dangerous substance, as defined in paragraph 36 of [Section 2-101](#) of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes. Further, a person is only immune from prosecution for the aforementioned offenses if the offense involved a state of intoxication caused by the use of a controlled dangerous substance by a person or if the offense involved the person being or becoming intoxicated as a result of the use of a controlled dangerous substance by a person.

C. A pregnant woman seeking or receiving evaluation, treatment, or support services for a substance use disorder shall be immune from criminal prosecution for possession of a Schedule I or Schedule II controlled dangerous substance, as listed in [Sections 2-204](#) and [2-206](#) of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes, provided the amount of such controlled dangerous substance does not constitute trafficking, as provided in subsection C of [Section 2-415](#) of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes, and for possession of drug paraphernalia associated with a controlled dangerous substance, as defined in paragraph 36 of [Section 2-101](#) of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

~~C. A person may not initiate or maintain an action against a peace officer or the employing political subdivision of the peace officer based on the compliance or failure of the peace officer to comply with the provisions of this section.~~

D. For the purposes of this section, "peace officer" shall have the same meaning as defined in [Section 99 of Title 21](#) of the Oklahoma Statutes.

Section 3. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. § 2-402 is amended to read as follows:

A. 1. It shall be unlawful for any person knowingly or intentionally to possess a controlled dangerous substance unless such substance was obtained directly, or pursuant to a valid prescription or order from a practitioner, while acting in the course of his or her professional practice, or except as otherwise authorized by [Section 2-101](#) et seq. of this title.

2. It shall be unlawful for any person to purchase any preparation excepted from the provisions of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act

pursuant to [Section 2-313](#) of this title in an amount or within a time interval other than that permitted by Section 2-313 of this title.

3. It shall be unlawful for any person or business to sell, market, advertise or label any product containing ephedrine, its salts, optical isomers, or salts of optical isomers, for the indication of stimulation, mental alertness, weight loss, appetite control, muscle development, energy or other indication which is not approved by the pertinent federal OTC Final Monograph, Tentative Final Monograph, or FDA-approved new drug application or its legal equivalent. In determining compliance with this requirement, the following factors shall be considered:

- a. the packaging of the product,
- b. the name of the product, and
- c. the distribution and promotion of the product, including verbal representations made at the point of sale.

B.1. Any person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by confinement for not more than one (1) year and by a fine not exceeding One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00).

2. Any person who violates this section a second time within ten (10) years, upon conviction, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. The court may, with the consent of the defendant, order the defendant to complete a substance abuse assessment and evaluation and to complete a diversion program for up to one (1) year following the date of conviction in lieu of other punishments. At the discretion of the court, the diversion program may include drug testing as a requirement. If the defendant refuses or fails to complete the assessment and evaluation or diversion program, the court may impose punishment as provided for in paragraph 1 of this subsection. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to violations related to the possession of marijuana.

3. Any person who violates this section a third time within ten (10) years shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not exceeding One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), imprisonment in the county jail for a minimum of thirty (30) days, or by both such fine and imprisonment. The court may, with the consent of the defendant, order the defendant to complete a substance abuse assessment and evaluation and to complete a diversion program for up to three (3) years following the date of conviction. At the discretion of the court, the diversion program may include drug testing as a requirement. If the defendant refuses or fails to complete the assessment and evaluation or diversion program, the court may impose punishment as provided for in paragraph 1 of this subsection. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to violations related to the possession of marijuana.

4. a. Any person who violates this section a fourth time within ten (10) years shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a felony punishable by a fine not exceeding Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

b. Upon a verdict or plea of guilty or upon a plea of nolo contendere, but before a judgment of guilt of a violation of this paragraph, the court may, without entering a judgment of guilt and with the consent of the defendant, defer further proceedings upon the specific conditions prescribed by the court not to exceed a three-year period. The court may, with the consent of the defendant, order the defendant to complete a substance abuse assessment and evaluation and to complete a diversion program for up to three (3) years.

c. Upon successful completion of the court-ordered substance abuse assessment and evaluation and diversion program within the time prescribed, the felony charge shall be changed to a misdemeanor. If the defendant refuses or fails to complete the assessment and evaluation or diversion program, the court may impose punishment as provided for in subparagraph a of this paragraph.

d. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to violations related to the possession of marijuana.

C. Any person convicted of any offense described in this section shall, in addition to any fine imposed, pay a special assessment trauma-care fee of One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) to be deposited into the Trauma Care Assistance Revolving Fund created in [Section 1-2530.9](#) of this title.

D. In a criminal proceeding to determine guilt of a person for possession of a controlled substance, according to the provisions in section 1 paragraph A.1 and section 1 paragraph A.2 of this statute, a court shall not admit into evidence or discovery information obtained from:

1. screening or testing for pregnancy or:

2. prenatal or postnatal care received by said person or their infant.

This provision does not prohibit the prosecution of such an offense through evidence obtained through different means.

Section 4. AMENDATORY 10A O.S. § 1-1-105(49) is amended to read as follows:

49. a. "Neglect" means:

~~(1) the failure or omission to provide any of the following:~~

~~(a) adequate nurturance and affection, food, clothing, shelter, sanitation, hygiene, or appropriate education;~~

~~(b) medical, dental, or behavioral health care;~~

~~(c) supervision or appropriate caretakers to protect the child from harm or threatened harm of which any reasonable and prudent person responsible for the child's health, safety or welfare would be aware; or~~

~~(d) special care made necessary for the child's health and safety by the physical or mental condition of the child;~~

~~(2) the failure or omission to protect a child from exposure to any of the following:~~

~~(a) the use, possession, sale, or manufacture of illegal drugs;~~

~~(b) illegal activities; or~~

~~(c) sexual acts or materials that are not age-appropriate; or~~

~~(3) abandonment.~~

~~b. Neglect shall not mean a child who engages in independent activities, except if the person responsible for the child's health, safety or welfare willfully disregards any harm or threatened harm to the child, given the child's level of maturity, physical condition or mental abilities. Such independent activities include but are not limited to:~~

~~(1) traveling to and from school including by walking, running or bicycling;~~

~~(2) traveling to and from nearby commercial or recreational facilities;~~

~~(3) engaging in outdoor play;~~

~~(4) remaining at home unattended for a reasonable amount of time;~~

~~(5) remaining in a vehicle if the temperature inside the vehicle is not or will not become dangerously hot or cold, except under the conditions described in [Section 11-1119 of Title 47](#) of the Oklahoma Statutes; or~~

~~(6) engaging in similar activities alone or with other children.~~

~~Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to mean a child is abused or neglected for the sole reason the parent, legal guardian or person having custody or control of a child, in good faith, selects and depends upon spiritual means alone through prayer, in accordance with the tenets and practice of a recognized church or religious denomination, for the treatment or cure of disease or remedial care of such child. Nothing~~

~~contained in this paragraph shall prevent a court from immediately assuming custody of a child, pursuant to the Oklahoma Children's Code, and ordering whatever action may be necessary, including medical treatment, to protect the child's health or welfare.~~

The acts of a parent, guardian, or any person entrusted with a child's care by a parent, guardian, or the state, including but not limited to an employee or representative of a residential home, childcare facility, school, or any person legally responsible for a child's care under state law which constitute:

1. Failure to prevent the abuse, abandonment, sexual abuse, or neglect of a child when a person knows or has reasonable cause to know a child is or has been subjected to these acts;
2. Failure to provide nutrition, clothing, shelter, affection, or medical treatment, and to ensure a child's physical safety, as necessary for a child's well-being and health, except when this failure to provide is caused by the financial inability of the person legally responsible and no support services are available;
3. Failure to ensure a child is enrolled in school or is being legally homeschooled;
4. Failure to appropriately supervise a child according to their age, when such failure leads to dangerous or potentially dangerous circumstances.

Section 5. AMENDATORY 43A O.S. § 1-103(13) is amended to read as follows:

13. a. "Person requiring treatment" means a person who because of his or her mental illness or drug or alcohol dependency meets at least one of the following:

- (1) poses a substantial risk of immediate physical harm to self as manifested by evidence or serious threats of or attempts at suicide or other significant self-inflicted bodily harm,
- (2) poses a substantial risk of immediate physical harm to another person or persons as manifested by evidence of violent behavior directed toward another person or persons,
- (3) has placed another person or persons in a reasonable fear of violent behavior directed towards such person or persons or serious physical harm to them as manifested by serious and immediate threats,
- (4) is in a condition of severe deterioration that is continuing, as has been observed within the previous seventy-two-hour period

such that, without immediate intervention, there exists a substantial risk that severe impairment or injury will result to the person, or

(5) poses a substantial risk of immediate serious physical injury to self or death as manifested by evidence that the person is unable to provide for and is not providing for his or her basic physical needs.

b. To the extent it is reasonably available, the relevant mental health or substance abuse history of the person shall be considered and may be proffered as part of the evidence to determine whether the person is a person requiring treatment or an assisted outpatient. The mental health or substance abuse history of the person shall not be the sole basis for this determination.

c. In determining whether the person is a person requiring treatment, the following shall also be considered along with any other relevant information:

(1) the person's history of violence or criminal acts including unadjudicated criminal acts if evidence of the person's culpability is evident or established,

(2) the person's history of compliance with mental and behavioral health medication and treatment,

(3) the probability and result of the person's noncompliance with medication and treatment if not committed,

(4) the consumer's history of using weapons in an illegal or unsafe manner, and

(5) any previous instances of harm, attempted harm, or threatened harm to self or others.

d. Unless a person also meets the criteria established in subparagraph a, b, or c of this paragraph, "person requiring treatment" or an "assisted outpatient" shall not mean:

(1) a person whose mental processes have been weakened or impaired by reason of advanced years, dementia, or Alzheimer's disease,

(2) a person who is an individual with intellectual disability or developmental disability as defined in [Section 1408 of Title 10](#) of the Oklahoma Statutes,

- (3) a person with seizure disorder,
- (4) a person with a traumatic brain injury, ~~or~~
- (5) a person who is homeless;
- (6) a person who is pregnant.

e. (1) A person who meets the criteria established in this paragraph but who is medically unstable may be discharged and transported in accordance with [Section 1-110](#) of this title. Alternatively, if the facility holding the person is able to treat the additional medical conditions of that person, the facility may treat the additional medical conditions in an effort to medically stabilize the patient.

(2) If the facility holding the person is unable to treat the additional medical conditions of a person who meets the criteria established in this paragraph, the patient shall be discharged and transported in accordance with [Section 1-110](#) of this title.

(3) All time elapsed during medical stabilization tolls the twelve-hour time for an initial assessment pursuant to paragraph 1 of subsection A of [Section 5-208](#) of this title, and the one-hundred-twenty-hour emergency detention time pursuant to paragraph 3 of subsection A of Section 5-208 of this title;

Section 6. REPEALER 63 O.S. § 1-546.5 is hereby repealed:
~~A district attorney may convene a multidisciplinary team to assist in making a determination of the appropriate disposition of a case of a pregnant woman who is abusing or is addicted to drugs or alcohol to the extent that the unborn child is at risk of harm. The multidisciplinary team shall include at least one person with training and experience in the treatment of addiction. As used in this section, an appropriate disposition may include but shall not be limited to filing a petition for involuntary commitment as provided by Section 5-410 et seq. of Title 43A of the Oklahoma Statutes to a public facility or a private facility willing to accept the pregnant woman for treatment.~~

Section 7. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after its passage and approval.

Section 8. EMERGENCY CLAUSE:

It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health or safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. TU-007

By: Plane (TU)
Geary (TU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to sex work; providing short title; providing definitions; repealing 21 O.S. § 1027; repealing 21 O.S. § 1028; repealing 21 O.S. § 1029; repealing 21 O.S. § 1030; amending 21 O.S. § 1031; providing for codification; providing penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Safe Sex Work” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. “Commercial sex work” means sexual services that—
 - a. involve physical participation by a person in sexual acts with, and for the gratification of, another person; and
 - b. are provided for payment or other reward
2. “Sex worker” means a person who provides commercial sexual services.
3. “Prostitution” means the provision of commercial sexual services.

Section 3. REPEALER 21 O.S. § 1027 is hereby repealed.

~~Every person who lets any building or portion of any building knowing that it is intended to be used for any purpose declared punishable by this article, or who otherwise permits any building or portion of a building to be so used, is guilty of a misdemeanor.~~

Section 4. REPEALER 21 O.S. §1028 is hereby repealed.

~~A. It shall be unlawful in the State of Oklahoma:~~

- ~~1. To keep, set up, maintain, or operate any house, place, building, other structure, or part thereof, or vehicle, trailer, or other conveyance with the intent of committing an act of prostitution, lewdness, or assignation;~~
- ~~2. To knowingly own any house, place, building, other structure, or part thereof, or vehicle, trailer, or other conveyance used with the intent of committing an act of lewdness, assignation, or prostitution, or to let, lease, or rent, or contract to let, lease, or rent any such place, premises, or conveyance, or part thereof, to another with knowledge or reasonable cause to believe that the intention of~~

~~the lessee or rentee is to use such place, premises, or conveyance for prostitution, lewdness, or assignation;~~

- ~~3. To offer, or to offer to secure, another with the intent of having such person commit an act of prostitution, or with the intent of having such person commit any other lewd or indecent act;~~
 - ~~4. To receive or to offer or agree to receive any person into any house, place, building, other structure, vehicle, trailer, or other conveyance with the intent of committing an act of prostitution, lewdness, or assignation, or to permit any person to remain there with such intent;~~
 - ~~5. To direct, take, or transport, or to offer or agree to take or transport, or aid or assist in transporting, any person to any house, place, building, other structure, vehicle, trailer, or other conveyance, or to any other person with knowledge or having reasonable cause to believe that the intent of such directing, taking or transporting is prostitution, lewdness or assignation;~~
 - ~~6. To knowingly accept, receive, levy, or appropriate any money or other thing of value without consideration from a prostitute or from the proceeds of any person engaged in prostitution; or~~
 - ~~7. To knowingly abet the crime of prostitution by allowing a house, place, building, or parking lot to be used or occupied by a person who is soliciting, inducing, enticing, or procuring another to commit an act of lewdness, assignation, or prostitution or who is engaging in prostitution, lewdness, or assignation on the premises of the house, place, building, or parking lot.~~
- B. ~~Any person who violates the provisions of this section shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment in the Department of Corrections for a term of not more than five (5) years, and by a fine as follows:~~
- ~~1. Not more than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) upon the first conviction;~~
 - ~~2. Not more than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) upon the second conviction; and~~
 - ~~3. Not more than Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) upon the third or subsequent conviction.~~
- C. ~~Any person who violates the provisions of this section where the victim of the offense is under eighteen (18) years of age at the time of the offense shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for a term of not more than fifteen (15) years, and by a fine as follows:~~
- ~~1. Not more than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) upon the first conviction;~~
 - ~~2. Not more than Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) upon the second conviction; and~~
 - ~~3. Not more than Thirty Thousand Dollars (\$30,000.00) upon the third or subsequent conviction.~~

Section 5. REPEALER 21 O.S. § 1029 is hereby repealed.

- A. ~~It shall further be unlawful:~~
 - 1. ~~To engage in prostitution, lewdness, or assignation;~~
 - 2. ~~To solicit, induce, or entice another person to pay or provide money or any other item or service of value to engage in an act of lewdness, assignation, or prostitution, with himself or herself;~~
 - 3. ~~To reside in, enter, or remain in any house, place, building, or other structure, or to enter or remain in any vehicle, trailer, or other conveyance with the intent of committing an act of prostitution, lewdness, or assignation;~~
 - 4. ~~To knowingly offer money or any other item or service of value, or agree to provide or pay money or any other item or service of value to, or on behalf of, another person, for the purpose of engaging in sexual conduct, as defined in subsection B of Section 1024.1 of this title, with that person or another; or~~
 - 5. ~~To aid, abet, or participate in the doing of any of the acts prohibited in paragraph 1, 2, 3, or 4 of this subsection.~~
- B. ~~Any prohibited act described in paragraph 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 of subsection A of this section committed with a person under eighteen (18) years of age shall be deemed child sex trafficking, as defined in Section 1030 of this title, and shall be punishable as provided in Section 1031 of this title.~~
- C. ~~No child who is a victim of human trafficking shall be subject to juvenile delinquency or criminal proceedings for the offenses described in subsection A of this section which occurred as a result of the child being a victim of human trafficking.~~

Section 6. REPEALER 21 O.S. § 1030 is hereby repealed.

~~As used in the Oklahoma Statutes, unless otherwise provided for by law:~~

- 1. ~~"Prostitution" means:~~
 - a. ~~the giving or receiving of the body for sexual intercourse, fellatio, cunnilingus, masturbation, anal intercourse or lewdness with any person not his or her spouse, in exchange for money or any other thing of value, or~~
 - b. ~~the making of any appointment or engagement for sexual intercourse, fellatio, cunnilingus, masturbation, anal intercourse or lewdness with any person not his or her spouse, in exchange for money or any other thing of value;~~
- 2. ~~"Child sex trafficking" means prostitution or lewdness as defined in this section with a person under eighteen (18) years of age, in exchange for money or any other thing of value;~~
- 3. ~~"Anal intercourse" means contact between human beings of the genital organs of one and the anus of another;~~
- 4. ~~"Cunnilingus" means any act of oral stimulation of the vulva or clitoris;~~

5. ~~"Fellatio" means any act of oral stimulation of the penis;~~
6. ~~"Lewdness" means:~~
 - a. ~~any lascivious, lustful or licentious conduct;~~
 - b. ~~the giving or receiving of the body for indiscriminate sexual intercourse, fellatio, cunnilingus, masturbation, anal intercourse, or lascivious, lustful or licentious conduct with any person not his or her spouse, or~~
 - c. ~~any act in furtherance of such conduct or any appointment or engagement for prostitution; and~~
7. ~~"Masturbation" means stimulation of the genital organs by manual or other bodily contact exclusive of sexual intercourse.~~

Section 7. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. § 1031 is amended to read as follows:

- ~~A. Except as provided in subsection B, C, D, or E of this section, any person violating any of the provisions of paragraph 1, 2, 3, or 5 of subsection A of Section 1029 or Section 1030 of this title shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than thirty (30) days nor more than one (1) year or by fines as follows: a fine not more than Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) upon the first conviction for violation of any of such provisions, a fine not more than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) upon the second conviction for violation of any of such provisions, and a fine not more than Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) upon the third or subsequent convictions for violation of any of such provisions, or by both such imprisonment and fine. In addition, the court may require a term of community service not less than forty (40) nor more than eighty (80) hours. The court in which any such conviction is had shall notify the county superintendent of public health of such conviction.~~
- ~~B. A.~~ Any person who engages in an act of prostitution with knowledge that he or she is infected with the human immunodeficiency virus shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for not more than five (5) years.
- ~~C. B.~~ Any person who engages in an act of child prostitution trafficking for commercial sex as defined in Section ~~1030-748~~ of this title shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for not more than ten (10) years and by fines as follows: a fine not more than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) upon the first conviction, a fine not more than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) upon the second conviction, and a fine not more than Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) upon the third or subsequent convictions.
- ~~D. Any person violating any of the provisions of Section 1029 or 1030 of this title within one thousand (1,000) feet of a school or church shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for not more than five (5)~~

~~years or by fines as follows: a fine not more than Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) upon the first conviction for violation of any of such provisions, a fine not more than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) upon the second conviction for violation of any of such provisions, and a fine not more than Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) upon the third or subsequent convictions for violation of any of such provisions, or by both such imprisonment and fine. In addition, the court may require a term of community service not less than forty (40) nor more than eighty (80) hours. The court in which any such conviction is had shall notify the county superintendent of public health of such conviction.~~

~~E. Any person violating paragraph 4 of subsection A of Section 1029 of this title shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a felony and shall be punished in accordance with the provisions of subsection B of Section 1040.57 of this title.~~

Section 8. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

- A. Before July 1st, 2026, the Oklahoma State Department of Health shall establish a commission which shall oversee the licensure of sex workers and safety standards for which commercial sex must abide. The commission will--
 - 1. oversee the licensure process of sex workers in the state, which must be preceded by satisfactory training from the commission on safe sex practices and sexually transmissible disease and infection prevention, as well as determine if the suspension or revocation of a person's licensure is necessary for public health;
 - 2. maintain an accurate record of testing of licensed sex workers in the state for sexually transmissible diseases or infections.

Section 9. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

- A. It shall be unlawful for a person to provide commercial sex services if unlicensed by the Oklahoma State Department of Health, or to receive commercial sex services from a person not licensed by the Oklahoma State Department of Health.
- B. It shall be unlawful for a person to provide or receive commercial sex services unless that person has ensured that a prophylactic barrier is used if those services involve vaginal, anal, or oral penetration or another activity with a similar or greater risk of acquiring or transmitting sexually transmissible infections.
- C. A person who provides commercial sexual services must take all other reasonable actions to minimize the risk of contracting or transmitting sexually transmissible diseases or infections, including but limited to

monthly testing for sexually transmissible diseases or infections at the Oklahoma State Department of Health. If at such time a person who provides commercial sex services tests positive for a sexually transmissible disease or infections, they must cease providing commercial sex services until such time when they test negative for all sexually transmissible diseases or infections.

- D. It shall be unlawful for a person to induce or compel, through explicit or implied threat or promise of harm, violence, or retaliation, another person to--
 - 1. provide, or to continue to provide, commercial sexual services to any person; or
 - 2. provide, or to continue to provide, to any person any payment or other reward derived from commercial sexual services.
- E. Regardless of any contract for the provision of commercial sexual services, a person may, at any time, refuse to provide, or to continue to provide, a commercial sexual service to any other person.
 - 1. Entering into a contract to provide commercial sexual services does not of itself constitute consent for the purposes of the criminal law if a sex worker does not consent, or withdraws their consent, to providing a commercial sexual service.
 - 2. Nothing in this section affects a right (if any) to rescind or cancel, or to recover damages for, a contract for the provision of commercial sexual services that is not performed.
- F. It shall be unlawful to solicit, entice, or induce any person under eighteen (18) years of age to provide commercial sex services, doing so is deemed child sex trafficking, and shall be punishable as provided in Section 1031 of this title.

Section 10. PENALTIES

- A. Any person found in violation of subsections A, B, C, or D of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1000).
- B. Any person found in violation of subsections B, C, or D of this act shall additionally face suspension or revocation of their licensure, as determined by the commission.

Section 11. Sections 1-7 of this act shall take effect one hundred (90) days after its passage and approval. Sections 8-10 of this act shall take effect January 1st, 2027.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. TU-008

Shahan (TU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to housing; providing short title; providing for definitions; amending 74 O.S. § 324.11.a, relating to smoke alarm maintenance; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Sensible Housing Fire Safety Act.”

Section 2. AMENDATORY 74 O.S. § 324.11.a is amended to read as follows:

- A. Any person, partnership, corporation, organization, the state, or city, town, county, or other subdivision of this state, owning a building or structure used as a hospital, church, theater, hotel, motel, apartment house, rooming house, dormitory, rest home, nursing home, day nursery, convalescent home, auditorium, or child care institution, existing or constructed in the State of Oklahoma, shall install in such building or structure a smoke detector or detectors in accordance with the nationally recognized codes, standards, or practices adopted by the State Fire Marshal Commission to safeguard life and property from the hazards of smoke and fire.
- B. For the purpose of this section, the term smoke detector means a device which is:
 1. Designed to detect visible or invisible products of combustion;
 2. Designed with an alarm audible to the rooms it serves;
 3. Powered by either battery, alternating current, or other power source; and
 4. Tested and listed for use as a smoke detector by a recognized testing laboratory.
- C. Any person, partnership, corporation, state, municipality, county, or other subdivision of this state who is a lessor of a residential rental property shall explain to the lessee or tenant the method of testing the smoke detector to ensure that it is in working order. The responsibility for checking a smoke detector to find out whether such detector is in working order is with the ~~tenant or lessee leasing or renting a one- or two-family dwelling, including an~~

~~apartment in each apartment house, and not with the person, partnership, corporation, state, municipality, county, or other subdivision of this state who is a lessor of the residential rental property to, and not with the lessee or tenant leasing or renting a one- or two-family dwelling, including an apartment in each apartment house.~~

- D. Beginning November 1, 1997, all new construction or remodeling of residential dwellings which require a building permit shall include the installment of smoke detectors or the electrical wiring necessary for the installment of electrical smoke detectors.
- E. Any person who violates any provision of subsection A of this section or any person who tampers with, removes, destroys, disconnects or removes power from any installed smoke detector, except in the course of inspection, maintenance or replacement of the detector, upon conviction, is guilty of a misdemeanor and may be fined not less than Fifty Dollars (\$50.00) nor more than One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00).
- F. Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow any political subdivision in this state to enact laws imposing upon owners of any dwelling described in subsection A of this section a greater duty with regard to the installation, testing, repair and replacement of smoke detectors than is required by this section.
- G. The State Fire Marshal Commission shall prescribe, adopt, and promulgate the rules necessary to effectuate the provisions of this section which shall include a practical time table for compliance with the provisions of this act.
- H. Municipalities may enact ordinances in order to enforce the rules of the State Fire Marshal Commission as provided by this section.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as 59 O.S. § 1000.29a: Limitations, unless there is created duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. The Oklahoma Uniform Building Code Commission shall not adopt, incorporate, or enforce any provision of the International Residential Code® or any successor code that requires the installation of fire sprinkler systems in residential townhouses.
- B. Upon the effective date of this act, the OUBCC shall amend any currently adopted building codes as necessary to ensure compliance with the provisions of this section.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Bill No. TU-009

Shahan (TU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to public finance and economic development; providing short title; stating legislative findings; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the “Oklahoma Renewal and Prosperity Act.”

Section 2. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS

- A. Legislative Findings. The Oklahoma Legislature finds as follows:
1. Many Oklahomans lack access to high-interest savings options.
 2. Traditional banks do not always meet the needs of rural, low-income, or first-time savers.
 3. State-managed savings and lending programs can promote economic resilience, small business growth, and long-term individual financial security.
- B. Purpose. The purpose of this act is to:
1. Provide Oklahoma residents with a secure, inflation-beating savings option; and
 2. Promote in-state economic development through reinvestment in small business and public benefit projects.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as 62 O.S. § 6003: Program Creation and Administration, unless there is created duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. Creation of the OPRF. There is hereby created the Oklahoma Prosperity Reserve Fund (OPRF). This fund shall fund all programs in this chapter.
- B. Creation of the OPSA Program. The State Treasurer shall create and maintain the Oklahoma Prosperity Savings Account (OPSA) program.

- C. Oversight. The fund and program shall be governed by the Oklahoma Savings and Investment Oversight Board, consisting of:
1. The State Treasurer, who shall be the board's chair;
 2. The Secretary of Commerce, who shall be the board's vice chair, and shall preside in the absence of the chair;
 3. Two (2) public financial experts, who shall be appointed by the Governor, with advice and consent of the Senate;
 4. One (1) small business owner, who shall be appointed by the Governor, with advice and consent of the Senate;
 5. One (1) Senator, who shall be appointed by the President *Pro Tempore* of the Senate, and shall also serve as a non-voting, *ex officio* member of the Senate Appropriations Committee and the Senate Economic Development, Workforce, and Tourism Committee; and
 6. One (1) Representative, who shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and shall also serve as a non-voting, *ex officio* member of the House Appropriations and Budget Committee, and the House Committee on Commerce and Economic Development Oversight.

Section 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as 62 O.S. § 6004: Eligibility, unless there is created duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. Eligibility Requirements. To be eligible to participate in the Oklahoma Prosperity Savings Account (OPSA) program, participants must be legal residents of the State of Oklahoma, must:
1. Reside within Oklahoma for a twelve (12) month period preceding their enrollment; and
 2. Must be at least eighteen (18) years of age, or sixteen (16) years of age with parent or guardian consent.
- B. Tribal Participation. Any registered citizens of tribal nations that have opted to participate in accordance with 62 O.S. § 6012(D) may participate in the OPSA program, regardless of the eligibility requirements of Subsection A of this Section.
- C. Income-Based Priority. The Board may establish tiered eligibility requirements for an OPSA favoring low- and middle-income households.

Section 5. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as 62 O.S. § 6005: Contribution Limits, unless there is created duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. Annual Limits. Participants are limited to an annual contribution limit of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00) to an OPSA.
- B. Lifetime Limits. Participants are limited to a life-time contribution limit of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00) to an OPSA.
- C. Exemptions. Funds that are withdrawn for a qualifying expense as listed in 62 O.S. § 6007(C) are exempted from annual and life-time contribution limits to an OPSA.
- D. The Board shall annually review the OPSA contribution limits and make recommendations to their increase or decrease to the House and Senate.

Section 6. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as 62 O.S. § 6006: Matching, Performance Based Contributions, and Interest Rates, unless there is created duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. Matching.
 - 1. Purpose. The State of Oklahoma shall provide matching contributions to incentivize and reward long-term personal saving through the Oklahoma Prosperity Savings Account (OPSA) program, subject to the limitations of this section and availability of funds in the Prosperity Reserve Fund.
 - 2. Standard Participant Match. OPSA program participants who meet the eligibility criteria of 62 O.S. § 6004 and do not qualify as members of a strategic population as defined in Paragraph 3, Subsection A of this Section shall receive in a qualified OPSA:
 - i. A one-to-one (1:1) match on the first one hundred dollars (\$100.00) in contributions made per calendar year; and
 - ii. A fifty percent (50%) match on the next nine hundred dollars (\$900.00) in contributions made per calendar year.
 - iii. The total annual match for standard participants shall not exceed five hundred fifty dollars (\$550.00).
 - 3. Strategic Population Match. OPSA program participants qualifying as members of a strategic population shall receive enhanced matching benefits. For the purpose of this subsection, strategic populations shall include, but not be limited to:
 - i. Individuals with low- or moderate-income status, as defined by the State Treasurer;
 - ii. Residents of rural counties as designated by the Oklahoma Department of Commerce;

- iii. Full-time students enrolled in an accredited college, university, or vocational program in Oklahoma;
 - iv. First-time parents of a child under one (1) year of age;
 - v. Owners or co-owners of small business registered in Oklahoma with fewer than twenty-five (25) employees;
 - vi. Active members of the Oklahoma National Guard or Reserve components of the United States Armed Forces;
 - vii. Individuals who have previously been incarcerated in a correctional facility operated by the Oklahoma Department of Corrections within the last three (3) years; and
 - viii. Other underserved or priority populations as determined by the Board through rulemaking.
4. Strategic population participants shall receive in a qualified OPISA:
 - i. A one-to-one (1:1) match on the first one hundred fifty dollars (\$150.00) contributed per calendar year; and
 - ii. A sixty-five percent (65%) match on the next one thousand three hundred fifty dollars (\$1,350.00) contributed per calendar year.
 - iii. The total annual match for strategic population participants shall not exceed one thousand twenty-seven dollars and fifty cents (\$1,027.50).
 5. Eligible Contributions. All funds deposited by the participant into a qualified OPISA shall be eligible for matching, regardless of deposit method, frequency, or source, provided the contributions are not otherwise subject to penalty.
 6. Source of Funds. All matching contributions authorized under this section shall be funded exclusively through the Prosperity Reserve Fund. No additional appropriations shall be drawn from the General Revenue Fund for this purpose unless specifically authorized by separate enactment.
 7. Rulemaking. The State Treasurer shall promulgate rules for implementation, including procedures for certification of strategic population eligibility and compliance with annual match limits.

B. Performance Based Bonuses.

1. Purpose. To further encourage consistent saving behavior and long-term engagement, the additional financial incentives shall be awarded to reward OPISA participants who demonstrate responsible saving habits and sustained account activity.

2. Eligible Incentive Behaviors. The following participant actions may qualify for performance-based bonuses, subject to availability of funds in the Prosperity Reserve Fund:
 - i. Consistent Monthly Contributions. A one-time bonus of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) shall be awarded to any participant who contributes at least ten dollars (\$10.00) per month for twelve (12) consecutive months to a qualified OPSA without interruption. This bonus may be awarded no more than once every twenty-four (24) months per participant.
 - ii. Automatic Deposit Enrollment. A one-time bonus of ten dollars (\$10.00) shall be awarded to participants who enroll in automated monthly contributions to a qualified OPSA via ACH, payroll deduction, or equivalent method and maintain enrollment for a minimum of six (6) months.
 - iii. Financial Literacy Completion. A bonus of up to twenty dollars (\$20.00) shall be awarded to any participant who completes a certified financial education course approved by the Board or State Treasurer.
 - iv. Milestone Balance Bonus. A bonus of fifteen dollars (\$15.00) shall be awarded to any participant who maintains a minimum OPSA account balance of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for a continuous six-month period.
 - v. Youth Milestone Incentive. A bonus of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) shall be awarded to any participant who establishes an OPSA account prior to the age of twenty-one (21) and maintains active contribution status for one (1) year.
3. Award Limitations.
 - i. Participants may receive no more than fifty dollars (\$50.00) in performance-based bonuses per calendar year, exclusive of standard matching benefits.
 - ii. The State Treasurer shall adopt rules establishing eligibility verification, bonus disbursement procedures, and audit protections.

C. Interest.

1. Accrual. All funds in OPSA accounts shall accrue interest in a manner consistent with this section.
2. Interest rate. The interest rate shall be the higher of the Federal Funds Rate set by the Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) or

the 12-month percentage change of the Consumer Price Index, plus a premium margin of one and one-half percent (1.5%) in either case.

3. Interest rate maximum. In any case, the interest rate shall not exceed eight percent (8%) per annum.
4. Quarterly review. Each quarter, the Board may adjust the premium margin up or down during recessionary or inflationary periods, but at no point may the premium margin be adjusted to lower than one quarter of a percent (0.25%).
 - i. For the purpose of this Subsection, a “recessionary period” shall be any time designated as such by the National Bureau of Economic Research.
 - ii. For the purpose of this Subsection, an “inflationary period” shall be any time in which the 12-month percentage change of the Consumer Price Index has increased for two successive quarters.

Section 7. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as 62 O.S. § 6007: Withdrawal Penalties and Emergencies, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. Applicability. This Section applies only to the withdrawal of interest earnings or state-contributed matching funds from an Oklahoma Prosperity Savings Account (OPSA). This section does not apply to the withdrawal of participant principal contributions, which may be withdrawn at any time without penalty.
- B. Early Withdrawal Penalties. Withdrawals of state-contributed funds that have not been held in the account for at least three (3) years shall be subject to a withdrawal penalty, calculated as a percentage of the amount withdrawn, according to the following schedule:
 1. Less than one (1) year from the date of deposit: twenty percent (20%) penalty.
 2. One (1) year to less than two (2) years: twelve and three-quarters percent (12.75%) penalty.
 3. Two (2) years to less than three (3) years: six and one-half percent (6.5%) penalty.
 4. Three (3) years or more: no penalty.

The penalty shall be deducted from the withdrawn interest or matching funds at the time of distribution. The remaining amount shall be disbursed to the account holder.

- C. Exceptions. Funds withdrawn early for the following reasons are not subject to the penalties listed in Subsection B of this Section:
1. Tuition at a state or tribal college, university, or other institution of higher education within the state of Oklahoma;
 2. Recovery from a natural disaster; or
 3. Other special circumstances as determined by the Oklahoma Prosperity Savings and Investment Oversight Board.

Section 8. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as 62 O.S. § 6008: Oklahoma Prosperity Small Business Loan Program, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. Creation of the Oklahoma Prosperity Small Business Loan Program. There is hereby created within the Oklahoma Prosperity Reserve Fund the Oklahoma Prosperity Small Business Loan Program, to be administered by the State Treasurer under the supervision of the Oklahoma Savings and Investment Oversight Board.
- B. Purpose. The purpose of the Oklahoma Prosperity Small Business Loan Program is to promote small business formation and expansion within the State of Oklahoma by providing access to affordable, low-risk lending opportunities for qualified entrepreneurs and small business owners, subject to the limitations of this section and availability of funds in the Prosperity Reserve Fund.
- C. Loan Tiers.
1. Sooner Start Loans. Standard small business loans shall be made available to any eligible Oklahoma resident meeting business registration requirements established by law and credit qualifications established through procedures outlined in Subsection F of this Section. Sooner Start Loan amounts shall not exceed seventy-five thousand dollars (\$75,000.00). Sooner Start Loan repayment terms shall not exceed ten (10) years.
 2. Pioneer Loans. Enhanced small business loans shall be available to registered Oklahoma businesses operating within strategic industries that provide high public benefit, including but not limited to:
 - i. Agriculture and agri-technology;
 - ii. Childcare and early education services;
 - iii. Healthcare services, with priority for rural providers;
 - iv. Tribal or cooperatively owned enterprises; and

v. Renewable energy and sustainability ventures.

Pioneer Loans may carry reduced interest rates or extended repayment terms, though not to exceed fifteen (15) years. The total loan amount shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00).

D. Interest.

1. Accrual. All loans issued under the Oklahoma Prosperity Small Business Loan Program shall accrue interest in a manner consistent with this Section.
2. Interest rate. The interest rate shall be equal to the Federal Funds Rate set by the Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC), plus a margin of two and one-half percent (2.5%). The interest rate shall remain fixed for the term of the loan.
3. Pioneer Loan interest rate deduction. Loans issued under the Pioneer Loan category shall be eligible for an interest rate deduction of one and one-half percent (1.5%) below the standard rate established under this Section.
4. Interest rate maximum. In any case, the interest rate shall not exceed eight percent (8%) per annum.
5. Quarterly review. Each quarter, the Oklahoma Savings and Investment Oversight Board may adjust the calculation methodology by rule to maintain consistency with prevailing market conditions or federal monetary policy changes.

E. Implementation Timeline. Program rules, eligibility criteria, and administrative procedures shall be finalized during the initial establishment period (“Year 0”) of the Prosperity Reserve Fund. Loan disbursements shall commence one year after initial establishment (“Year 1”), or as soon thereafter as the Prosperity Reserve Fund infrastructure permits.

F. Oversight and Risk Management.

1. The Oklahoma Savings and Investment Oversight Board shall establish and approve all program rules, credit standards, loan limits, and interest rate policies designed to minimize risk while ensuring broad availability.
2. The Oklahoma Development Finance Authority (ODFA) shall serve in an advisory capacity to the Board, providing guidance in the development of credit standards, loans underwriting criteria, and capitalization strategies, but shall not originate, service, or manage loans.

3. The State Treasurer may contract with qualified financial institutions within the State of Oklahoma to assist in processing loan applications and disbursing funds, subject to rules adopted by the Board.
4. No loan shall be issued without reasonable assurance of repayment.

Section 9. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as 62 O.S. § 6009: Housing-Linked Savings Bonus Program, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. Creation of the Housing-Linked Savings Bonus Program. There is hereby created the Housing-Linked Savings Bonus Program within the Oklahoma Prosperity Savings Account (OPSA), to be administered by the State Treasurer.
- B. Purpose. The purpose of this program is to assist Oklahomans in building financial stability through homeownership or secure rental housing by providing milestone-based financial bonuses linked to housing-related savings goals, subject to the limitations of this section and availability of funds in the Prosperity Reserve Fund.
- C. Eligibility. Participants must be enrolled in the OPSA program and designate their account for a housing-related purpose, including rental deposit savings or first-time homebuyer down payment savings.
- D. Bonuses. Total bonus award under this section shall not exceed seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750.00) per participant. Participants shall receive:
 1. A one-time bonus of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) upon verification of mortgage pre-approval or lease readiness; and
 2. An additional one-time bonus of five hundred dollars (\$500.00) upon verification of a home purchase closing or rental occupancy.
- E. Implementation. The Housing-Linked Savings Bonus Program shall not commence until the OPSA program has stably operated for at least three (3) years. The State Treasurer shall promulgate rules establishing verification procedures, bonus disbursement processes, and program oversight.

Section 10. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as 62 O.S. § 6010: Community Investment Bond Program, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. Creation of the Community Investment Bond Program. There is hereby created the Community Investment Bond Program, to be administered by the State Treasurer.
- B. Purpose. The purpose of the Community Investment Bond Program is to provide a sustainable, non-tax based mechanism to capitalize the Prosperity Reserve Fund through the issuance of low- to moderate-yield, state backed investment bonds.
- C. Bond Terms.
 - 1. Interest rate. Bonds issued under this section shall bear interest at a rate between four percent (4%) and five percent (5%) per annum. The exact interest rate shall be determined by the State Treasurer in consultation with the Oklahoma Savings and Investment Oversight Board.
 - 2. Eligibility. Community Investment Bonds shall be available to all Oklahoma residents, pension funds, and institutional investors seeking secure, socially beneficial investment opportunities.
 - 3. Proceeds. All proceeds derived from bond issuance shall be deposited into the Prosperity Reserve Fund and used for the exclusive purpose of financing programs authorized under this act.
- D. Implementation. The legal and administrative structure for the Community Investment Bond Program shall be completed by the conclusion of the third year (“Year 3”) of the initial establishment of the Prosperity Reserve Fund. The first issuance of bonds shall occur no later than the beginning of the fourth year (“Year 4”).

Section 11. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as 62 O.S. § 6011: Rural Business Incubator Program, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. Creation of the Rural Business Incubator Program. There is hereby created the Rural Business Incubator Program, to be administered by the State Treasurer in partnership with the Oklahoma Department of Commerce and the Oklahoma Development Finance Authority (ODFA).
- B. Purpose. The purpose of the Rural Business Incubator Program is to promote economic development and entrepreneurship in rural and underserved regions of Oklahoma by providing grants to establish local business support infrastructure.
- C. Program Structure.
 - 1. Grants may be awarded the following eligible entities:

- i. Rural municipalities as determined by the Oklahoma Department of Commerce;
 - ii. Federally recognized tribal nations; or
 - iii. Regional nonprofit organizations with demonstrated capacity to deliver business support services.
2. Grants may be used for purposes including, but not limited to:
 - i. Establishment of shared office or co-working space;
 - ii. Broadband infrastructure or technology upgrades;
 - iii. Business coaching, legal, or accounting assistance; and
 - iv. Procurement of business software and digital tools.
3. Grant awards shall range from twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000.00) to one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00) with priority given to communities lacking existing business incubation or small business support infrastructure.
4. Grant recipients shall provide or raise matching funds, in-kind contributions, or an operational sustainability plan approved by the Department of Commerce.

D. Implementation. Program design and pilot development shall occur during the first five (5) years of Prosperity Reserve Fund operations. Initial grants may be awarded beginning five (5) years after the initial establishment of the Prosperity Reserve Fund (“Year 5”), subject to fund availability and board approval.

Section 12. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as 62 O.S. § 6012: Funding Mechanisms, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. Initial Funding. Upon establishment of the Prosperity Reserve Fund, the fund shall be capitalized through the following statutory transfers and revenue allocations, which shall not constitute appropriations but shall occur automatically in accordance with the provisions of this act:
 1. General Revenue Fund Surplus. At the close of any fiscal year in which the State Board of Equalization certifies General Revenue Fund collections is in excess of the official estimate, the State Treasurer shall transfer one percent (1%) of all such excess into the Prosperity Reserve Fund, subject to cash availability and after all other required statutory transfers have been made. All such transfers shall continue until cumulative transfers from the General Revenue Fund under this provision reach twenty-five million

dollars (\$25,000,000.00), after which no further transfers shall be made.

2. Oil and Gas Severance Tax Surplus. Beginning in Fiscal Year 2028, ten percent (10%) of all oil and gas gross production tax revenues in excess of the certified revenue shall be deposited into the Prosperity Reserve Fund, up to a maximum of forty million dollars (\$40,000,000.00) per fiscal year, for a period of five (5) years.
3. Unclaimed Property Revolving Fund Transfer. The State Treasurer is authorized to transfer up to ten million dollars (\$10,000,000.00) from the unclaimed property revolving fund to the Prosperity Reserve Fund for temporary use. All such transfers shall be repaid within five (5) years from program-generated earnings or future legislative appropriation.

B. Short-term Funding. The following sources may be used to supplement initial funding during the first three (3) years of program operation:

1. Bond Issuance by the Oklahoma Development Finance Authority. The Oklahoma Development Finance Authority (ODFA) is authorized to issue bonds or utilize existing trust authority to raise up to fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000.00) for the purpose of funding the Oklahoma Prosperity Small Business Loan Program. All loan repayments and interest shall be reinvested into the Prosperity Reserve Fund on a revolving basis.
2. Federal Grants. The State Treasurer, ODFA, and participating agencies are authorized to apply for and receive grants from federal agencies, including but not limited to:
 - i. The U.S. Department of the Treasury;
 - ii. The U.S. Department of Agriculture;
 - iii. The U.S. Department of Commerce; and
 - iv. Other relevant agencies.

C. Long-term Funding. To ensure sustainability of the Prosperity Savings and Investment Programs, the following ongoing funding streams shall support operations beyond the initial three (3) years:

1. Loan Repayment Revenue. All repayments of principal and interest from loans issued through the Oklahoma Prosperity Business Loan Program shall be deposited into the Prosperity Reserve Fund and used to finance future lending and other authorized program expenditures.
2. Community Investment Bond Recycling. Any bonds issued pursuant to the Community Investment Bond Program shall be

structured with repayment provisions. Upon maturity, repaid principal shall be recycled into the Prosperity Reserve Fund to support new issuances or stabilize program reserves.

3. Performance-Based Federal and Competitive Grants. The State Treasurer and ODFA shall be authorized to pursue ongoing federal or multi-year grants based on program performance and expansion opportunities, including grants for rural development, minority-owned business growth, and financial empowerment initiatives.

- D. Tribal Participation Fees. Any federally recognized tribal nation located wholly or in part within the State of Oklahoma may elect to participate in the Oklahoma Prosperity Programs through a one-time opt-in fee. The fee shall consist of a flat base rate of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00), plus a per capita contribution based on the number of tribal citizens residing in Oklahoma, though not to exceed a total of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000.00). The State Treasurer shall promulgate rules for verifying population counts and establishing Memoranda of Understanding. All tribal contributions shall be deposited into the Prosperity Reserve Fund and designated for expanding tribal-member access to the Oklahoma Prosperity Savings and Small Business Loan Programs.

Section 13. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTIONS

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

Senate Joint Resolution No. ORU-101

Stewart of the Senate(ORU)

Lewis of the House (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

A Joint Resolution directing the Secretary of State to refer to the people for their approval or rejection a proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Oklahoma by adding a new Section 3.1 to Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Oklahoma; providing for the Governor and Lieutenant Governor to be elected jointly; authorizing the Legislature to enact procedure; providing ballot title; and directing filing.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. The Secretary of State shall refer to the people for their approval or rejection, as and in the manner provided by law, the following proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Oklahoma by adding a new Section 3.1 to Article VI, to read as follows: Section 3.1. Beginning with the General Election held in 2026 and in each General Election for Governor and Lieutenant Governor held thereafter, one vote shall be cast for the candidates for those positions of the same political party. The Legislature, by law, shall provide the procedure for the joint nomination and election of candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor.

SECTION 2. The Ballot Title for the proposed Constitutional amendment as set forth in SECTION 1 of this resolution shall be in the following form:

BALLOT TITLE

Legislative Referendum No. ____ State Question No. ____

THE GIST OF THE PROPOSITION IS AS FOLLOWS:

This measure amends the Oklahoma Constitution. It adds a new Section 3.1 to Article 6. It deals with the Offices of Governor and Lieutenant Governor. It would provide that a voter would cast one vote for both of these offices. The persons running for these offices would run as a team. The procedure for the joint nomination and election of candidates for those offices would be set by law. This would begin in 2026.

SHALL THIS AMENDMENT BE ADOPTED BY THE PEOPLE?

____ YES, FOR THE AMENDMENT

____ NO, AGAINST THE AMENDMENT

SECTION 3. The President Pro Tempore of the Senate shall, immediately after the passage of this resolution, prepare and file one copy thereof, including the Ballot Title set forth in SECTION 2 hereof, with the Secretary of State and one copy with the Attorney General.

HOUSE LEGISLATION

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature

House Bill No. ECU-501

By: McCall (ECU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to food benefits; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Fair Foods” Act of 2025

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act

1. SNAP- the federal Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program administered in Oklahoma following the passage of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008.
2. Eligible food- Any food product that is eligible for purchase under SNAP.
3. Retail food establishment- any business or corporation authorized by the Oklahoma Department of Human Services or the United States Department of Agriculture to accept SNAP benefits

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to reads:

1. No additional restrictions shall be placed on the use of SNAP food benefits beyond those established by federal law or regulation.
2. Families and individuals receiving SNAP benefits shall continue to have access to all food products previously eligible for purchase under SNAP.
3. Any policy, rule, or regulation adopted that restricts the purchase of food otherwise eligible under SNAP shall be null and void,

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Any retail food establishment or corporation authorized to accept SNAP benefits that knowingly restricts access to eligible foods in violation of this act will be fined five hundred dollars (\$500).

Section 5. This act shall become effective immediately after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. ECU-502

Kreis (ECU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to food allergens and public education; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Food Allergen Nutrition Substitute” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. Food Allergy- An adverse food reaction that can be caused by consuming or inhaling the allergen.
2. FASTER- The Federal Allergy Safety, Treatment, Education, and Research Act. Clarified the nine most common food allergies and required that food products be labeled for containing them.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

1. All federally funded educational programs should provide food allergen alternatives within a fifteen percent (15%) range of the same nutritional values as the allergen within their central food service establishment. The prioritized substitutions would be for the allergens according to the FASTER Act.
 - a. This would become a new qualification on Food Safety Inspections.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Any individual found in violation of Section 3.1 by local law enforcement shall be recognized as being noncompliant with FDA safety laws and an

automatic grade of “Failure” on inspections. This would result in an automatic temporary closure of the establishment.

Section 5. This act shall become effective August 1st, 2026 after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. ECU-503

Kreis (ECU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to nutritional access; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Public Education Iodine Access” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. Iodine- a mineral needed for thyroid function most commonly found in regular table salt, but not sea salt. The recommended daily amount is one hundred and fifty (150) micrograms for the average adult. Being deficient in iodine can lead to a lowered immune response over time.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

1. All federally funded educational programs should provide iodized salt alongside non-iodized salt in food service establishments in the event that over twenty percent (20%) of items served do not provide the recommended daily amount.
 - a. This would become a new qualification on Food Safety Inspections.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Any individual found in violation of Section 3.1 by local law enforcement shall be recognized as being noncompliant with food and safety law and fined one hundred and fifty dollars (\$150). In continued acts of noncompliance, the establishment could receive a lower quality rating of their standard Food Safety Inspection.

Section 5. This act shall become effective 30 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. NWOSU-501

Williams (NWOSU) of the House
Kline (NWOSU) of the Senate

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to sex education; providing for short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Comprehensive Sex Education” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. Comprehensive sex education- a curriculum-based process of teaching and learning about the cognitive, emotional, physical, and social aspects of sexuality.
2. Contraception- The act of preventing pregnancy. Methods include medications, procedures, devices, and behaviors. Also known as birth control.
3. Sexually Transmitted Infections- Infections transmitted through sexual contact, caused by bacteria, viruses, or parasites.
4. Spermicide- A chemical that kills sperm that is found in creams, films, foams, gels, and suppositories, often available at any drugstore.
5. Abstinence- The practice of self-enforced restraint from indulging in bodily activities that are widely experienced as giving pleasure.
6. Diaphragms- Dome-shaped, silicone cups that are inserted in the vagina hours before sex to prevent pregnancy.
7. Public schools - Schools supported by public funds.
8. Charter schools- A publicly funded independent school established by teachers, parents, or community groups under the terms of a charter with a local or national authority.
9. IUDs- An intrauterine device is a small, T-shaped piece of plastic inserted into the uterus to provide birth control.
10. Consent- Permission for something to happen or agreement to do something.
11. Sex- Sexual activity, including specifically sexual intercourse.

12. Reproductive system- The reproductive system of an organism, also known as the genital system, is the biological system made up of all the anatomical organs involved in sexual reproduction.
13. Endometriosis- A disorder in which tissue similar to the tissue that lines the uterus grows outside the uterus in places where it doesn't belong.
14. Mandatory- required by law or rules; compulsory.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

1. All public schools and charter schools in Oklahoma shall provide mandatory comprehensive sex education classes or seminars to all students in the fifth (5th) through twelfth (12th) grades.
 - a. A parent or legal guardian may opt their student out of these classes and/or seminars for reasons of religious exemptions.
2. These classes or seminars must:
 - a. Be age-appropriate. Suitable subjects for grades fifth (5th) through eighth (8th) include the human body and its systems, puberty and the changes that happen to a body during that time, menstruation, pregnancy, and consent. Suitable subjects for grades ninth (9th) through twelfth (12th) include all previously covered content with the addition of sexually transmitted infections, contraception, their rights in relation to sex and consent, and negotiation skills.
 - b. Provide accurate, factual information.
 - c. When age-appropriate, supply students with information about sexually transmitted infections and different methods of contraception, including but not limited to spermicide, fertility awareness methods, withdrawal, abstinence, female and male condoms, diaphragms, oral contraceptives, IUDs, and other hormonal contraceptives.
 - d. Provide students with a clear understanding of consent and help them develop the negotiation skills necessary for sexual encounters.
 - e. When age-appropriate, provide students with a clear understanding of their rights in relation to sex and consent.
 - f. Provide students with a clear understanding of the human body and its functions, specifically the reproductive system. This includes possible disorders of the reproductive system, such as endometriosis.
 - g. Students should be educated on potential predatory language and commonly used luring tactics.

Section 4. This act shall become effective at the beginning of the 2027-2028 school year.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OBU-501

Brothers (OBU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to education; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “The State Department of Education: Incentivization Division for School, Employee, and Student Excellence” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. “School” is any federally recognized public entity that allows 9th-12th grade schooling. “State” is regarding the state government of Oklahoma.
2. “Department” a division of a large organization such as a government, university, business, or shop, dealing with a specific subject, commodity, or area of activity.
3. “Grant” is any sum of money given by a government for a particular purpose.
4. “Pornography” is any printed or visual material containing the explicit description or display of sexual organs or activity, intended to stimulate erotic rather than aesthetic or emotional feelings.
5. “Sex Work” is the practice or occupation of engaging in sexual acts, appearing in pornography, or taking part in similar activities for payment.
6. “Erotic Television Advertisements” is any advertisement, printed or visual, intended to arouse sexual desire or excitement.
7. “Gambling” is the activity of playing games of chance for money, or of betting on the outcome of future events.
8. “Alcohol” is any beverage in liquid form which contains not less than one-half (½) of one percent (1%) of alcohol by volume and is intended for human consumption.
9. “Tobacco” is any product made or derived from tobacco, or containing nicotine from any source, that is intended for human consumption, including any component, part, or accessory of a tobacco product

10. “Cannabis Product” is any form of cannabis or marijuana that is sold or made for the intention of human consumption.
11. “Vapor Devices” is any device used for inhaling vapor containing nicotine and flavoring.
12. “Accessories” is any instrument that is intentionally made and sold to aid in the consumption of alcohol, tobacco, marijuana, and vapor devices.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

1. A new division for the Oklahoma State Department of Education shall be created, referred to as “School Incentivization Division.”
2. At the end of a given school year, public schools shall send in all students, who are in 9th-12th, grades. From that, a finalized total of five hundred (500) proportionate to all Oklahoma public schools will be conscripted; this list will be drawn from students who have a four point zero (4.0) GPA, community service hours, extracurriculars, course rigor, and teacher recommendations. This will allow for students to be rewarded an educational grant, of five hundred dollars (\$500), for community college, university, or tech school.
3. At the end of a given school year, teachers for said students shall receive state bonuses for work proportionate to students’ grades.
4. The schools that the said top five hundred (500) students go to will receive grants that are proportionate to the number of students entered into the top five hundred (500).
5. These grants, and bonuses shall be funded by an increase on a sales tax of tobacco products, alcohol, cannabis products, vapor devices and accessories for these products.
6. These grants, and bonuses shall be funded by an increase of taxes on software within Oklahoma that promotes and includes, but not limited to, pornography, sex work, or erotic television advertisements.
7. These grants and bonuses, and shall be funded by an increase of taxes on gambling enterprises, gambling advertisements, and personal winnings from casinos.

Section 4. This act shall become effective starting the 2026-2027 school year

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OBU-502

Joplin (OBU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to education; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Artificial Intelligence Transparency in Academia” Act of 2025.
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.
1. “Artificial Intelligence (AI)” shall refer to any software, algorithm, or automated system used to evaluate, generate, or grade academic work.
 2. “Academic Evaluation” shall include, but not be limited to, grading, plagiarism detection, and admissions review.
 3. “Institution” shall refer to any public or private college, university, or higher education institution operating within the State of Oklahoma.
- Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:
1. Any institution utilizing artificial intelligence in academic evaluation shall publicly disclose:
 - a. The name, provider, and intended purpose of each AI system used,
 - b. The extent and nature of human oversight in its operation, and
 - c. Procedures allowing students to appeal or request human review of AI-based evaluations.
 2. Students shall have the right to request human evaluation of their academic work when feasible.
 3. All faculty and administrative staff shall receive annual training on ethical AI use, prevention of algorithmic bias, and data privacy.
 4. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education shall be responsible for establishing oversight and compliance procedures for this act.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Any institution found to have willfully concealed or misrepresented the use of artificial intelligence in academic evaluation shall be subject to review and administrative sanction by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education, including potential suspension of state funding until compliance is achieved.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OBU-503

Nguyen (OBU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to speed limit freedom; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as “The Free Bird Flight to Freedom” Act of 2025

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. “Speeding” is an activity of exceeding the posted speed limit, driving too fast for conditions, or racing.
2. “*Free Bird* - Lynyrd Skynyrd” is a rock anthem about the desire for freedom and independence, highlighted by its powerful guitar solo.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

1. Individuals shall be exempt from speed limit restrictions and may exceed the established speed limit by up to twenty (20) miles per hour only while “*Free Bird*” by Lynyrd Skynyrd is actively playing.
2. Individuals shall be exempt from speed limit restrictions and may exceed the established speed limit by up to twenty (20) miles per hour in school zones only while the guitar solo of “*Free Bird*” by Lynyrd Skynyrd is actively playing.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OBU-504

Shuman (OBU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to school-zone crosswalks; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known at the "School Zone Crosswalk Safety" Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. "Crosswalk" shall refer to the marked part of a street where pedestrians (including but not limited to students, parents, and teachers) are given the right to walk.
2. "Public Universities" shall refer to every four-year (4) higher education institution and community college governed by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

1. All crosswalks within a one-mile (1) radius of an elementary school, secondary school, or public university must be repainted by the city they reside in to ensure clear visibility for pedestrians every two (2) years.
 - a. When it has been two (2) years since the effective date, the city the school resides in will have a month to finish repainting.
2. For every crosswalk within a 1-mile (1) of an elementary school, secondary school, or public university, the signage must be re-checked, ensuring no damage or vandalization.

Section 4. This act shall become effective on the first of the month of the starting month of the next school year, August 1st, 2025.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OBU-505

Zachary (OBU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to veteran affairs; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Patriot Perks” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. “Veteran” is a person who has served in the military.
2. “Restaurant” is a place where people pay to sit and eat meals that are cooked and served on the premises.
3. “Discount” is a deduction from the usual cost of something, typically given for prompt or advance payment or to a special category of buyers.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

1. The proposed law would require restaurants to offer discounts to veterans as a way of recognizing their service and supporting them financially.
2. The proposed law would allow restaurants to determine the amount of a veteran discount at their discretion, provided that the discount is no less than ten percent (10%).

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Any restaurant that knowingly fails to provide the required veteran discount as mandated under this Act shall be subject to a civil fine not exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each violation.
2. Repeated or willful violations may result in suspension or revocation of the establishment’s business license as determined by the appropriate regulatory authority.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. ORU-501

Clark (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to taxation; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "E-cigarette Taxation Initiative" of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for this Act.

- A. Vapor product - as defined in 70 OK Stat § 1210.212. shall mean noncombustible products, that may or may not contain nicotine, that employ a mechanical heating element, battery, electronic circuit or other mechanism, regardless of shape or size, that can be used to produce a vapor in a solution or other form. "Vapor products" shall include any vapor cartridge or other container with or without nicotine or other form that is intended to be used with an electronic cigarette, electronic cigar, electronic cigarillo, electronic pipe or similar product or device and any vapor cartridge or other container of a solution, that may or may not contain nicotine, that is intended to be used with or in an electronic cigarette, electronic cigar, electronic cigarillo or electronic device. "Vapor products" do not include any products regulated by the United States Food and Drug Administration under Chapter V of the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act.
- B. Distributor - any person engaged in the business of selling vapor products, otherwise known as E-cigarette products, in this state who brings, or causes to be brought, into this state from outside the state any vapor or E-cigarette products for sale.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

- A. All vapor products and E-cigarette liquids purchased in the state of Oklahoma will be subject to a one-time privilege tax of zero dollars and five cents

(\$0.05) per mL. The tax will be collected from the distributor of the vapor product. The tax is to be collected by the Oklahoma Tax Commission, and funds will be allocated to the Tobacco Settlement Endowment Trust (TSET) for the funding of a vapor product-specific quitting program.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. ORU-502

Clinkenbeard (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to driver licenses; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Oklahoma Driver Preparedness Act" of 2025.
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.
- A. Driver - any person who drives, operates or is in actual physical control of a vehicle.
 - B. Applicant - any person who is applying for a driver license, learner permit, or commercial learner permit.
 - C. Driver license - a document issued by Service Oklahoma or the driver licensing agency of another state or country that grants to the person named thereon the privilege to drive, operate or be in actual physical control of a motor vehicle. The term shall include an intermediate Class D driver license, a learner permit and a commercial learner permit.
 - D. Cardiopulmonary resuscitation - measures used to restore or support cardiac or respiratory function in the event of a cardiac or respiratory arrest;
 - E. Public school - all free accredited educational institutions supported by public taxation and teaching students from pre-kindergarten, if applicable, or kindergarten to grade twelve (12) in the state of Oklahoma.
 - F. Private school - all privately owned, nonpublic educational institutions receiving remuneration, such as tuition, and teaching students from pre-kindergarten, if applicable, or kindergarten to grade twelve (12) in the state of Oklahoma.
 - G. Service Oklahoma location - any location where services offered by Service Oklahoma are provided including locations operated by either Service Oklahoma or pursuant to a license issued by Service Oklahoma.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

- A. Following the enactment of this bill, all drivers, applicants, and other licensees in the State of Oklahoma must have received instruction in cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and awareness of the purpose and use of an automated external defibrillator (AED). The Department of Public Safety (DPS) shall require CPR certification for all new drivers, regardless of age, including those applying for learner's permits. This requirement shall also apply to any applicant under the age of eighteen (18).
 - a. Service Oklahoma shall adopt rules to implement this section in consultation with the Department of Public Safety and the State Department of Health.
 - i. Such rules will define acceptable CPR and AED instructional programs consistent with nationally recognized evidence-based guidelines, specify acceptable forms of documentation, and establish processes for monitoring compliance and maintaining records.
 - b. Instruction in cardiopulmonary resuscitation shall incorporate psychomotor skills training and shall be based upon an instructional program which is nationally recognized and is based upon the most current national evidence-based Emergency Cardiovascular Care guidelines for cardiopulmonary resuscitation and the use of an automated external defibrillator.
 - c. Service Oklahoma shall provide waivers or reasonable accommodations for individuals who, due to a verified medical condition or disability, are unable to perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR).
 - i. Individuals aged sixty-five (65) years or older may apply for an exemption if they demonstrate that completion of the required training would present a medical or physical hardship.
 - ii. Service Oklahoma shall promulgate rules establishing the process for requesting, reviewing, and approving such waivers or exemptions, ensuring fairness and consistency with the purposes of this act.
- B. Students of any public or private school may apply their cardiopulmonary resuscitation instruction received in school towards their driver license application with the already provided documentation from a school administrator or advisor to be presented at a Service Oklahoma location.

- C. No individual holding a valid driver license or permit prior to the enactment of this bill shall be required to obtain cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) certification until the expiration of their current license or permit. Upon renewal, all licensees shall comply with the (CPR) and automated external defibrillator (AED) instruction requirements set forth in this act.
 - a. This act shall apply prospectively to renewals and new applications issued on or after the effective date, and shall not affect the validity of any license lawfully issued before that date.
- D. Service Oklahoma and the Department of Public Safety shall jointly implement this act in phases to ensure statewide training access. Full compliance shall be required beginning one (1) year after the effective date.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. ORU-503

Condry (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to animal welfare and higher education; providing a short title; providing for codification; providing for penalties; providing an effective date, and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Oklahoma Student Shelter Partnership Act of 2025.”

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 731.10 of Title 70, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

1. Beginning August 1, 2027, every public institution of higher education in the state of Oklahoma shall establish a Campus Shelter Program.
2. A Campus Shelter Program shall include either:
 - a. A physical animal shelter facility located on campus; or
 - b. A formal written partnership with a licensed animal shelter located within one (1) mile of the institution’s main campus.
3. Campus Shelter Programs shall provide opportunities for students to volunteer, intern, or work with the shelter. Participation may be used for class credit, service-learning hours, or general volunteering.
4. All student volunteers must complete a basic training course in animal care and safety prior to participation.
5. The Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food, and Forestry shall oversee shelter standards, while the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education shall oversee institutional compliance and integration into curriculum.

Section 3. PENALTIES

1. Institutions failing to comply with this section by the deadline shall be subject to review of their accreditation status and may become ineligible for state funding designated for student services.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Section 5. EMERGENCY CLAUSE

It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. ORU-504

Condry (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to College Meal Plans; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Student Meal Choice and Access” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. “Meal Plan” shall be defined as a prepaid account that allows students to access food provided through a college or university.
2. “Meal Debit Card” shall be defined as a reloadable debit card issued to students by their institution for the purpose of spending a portion of their meal plan funds at approved off-campus restaurants.
3. “Participating Restaurant” shall be defined as any off-campus food establishment approved by a college or university to accept the Meal Debit Card for student dining.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 731.10 Title 70, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

1. All public colleges and universities in the State of Oklahoma shall include an off-campus dining option as part of their meal plan programs.
2. Each student enrolled in a qualifying institutional meal plan shall receive a Meal Debit Card preloaded with twenty dollars (\$20) per week, usable only at participating off-campus restaurants.
3. Meal Debit Card funds shall roll over from week to week if unused.
4. Each institution shall be responsible for determining the list of approved participating restaurants, based on health, safety, and proximity standards.

5. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education shall oversee the implementation and compliance of this program and may allocate existing funding to support its execution.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Any public college or university that fails to implement the provisions of this act may be subject to review and corrective action by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education.
2. Any student found to be misusing their Meal Debit Card may be subject to disciplinary action as determined by their institution.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. ORU-505

Condry (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to education; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for implementation and oversight; providing for penalties, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Campus Mobility Access and Sustainability” Act of 2025.
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:
1. Institution of Higher Education – any public college or university within the State of Oklahoma.
 2. E-bike – an electrically assisted bicycle as defined by state traffic code.
 3. E-scooter – a small electric vehicle designed for individual transport, typically with two wheels and a standing platform.
 4. Campus Mobility Program – an institutional initiative that provides transportation resources for student use at no additional cost.
- Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 731.10 of Title 70, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, to read as follows:
1. All public institutions of higher education in the state shall provide a campus mobility program that includes free access to electric bicycles and scooters for enrolled students.
 2. The number of vehicles provided must be proportional to student enrollment, with a minimum ratio of one vehicle per fifty (50) full-time students.
 3. Campuses shall make these vehicles available for use between dormitories, academic buildings, and other student facilities.
- Section 4. IMPLEMENTATION AND OVERSIGHT

1. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education, in partnership with the Oklahoma Department of Transportation, shall oversee the implementation of this act.
2. These agencies shall establish guidelines for:
 - a. Safety training modules for first-time users;
 - b. Maintenance and storage requirements;
 - c. Equitable access across campus populations.

Section 5. PENALTIES

1. Any institution failing to comply with the requirements of this act shall be subject to a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per academic semester.
2. Continued noncompliance may result in the suspension of state funding or grant eligibility related to transportation or infrastructure.

Section 6. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. ORU-506

Harris (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to transportation; providing a Short Title; providing for definitions; providing for codification, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Intercity Rail” Act of 2025.
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:
1. “Train” shall refer to a basic intercity passenger railroad.
 2. “Heartland Flyer” shall refer to a planned railway between Oklahoma and Texas that was never completed due to Texas refusing to contribute to its costs.
- Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:
1. A train is to be established between Tulsa and Oklahoma City, being constructed using the funds that were previously allocated to the Heartland Flyer. This will be completed under the authority of the Department of Transportation.
- Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. ORU-507

Harris (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to education; providing a short title; providing for codification, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Common Sense" Act of 2025.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. All students will be required to take a basic competency assessment to graduate, with testable information including, but not limited to: how to interact with service workers, how to manage their emotions while driving, how not to throw tantrums in public, how to keep a respectable volume, how to not interfere in matters that do not concern oneself, how to show basic respect for the standards of workplace environments. Those with a score below eighty percent (80%) will be required to take a "proper adult" class and pass the test on a subsequent attempt before they can graduate.

Section 3. This act shall become effective during the 2026-2027 school year after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. ORU-508

Harris (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to public safety; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing an effective date, and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Emergency Protection" Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for this Act.

1. "Public building" shall refer to a space funded by state and municipal money that is created for the good of all people and accessible to all, such as libraries and town halls.
2. "Unhoused persons" shall refer to those with no stable residence, who may be forced to live without proper accommodations.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. Public buildings, including, but not limited to, libraries, government buildings, and police stations must have a designated space to allow unhoused persons to stay in during times of emergency weather conditions, according to the standards of the National Weather Service.
2. Those in charge of these spaces have the liberty of designating this open area and choosing how to manage those who take advantage of this service, provided they ensure no risk to life for these individuals. Similarly, they must provide access to basic facilities such as drinking water and restrooms.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Section 5. EMERGENCY CLAUSE

It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. ORU-509

Hornek (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to education; providing a Short Title; providing for definitions; providing for codification, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Textbook Transparency Act" of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for this Act.

1. "Institution of Higher Education" is defined as any public university, college, or community college in the State of Oklahoma that is part of the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education system.
2. "Course Materials" is defined as any required or recommended textbooks, workbooks, lab manuals, access codes, software, or other instructional resources that a student must obtain to successfully complete a course.
3. "International Standard Book Number (ISBN)" is defined as a unique numeric commercial book identifier used internationally to distinguish specific editions of textbooks and instructional materials.
"Retail Price" is defined as the price of course materials listed by the publisher or provider, including both new and used editions when available.
4. "Publish" or "Publication" is defined as publicly accessible through the institution's official course registration system, online course catalog, or other digital platforms available to enrolled and prospective students.
5. "Enrollment Period" is defined as the designated time frame during which students may register for classes, as determined by the institution's academic calendar.
6. "Instructor of Record" is defined as professor, lecturer, or faculty member responsible for the design and delivery of a course, who is required to provide accurate information on course materials.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. Each institution within the Oklahoma State System of Higher Education shall require every instructor of record to submit a complete list of required and recommended course materials, including International Standard Book Numbers (ISBNs) and retail prices, to the institution not later than thirty (30) days prior to the first date of student enrollment for any academic term.
2. Each institution shall develop, maintain, and publish the information submitted under subsection A of this section in a publicly accessible, searchable database that is linked to the institution's official course registration system. The database shall be maintained and regulated by the institution in accordance with guidelines established by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education.
 - a. The publication required by this section shall include:
 - b. The title and edition of each course material;
 - c. The ISBN of each course material, when applicable;
 - d. The retail price of new and used versions, if available; and
 - e. A statement indicating whether prior editions or open-source alternatives are permitted.
3. Instructors who do not require course materials shall submit a declaration of "No Materials Required."

Section 4. This act shall become effective as of the beginning of the 2026 school year.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. ORU-510

Hornek (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to traffic laws; providing a short title; amending 47 O.S. § 11-901d, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Drive Don't Text Act" of 2025.

Section 2. AMENDATORY 47 O.S. § 11-901d is amended to read as follows:

- A. It shall be unlawful for any person to operate a motor vehicle on any street or highway within this state while using a hand-held electronic communication device to manually compose, send or read an electronic text message while the motor vehicle is in motion, or at a stop sign or at a stop light.
- B. Any person who violates the provisions of subsection A of this section shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00).
- C. The Department of Public Safety shall not record or assess points for violations of this section on any license holder's traffic record maintained by Service Oklahoma.
- D. The provisions of subsection A of this section shall not apply if the person is using the cellular telephone or electronic communication device for the sole purpose of communicating with any of the following regarding an imminent emergency situation:
 - a. An emergency response operator;
 - b. A hospital, physician's office or health clinic;
 - c. A provider of ambulance services;
 - d. A provider of firefighting services; or
 - e. A law enforcement agency.
- E. Municipalities may enact and municipal police officers may enforce ordinances prohibiting and penalizing conduct under the provisions of this section. The provisions of such ordinances shall be the same as provided for in this section; the enforcement provisions of those ordinances shall not be more stringent than those of this section; and the fine and court costs for municipal

ordinance violations shall be the same or a lesser amount as provided for in this section.

F. For the purpose of this section:

- a. "Cellular telephone" means an analog or digital wireless telephone authorized by the Federal Communications Commission to operate in the frequency bandwidth reserved for cellular telephones;
- b. "Compose", "send" or "read" with respect to a text message means the manual entry, sending or retrieval of a text message to communicate with any person or device;
- c. "Electronic communication device" means an electronic device that permits the user to manually transmit a communication of written text by means other than through an oral transfer or wire communication.

This term does not include:

- i. a device that is physically or electronically integrated into a motor vehicle,
 - ii. a voice-operated global positioning or navigation system that is affixed to a motor vehicle,
 - iii. a hands-free device that allows the user to write, send or read a text message without the use of either hand except to activate, deactivate or initiate a feature or function, or
 - iv. an ignition interlock device that has been installed on a motor vehicle; and
- d. "Text message" includes a text-based message, instant message, electronic message, photo, video or electronic mail.

Section 3. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. ORU-511

By: Lewis (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the construction of a physical wall along the borders of the State of Oklahoma; providing for a Short Title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “MWL Oklahoma State Border Protection Act of 2025.”

Section 2. DEFINITIONS: The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. “Wall” is to be defined as a continuous physical barrier constructed along the geographic boundaries of the State of Oklahoma, designed to restrict or control the movement of people, vehicles, and goods into and out of the state.

Section 3. NEW LAW: A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

1. It is hereby authorized the planning, construction, and maintenance of a physical barrier along the geographic borders of the State of Oklahoma. The wall shall be fifty (50) feet tall at all points except points of entry/exit. It is hereby authorized to install points of surveillance along the wall. It is hereby authorized to mandate the employment of eight hundred Oklahoma Immigration and Customs Enforcement Officers to work the border.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Any individual found breaching or tampering with the wall without proper authorization shall face the death penalty.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. ORU-512

By: Lewis (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to taxation; providing for a Short Title; providing for definitions; providing for codification, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Oklahoma Storm Shelter Tax Credit Act of 2026."
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS: The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.
1. "FEMA-compliant" refers to meeting the standards and regulations set by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) in the United States.
- Section 3. NEW LAW: A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:
1. It is hereby authorized that there shall be allowed a one-time three thousand and five hundred dollars (\$3,500) income tax credit for any resident individual who installs a FEMA-compliant storm shelter on residential property they own and occupy as a primary residence in the State of Oklahoma.
- Section 4. This act shall take effect for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2026.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. ORU-513

By: Mensah-Woode (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to state holidays; providing a short title; providing for definitions, providing codification, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This Act shall be known as the “Boomer Sooner Day” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for this Act.

1. “Sooners” refers to the sports team name of the University of Oklahoma, located in Norman, Oklahoma.
2. “Holiday” refers to a day observed statewide in accordance with Oklahoma Statute Title 25, § 82.2.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. The 19th day of November is hereby declared as an official holiday to be known as “Boomer Sooner Day.”

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. ORU-514

Mensah-Woode (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to taxation; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; repealing conflicting legislation, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Taxpayer Bill of Rights" or "TABOR" Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for this Act.

1. "Ballot issue" means a non-recall petition or referred measure in an election.
2. "District" means the state or any local government, excluding enterprises.
3. "Emergency" excludes economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or district salary or fringe benefit increases.
4. "Enterprise" means a government-owned business authorized to issue its own revenue bonds and receiving under 10% of annual revenue in grants from all Oklahoma state and local governments combined.
5. "Fiscal year spending" means all district expenditures and reserve increases except, as to both, those for refunds made in the current or next fiscal year or those from gifts, federal funds, collections for another government, pension contributions by employees and pension fund earnings, reserve transfers or expenditures, damage awards, or property sales.
6. "Inflation" means the percentage change in the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index for Oklahoma City, all items, all urban consumers, or its successor index.
7. "Local growth" for a non-school district means a net percentage change in actual value of all real property in a district from construction of taxable real property improvements, minus destruction of similar improvements, and additions to, minus deletions from, taxable real property. For a school district, it means the percentage change in its student enrollment.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. General provisions.

This section takes effect July 1st, 2026 or as stated. Its preferred interpretation shall reasonably restrain most the growth of government. All provisions are self-executing and severable and supersede conflicting state constitutional, state statutory, charter, or other state or local provisions. Other limits on district revenue, spending, and debt may be weakened only by future voter approval. Individual or class action enforcement suits may be filed and shall have the highest civil priority of resolution. Successful plaintiffs are allowed costs and reasonable attorney fees, but a district is not unless a suit against it be ruled frivolous. Revenue collected, kept, or spent illegally since four full fiscal years before a suit is filed shall be refunded with ten percent (10%) annual simple interest from the initial conduct. Subject to judicial review, districts may use any reasonable method for refunds under this section, including temporary tax credits or rate reductions. Refunds need not be proportional when prior payments are impractical to identify or return. When annual district revenue is less than annual payments on general obligation bonds, pensions, and final court judgments, (3) (a) and (6) shall be suspended to provide for the deficiency.

2. Election Provisions

A. Ballot issues shall be decided in a state general election, biennial local district election, or on the first Tuesday in November of odd-numbered years. Except for petitions, bonded debt, or charter or constitutional provisions, districts may consolidate ballot issues and voters may approve a delay of up to four years in voting on ballot issues. District actions taken during such a delay shall not extend beyond that period.

B. At least thirty (30) days before a ballot issue election, districts shall mail at the least cost, and as a package where districts with ballot issues overlap, a titled notice or set of notices addressed to "All Registered Voters" at each address of one or more active registered electors. The districts may coordinate the mailing required by this paragraph (b) with the distribution of the ballot information booklet required by section 1 (7.5) of article V of this constitution in order to save mailing costs. Titles shall have this order of preference: "NOTICE OF ELECTION TO INCREASE TAXES/TO INCREASE DEBT/ON A CITIZEN PETITION/ON A REFERRED MEASURE." Except for district voter-approved additions, notices shall include only:

- a. The election date, hours, ballot title, text, and local election office address and telephone number.
 - b. For proposed district tax or bonded debt increases, the estimated or actual total of district fiscal year spending for the current year and each of the past four years, and the overall percentage and dollar change.
 - c. For the first full fiscal year of each proposed district tax increase, district estimates of the maximum dollar amount of each increase and of district fiscal year spending without the increase.
 - d. For proposed district bonded debt, its principal amount and maximum annual and total district repayment cost, and the principal balance of total current district bonded debt and its maximum annual and remaining total district repayment cost.
 - e. Two summaries, up to five hundred (500) words each, one for and one against the proposal, of written comments filed with the election officer by forty-five (45) days before the election. No summary shall mention names of persons or private groups, nor any endorsements of or resolutions against the proposal. Petition representatives following these rules shall write this summary for their petition. The election officer shall maintain and accurately summarize all other relevant written comments. The provisions of this subparagraph (v) do not apply to a statewide ballot issue, which is subject to the provisions of Oklahoma Constitution, Article V, Sections 1-7.
- C. Except by later voter approval, if a tax increase or fiscal year spending exceeds any estimate in (B) (iii) for the same fiscal year, the tax increase is thereafter reduced up to one hundred percent (100%) in proportion to the combined dollar excess, and the combined excess revenue refunded in the next fiscal year. District bonded debt shall not issue on terms that could exceed its share of its maximum repayment costs in (B) (iv). Ballot titles for tax or bonded debt increases shall begin, "SHALL (DISTRICT) TAXES BE INCREASED (first, or if phased in, final, full fiscal year dollar increase) ANNUALLY...?" or "SHALL (DISTRICT) DEBT BE INCREASED (principal amount), WITH A REPAYMENT COST OF (maximum total district cost), ...?"

3. Required Elections

Upon the passage of this bill, districts must have voter approval in advance for:

- A. Unless (1) or (5) applies, any new tax, tax rate increase, mill levy above that for the prior year, valuation for assessment ratio increase for a property class, or extension of an expiring tax, or a tax policy change directly causing a net tax revenue gain to any district.
- B. Except for refinancing district bonded debt at a lower interest rate or adding new employees to existing district pension plans, creation of any multiple-fiscal year direct or indirect district debt or other financial obligation whatsoever without adequate present cash reserves pledged irrevocably and held for payments in all future fiscal years.

4. Emergency reserves

- A. To use for declared emergencies only, each district shall reserve for the 2026 fiscal year one percent (1%) or more, for 2027 two percent (2%) or more, and for all later years three percent (3%) or more of its fiscal year spending excluding bonded debt service. Unused reserves apply to the next year's reserve.

5. Emergency taxes.

- A. This subsection grants no new taxing power. Emergency property taxes are prohibited. Emergency tax revenue is excluded for purposes of (2) (C) and (4), even if later ratified by voters. Emergency taxes shall also meet all of the following conditions:
 - a. A two-thirds ($\frac{2}{3}$) majority of the members of each house of the Oklahoma State Legislature or of a local district board declares the emergency and imposes the tax by separate recorded roll call votes.
 - b. Emergency tax revenue shall be spent only after emergency reserves are depleted, and shall be refunded within one hundred and eighty (180) days after the emergency ends if not spent on the emergency.
 - c. A tax not approved on the next election date sixty (60) days or more after the declaration shall end with that election month.

6. Spending limits.

- A. The maximum annual percentage change in state fiscal year spending equals inflation plus the percentage change in state population in the prior calendar year, adjusted for revenue changes approved by voters after 2026. Population shall be determined by annual federal census estimates and such number shall be adjusted every decade to match the federal census.
- B. The maximum annual percentage change in each local district's fiscal year spending equals inflation in the prior calendar year plus annual local growth, adjusted for revenue changes approved by voters after 2026 and (5) (B) and (6) reductions.
- C. The maximum annual percentage change in each district's property tax revenue equals inflation in the prior calendar year plus annual local growth, adjusted for property tax revenue changes approved by voters after 2026 and (5) (B) and (6) reductions.
- D. If revenue from sources not excluded from fiscal year spending exceeds these limits in dollars for that fiscal year, the excess shall be refunded in the next fiscal year unless voters approve a revenue change as an offset. Initial district bases are current fiscal year spending and 2026 property tax collected in 2027. Qualification or disqualification as an enterprise shall change district bases and future year limits. Future creation of district bonded debt shall increase, and retiring or refinancing district bonded debt shall lower, fiscal year spending and property tax revenue by the annual debt service so funded. Debt service changes, reductions, and (2) (c) refunds, and voter-approved revenue changes are dollar amounts that are exceptions to, and not part of, any district base. Voter-approved revenue changes do not require a tax rate change.

7. Revenue limits.

- A. New or increased transfer tax rates on real property are prohibited. No new state real property tax or local district income tax shall be imposed. Neither an income tax rate increase nor a new state definition of taxable income shall apply before the next tax year. Any income tax law change after July 1, 2026 shall also require all taxable net income to be taxed at one rate, excluding refund tax credits or voter-approved tax credits, with no added tax or surcharge.
- B. Each district may enact cumulative uniform exemptions and credits to reduce or end business personal property taxes.
- C. Regardless of reassessment frequency, valuation notices shall be mailed annually and may be appealed annually, with no presumption

in favor of any pending valuation. Past or future sales by a lender or government shall also be considered as comparable market sales and their sales prices kept as public records. Actual value shall be stated on all property tax bills and valuation notices and, for residential real property, determined solely by the market approach to appraisal.

8. State mandates.

- A. Except for public education through grade twelve (12) or as required of a local district by federal law, a local district may reduce or end its subsidy to any program delegated to it by the Oklahoma State Legislature for administration. For current programs, the state may require ninety (90) days notice and that the adjustment occur in a maximum of three equal annual installments.

Section 4. REPEALER

All laws or parts of laws in conflict with this Act are hereby repealed thereafter.

Section 5. This act shall become effective beginning on July 1st, 2026.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. ORU-515

By: Mensah-Woode (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to Oklahoma transportation; providing for short title; amending 47 O.S. §7-606(A); repealing conflicting legislation, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Inaccessibility for Drivers without Insurance to Oklahoma Transportation” Act, or referred to as the “Oklahoma IDIOT Act” or “Oklahoma Automotive Insurance Guarantee.”

Section 2. AMENDATORY 47 O.S. §7-606(A), is amended to read as follows:

- A. “An owner or operator who fails to comply with the Compulsory Insurance Law shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be subject to a fine of not more than ~~Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00)~~ One Thousand Dollars (\$1000.00), or imprisonment for not more than thirty (30) days, or by both such fine and imprisonment and, in addition thereto, shall be subject to suspension of the driving privilege of the person in accordance with § 7-605 of this title; provided, that if a requesting law enforcement officer verifies valid and current security and compliance with the Compulsory Insurance Law through the online verification system, there shall be no violation of the Compulsory Insurance Law and no citation shall be issued.”
- a. seize the vehicle being operated by the person and cause the vehicle to be towed and stored as provided by subsection A of Section 955 of this title, if the officer has probable cause to believe that the vehicle is not insured as required by the Compulsory Insurance Law of this state, or
- b. seize the license plate of the vehicle and issue the citation to the vehicle operator, provided that the vehicle is in a drivable condition at the time of issuing the citation. A copy of the citation retained by the owner or operator of the vehicle shall serve as the temporary license plate of the vehicle for up to ten (10) calendar days after the issuance of the citation. After ten (10) calendar days, the vehicle shall not be

used until the vehicle operator or owner completes the requirements to retrieve the license plate.

(1) After the issuance of the citation, and if the charges are to be filed in district court, the law enforcement agency issuing the citation shall, within three (3) days, deposit the license plate and deliver a copy of the citation to the county sheriff's office of the county where the violation has occurred. If the charges are to be filed in municipal court, the law enforcement agency issuing the citation may deposit the license plate within their own agency. The county sheriff's office or municipal police department that is storing the license plate shall provide the plan administrator with the seized license plate number by entering the required information into the statewide database maintained by the plan administrator. The plan administrator shall maintain a database including all seized license plates and shall submit such information to the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

(2) The vehicle owner or operator may retrieve the license plate from the county sheriff's office or municipal police department upon providing verification of compliance with the Compulsory Insurance Law, payment in full of an administrative fee of One Hundred Twenty-five Dollars (\$125.00) to the county sheriff's office or municipal police department and payment in full of the citation to the court clerk. The county sheriff's office or municipal police department shall transfer the administrative fee to the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator shall notify the Oklahoma Tax Commission that the vehicle owner or operator is in compliance with this division and shall distribute the administrative fee as follows:

(a) Twenty Dollars (\$20.00) of the fee shall be distributed to the county sheriff's office or municipal police department that stored the seized license plate to defray any expenses involved in the storage of the license plate,

(b) Seventy Dollars (\$70.00) of the fee shall be transferred to the law enforcement agency which issued the citation and may be used for any lawful purpose,

(c) Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) of the fee shall be transferred to the Temporary Insurance Premium Pool,

(d)the Plan Administrator shall retain Ten Dollars (\$10.00) of the fee, and

(e)if, by the end of the second business day immediately following the date of citation, a person produces proof to the law enforcement agency that issued the citation and is storing the seized license plate that a current security verification form or equivalent form which has been issued by the Department of Public Safety reflecting liability coverage for the person was in force at the time of the alleged offense, the person shall not be required to pay the administrative fee required by this division. If no such proof is presented within that time, the person shall pay the full administrative fee required by this division, regardless of whether the person had minimum auto liability insurance coverage at the time of citation.

(3)The county sheriff's office or municipal police department may dispose of any unclaimed license plate after ninety (90) days according to applicable state law. After the license plate has been disposed of by the county sheriff's office or municipal police department, the operator or owner shall be required to obtain a new license plate pursuant to all existing requirements.

If the operator of the vehicle produces what appears to be a valid security verification form and the officer is unable to confirm compliance through the online verification system or noncompliance by a subsequent investigation, the officer shall be prohibited from seizing the license plate or seizing the vehicle and causing such vehicle to be towed and stored. Further, no vehicle shall be seized and towed under the provisions of this paragraph if the vehicle is displaying a temporary license plate that has not expired pursuant to the provisions of Sections 1137.1 and 1137.3 of this title.

Section 3. REPEALER

All laws or parts of laws in conflict with this Act are hereby repealed thereafter.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. ORU-516

Osei (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to food products; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Dead Red” Act or “DRA” of 2025

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

- A. Aspartame - A low-calorie sweetener used in various food and beverage products.
- B. Azodicarbonamide (ADA) - A chemical used as a flour-bleaching agent and dough conditioner in bread-making.
- C. Blue Dye 1 - Also known as Brilliant Blue FCF, it's a synthetic dye used to color food and beverages.
- D. Blue Dye 2 - Also known as Indigotine, it's a synthetic dye used in food products.
- E. Brominated Vegetable Oil (BVO) - A food additive used to keep citrus flavoring from separating in beverages.
- F. Butylated Hydroxyanisole (BHA) - A synthetic antioxidant used to prevent fats and oils from becoming rancid.
- G. Butylated Hydroxytoluene (BHT) - A synthetic antioxidant used to preserve fats and oils in food products.
- H. Ethylene Dichloride - A chemical solvent used in the production of plastics and other industrial applications.
- I. Green Dye 3 - Also known as Fast Green FCF, it's a synthetic dye used in food products.
- J. Methylene Chloride - A solvent used in various industrial processes, including paint stripping and degreasing.
- K. Potassium Bromate - A flour improver used to strengthen dough and enhance bread rise.
- L. Propyl Gallate - An antioxidant preservative used in foods containing fats and oils.

- M. Propylparaben - A preservative used in cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, and food products to prevent microbial growth.
- N. Red Dye 3 - Also known as Erythrosine, it's a synthetic dye used in food products.
- O. Red Dye 40 - Also known as Allura Red AC, a synthetic dye used in food and beverages.
- P. Sodium Benzoate - A preservative used to prevent the growth of bacteria, yeast, and molds in acidic foods and beverages.
- Q. Sodium Nitrate - A preservative used in cured meats and poultry to prevent bacterial growth and maintain color.
- R. Titanium Dioxide - A white pigment used in foods, cosmetics, and paints to provide whiteness and opacity.
- S. Trichloroethylene - A solvent used in industrial processes, including degreasing metal parts.
- T. Yellow Dye 5 - Also known as Tartrazine, a synthetic dye used in food and beverages.
- U. Yellow Dye 6 - Also known as Sunset Yellow FCF, a synthetic dye used in food and beverages.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

- A. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person, firm, association, corporation, or any other entity of this state shall manufacture, compound, brew, distill, produce, process, sell, deliver, distribute, hold, offer, or expose for sale any of the following substances as food additives or food color additives or any other food product, or those additives or color additives used to reformulate ingestible drugs that contain any of the following substances:
 - 1. Aspartame
 - 2. Azodicarbonamide (ADA);
 - 3. Blue dye 1;
 - 4. Blue dye 2;
 - 5. Brominated vegetable oil (BVO);
 - 6. Butylated hydroxyanisole (BHA);
 - 7. Butylated hydroxytoluene (BHT);
 - 8. Ethylene dichloride;
 - 9. Green dye 3;
 - 10. Methylene chloride;
 - 11. Potassium bromate;
 - 12. Propyl gallate;

13. Propylparaben;
 14. Red dye 3;
 15. Red dye 40;
 16. Sodium benzoate;
 17. Sodium nitrate;
 18. Titanium dioxide;
 19. Trichloroethylene;
 20. Yellow dye 5; or
 21. Yellow dye 6.
- B. Upon the effective date of this act, no person, firm, association, corporation, or any other entity shall manufacture, compound, brew, distill, produce, process, sell, deliver, distribute, hold, offer, or expose for sale as food additives or food color additives or any other food product or additives or color additives used to reformulate ingestible drugs that contain any of the ingredients provided in subsection A of this section without disclosing those ingredients on the product label, website, or a quick response (QR) code on the product label linked to a website.
- C. No person, firm, association, corporation, or any other entity shall be considered in compliance with this subsection unless the product bears a conspicuous label issuing a warning to the consumer that the product contains one or more of the ingredients provided in subsection A of this section.
- D. The State Board of Agriculture is authorized to issue a written or printed “stop-sale” or “notice of violation” order to the person, firm, association, corporation, or any other entity of a product in violation of this section.

Section 4. PENALTIES

- A. The Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food, and Forestry may take one or more of the following actions:
1. Assess an administrative penalty pursuant to Section 2-18 of Title 2 of the Oklahoma Statutes for each day of violation. Each day a violation continues shall be a separate and distinct offense,
 2. Assess an administrative penalty of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000) for subsequent violations, or
 3. Bring an action for injunctive relief granted by a district court
 4. A district court may grant injunctive relief to prevent a violation of or to compel compliance with any of the provisions of this section or any rule promulgated thereunder.
- B. Nothing in this section shall preclude the Department from seeking penalties in district court in the maximum amount allowed by law. The assessment of

penalties in an administrative enforcement proceeding shall not prevent the subsequent assessment by a court of the maximum criminal penalties for violations of this section.

1. Any person assessed an administrative penalty may be required to pay, in addition to such penalty amount and interest thereon, attorney fees and costs associated with the collection of such penalties.
2. Any administrative penalty required to be paid pursuant to the provisions of this subsection shall be deposited into the State Department of Agriculture Revolving Fund. The expenditure of these fines shall be limited to conducting the provisions of the Oklahoma Farm to School Program Act.

Section 5. This act shall become effective one hundred eighty (180) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. ORU-517

Osei (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to public schools; providing short title; providing for definitions; amending 70 O.S. §3-107.1, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Fair Representation in Club Charters Requiring Youth Approval and Neutrality With Accountability Limiting the Tyrannical Education of Regional Superintendents.” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. Student Club - a student-organized group, often meeting outside of instructional time, where students with a shared interest can pursue activities, develop skills, and socialize.
2. A State Superintendent of Public Instruction - the official provided for in Section 1 of Article VI of the Oklahoma Constitution who shall be the executive officer of the State Board of Education and have control of and direct the State Department of Education.

Section 3. AMENDATORY §70-3-107.1 is amended to read as follows:

The State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall have the control of and direct the State Department of Education. In addition to any other powers and duties as set forth by the Oklahoma Constitution or by law, the State Superintendent shall:

1. Give advice and make recommendations to the State Board of Education on all matters pertaining to the policies and administration of the public school system;
2. Adopt policies and make rules for the organization, operation and administration of the State Department of Education;
3. Organize and have control of the administration of the State Department of Education and any other supervisory agencies, divisions, personnel and their appointment and salaries and other operations necessary to carry out the

powers, duties and functions of the State Superintendent and the State Board of Education;

4. Have authority to require the coordination of all divisions of the State Department of Education and have general supervision of all employees of the Department;
5. Present all recommendations of the Department to the State Board and require employees of the Department to present specific matters directly to the State Board; and
6. Be responsible for interpretation of policy and rules set by the State Board.
7. The State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall not establish, direct, authorize, or implement any student club, organization, or chapter on the campus of a public secondary school (grades nine (9) through twelve(12)). The authority to regulate student clubs shall rest solely with the district board of education of each local school district, consistent with applicable law.
 - a. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to restrict student-initiated clubs permitted under the federal Equal Access Act.

Section 4. This act shall become effective one hundred and twenty (120) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. ORU-518

Pexton (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to protection orders; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; amending 22 O.S. §22-60.6; repealing 21 O.S. §21-1289.24c, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Enhanced Protection” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for this act.

1. “Protection order” shall be defined as a legal order issued by a Court that protects an individual(s) from harassment or abuse by restricting the abuser’s actions and behavior.
2. “Petition” shall be known as an application for a protection order that is filled out containing the specific details of the need for the protection order.
3. “Electronically file” shall be defined as a digital means of filing protection order applications made accessible to the public.
4. “Emergency protection order” shall be known as a temporary protection order that is immediately signed into effect by a judge or magistrate under threatening circumstances.
5. “Temporary ex parte order” shall be known as an order granted after an emergency protection order is granted that acknowledges the immediate need for protection allowing the protections to continue until a hearing for a final protection order.
6. “Final protection order” shall be known as an order issued by a court that grants long-term protections after a hearing where both the petitioner and respondent argue their case.
7. “Protection Order Committee (POC)” shall be defined as a group of judges, prosecutors, and county clerks that will be administrators of the protection order system and will be aiding users when needed.
8. “Chat box” shall be defined as a small window on the bottom right corner

of the website that will help to answer questions or concerns in real time.

9. “Extreme Risk Protection Order (ERPO)” shall be defined as an order issued by a Court that restricts an individual’s access to firearms if the individual is found to be especially dangerous concerning firearms in connection to a protection order.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. The State of Oklahoma will implement a statewide electronic system for protection orders:
 - a. A website will be created, connected to the state’s already existing legal aid service website oklaw.org.
 - b. The website will require the individual to create an account within the system to ask for the individual’s name, address, and contact information.
 - c. Through creating an account, an individual will be able to electronically file a petition for a protection order.
 - d. The petition for a protection order will be the same one that is available currently but in the form of an editable PDF.
 - e. Once filled out, the PDF will be submitted through the account and sent directly to a clerk’s office to be filled out and assigned to a judge.
 - f. Once the judge decides whether a hearing will be granted for a final protection order, the applicant will be informed through the contact information they give if the hearing was granted or not.
 - g. Afterwards, when the judge determines the hearing for the final protection order, another notification will be sent to inform the individual of the date
 - h. Emergency protection order petitions will also be available in the system, getting sent to a judge directly to be signed into order immediately until the courthouse is open for the victim to be granted a temporary ex parte order.
 - i. If a final protection order is granted, that will be updated on the petitioner's account, where they can view an electronic copy of the order.
 - j. A notification will be sent to the petitioner thirty (30) days before the protection order is due to expire, another fifteen (15) days before, and another ten (10) days before to allow the petitioner time to renew the protection order if necessary.

- k. Through the system, an individual will have the option of submitting a renewal of the protection order, which will include another application with the same information as before and the ability to add new information that might grant a renewal of the protection order.
2. To provide administration and support for the protection order system will be the Protection Order Committee (POC).
 - a. A team of judges, prosecutors, and clerks will be administrators of the system, reviewing, signing, or rejecting and filing the protection orders.
 - b. Additionally, there will be a chat box equipped with AI to answer frequently asked questions and concerns within the system that petitioners can use for any help they need while applying and filing.
 - c. There will be a number included on the website to the courthouse which will connect the caller to a member of the POC that can be called for any questions or concerns about the system within the operating hours of the courthouse.
3. The State of Oklahoma will include Extreme Risk Protections Orders (ERPOs) as a potential provision in protection orders.
 - a. When filling out an application for a protection order, a petitioner will report if there was an incident involving a firearm.
 - b. In the case of a threat of the use of a firearm against a petitioner, the protection order will include a provision granting an ERPO.
 - c. The ERPO will take effect alongside the granting of the final protection order.
 - d. The judge who assigns the final protection order will be the designated evaluator if the ERPO should be granted as well; the judge can decide to grant the final protection order but not the ERPO.
 - e. The ERPO will be in effect for the duration of the protection order and can be renewed along with the protection order.
 - f. Once the ERPO expires, the individual will be evaluated to see if he or she should be allowed his or her firearms.
 - g. The respondent can petition against the ERPO, even if denied an original petition against the protection order in a separate hearing.

Section 4. AMENDATORY 22 O.S. §22-60.6 is amended to read as follows:

- A. Except as otherwise provided by this section, any person who:
 1. Has been served with an emergency temporary, ex parte or final protective order or foreign protective order and is in violation of such protective order, upon conviction, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and

shall be punished by a fine of not more than One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000) or by a term of imprisonment in the county jail of not more than one (1) year, or by both such fine and imprisonment; and

2. After a previous conviction of a violation of a protective order, is convicted of a second or subsequent offense pursuant to the provisions of this section shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a felony and shall be punished by a term of imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for not less than one (1) year nor more than three (3) years, or by a fine of not less than Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000) nor more than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000), or by both such fine and imprisonment.

~~A. 1. Any person who has been served with an emergency temporary, ex parte or final protective order or foreign protective order who violates the protective order and causes physical injury or physical impairment to the plaintiff or to any other person named in said protective order shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a term of imprisonment in the county jail for not less than twenty (20) days nor more than one (1) year. In addition to the term of imprisonment, the person may be punished by a fine not to exceed Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00).~~

~~2. B. 1.~~ Any person who is convicted of a ~~second or subsequent~~ violation of a protective order which causes physical injury or physical impairment to a plaintiff or to any other person named in the protective order shall be guilty of a felony and shall be punished by a term of imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections of not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years, or by a fine of not less than Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000) nor more than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000), or by both such fine and imprisonment.

~~3. 2.~~ In determining the term of imprisonment required by this section, the jury or sentencing judge shall consider the degree of physical injury or physical impairment to the victim.

~~4. 3.~~ The provisions of this subsection shall not affect the applicability of Sections 644, 645, 647 and 652 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

B. The minimum sentence of imprisonment issued pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2 of subsection A and paragraph 2 of subsection B of this section shall not be subject to statutory provisions for suspended sentences, deferred sentences or probation, provided the court may subject

any remaining penalty under the jurisdiction of the court to the statutory provisions for suspended sentences, deferred sentences or probation.

- C. 1. In addition to any other penalty specified by this section, the court shall require a defendant to undergo the treatment or participate in the counseling services necessary to bring about the cessation of domestic abuse against the victim or to bring about the cessation of stalking or harassment of the victim. For every conviction of violation of a protective order:
2. The court shall specifically order as a condition of a suspended sentence or probation that a defendant participate in counseling or undergo treatment to bring about the cessation of domestic abuse as specified in paragraph 2 of this subsection;
- 3.a. The court shall require the defendant to participate in counseling or undergo treatment for domestic abuse by an individual licensed practitioner or a domestic abuse treatment program certified by the Attorney General. If the defendant is ordered to participate in a domestic abuse counseling or treatment program, the order shall require the defendant to attend the program for a minimum of fifty-two (52) weeks, complete the program, and be evaluated before and after attendance of the program by a program counselor or a private counselor.
- b. A program for anger management, couples counseling, or family and marital counseling shall not solely qualify for the counseling or treatment requirement for domestic abuse pursuant to this subsection. The counseling may be ordered in addition to counseling specifically for the treatment of domestic abuse or per evaluation as set forth below. If, after sufficient evaluation and attendance at required counseling sessions, the domestic violence treatment program or licensed professional determines that the defendant does not evaluate as a perpetrator of domestic violence or does evaluate as a perpetrator of domestic violence and should complete other programs of treatment simultaneously or prior to domestic violence treatment, including but not limited to programs related to the mental health, apparent substance or alcohol abuse or inability or refusal to manage anger, the defendant shall be ordered to complete the counseling as per the recommendations of the domestic violence treatment program or licensed professional;

4.a. The court shall set a review hearing no more than one hundred twenty (120) days after the defendant is ordered to participate in a domestic abuse counseling program or undergo treatment for domestic abuse to assure the attendance and compliance of the defendant with the provisions of this subsection and the domestic abuse counseling or treatment requirements.

b. The court shall set a second review hearing after the completion of the counseling or treatment to assure the attendance and compliance of the defendant with the provisions of this subsection and the domestic abuse counseling or treatment requirements. The court may suspend sentencing of the defendant until the defendant has presented proof to the court of enrollment in a program of treatment for domestic abuse by an individual licensed practitioner or a domestic abuse treatment program certified by the Attorney General and attendance at weekly sessions of such program. Such proof shall be presented to the court by the defendant no later than one hundred twenty (120) days after the defendant is ordered to such counseling or treatment. At such time, the court may complete sentencing, beginning the period of the sentence from the date that proof of enrollment is presented to the court, and schedule reviews as required by subparagraphs a and b of this paragraph and paragraphs 4 and 5 of this subsection. The court shall retain continuing jurisdiction over the defendant during the course of ordered counseling through the final review hearing;

5. The court may set subsequent or other review hearings as the court determines necessary to assure the defendant attends and fully complies with the provisions of this subsection and the domestic abuse counseling or treatment requirements;

6. At any review hearing, if the defendant is not satisfactorily attending individual counseling or a domestic abuse counseling or treatment program or is not in compliance with any domestic abuse counseling or treatment requirements, the court may order the defendant to further or continue counseling, treatment, or other necessary services. The court may revoke all or any part of a suspended sentence, deferred sentence, or probation pursuant to Section 991b of this title and subject the defendant to any or all remaining portions of the original sentence;

7. At the first review hearing, the court shall require the defendant to appear in court. Thereafter, for any subsequent review hearings, the court may accept a report on the progress of the defendant from individual

counseling, domestic abuse counseling, or the treatment program. There shall be no requirement for the victim to attend review hearings; and

8. If funding is available, a referee may be appointed and assigned by the presiding judge of the district court to hear designated cases set for review under this subsection. Reasonable compensation for the referees shall be fixed by the presiding judge. The referee shall meet the requirements and perform all duties in the same manner and procedure as set forth in Sections 1-8-103 and 2-2-702 of Title 10A of the Oklahoma Statutes pertaining to referees appointed in juvenile proceedings.

D. Emergency temporary, ex parte and final protective orders shall include notice of these penalties.

E. When a minor child violates the provisions of any protective order, the violation shall be heard in a juvenile proceeding and the court ~~may order~~ shall require the child and the parent or parents of the child to participate in family counseling services necessary to bring about the cessation of domestic abuse against the victim and may order community service hours to be performed in lieu of any fine or imprisonment authorized by this section.

F. Any district court of this state and any judge thereof shall be immune from any liability or prosecution for issuing an order that requires a defendant to:

1. Attend a treatment program for domestic abusers certified by the Attorney General;

2. Attend counseling or treatment services ordered as part of any final protective order or for any violation of a protective order; and

3. Attend, complete, and be evaluated before and after attendance by a treatment program for domestic abusers certified by the Attorney General.

G. At no time, under any proceeding, may a person protected by a protective order be held to be in violation of that protective order. Only a defendant against whom a protective order has been issued may be held to have violated the order.

H. In addition to any other penalty specified by this section, the court may order a defendant to use an active, real-time, twenty-four-hour Global Positioning System (GPS) monitoring device as a condition of a sentence. The court may further order the defendant to pay costs and expenses related to the GPS device and monitoring.

Section 5. REPEALER 21 O.S. §21-1289.24c is hereby repealed.

~~A. The State Legislature hereby occupies and preempts the entire field of legislation in this state touching in any way extreme risk protection orders against or upon a citizen of this state to the complete exclusion of any order, ordinance or regulation by any municipality or other political subdivision of this state.~~

~~B. Any agency of this state or any political subdivision in this state shall be prohibited from accepting any grants or funding to implement any statute, rule or executive order, judicial order or judicial findings that would have the effect of forcing an extreme risk protection order against or upon a citizen of this state.~~

~~C. For purposes of this section, "extreme risk protection order" means an executive order, written order or warrant issued by a court or signed by a magistrate or comparable officer of the court, for which the primary purpose is to reduce the risk of firearm-related death or injury by doing one or more of the following:~~

~~1. Prohibiting a named individual from having under the custody or control of the individual, owning, possessing or receiving a firearm; or~~

~~2. Having a firearm removed or requiring the surrender of firearms from a named individual.~~

Section 6. This act shall become effective one-hundred and eighty (180) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. ORU-519

Pexton (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to access to welfare; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification, providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Access for All Act" of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for this act.

1. "Public Assistance Program" shall refer to any government-provided benefits and programs that offer financial, material, or social support to individuals and families in need.
2. "Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)" shall refer to a federal program that provides temporary support in meeting basic needs, training leading to employment, employment services and child care assistance for qualified families with children.
3. "Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)" shall refer to a program that helps low-income families buy nutritious food with electronic cards.
4. "Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG)" shall refer to a program that helps parents who meet income requirements pay for licensed child care while they are at work, in training or getting an education.
5. "Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program" shall refer to a program that provides winter heating, summer cooling, and energy crisis assistance funding to eligible low-income households during specific application periods throughout each year.
6. "Women, Infants, & Children (WIC)" shall refer to a nutrition education and supplemental food program for pregnant women, postpartum breastfeeding and nonbreastfeeding women, infants, and children up to age 5 who meet program eligibility requirements.
7. "SoonerCare" shall refer to a program that helps pay some or all medical bills for many people who can't afford them in Oklahoma.

8. “Eligible Applicant” shall refer to an individual or family unit who meets the income, residency, citizenship or immigration status, and other program-specific criteria established by federal and state law to qualify for one or more public assistance program
9. “Unified Benefits Screener” shall refer to an online tool that allows individuals to check their eligibility for Public Assistance Programs by entering non-identifying information.
10. “Unified Application System” shall refer to a centralized platform—accessible both online and in-person—that allows eligible individuals and families to apply simultaneously for multiple public assistance programs through a single, streamlined process. This system integrates applications for programs including, but not limited to, Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), Medicaid/CHIP, child care subsidies, and utility assistance.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. The Oklahoma Department of Human Services shall develop and maintain a unified benefits screener for individuals who wish to check their eligibility for public assistance programs.
 - a. The screener will require the user to enter information only relevant to checking their qualification to apply for public assistance programs, including, but not limited to, household size, basic income and expenses, and disability status.
 - b. The screener will provide information on all the public assistance programs they are qualified for.
 - c. No account will be required to use the screener.
2. The Oklahoma Department of Human Service shall develop and maintain a unified application system.
 - a. The system shall allow simultaneous application to any public assistance programs the applicant wishes to apply to including, but not limited to, TANF, SNAP, CCDBG, SoonerCare, child care subsidies, and utility assistance programs.
 - b. The application will include a list and description of all public assistance programs available to apply for.
 - c. There will be a language selection that includes, but not limited to, English, Spanish, and Navajo.
 - d. There will be a digital document uploading section with the option to physically drop-off documents at an approved location.

- e. The system will notify the applicant of any and all locations their data will be shared to.
3. The Oklahoma Department of Human Service shall coordinate with the Oklahoma Health Department, Department of Education, and other relevant agencies to create a secure data-sharing system.
- a. The system shall allow verification of applicant eligibility through cross-agency data, reducing redundant paperwork.
 - b. Eligibility redetermination shall be automated when possible to prevent gaps in benefit receipt.
 - c. All applicants will be notified of where their data will be shared.

Section 4. This act shall become effective one-hundred and eighty (180) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. ORU-520

By: M. Smith (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to housing; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Itemized Fee Disclosure” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. “Tenants” any person or persons who is renting or going to rent land or property from landlord
2. “Landlord” is to be defined as a person, business, or entity that owns, leases, or manages rental property and is entitled to collect rent.
3. “Tenant” is to be defined as a person entitled under a lease or rental agreement to occupy a dwelling unit.
4. “Fee” is to be defined as any charge, cost, or payment other than rent, security deposit, or refundable deposit, imposed by a landlord on a tenant. “fee” includes (late fees, application fees, pet fees, parking charges, utility charges billed by the landlord, and cleaning fees, deposits and any other type of “fee”)
5. “Rent” is to be defined as a regular, recurring payment for use of the dwelling unit
6. “Lease” or “Rental Agreement” is to be defined as a written agreement between landlord and tenant outlining terms of tenancy.
7. “Utility Charges” is to be defined as costs for water, gas, electricity, trash, or other services billed by the landlord.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

1. All landlords within the state of Oklahoma are required to provide tenants with a clear, itemized list of all fees and charges in the written lease or rental agreement such as late fees, application fees, pet fees, parking charges, utility

charges billed by the landlord, cleaning fees, deposits and any other type of “fee”

2. Any and all fees not listed in the lease or rental agreement prior to the signing of the lease or rental agreement by the tenant are presumed invalid and unenforceable.
3. Landlords are also required to provide tenants with this itemized fee list before the lease or rental agreement is signed.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. ORU-521

By: M. Smith (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to artificial intelligence; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the “AI-Generated Content Disclosure” Act of 2025.
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:
1. “Artificial Intelligence” or “AI” is to be defined as any computer system, software, or algorithm capable of generating, synthesizing, or altering content, including but not limited to text, images, audio, or video, without direct human authorship. This includes technologies such as machine learning, deep learning, neural networks, generative adversarial networks, large language models, and deepfake technologies.
 2. “AI-Generated Content” is to be defined as any content, in whole or in part, that is created, synthesized, or materially altered by artificial intelligence, including but not limited to text, audio, images, videos, or any combination thereof.
 3. “Political Advertising” is to be defined as any communication, advertisement, or material disseminated by or on behalf of a candidate, political party, political committee, or other entity with the purpose of influencing the outcome of an election, referendum, ballot initiative, or political campaign. This includes advertisements distributed via television, radio, print, internet, social media, outdoor displays, or any other medium.
 4. “Public Campaign” is to be defined as any communication or material issued or sponsored by government entities or authorized organizations intended to inform, educate, or influence public opinion on political, civic, or social issues.

5. “Media Content” is to be defined as any news reports, editorials, opinion pieces, or other published materials disseminated through print, broadcast, or digital platforms relating to political or public campaigns.
6. “Clear and Conspicuous Disclosure” is to be defined as a disclosure statement or label that is presented in a manner sufficiently noticeable and understandable to a reasonable person, including but not limited to requirements regarding font size, placement, duration of display, and audibility appropriate to the medium.
7. “Synthetic Media” or “Deepfake” is to be defined as audio, visual, or audiovisual content that has been generated or materially altered using AI or other technologies to depict persons or events that did not occur or to convey false information in a realistic manner.
8. “Misleading Content” is to be defined as content that is likely to deceive or confuse a reasonable person regarding the origin, authenticity, or intent of the material.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

1. This Act requires that all political advertisements, public campaign materials, or media content made or presented within Oklahoma containing AI-generated audio, video, images, or text include a clear label or notice indicating the use of AI in its creation or editing.
2. This is applicable to political advertisements such as (TV, radio, online, print, or any other kind), election-related campaign materials, government-issued public service announcements, news media and mass communication platforms when publishing political or election-related content
3. Labels must be prominently displayed or audibly stated, depending on the medium they must also be unambiguous and readable (e.g. minimum font size or duration on screen) Include wording such as: “This content was generated or altered using artificial intelligence.”
4. This includes AI-generated text, synthetic speech, deepfakes, or manipulated media and AI-assisted creation of visual or audio representations of real individuals
5. This does not include content used for satire, parody, or artistic expression.
6. Educational uses may be allowed with proper context and labeling.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Any individual found to be in violation of this Act by local law enforcement shall be subject to a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500).
2. Any corporation or business found to be in violation of this act by local law enforcement shall be subject to a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1000).

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-501

By: Barrett (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to financial exploitation; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; providing for immunity; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Financial Protection” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. "Financial institution" means a state or national bank, state or federal savings and loan association, state or federal savings bank, or state or federal credit union doing business in this state;
2. "Bank" means any bank authorized and chartered by the laws of this state to engage in the banking business, or any bank chartered by the office of the Comptroller of the Currency with its main office in this state;
3. "Savings association" means any savings and loan association or savings bank chartered under the laws of this state or the laws of the United States authorized to engage in the savings and loan business with its main office located in this state;
4. "Financial neglect" means repeated instances by a caretaker, or other person, who has assumed the role of financial management, of failure to use the resources available to restore or maintain the health and physical well-being of a vulnerable adult, including, but not limited to:
 - a. squandering or negligently mismanaging the money, property, or accounts of a vulnerable adult,
 - b. refusing to pay for necessities or utilities in a timely manner, or
 - c. providing substandard care
5. "Caretaker" means a person who has:
 - a. the responsibility for the care of a vulnerable adult or the financial management of the resources of a vulnerable adult as a result of a family relationship,
 - b. assumed the responsibility for the care of a vulnerable adult

- voluntarily, by contract, or as a result of the ties of friendship, or
 - c. been appointed a guardian, limited guardian, or conservator pursuant to the Oklahoma Guardianship and Conservatorship Act;
- 6. "Exploitation" or "exploit" means an unjust or improper use of the resources of a vulnerable adult for the profit or advantage, pecuniary or otherwise, of a person other than the vulnerable adult through the use of undue influence, coercion, harassment, duress, deception, false representation or false pretense;
- 7. "Vulnerable adult" means an individual who is an incapacitated person or who, because of physical or mental disability, including persons with Alzheimer's disease or other dementias, incapacity, or other disability, is substantially impaired in the ability to provide adequately for the care or custody of himself or herself, or is unable to manage his or her property and financial affairs effectively, or to meet essential requirements for mental or physical health or safety, or to protect himself or herself from abuse, verbal abuse, neglect, or exploitation without assistance from others;
- 8. "Incapacitated person" means:
 - a. any person eighteen (18) years of age or older:
 - 1. who is impaired by reason of mental or physical illness or disability, dementia or related disease, developmental or intellectual disability or other cause, and
 - 2. whose ability to receive and evaluate information effectively or to make and to communicate responsible decisions is impaired to such an extent that such person lacks the capacity to manage his or her financial resources or to meet essential requirements for his or her mental or physical health or safety without assistance from others, or
 - b. a person for whom a guardian, limited guardian, or conservator has been appointed pursuant to the Oklahoma Guardianship and Conservatorship Act;
- 9. "Caretaker" means a person who has:
 - a. the responsibility for the care of a vulnerable adult or the financial management of the resources of a vulnerable adult as a result of a family relationship,
 - b. assumed the responsibility for the care of a vulnerable adult voluntarily, by contract, or as a result of the ties of friendship, or
 - c. been appointed a guardian, limited guardian, or conservator pursuant to the Oklahoma Guardianship and Conservatorship Act;
- 10. "Department" means the Department of Human Services;

11. "Oklahoma State Banking Department revolving fund" means a revolving fund created by the State Treasury for the Oklahoma State Bank Department; it consists of the fees and assessments collected by the Oklahoma State Bank Department;

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. If an employee of a financial institution has cause to believe that financial neglect or exploitation of a vulnerable adult, or incapacitated person, who is an account holder with the financial institution has occurred, is occurring, or has been attempted, the employee shall notify the financial institution of the suspected financial neglect or exploitation.
2. If a financial institution is notified of suspected financial neglect or exploitation under Subsection 1, or otherwise has cause to believe that financial neglect or exploitation of a vulnerable adult, or incapacitated person, who is an account holder with the financial institution has occurred, is occurring, or has been attempted, the financial institution shall assess the suspected financial neglect or exploitation and submit a report to the department in the same manner as and containing the same information required to be included in a report in reference to 43A O.S. § 10-104v1. The financial institution shall submit the report required by this subsection no later than:
 - a. The date the financial institution completes the financial institution's assessment of the suspected financial neglect or exploitation;
 - b. The fifth business day after the date the financial institution is notified of the suspected financial neglect or exploitation under Subsection 1, or otherwise has cause to believe that the suspected financial exploitation has occurred, is occurring, or has been attempted.
3. Each financial institution shall adopt internal policies, programs, plans, or procedures for:
 - a. The employees of the institution to make the notification required under Subsection 1; and
 - b. The financial institution to conduct the assessment and submit the report required under Subsection 2.
4. The policies, programs, plans, or procedures adopted under Subsection 3 may authorize the financial institution to report the suspected financial neglect and exploitation to other appropriate agencies and entities in

addition to the department, including the attorney general and the appropriate law enforcement agency.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. A financial institution that knowingly and willfully fails to make a report required under Section 3 shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per violation.
2. Each day that a financial institution fails to comply constitutes a separate violation.
3. Penalties that are collected under this subsection shall be deposited into the Oklahoma State Banking Department revolving fund.

Section 5. IMMUNITY

1. An employee of a financial institution who makes a notification under Section 3, Subsection 1, a financial institution who submits a report under Section 3, Subsection 2, or an employee or financial institution that testifies or otherwise participates in a judicial proceeding arising from a notification or report is immune from any civil or criminal liability arising from the notification, report, testimony, or participation of the judicial proceeding, unless the employee or financial institution acted in bad faith or with a malicious purpose.

Section 6. This act shall become effective June 1, 2026.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-502

By: Barrett of the House (OSU)
Kuykendall of the Senate (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to slander; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Ethical Media” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. “Libel” means a false or malicious unprivileged publication by writing, printing, picture, or effigy or other fixed representation to the eye, which exposes any person to public hatred, contempt, ridicule or obloquy, or which tends to deprive him of public confidence, or to injure him in his occupation, or any malicious publication as aforesaid, designed to blacken or vilify the memory of one who is dead, and tending to scandalize his surviving relatives or friends.
2. “Reputational harm” means demonstrable injury to an individual’s or entity’s standing in the community, including, but not limited to, the loss of trust, respect, credibility, or goodwill among peers or associates. This shall include, but is not limited to, the diminishing of one’s personal or professional relationships.
3. “Economic harm” means the quantifiable financial loss a person or business faces.

Section 3. AMENDATORY 12 O.S. § 12-1442 is amended to read as follows:

Slander is a false and unprivileged publication, other than libel, which:

1. Charges any person with crime, or with having been indicted, convicted or punished for crime.
2. Imputes ~~in him~~ to any person the present existence of an infectious, contagious or loathsome disease.
3. Tends directly to injure ~~him~~ any person in respect to ~~his~~ their office, profession, trade or business, either by imputing to ~~him~~ them general

disqualification in those respects which the office or other occupation peculiarly requires, or by imputing something with reference to ~~his~~ their office, profession, trade or business that has a natural tendency to lessen its profit.

4. The intentional or reckless omission, alteration, or editing to material portions of the original oral communication or audio recording; as a result of such edit, alteration or omission, conveys a false or misleading impression of the speaker's words, conduct, or intent.

~~4.5.~~ Imputes to ~~him~~ any person impotence or want of chastity; or,

~~5.6.~~ Which, by natural consequences, causes actual damage, including, but not limited to, reputational or economic harm to the person depicted or recorded.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-503

By: Barrett of the House (OSU)
Friesen of the Senate (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to changing the state vegetable; providing short title; providing for definitions; amending 25 O.S. § 98.15; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Yam what I Yam” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. Vegetable – A plant or part of a plant that is generally consumed as part of a meal, recognized in the culinary and nutritional context as a vegetable by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA).
2. Sweet Potato (*Ipomoea batatas*) – A starchy, tuberous root vegetable widely consumed for its edible qualities, recognized both nutritionally and culinarily as a vegetable.

Section 3. AMENDATORY 25 O.S. § 98.15 is amended to read as follows:
Official state vegetable.

1. The ~~watermelon~~ sweet potato (*Ipomoea batatas*) is hereby designated and adopted as the official vegetable of the State of Oklahoma.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days upon passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-504

By: Clark (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An amendment relating to parents and dependents; providing a short title; amending 10 O.S. § 10-406; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Childcare Accountability” Act of 2025.

Section 2. AMENDATORY 10 O.S. §10-406 is amended to read as follows:

A. 1. Except as provided in paragraph 2 of this subsection, the Department of Human Services shall have authority at any reasonable time to investigate and examine the conditions of any child care facility in which a licensee or applicant hereunder receives and maintains children, and shall have authority at any time to require the facility to provide information pertaining to children in its care.

2. When the Department of Human Services is reviewing the star rating of a child care program with a capacity of fifty or more, the comprehensive visit to inspect and examine the program shall be scheduled with the administration of the program at least one (1) week in advance of the visit, if requested by the child care facility.

B. 1. The State Department of Health may visit any licensee or applicant at the request of the Department to advise on matters affecting the health of children and to inspect the sanitation of the buildings used for their care.

2. The State Fire Marshal may visit any licensee or applicant at the request of the Department to advise on matters affecting the safety of children and to inspect the condition of the buildings used for their care.

C. 1. Upon receipt of a complaint against any child care facility alleging a violation of the provisions of the Oklahoma Child Care Facilities Licensing Act, or any licensing standard promulgated by the Department, the Department shall conduct a full investigation. If upon investigation, it is determined that there are reasonable grounds to believe that a facility is

in violation of the Oklahoma Child Care Facilities Licensing Act or of any standard or rule promulgated pursuant thereto, the Department shall:

- a. document the complaint,
- b. provide the complaint allegations in writing to the facility involved and, upon written request by the child care facility, provide a summary of the facts used to evaluate the completed complaint, and
- c. document the facility's plan for correcting any substantiated violations.

2. If the Department determines there has been a violation and the violation has a direct impact on the health, safety or well-being of one or more of the children cared for by the facility, the Department shall notify the facility and require correction of the violation.

B. The facility owner or operator shall attempt to notify the legal guardians listed for the children currently enrolled in the facility, within seven (7) business days, informing them of the confirmed violation, if unsuccessful a notice of attempt must be recorded.

C. In their notification the facility must record the exact reason for their violation. The final reason listed for violation should mirror what the department lists as its violation on their notification.

D. Upon the written request the legal guardians of children currently enrolled, may request active updates on the status of the violation and the recorded plan of the facility to remedy the violation.

3. The Department shall notify the facility that failure to correct the confirmed violation can result in the revocation of the license, the denial of an application for a license, the issuance of an emergency order or the filing of an injunction pursuant to the provisions of Section 409 of this title.

4. If the facility refuses to correct a violation or fails to complete the plan of correction, the Department may issue an emergency order, revoke the license, or deny the application for a license. Nothing in this section or Section 407 of this title shall be construed as preventing the Department from denying an application, revoking a license, or issuing an emergency order for a single violation of this act, or the rules of the Department as provided in Section 404 of this title.

5. If the Department determines there has been a substantiated finding of heinous and shocking abuse by a person responsible for a child's health, safety or welfare, as those terms are defined in Section 1-1-105 of Title 10A of the Oklahoma Statutes, the Department shall notify the child care facility owner or operator and the child care resource and referral organization in writing immediately or not later than one (1) business day after the substantiated finding. Upon receiving notice of a substantiated finding, the facility owner or operator shall attempt to immediately notify, but not later than seventy-two (72) hours after receiving notice of the substantiated finding, parents or legal guardians of children attending the facility by certified mail.

D. Upon the completion of the investigation of a complaint against any child care facility alleging a violation of the provisions of the Oklahoma Child Care Facilities Licensing Act or any licensing standard promulgated thereto by the Department, the Department shall clearly designate its findings on the first page of the report of the investigation. The findings shall state whether the complaint was substantiated or unsubstantiated.

E. Information obtained by the Department or Oklahoma Child Care Services concerning a report of a violation of a licensing requirement, or from any licensee regarding children or their parents or other relatives shall be deemed confidential and privileged communications, shall be properly safeguarded, and shall not be accessible to anyone except as herein provided, unless upon order of a court of competent jurisdiction. Provided, however, this provision shall not prohibit the Department from providing a summary of allegations and findings of an investigation involving a child care facility that does not disclose identities but that permits parents to evaluate the facility.

F. The Department shall promulgate rules to establish and maintain a grievance process that shall include an anonymous complaint system for reporting and investigating complaints or grievances about employees of the Department who retaliate against a child care facility or facility employee.

Section 4. PENALTIES

If the facility fails to inform the legal guardians within the allotted seven (7) days they will be faced with a two thousand dollar (\$2,000.00) fine per dependent enrolled in the facility.

Section 5. This act shall become effective one hundred and eighty (180) days upon passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-505

By: Covey (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to fertilizer incentives; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for repealer; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Let it Grow” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

1. Fertilizer production facility: A facility in which fertilizer, or components for fertilizer, created with the intent to be used in an agricultural setting, is manufactured.
2. Operational: Fertilizer production is underway.
3. Legume: A plant in the pea family that can convert atmospheric nitrogen gas into a plant-usable form.
4. Effective reference price: The higher of the statutory reference price as revised in the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018, Public Law 115-334, or eighty-five percent (85%) of the Olympic average price for the five (5) most recently completed crop years, but capped at one hundred and fifteen percent (115%) of the statutory reference price.
5. Cover crop: A crop grown without the intent to sell, but rather to reintroduce nutrients directly into the soil.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. For the creation or expansion of a fertilizer production facility(s), a ten percent (10%) tax credit will be claimable on the property tax.
 - a. Tax credit will only be claimable for the period of construction and an additional period of ten (10) years after the facility becomes operational.
 - i. To claim the tax credit, construction of the new facility or facility expansion must be continuous until operational.
 - b. Tax credit must be claimed through the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

- c. The tax credit is only applicable to the land on which the new or expanded sections of the facility are located, unless the expansion at least doubles the property on which the facility resides.
- 2. Farmers growing legumes will be eligible to apply for a tax return of up to one hundred dollars (\$100.00) per acre on which the crop is grown.
 - a. A subsidy is claimable if one (1) of the two (2) criteria is met:
 - i. The price the producer sold the product for was below the effective reference price.
 - ii. The crop was grown exclusively as a cover crop.
 - b. The tax return will be claimable from the expenses reported to the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

Section 4. REPEALER CLAUSE

All laws or parts of laws in conflict with this bill are herewith repealed to the extent of the conflict.

Section 5. This act shall become effective at the start of the 2027 fiscal year after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-506

By: Covey (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to college tuition inflation; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "College Stabilization Tuition" Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

1. Inflation: The annual percentage increase by calendar year in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U), as published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.
2. Public college: Any college, university, or higher education institution governed by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education.
3. Full-time enrollment collegiate student: Enrolled in twelve (12) or more credit hours during the academic term.
4. High school equivalent certificate: An individual who has passed either the General Educational Development (GED) test or the High School Equivalency Test.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. In accordance with the authority of the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education under Article XIII-A of the Oklahoma Constitution, the Legislature hereby establishes the following limitation:
 - a. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education shall not approve annual increases in tuition, mandatory fees, room, or board rates at any public college that exceed the annual percentage increase of inflation.
 - b. The Regents shall ensure that all rate adjustments remain within this legislatively prescribed limit and shall adopt policies and procedures necessary to implement this limitation within their constitutional authority to prescribe and coordinate tuition and fees.

- i. To qualify, individuals must be full-time enrolled collegiate students with either a high school diploma or a high school equivalency certificate.
 - c. Each fiscal year, the Regents shall submit a report to the Governor, the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives detailing:
 - i. The approved tuition, fee, room, and board rates for each public college or university.
 - ii. The percentage changed from the preceding academic year.
 - iii. Certification that no approved rate exceeds the allowable inflationary increase established under this act.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Failure by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education to ensure compliance with this act shall be subject to legislative oversight and review.
2. In the event that an audit, legislative review, or other official finding determines noncompliance, the Regents shall submit a corrective action report to the Legislature within ninety (90) days of such finding.
3. The Legislature reserves the right to impose additional statutory limitations on tuition and fee approvals should noncompliance become a recurring issue.

Section 5. This act shall become effective January 1, 2027 after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-507

By: Edmundson (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to peace officer uniforms ; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “ That’s not concerning at all” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. CBRN environment- An environment or area contaminated with Chemical, Biological, Radiological, or Nuclear agents.
2. State Agents- Any peace or police officer that belongs to the state of Oklahoma or any municipality that is a subsidiary of the state of Oklahoma.
3. National Agents - Any peace officer, national guardsmans, or agent of an investigatory or law enforcement organization.
4. Special operation - A police or agency operation that is considered Deep undercover or a Sting operation.
5. Non-Threatening manner - They have not used words that would incite physical violence against the officer in question.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. The uniform of any National Guardman’s, Federal, or State Agent cannot contain any combination of mask, sunglasses, and/or hat with the intention of hiding their identity when directly working with citizens.
 - a. If an agent is sick and wears a mask for the reason of not spreading their illness they should be relegated to the office for the period they are sick.
 - b. Masks, Googles, and other face coverings are allowed if the agents or guardsmen are being sent to a CBRN environment.

2. Any state or national agent that is not working on a special operation must have their badge uncovered and if in plain clothes in a readily available location for proof when working directly with civilians.
3. State or National Agents will be required to show off their badges to civilians if asked for it in a non-threatening manner.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. If an officer is recorded being non-compliant to the conditions previously mentioned if any bodily harm may occur to said officer. The officer in question will not be able to sue in a civil court.
2. If an officer is recorded being non compliant to the conditions previously mentioned, if once identified the OSBI will hand out a fine of no less two-hundred and fifty dollars (\$250.00) and no more than five-hundred dollars (\$500.00).

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-508

By: Edmundson (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to universal insurance; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; amending 56 O.S. §1010.1; providing for penalties; providing for funding; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Universal Cowboy Plan” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. Sooner Care- The Oklahoma component of the ACA (Affordable Care Act)
2. Department of Human Services- a federal government agency responsible for protecting the public's health and providing essential human services
3. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS)- a federal agency that provides health coverage through Medicare, Medicaid, the Children's Health Insurance Program, and the Health Insurance Marketplace
4. Medicaid- a program that provides health coverage
5. Uninsured- individuals who do not have health care benefits or health care coverage
6. Enrollees- individuals who receive health coverage under federal law
7. Oklahoma Employer/Employee Partnership for Insurance Coverage premium assistance program- a plan to assist small businesses and/or their eligible employees to purchase employer-sponsored insurance or "buy-in" to a state-sponsored benefit plan.
8. Health Care Benefit Packages- a predetermined set of medical services and treatments that an insurance plan or government program offers to its members
9. For-Profit Employer- an entity that is not exempt from taxation pursuant to the provisions of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code

10. Fiscal Year Limitations- the period during which appropriated funds are available for obligation
11. Oklahoma Tax Commission (OTC)- maintains confidential and privileged records and files concerning the administration of the Uniform Tax Procedure Code and state tax laws.

Section 3. AMENDATORY 56 O.S. § 1010.1 is amended to read as follows:

B. Recognizing that many Oklahomans do not have health care benefits or health care coverage, that many small businesses cannot afford to provide health care benefits to their employees, and that, under federal law, barriers exist to providing Medicaid benefits to the uninsured, the Legislature hereby establishes provisions to lower the number of uninsured, assist businesses in their ability to afford health care benefits and coverage for their employees, and eliminate barriers to providing health coverage to eligible enrollees under federal law.

C. Unless otherwise provided by law, the Oklahoma Health Care Authority shall provide coverage under the state Medicaid program to ~~children under the age of eighteen (18) years whose family incomes do not exceed one hundred eighty-five percent (185%) of the federal poverty level.~~ Every resident of Oklahoma unless they opt out once they register to vote.

1. If the resident has already registered to vote they may opt out during the open enrollment period.
2. Once a person gains residency they will automatically be enrolled into insurance coverages.

D. 1. The Authority is directed to apply for a waiver or waivers to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) that will accomplish the purposes outlined in subsection B of this section. The Authority is further directed to negotiate with CMS to include in the waiver authority provisions to:

- a.increase access to health care for Oklahomans,
- b.reform the Oklahoma Medicaid Program to promote personal responsibility for health care services and appropriate utilization of health care benefits through the use of public-private cost sharing,
- c.enable small employers, and/or employed, uninsured adults with or without children to purchase employer-sponsored, state-approved private, or state-sponsored health care coverage through a state

premium assistance payment plan. If by January 1, 2012, the Oklahoma Employer/Employee Partnership for Insurance Coverage premium assistance program is not consuming more than seventy-five percent (75%) of its dedicated source of funding, then the program will be expanded to include parents of children eligible for Medicaid, and

d. develop flexible health care benefit packages based upon patient need and cost.

2. The Authority may phase in any waiver or waivers it receives based upon available funding.

3. The Authority is authorized to develop and implement a premium assistance plan to assist small businesses and/or their eligible employees to purchase employer-sponsored insurance or “buy-in” to a state-sponsored benefit plan.

4. a. The Authority is authorized to seek from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services any waivers or amendments to existing waivers necessary to accomplish an expansion of the premium assistance program to:

(1) include for-profit employers with two hundred fifty employees or less up to any level supported by existing funding resources, and

(2) include not-for-profit employers with five hundred employees or less up to any level supported by existing funding resources.

b. Foster parents employed by employers with greater than two hundred fifty employees shall be exempt from the qualifying employer requirement provided for in this paragraph and shall be eligible to qualify for the premium assistance program provided for in this section if supported by existing funding.

E. For purposes of this paragraph, “for-profit employer” shall mean an entity which is not exempt from taxation pursuant to the provisions of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and “not-for-profit employer” shall mean an entity which is exempt from taxation pursuant to the provisions of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

F. The Authority is authorized to seek from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services any waivers or amendments to existing waivers

necessary to accomplish an extension of the premium assistance program to include qualified employees whose family income does not exceed two hundred fifty percent (250%) of the federal poverty level, subject to the limit of federal financial participation.

G. The Authority is authorized to create as part of the premium assistance program an option to purchase a high-deductible health insurance plan that is compatible with a health savings account.

H. 1. There is hereby created in the State Treasury a revolving fund to be designated the “Health Employee and Economy Improvement Act (HEEIA) Revolving Fund”.

2. The fund shall be a continuing fund, not subject to fiscal year limitations, and shall consist of:

- a. all monies received by the Authority pursuant to this section and otherwise specified or authorized by law,
- b. monies received by the Authority due to federal financial participation pursuant to Title XIX of the Social Security Act, and
- c. interest attributable to investment of money in the fund.

3. All monies accruing to the credit of the fund are hereby appropriated and shall be budgeted and expended by the Authority to implement a premium assistance plan and to fund the state share for the Oklahoma Medicaid Program on or after July 1, 2020, unless otherwise provided by law.

I. 1. The Authority shall establish a procedure for verifying an applicant’s individual income by utilizing available Oklahoma Tax Commission records, new hire report data collected by the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission, and child support payment data collected by the Department of Human Services in accordance with federal and state law.

2. The Oklahoma Tax Commission, Oklahoma Employment Security Commission, and Department of Human Services shall cooperate in accordance with federal and state law with the Authority to establish procedures for the secure electronic transmission of an applicant’s individual income data to the Authority.

3. The Department of Public Safety shall cooperate in accordance with federal and state law with the Authority to establish procedures for the

secure electronic transmission of an applicant's individual identification data to the Authority.

J. An employer participating in the premium assistance program created under this section as of May 1, 2024, may utilize a self-funded or self-insured health care plan as a participating health care plan if:

1. The self-funded or self-insured health care plan is recognized by the Insurance Department under Section 6012 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

2. The self-funded or self-insured health care plan covers all essential health benefits as required by the Authority and all other health benefits required under applicable federal laws;

3. The self-funded or self-insured health care plan otherwise complies with all applicable federal laws including but not limited to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA);

4. The self-funded or self-insured health care plan assesses a monthly premium on members and maintains a rate schedule for provider reimbursement;

5. The self-funded or self-insured health care plan meets actuarial standards for the premium assistance program as determined by the Authority and the employer submits an attestation to the Insurance Department that the self-funded or self-insured health care plan meets such actuarial standards; and

6. The Authority receives the necessary federal approval for self-funded or self-insured health care plans to participate in the premium assistance program.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Pharmacies found to not accept sooner care would be fined one thousand dollars (\$1000) per month until they are found to be in compliance.
2. Doctor Offices found to not accept sooner care would be fined one thousand dollars (\$1000) per month until they are found to be in compliance.

Section 5. FUNDING

1. Every tax individual flyer will incur a one point five percent (1.5%) income tax starting in 2027
2. Every adult after the passage of this bill who has not opted out of the state Soonercare plan will be taxed two percent (2%) on top of the one point five percent (1.5%) mentioned in Section 5 subsection 1.
3. All corporations will incur a state tax of point seven five percent (.75%) for the purposes of funding the Cowboy plan health care starting in 2028.
4. All large businesses will incur a state tax of point four five percent (.45%) for the purposes of funding the Cowboy plan health care starting in 2028.

Section 6. This act shall become effective January 1, 2030 after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-509

By: Edmundson (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to family taxes; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for funding; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Give the kids a Book” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

1. Summer - A period of time consisting from May 1st to the beginning of the public school system's academic year.
2. Tax preparer - An individual or company that helps individuals prepare and file state and federal income taxes
3. Commanding officer- An officer that holds a command position in the United States or a commissioned officer of a least one rank above the service who submitted the form

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. Every Library in the Oklahoma State Library system will hold a summer reading program for both adults and children. Upon the completion of the children's or adults' summer reading program, the participant will be emailed or physically handed two certificates. One for congratulations, the second will be a document that participants will need to turn into the Oklahoma Tax Commission or whoever their tax preparer is to receive a state tax credit.
2. The state tax credits will be distributed in the following manner:
 - a. For each child who completed the summer reading program who has a certificate proving completion and is claimed on the filer's taxes, they shall receive a credit of four hundred dollars (\$400) per child, maxing out at one thousand six hundred dollars (\$1600) per year.
 - b. For each adult who completed the summer reading program who has a certificate proving completion and is claimed on the filers taxes they

shall receive a credit five hundred dollars (\$500) per dependant maxing out at one thousand dollars (\$1000) per year.

3. At the end of the summer the Oklahoma Every library system will compile a list of participants who finished the program and will send it to the Oklahoma State Department of Libraries to be double checked before being passed along to the Oklahoma Tax commission for verification during Tax return season.
4. Members of the Armed forces that are not currently stationed in Oklahoma but still file Oklahoma State Taxes are still eligible for the credit if they are able to get a signature from their commanding officer that they have read twenty (20) books during the calendar year.
5. Members of the Oklahoma Department of Libraries will standardize what constitutes completion if they feel so necessary.

Section 4. FUNDING

1. Corporate Taxes will increase zero point one five percent (.15%) in order to fund the necessary upgrades to the Oklahoma State Department of Libraries to undertake this endeavor.
 - a. If those funds are found to be in excess the remaining funds will be split between the Department of Education's revolving fund and the Funding that Local Libraries receive from the State of Oklahoma.

Section 5. PENALTIES

1. If you are found to be making and/or distributing fake certificates you will serve a minimum of three (3) years in jail.
2. If a librarian is found to be falsifying records for individuals who did not complete the summer reading program will serve a minimum of one (1) year in jail for every case they falsify.

Section 6. This act shall become effective May 1st, 2026 after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-510

By: Friend (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to controlling the native whitetail deer population; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Doe before Buck” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

1. “Anterless” means a whitetail deer without antlers, and they are typically female.
 - a. Female deer are often referred to as does.
2. “Antlered” means a whitetail deer with antlers, and they are typically male.
 - a. Male deer are often referred to as bucks or spikes.
3. “Take” in this case, means to lawfully kill an animal.
4. ODWC means the Oklahoma Department of Wildlife Conservation.
5. Season is the days in the year in which hunters are legally allowed to take an animal.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. Hunters in the state of Oklahoma must take whitetail antlerless deer before they are legally allowed to take whitetail antlered deer during the whitetail deer hunting seasons.
 - a. The amount of antlerless whitetail deer that are needed to be taken each year before being able to take antlered whitetail will be determined by the ODWC each year.
 - b. If the ODWC decides that the antlerless population is under control the agency is allowed to lift this restriction for the year they are currently in.

- c. If the hunter takes the minimum antlerless whitetail deer during one season then the hunter could take an antlered deer in a different or same season.
- d. This law will count towards the hunter's combined whitetail deer season which includes bow, compound, muzzleloader, youth gun, and rifle seasons.
- e. If the hunter kills an antlered whitetail deer before an antlerless whitetail deer when the ODWC requires a certain number of antlerless whitetail deer that year; the hunter will be penalized.

Section 4. PENALTIES

- 1. As outlined by 2024 Oklahoma Statutes Title 29. Game and Fish §29-7-205. Killing, capturing, mutilating or destroying wildlife protected by law - Abandoning body without appropriate disposal - Revocation of licenses.
 - a. First offense is a five hundred dollar (\$500.00) fine and the revocation of the hunters license for the rest of the season.
 - b. Second offense is a one thousand dollar (\$1,000.00) fine and the revocation of the hunters license for the rest of the season.
 - c. Third offense is up to ninety (90) days in jail and the ten (10) year revoking of the offender's hunting license.

Section 5. This act shall become effective on the opening day of the 2026 whitetail deer hunting season after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-511

By: Gregory (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to animal reproduction; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Animal Reproduction” Act of 2025.
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.
1. Altered- Surgically sterilized by spay or neuter procedure performed by a licensed veterinarian.
 2. Unaltered- Not surgically sterilized.
- Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:
1. All animals shall be altered in accordance with the guidelines established with the American Kennel Club (AKC) and American Veterinary Medical Association (AVMA) and have proof of documentation from a Licensed Veterinarian.
 - a. Animals can remain unaltered for a medical reason without a breeders license if they have a written document from a licensed veterinarian in the state of Oklahoma.
- Section 4. PENALTIES
1. Owners who are found to not have any documentation for their specific animal from a Licensed Veterinarian will be fined fifty dollars (\$50) per animal and will be given a two (2) month period to get the operation done, or obtain a breeders license with intent to breed
 - a. All proceeds from the said fines should go to further funding the free spay and neuter clinics around Oklahoma
- Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-512

By: Galbraith (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to firearms; providing short title; amending 21 O.S. §1290.9; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Expanded Carry” Act of 2025.

Section 2. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. §1290.9 is amended to read as follows:

ELIGIBILITY

The following requirements shall apply to any person making application to the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation for a handgun license pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act. The person must:

1. Be a citizen of the United States with established residency in the State of Oklahoma; or
2. Be a lawful permanent resident in the United States and have established residency in the State of Oklahoma. For purposes of the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act:
 - a. the term "residency" shall apply to any person who either possesses a valid Oklahoma driver license or state photo identification card, and physically maintains a residence in this state or to any person, including the spouse of such person, who has permanent military orders within this state and possesses a valid driver license from another state where such person and spouse of such person claim residency, and
 - b. the term "lawful permanent resident" shall mean a noncitizen who is lawfully authorized to live permanently within the United States;
3. Be at least:
 - a. ~~twenty-one (21) years of age; eighteen (18) years of age; or~~
 - b. ~~eighteen (18) years of age but not yet twenty-one (21) years of age and the person is a member or veteran of the United States Armed Forces, the Reserves or National Guard, or the person was discharged~~

~~under honorable conditions from the United States Armed Forces,
Reserves or National Guard;~~

4. Complete a firearms safety and training course and demonstrate competence and qualifications with the type of pistol to be carried by the person as provided in Section 1290.14 of this title, and submit proof of training and qualification or an exemption for training and qualification as authorized by Section 1290.14 of this title;
5. Submit the required fee and complete the application process as provided in Section 1290.12 of this title; and
6. Comply in good faith with the provisions of the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act.

Section 3. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-513

By: Gillis (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to a gross production tax exemption; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Plug It Up” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

1. “Producing Oil Well” means any oil well where oil is actively being extracted and sold subject to the Gross Production Tax pursuant to 68 O.S. § 1001
2. “Nonproducing or Unused Oil Well” means any oil well where oil is not actively being extracted and sold and has not yet been permanently plugged and abandoned.
3. Oklahoma Corporate Commission is the organization tasked with regulating a wide range of industries, including oil and gas, public utilities, motor carrier transportation, and petroleum storage tanks.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. Any taxpayer subject to the Gross Production tax levied pursuant to 68 O.S. § 1001 shall be entitled to a twelve (12) month exemption from the gross production tax on one (1) producing oil well for each one (1) nonproducing or unused oil well that the taxpayer permanently plugs and abandons.
2. The plugging and abandonment must:
 - a. Be completed in compliance with standards established by the The Oklahoma Corporation Commission (OCC).
 - b. Be verified and certified by the OCC.
3. The exemption shall:
 - a. Commence on the first day of the month following the certification by the OCC.
 - b. Apply only to the Gross Production Tax levied pursuant to 68 O.S. § 1001.

- c. Apply only to producing oil wells operated by the taxpayer that has undertaken the plugging of nonproducing or unused oil wells and shall not be transferable, assignable, or otherwise conveyed.
- 4. The Oklahoma Tax Commission, in consultation with the OCC, shall promulgate such rules as necessary to administer the provisions of this act.

Section 4. This act shall become effective Dec, 31, 2026 after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-514

By: Gonzalez (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the age of driving; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known at the “Limited Driving Age Act” of 2025

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. “Driving” means operating a motor vehicle on a public road; and (ii) does not include operating a motor vehicle when the vehicle has pulled over to the side of, or off, an active roadway and has stopped in a location where it can safely remain stationary.
2. "Public road" means any governmental or corporate roadway where ingress and egress by vehicular traffic is not restricted and the roadway is routinely used by the general public.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

1. It shall be illegal for individuals age seventy-five (75) or above to drive on a public road or highway between the hours of five pm (5:00 PM) to five-thirty am (5:30 AM).

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Any individual found in violation of section 3.1 by local law enforcement shall face a fine not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250.00) for the first (1st) violation.
 - a. On any violations beyond the first one, they will get a fine added of two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250.00) to their first violation.
 - b. The violation fine cannot exceed one thousand dollars (\$1000.00).

Section 5. This act shall become effective sixty (60) days after passage and approval

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-515

By: Hamilton (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to public transportation infrastructure; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for funding; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Cowboy Commuter Act" of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. "Transit Authority" refers to any government entity or cooperative responsible for developing, overseeing, maintaining, and expanding public transportation systems.
2. "Hybrid rail" refers to a transit system that uses a combination of light rail, diesel multiple unit (DMU) rail, or similar modes to connect major cities and surrounding suburban areas.
3. "Commuter rail" refers to a transit system designed for longer, regional travel between large cities and smaller municipalities, operating with regular schedules during peak and off-peak hours.
4. "At-grade station" refers to a station that is built at ground level, providing access to both able-bodied and handicapped passengers through means integrated into the rail vehicle or station itself.
5. "Park-and-ride facility" refers to a parking area located near public transportation stations, where commuters can park their personal vehicles and transfer to public transportation services.
6. "Existing rail right-of-way" refers to the land and infrastructure already designated for rail services, typically owned by freight rail companies, that may be utilized for passenger rail purposes in collaboration with the current owners.
7. "Frequent service" refers to a schedule where trains operate at regular, short intervals, such as every fifteen (15) to thirty (30) minutes during peak hours, minimizing waiting times for passengers.
8. "Peak hours" refers to the periods of the day between 6 AM – 9 AM and 4 PM – 7 PM.

9. "Urban area" refers to a densely populated region with a high concentration of residential, commercial, and industrial activities, such as cities with populations around or above fifty thousand (50,000) residents and their surrounding metropolitan areas.
10. "Intermodal connections" refers to the integration of different types of transportation (such as private vehicles, buses, trains, vans etc.) in a way that allows passengers to easily transfer from one mode of transportation to another.
11. "Mobile Transit App" refers to a statewide digital application that allows users to purchase transit fares, generate QR codes for boarding, manage payment methods, and track ride history.
12. "QR Code Ticketing" refers to a digital fare system in which a scannable QR code is generated through the mobile transit app, allowing passengers to access public transit services upon verification.
13. "Contactless Payment" refers to a payment method that enables transactions without physical contact, utilizing mobile devices, digital wallets, or tap-to-pay debit and credit cards.
14. "Damaged or Inaccessible Accounts" refers to user accounts that are compromised, inaccessible due to technical issues, or locked, potentially preventing proper access to transit services.
15. "Operational Efficiency" refers to the effective management of resources to enhance productivity and reduce costs in the provision of public transportation services.
16. "OCRA" shall refer to the Oklahoma Commuter Rail Authority, as introduced in this bill. (Sec. 3, Sub. 3, Sub. C)
17. "OCRDF" shall refer to the Oklahoma Commuter Rail Development Fund, as introduced in this bill. (Sec. 4, Sub.1, Sub. a)

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. Expansion of Public Transportation Systems:
 - A. All cities with a population exceeding thirty five thousand (35,000) residents must develop or expand public transportation systems, ensuring coverage for high density areas, low-income neighborhoods, and surrounding areas. Stops should be considered at high-volume shopping and entertainment centers as well as near large places of business.
 - B. Public transportation systems must include at least one form of transit infrastructure including but not limited to buses, vans, trains

(Hybrid Rail or Commuter Rail), and other forms of transit deemed appropriate for the city's geography and population size.

- I. All forms of transportation shall be ADA-compliant, ensuring full access for individuals with disabilities, including wheelchair ramps/lifts, reserved seating, handrails and harnesses and any other necessary accommodations.

2. Development of Intercity Hybrid Rail Systems:

- A. The State of Oklahoma shall support the construction of hybrid rail systems connecting large cities such as Oklahoma City and Tulsa to their respective surrounding metropolitan areas (including but not limited to Edmond, Norman, Midwest City, and Broken Arrow) to alleviate traffic congestion, improve transit access, and reduce environmental impact.
- B. These Hybrid Rail Systems shall be owned and operated by their local municipalities utilizing local and state funding.
- C. Hybrid rail systems shall feature at-grade stations with park-and-ride facilities, where appropriate, to accommodate commuters traveling to and from these cities.
- D. The systems shall operate on existing rail right-of-way where possible, in collaboration with freight rail companies, and implement/construct passing sidings to enable frequent and passing service during peak hours.
- E. Hybrid rail networks shall aim to operate with thirty (30) minute headways during peak hours and ninety (90) minute headways during off-peak hours, providing affordable, consistent, and reliable travel options for frequent commuters.

3. Establishment of a State-wide Commuter Rail System:

- A. The State of Oklahoma shall initiate the construction of a state-wide commuter rail network connecting major urban areas to one another (e.g., Oklahoma City, Stillwater, and Tulsa), also connecting them to nearby cities and towns, with considerations of other large and growing towns farther away (including but not limited to Stillwater, Lawton, El Reno, McAlester and Durant).
- B. Commuter rail systems shall operate multiple full-route trains per day to allow for frequent and available travel between large population centers.
 - I. The operation length and frequency of these trains shall be determined by yearly studies of ridership demand across the system.

- C. A new state entity, the Oklahoma Commuter Rail Authority (OCRA), shall be formed to oversee planning, funding, and the expansion of the commuter rail system, working in collaboration with local governments, existing freight railroads, and transit authorities.
 - D. The commuter rail system shall connect to regional bus lines, other transit authority systems, existing Amtrak rail routes and other transit options to provide intermodal connections across the state.
4. Establishment of Public Bus and Van Transit Services:
- A. Public Bus and Van Service:
 - I. The Oklahoma Department of Transportation (ODOT), in collaboration with local transit authorities and municipalities, shall establish a Public Bus and Van Transit Service program aimed at improving public transportation infrastructure and expanding access to reliable, affordable transit options for all communities across the state.
 - B. Service Zones:
 - I. Urban Areas – Bus and van services shall be designed to enhance public transportation availability in densely populated areas where demand for transit is high, including cities and major towns.
 - II. Rural and Underserved Areas – Emphasis shall be placed on expanding services to rural and underserved regions, ensuring that residents in smaller communities have access to reliable public transportation, which may include flexible and on-call van services to meet specific local needs.
 - C. Transportation Routes and Schedules:
 - I. Public bus and van routes shall be optimized for efficiency, ensuring connectivity between residential areas, employment centers, schools and universities, healthcare facilities, and other essential destinations.
 - II. Schedules shall be adapted to accommodate the transportation needs of each community, with increased frequency during peak travel hours and adjustments made for special events, local demand, and commuter patterns.
 - a. Schedules shall be developed through yearly studies of service and demand across the system.
5. Safety and Environmental Standards:

- A. Public buses and vans shall adhere to strict safety standards, including regular vehicle inspections, real-time GPS tracking, and driver safety training programs.
 - B. In line with environmental sustainability goals, the state shall prioritize the procurement of energy-efficient or low emission vehicles, including electric, hydrogen, or hybrid buses and vans, to limit the carbon footprint of public transportation.
6. Passenger Expenses and Affordability
- A. Affordability:
 - I. Transit services shall be subsidized by the state, ensuring that fares remain affordable for all riders.
 - II. Reduced fare programs shall be available for veterans, low-income individuals, students, seniors, and people with disabilities.
 - B. Expenses
 - I. Fares for all public transportation services, including hybrid and commuter rail, shall be either free or subsidized, with the maximum cost to riders set at no more than fifteen dollars (\$15) per one-way trip.
 - C. Preliminary Pricing System - The fare structure shall be based on the following system, accounting for the distance traveled and mode of transportation:
 - I. Local and Urban Trips (within twenty five (25) miles):
 - a. For trips using light rail, hybrid rail, or bus services within urban areas, fares shall be capped at five dollars (\$5) per one-way trip, depending on the specific zone or distance traveled.
 - II. Regional Trips (between twenty five (25) and seventy five (75) miles):
 - a. For trips extending beyond urban limits but within the broader regional area (e.g., suburban commutes), fares shall be capped at ten dollars (\$10) per one-way trip, with ticket price determined by distance traveled and mode of transport (e.g., commuter rail, hybrid rail, bus, and van services).
 - III. Long-Distance Trips (over seventy five (75) miles):
 - a. For long-distance trips between major cities (e.g., between Oklahoma City and Tulsa), fares shall be capped at a maximum of twenty dollars (\$20) per one-way trip, with ticket price determined by

distance traveled and mode of transport used, ensuring affordability while considering the greater distance and use of commuter transit systems.

IV. Subsidized or Free Fares:

- a. For specific rider categories, including students, seniors, veterans, and low-income individuals, fares shall be fully or partially subsidized, with discounts ranging from fifty percent (50%) and one hundred percent (100%), depending on eligibility criteria.

7. Public Transportation Digital Access System

A. Statewide Mobile Transit App and QR Code Ticketing:

- I. A statewide mobile transit application shall be made available to all residents, granting access to all public transit services within the state, including buses, vans, and hybrid and commuter rail lines.
- II. The mobile app shall allow users to purchase digital tickets and generate a QR code for scanning upon boarding. Users may also access their ride history, manage fare payments, and link payment methods for seamless transactions.
- III. For those who prefer physical transactions, ticket vending machines shall be installed at all rail station stops, and alternative payment methods—including cash, debit/credit cards, and contactless payments—shall be available inside transit vehicles and at multimodal stops.

B. Fare Charging Mechanism and Payment Options:

- I. Fares will be deducted from the user's account upon QR code scanning or when using ticket machines or in-vehicle payment systems. Users may link their mobile app account to various payment methods, including bank accounts, credit/debit cards, or pre-established payment plans. The app will offer seamless reloading of funds, either manually or through automatic reload features.
- II. Although the mobile app provides a convenient means of payment, it will not be mandatory for accessing public transit. Riders can purchase temporary tickets at station kiosks, inside transit vehicles, or at multimodal hubs. Temporary passes will have a base cost and limited use correlating to the total amount paid unless recharged or linked to a continual payment method.

C. Security and Management:

- I. In the event of a lost or compromised account, users can report the issue through the mobile app or online portal to safeguard their remaining balance and prevent unauthorized use.
- II. The mobile app system will enhance rider security and transit accountability through encrypted payment processing and optional user authentication features.

Section 4. FUNDING

1. Establishment of a Dedicated Budget Section
 - a. A new section within the Oklahoma State Budget, titled the Oklahoma Commuter Rail Development Fund (OCRDF), shall be established under the jurisdiction of the Oklahoma Department of Transportation (ODOT).
 - i. A large portion ($\geq 50\%$) of the fund will be specifically managed by the Oklahoma Commuter Rail Authority (OCRA) for the research, development and operation of commuter rail services between OKC and Tulsa.
2. Allocation of State Funds
 - a. No less than two percent (2%) (\$244M, FY25) of the total Oklahoma state annual budget shall be allocated to the OCRDF budget section. These funds will support the planning, development, and construction of commuter rail systems.
 - b. Initial funds shall prioritize feasibility studies, route development, and infrastructure planning for a light commuter rail line connecting Oklahoma City (OKC) and Tulsa, with potential stops in developing communities such as Stillwater.
3. Federal and Supplemental Funding
 - a. The state, through ODOT and OCRA, shall actively seek federal grants and additional funding from transportation infrastructure programs to supplement state contributions to the OCRDF.
4. Non-Municipal Tax-Based Revenue Model
 - a. Funding shall be derived from the Oklahoma State General Fund without creating additional local or municipal taxes.
 - b. OCRA will collaborate with state and regional entities to ensure transparent allocation and efficient use of funds.
 - i. Minor portions of the funds shall come from ticket sales, however, this shall not be used as a primary source of funding.
5. Accountability and Reporting

- a. OCRA will submit annual reports detailing fund usage, project milestones, and future budgetary needs to the Oklahoma Legislature and ODOT.
- b. Independent audits of the OCRDF will be conducted biennially to ensure fiscal responsibility and compliance with state policies.

Section 5. PENALTIES

1. A qualifying city or municipality that fails to comply with this act or fails to initiate expansion plans within ten (10) years of this act's passage shall be subject to the following penalties:
 - A. A ten percent (10%) reduction in state-provided transportation subsidies for each additional year the city fails to comply, capped at a maximum reduction of eighty percent (80%).
 - i. If a qualifying city who has had funds reduced begins complying with this act, funds shall be restored back to one hundred percent (100%).
 - B. Public hearings shall be held for non-compliant cities/municipalities and the Oklahoma Transit Authority shall be tasked with helping the city/municipality meet compliance standards and funding.

Section 6. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-516

By: Hamilton (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the development of nuclear energy and nuclear waste recycling; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for funding; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Atomic Advantage” Act of 2025.
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:
1. "Advanced Fission Reactor" refers to a nuclear power plant that utilizes modern technologies to enhance safety, efficiency, and the use of recycled nuclear fuel.
 2. "Recycled Nuclear Fuel" refers to processed, spent nuclear fuel that has been treated for reuse in advanced fission reactors, reducing radioactive waste.
 3. "Small Modular Reactor (SMR)" refers to a type of nuclear reactor that is smaller in size and designed for incremental power generation.
 4. "Spent Nuclear Fuel" refers to used nuclear fuel that has been discharged from a reactor and is no longer efficient for generating power without reprocessing.
 5. "Regulatory Authority" refers to the Oklahoma Department of Energy and Environmental Quality (ODEEQ), which will be responsible for overseeing nuclear energy development and waste management.
 6. "Public-Private Partnership" refers to a collaboration between government agencies and private companies for the purpose of developing nuclear energy projects.
 7. "Energy Security Initiative" refers to efforts undertaken to enhance Oklahoma’s energy independence through sustainable power sources.
 8. “ODEEQ” refers to the Oklahoma Department of Energy and Environmental Quality (ODEEQ), as introduced in this bill. It shall oversee the permitting and safety regulations for nuclear facilities in Oklahoma.

9. “ONIF” refers to a dedicated section of the state budget, titled the Oklahoma Nuclear Innovation Fund (ONIF), which shall be established under the oversight of the Oklahoma Department of Energy and Environmental Quality (ODEEQ).
10. “NRC” refers to the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC). The NRC maintains national nuclear safety standards and its functions include overseeing reactor safety and security, administering reactor licensing and renewal, licensing and oversight for fuel cycle facilities, licensing radioactive materials, radionuclide safety, and managing the storage, security, recycling, and disposal of spent fuel.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. Development of Advanced Nuclear Energy Facilities
 - a. The State of Oklahoma shall promote the construction of advanced fission power plants utilizing recycled nuclear fuel to enhance energy independence and sustainability.
 - b. Priority shall be given to projects incorporating Small Modular Reactors (SMRs) or Generation IV or later nuclear reactors, and any other modern nuclear technologies deemed as reliable by the ODEEQ.
 - c. The new Oklahoma Department of Energy and Environmental Quality (ODEEQ), as introduced in this bill, shall oversee the permitting and safety regulations for nuclear facilities.
 - i. The ODEEQ shall be formed by the Oklahoma Corporation Commission (OCC) and jointly managed by the Oklahoma State Energy Office (a partnership of the Oklahoma Department of Commerce and the Secretary of Energy and Environment).
 - ii. ODEEQ shall be independently operated and report to the Oklahoma Secretary of Energy and Environment.
2. Nuclear Waste Recycling and Management
 - a. The state, through public-private partnerships, shall establish a nuclear fuel recycling program to process spent nuclear fuel for reuse in advanced reactors.
 - b. Oklahoma research institutions and private sector partners shall be incentivized by tax reductions to aid in the development of safe and efficient nuclear waste recycling methods.
 - i. The program shall comply with all applicable federal safety and environmental regulations.
3. Economic Incentives and Funding

- a. ODEEQ shall allocate funds for research, development, and construction of nuclear energy projects.
 - b. Businesses investing in nuclear energy infrastructure shall receive tax credits of up to 30% of their investment.
 - c. Public-private partnerships shall be encouraged in order to facilitate technological innovation and financing of nuclear facilities.
4. Research and Workforce Development
- a. Oklahoma Institutions of Higher Education shall be encouraged to develop nuclear engineering and technology programs to train a skilled workforce.
 - b. State sponsored scholarships and grants shall be established, according to the jurisdiction and prerogative of ODEEQ, to students pursuing careers in nuclear science and engineering at institutions within the State of Oklahoma.
5. Regulatory Framework
- a. ODEEQ shall develop and establish streamlined regulatory pathways for nuclear energy project approval.
 - b. Collaboration with the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) shall be maintained to ensure compliance with national safety standards.

Section 5. FUNDING

1. Establishment of the Oklahoma Nuclear Innovation Fund (ONIF)
- a. A dedicated section of the state budget, titled the Oklahoma Nuclear Innovation Fund (ONIF), shall be established under the oversight of the Oklahoma Department of Energy and Environmental Quality (ODEEQ).
 - i. Funding, following the first year of operation, shall be determined during the formation of the annual state budget, per the processes, evaluation, and determination of the state legislature.
 - b. A minimum of five million dollars from Oklahoma's annual state budget shall be dedicated to ONIF in its first year of operation, ensuring initial support for research in nuclear energy development and waste recycling projects.
 - c. Supplemental funding sources shall include federal grants, private investments through public-private partnerships, and state-issued bonds for nuclear infrastructure projects.
2. Accountability & Oversight
- a. The Oklahoma Energy Commission shall provide annual expenditure reports on ONIF to the state legislature, the Governor, and the public.

- b. Performance metrics shall measure net energy output, job creation, carbon emissions, and cost savings (relative to conventional power generation).
- c. Independent audits shall be conducted biennially to ensure fiscal responsibility.

Section 6. PENALTIES

- 1. Facilities that fail to adhere to safety and waste management regulations as set by the ODEEQ, NRC, and federal law shall be subject to fines and revocation of operating permits and funding, pending investigation.

Section 7. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days post passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-517

By: Hamilton (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to railroad safety; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for funding; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. NEW LAW This act shall be known as the "Railroad Safety and Infrastructure Modernization Act" of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. "Rail safety improvements" refers to any actions or installations made to enhance safety on or around railroad infrastructure, including but not limited to: rail crossings, signaling systems, track enhancement and protective barriers.
2. "Automated signaling systems" refers to electronic or mechanical systems installed at railroad crossings to alert vehicles and pedestrians of oncoming trains.
3. "Freight Railroad Classification" refers to the system used in the United States to classify railroads into three main categories based on their annual operating revenue, as established by the Surface Transportation Board (STB). These classifications help distinguish the size and scope of rail companies:
 - a. Class I Railroads refers to the largest of American railroads, typically national or transcontinental in scope, with annual operating revenues exceeding nine hundred million dollars (\$900,000,000). These railroads handle the majority of freight traffic and maintain extensive networks across the country. Examples in Oklahoma include the Union Pacific Railroad and BNSF Railway.
 - b. Class II Railroads: Known as "regional railroads," these medium-sized rail carriers have annual operating revenues between forty million dollars (\$40,000,000) and nine hundred million dollars (\$900,000,000). They often serve as links between Class I railroads

- and smaller local operations, handling freight in specific regions.
- c. "Class III railroads" refers to short-line and regional railroads with annual operating revenues below forty million dollars (\$40,000,000) (typically have annual operating revenues of thirty one million dollars (\$31,000,000) or less) and are often responsible for local or rural transportation of goods. They typically operate over short distances, connecting rural or industrial areas to the broader national network by interchanging with Class I or Class II railroads. A majority of railroad companies within Oklahoma fall into this category.
 4. "Track quality enhancements" refers to improvements made to rail infrastructure, including the replacement of old tracks, the strengthening or replacement of bridges, and the stabilization of foundations.
 5. "Railroad public trust programs" refers to state-supported initiatives designed to increase public awareness, trust, and cooperation regarding railroads and their operations, particularly in terms of safety (e.g., Operation Lifesaver).
 6. "Crossing identifier" refers to railroad crossing Emergency Notification System (ENS) signs, which display the railroad crossing identification number. These signs are federally required to be posted on all railroad crossings, and can be identified by their blue-and-white design

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. The state of Oklahoma shall establish the Rail Crossing Risk Assessment Program:
 - A. Survey Requirement: The Oklahoma Department of Transportation (ODOT), in coordination with the Oklahoma Corporation Commission (OCC) and local municipalities, shall establish a statewide survey system to assess and classify all public railroad crossings within the state. The survey shall focus on the safety and infrastructure quality of railroad crossings, considering factors such as road traffic volume, reported accident history (if available), visibility, proximity to schools, businesses, and residential areas, train frequency, and the presence of safety equipment such as signals and gates.
 - B. Risk Classification: Based on survey results, railroad crossings shall be categorized into the following risk levels per the judgement of ODOT:
 - I. High-Risk Crossings – Locations with frequent accident reports, limited visibility, high traffic volume, lack of sufficient safety equipment, or crossings near densely populated or high-traffic areas.

- II. Medium-Risk Crossings – Locations with moderate traffic, adequate safety equipment, and a lower occurrence of accident reports but still in need of improvements.
 - III. Low-Risk Crossings – Locations with minimal traffic, strong safety measures, low accident report history, and no immediate safety concerns.
- C. Implementation Timeline: ODOT shall complete the initial statewide survey of all railroad crossings within ten (10) years of the passage of this act. The individual survey results and risk classifications shall be publicly accessible on the ODOT website as each individual survey is completed, and a report summarizing findings shall be submitted to the Oklahoma Legislature, Governor, and Lieutenant Governor annually.
- D. Public Input Mechanism: An online public feedback form shall be established, allowing residents and authorities to report concerns about specific railroad crossings, which may prompt additional survey assessments or reclassification of a crossing's risk level.
- I. This form shall require a railroad crossing identification number to be submitted. Crossing identifiers can be found on the blue-and-white ENS signs located on all railroad crossings, per federal law.
2. The State of Oklahoma shall establish a public trust program aimed at improving public understanding of railroad safety and operations.
- A. This program shall:
- I. Include online public safety ad campaigns focusing on the importance of railroad safety, particularly at crossings.
 - II. Organize public forums where railroad companies, local governments, and citizens can discuss concerns and potential improvements to safety and services.
3. The Oklahoma Department of Transportation (ODOT) shall oversee the implementation of all improvements funded by this Act.
- A. Annual reports shall be submitted to the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and the State Legislature, detailing:
- I. Progress on rail safety improvements.
 - II. The perceived effectiveness of public awareness programs.
 - i. Based on random polling and questionnaires.
 - III. How funds and grants have been distributed and utilized.
 - i. Including detailed receipts and reimbursements for any unused funds.

Section 4. FUNDING

1. A new section within the Oklahoma State Budget, titled the Oklahoma Rail Safety Enhancement Fund (ORSEF), shall be established under the jurisdiction of the Oklahoma Department of Transportation (ODOT).
2. Funding shall be derived from the Oklahoma State General Fund without creating additional local or municipal taxes.
 - a. The ODOT will collaborate with all involved entities to ensure public transparency over the allocation and efficient use of funds.
3. No less than 0.75% (\approx \$93M, FY25) of the total Oklahoma state annual budget shall be allocated to the ORSEF budget section. These funds will support the planning, development, and construction of rail safety systems.
 - i. The funding shall be allocated for:
 1. Upgrading railroad crossings to utilize automated signaling systems, particularly on higher traffic roads.
 2. Installing or improving road approaches and protective barriers at high-risk crossings.
 3. Track quality enhancements, including track replacement and foundation stabilization on or near (\approx 100ft from) railroad crossings.
 - ii. Priority of Funding:
 1. Crossings classified as "high-risk" shall be given priority for funding and safety upgrades, including but not limited to the installation of automated signaling systems, gates, and roadway improvements.
 2. "Medium-risk" crossings shall be eligible for funding after the assessment of "High-risk" crossings, with further assessments conducted every five (5) years to determine whether they should be reclassified.
 3. "Low-risk" crossings will not require immediate safety enhancements unless reclassified based on future assessments.
 - iii. Grant Program for Class III Railroads
 1. A grant program shall be established to support Class III railroads operating in Oklahoma.
 2. Grants shall be awarded for:
 - a. Improvements to rail infrastructure, including track repairs and bridge enhancements.
 - b. The implementation of automated signaling systems at medium and high risk crossings managed by Class III railroads.
 3. Preference shall be given to Class III railroads that can demonstrate a significant need for modernization (as determined by ODOT) but lack sufficient funds to complete necessary

improvements.

4. The state, through ODOT, shall actively seek federal grants and additional funding from federal transportation infrastructure programs to supplement state contributions.
5. ODOT will submit annual reports detailing fund usage, project milestones, and future budgetary needs to the Oklahoma Legislature.
 - a. Independent audits of the ORSEF will be conducted biennially to ensure fiscal responsibility and compliance with state policies.

Section 5. PENALTIES

1. Any railroad company found to be willfully neglecting to implement required safety improvements as outlined in this act, within five (5) years of passage and approval, shall be subject to fines beginning at twenty five thousand (\$25,000) per infraction with an increase depending on the severity of the infraction, as determined on a case-by-case basis by ODOT.

Section 6. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-518

By: Haslem (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to telecommunications and internet services; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Rural Broadband Affordability” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. “Broadband” means high-speed internet service providing minimum download speeds of 100 megabits per second and upload speeds of 20 megabits per second.
2. “Low-income household” means a household with income at or below the federal poverty level or otherwise eligible for federal broadband affordability programs.
3. “Municipal provider” means a city, town, or electric cooperative operating broadband services in Oklahoma.
4. “Mbps” means Megabits per second.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. Broadband Affordability Requirement:
 - a. Any entity receiving state broadband deployment funds shall offer a low-cost broadband plan for qualifying low-income households.
 - b. Plans must provide service at no less than 100/20 Mbps at a cost not exceeding thirty dollars (\$30) per month.
2. Municipal and Cooperative Partnerships:
 - a. Municipalities, counties, and electric cooperatives shall be eligible to apply directly for broadband deployment grants.
 - b. Private internet service providers may enter partnerships with municipalities or cooperatives for last-mile infrastructure projects.
3. Accountability:

- a. Grant recipients shall submit annual reports on affordability programs, subscriber data, and coverage expansion.
- b. The Oklahoma Broadband Governing Board shall enforce compliance and may suspend or revoke funding for violations.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-519

By: Haslem (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to public resource management; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Lease Transparency” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

1. “Public lands” means any land owned or managed by the State of Oklahoma or its agencies.
2. “Oil and gas lease auction” means any public sale or bidding process for mineral extraction rights on public lands.
3. “Commission” means the Oklahoma Energy and Minerals Commission or its successor agency.
4. “Open-access” means publicly viewable and accessible without paywall, registration, or restriction.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. Transparency in Lease Auctions
 - a. All state oil and gas lease auctions on public lands shall be conducted as open-access events.
 - b. Each auction shall be livestreamed in real time and archived on the official website of the Commission within twenty-four (24) hours of completion.
 - c. The Commission shall publish, within twenty-four (24) hours of the auction’s close, a record of:
 - i. The winning bidder and bid amount;
 - ii. The total number of bids received; and
 - iii. The parcel or tracts leased.
2. Public Access Portal
 - a. The Commission shall maintain a publicly accessible online database containing:

- i. All state oil and gas leases issued since January 1, 2020;
 - ii. Associated bid values and lease durations; and
 - iii. Environmental impact summaries or reclamation reports, if applicable.
3. Accountability and Oversight
 - a. Failure to comply with the livestream or publication requirements shall render the lease voidable by the State.
 - b. The Commission shall submit an annual transparency report to the Governor and the Legislature.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-520

By: Haynes (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to law enforcement canines; providing for short title; providing for codification; and providing an effective date:

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Canine Cooperative” Act of 2025.
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:
1. A revolving fund means a special fund set up for a specific purpose that is continuously replenished by incoming revenues (such as fees, repayments, or reimbursements) so the money can be reused, rather than reverting to the state’s general fund at the end of a fiscal year.
 2. Canines, meaning breeds such as German Shepards, German short-haired pointers, Labrador retrievers, Beagles, and Belgian Malinois.
- Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:
1. There is hereby created in the State Treasury a revolving fund for the Department of Public Safety to be designated the "Canine Cooperative Grant Program". The fund shall be a continuing fund, not subject to fiscal year limitations, and shall consist of all monies received from legislative appropriations, private donations, and federal grant programs. Federal grant programs such as FEMA’s Pre-Disaster Mitigation (PDM) program, Homeland Security Grant Program, Transit Security Grant Program, etc.. All monies accruing to the credit of the fund are hereby appropriated and may be budgeted and expended by the Department of Public Safety for the administration of the Canine Cooperative Grant Program.
 2. The Commissioner of the Department of Public Safety is hereby directed to promulgate rules to create the Canine Cooperative Grant Program to provide financial assistance for state, county, and municipal law enforcement entities for the acquisition and training of law enforcement canines; provided, canines shall be trained at FEMA-certified facilities and shall be specifically allocated for law enforcement officers.

3. The Commissioner of the Department of Public Safety shall be authorized to retain five percent (5%) of the proceeds of the fund annually to be used for administering the program.
4. Subject to the availability of funds, the program shall have the following annual limits for grants:
 - A. Grants not to exceed fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000.00) per state law enforcement agency for canine purchases or canine training;
 - B. Grants not to exceed fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000.00) per county sheriff for canine purchases or canine training; and
 - C. Grants not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00) per municipal police department for canine purchases or canine training.

Section 4. This act shall become effective on July 1st, 2026 after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-521

By: Haynes of the House (OSU)
Friesen of the Senate (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to collegiate admissions; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Legacy and Donor Preference Transparency” Act of 2025.
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.
1. Institution of Higher Education- A higher education institution that grants undergraduate degrees, graduate degrees, or both, that is accredited by an agency recognized by the United States Department of Education, and that receives significant state funding, enrolls students receiving state-funded financial aid, or otherwise participates in state-administered higher education programs.
 2. Legacy Preference- Considering an applicant’s relation to an alumnus of the institution of higher education as a factor in the admission process, including documented familial connection to alumni.
 3. Donor Preference- Considering an applicant’s relation to a donor or donation to the institution as a factor in admissions, documented through institutional records.
 4. Aggregate- Formed or calculated by the combination of many separate units or items; total.
- Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:
1. The purpose of this section is to establish equitable and transparent admissions practices at state-supported institutions of higher education
 2. Beginning with the admissions cycle for the 2027-2028 academic year, an institution of higher education shall not consider, directly or indirectly, an

applicant's legacy or donor status as a factor in admissions decisions as part of the regular or early action admissions process.

3. On or before June 30, 2028, and annually thereafter, each institution of higher education shall report to the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education (OSRHE) whether it was in compliance with subsection 3.2 during that academic year, either of the following:
 - a. The institution of higher education was in compliance with subsection 3.2 for all enrolled students for that academic year.
 - b. The institution of higher education was in violation of subsection 3.2 for that academic year.
 - i. An institution of higher education reporting a violation shall include, in aggregate form, the following information for the relevant academic year:
 1. The legacy status, donor status, race, country of residence, income bracket, and athletic status of newly enrolled students at the institution of higher education.
 2. The admission rate of students who are provided a legacy preference or donor preference in admissions, as compared to the admission rate of students who are not provided a legacy preference or donor preference in admissions.
 - ii. Data shall be provided only in aggregate form consistent with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) in a manner that prevents the identification of any individual.
 1. Special care must be taken to ensure that individuals whose status may make them more easily identifiable, such as student athletes, high-profile donors, publicly prominent persons, or other individuals with unique or widely known characteristics, cannot be discerned from the published data.
4. The OSRHE shall publish an annual compliance report summarizing which institutions did and did not report adherence to this act on its website by the next fiscal year after receiving reports pursuant to subsection 3.3.
 - a. Failure to submit a timely and complete report constitutes a violation of this act. OSRHE shall review noncompliant institutions and may take appropriate actions, including, but not limited to, reviewing eligibility for continued state funding or participation in state-administered higher education programs.
5. The OSRHE shall review the effectiveness of this Act every three (3) years and may recommend adjustments to the Legislature.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-522

By: Henry (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to increasing safety measures in public schools; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Better Safe than Sorry” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. “Active Shooter Threat” shall mean any immediate danger posed to students, faculty, or staff by an individual armed with a deadly weapon on school premises.
2. “Lock Down” shall mean the emergency safety procedure in which a school secures all entry points, restricts movement, and follows protocols to protect students and staff from an imminent threat.
3. “Authorized Personnel” shall mean any teacher, administrator, or staff member of a public school who voluntarily completes the training program outlined in this act and who is approved by the local school district and law enforcement for participation.
4. “Emergency Situation” shall mean any unforeseen event that poses an immediate risk to the safety and well-being of students, staff, or faculty on school grounds, including but not limited to active shooter threats, lock-downs, violent intrusions, or other life-threatening incidents requiring immediate response.
5. “Handgun” shall mean a small-frame revolver or a compact semi-automatic pistol.
6. “Firearm Training Course” shall mean an eight-hour firearms safety and training course approved by the Oklahoma Self-Defense Act. The training includes classroom instruction on safety and law, as well as a practical shooting session to demonstrate competency.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. The Oklahoma State Department of Education, in partnership with local law enforcement agencies, shall establish and provide optional training programs for teachers, administrators, and staff in public schools. These programs shall include:
 - a. Basic self-defense and threat response training;
 - b. De-escalation strategies and non-lethal protective measures;
 - c. Safe handling, storage, and operation of firearms;
 - d. Firearm training course, if the participant voluntarily chooses;
 - e. Participants who complete the optional firearm training course and pass the marksmanship test with 90% accuracy or higher may receive a concealed carry permit if the participant voluntarily chooses.
2. All training shall be offered during the summer months, with scheduling coordinated between local police departments and participating school districts.
3. Participation in any training or in concealed carry authorization under this act shall be entirely voluntary. No teacher, administrator, or staff member shall be required to undergo firearm or self-defense training as a condition of employment.
4. Authorized personnel who complete the firearm training and obtain a valid concealed carry permit under Oklahoma law may be allowed to carry a concealed handgun on school grounds strictly for emergency situations.
5. The State Department of Education shall ensure that no less than one optional training opportunity is made available annually to every public school district in Oklahoma.
6. Participating teachers, administrators, and staff members must undergo a mental health evaluation and be cleared by a certified counselor employed by public schools to ensure a sound state of mind as a pre-training requirement. It is at the discretion of public school districts to determine mental health evaluation procedures, in coordination with employed counselors.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Misuse of self-defense training and/or concealed licensure in non-emergency and/or emergency situations that cause unintentional or intentional harm to innocent persons will result in individuals being punished to the fullest extent of the law.

Section 5. This act shall become effective June 1st, 2027 after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-523

By: Henry (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to medical marijuana fees; providing a short title; amending 63 O.S. § 427.14; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Making Money on Marijuana” Act of 2025.

Section 2. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. § 427.14 is amended to read as follows:

D. 1. The annual, nonrefundable fee for a medical marijuana transporter license shall be ~~Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00)~~, Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00). 2. The initial, nonrefundable fee for a medical marijuana commercial grower license shall be calculated based upon the total amount of square feet of canopy or acres the grower estimates will ENR. S. B. NO. 813 Page 18 be harvested, transferred, or sold for the year. The annual, nonrefundable license fee shall be based upon the total amount of square feet of canopy or acres harvested, transferred, or sold by the grower during the previous twelve (12) months. The amount of the fees shall be determined as follows: a. For an indoor, greenhouse, or light deprivation medical marijuana grow facility: (1) Tier 1: Up to ten thousand (10,000) square feet of canopy, the fee shall be ~~Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00)~~ Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), (2) Tier 2: Ten thousand one (10,001) square feet of canopy to twenty thousand (20,000) square feet of canopy, the fee shall be ~~Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00)~~ Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00), (3) Tier 3: Twenty thousand one (20,001) square feet of canopy to forty thousand (40,000) square feet of canopy, the fee shall be ~~Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00)~~ Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000), (4) Tier 4: Forty thousand one (40,001) square feet of canopy to sixty thousand (60,000) square feet of canopy, the fee shall be ~~Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00)~~ Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000), (5) Tier 5: Sixty thousand one (60,001) square feet of canopy to eighty thousand (80,000)

square feet of canopy, the fee shall be ~~Thirty Thousand Dollars (\$30,000.00)~~ Thirty-Five Thousand Dollars (\$35,000.00), (6) Tier 6: Eighty thousand one (80,001) square feet of canopy to ninety-nine thousand nine hundred ninety-nine (99,999) square feet of canopy, the fee shall be ~~Forty Thousand Dollars (\$40,000.00)~~ Forty-Five Thousand Dollars (\$45,000.00), and (7) Tier 7: One hundred thousand (100,000) square feet of canopy and beyond, the fee shall be ~~Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00)~~ Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$60,000.00), plus an additional ENR. S. B. NO. 813 Page 19 ~~twenty-five cents (\$0.25)~~ one dollar (\$1.00) per square foot of canopy over one hundred thousand (100,000) square feet. b. For an outdoor medical marijuana grow facility: (1) Tier 1: Up to Less than two and one-half (2 1/2) acres, the fee shall be ~~Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00)~~ Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), (2) Tier 2: Two More than two and one-half (2 1/2) acres up to five (5) acres, the fee shall be ~~Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00)~~ Seventy-Five Thousand Dollars (\$7,500.00), (3) Tier 3: Five More than five (5) acres up to ten (10) acres, the fee shall be ~~Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00)~~ Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000), (4) Tier 4: Ten More than ten (10) acres up to twenty (20) acres, the fee shall be ~~Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00)~~ Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00), (5) Tier 5: Twenty More than twenty (20) acres up to thirty (30) acres, the fee shall be ~~Thirty Thousand Dollars (\$30,000.00)~~ Thirty-Five Thousand Dollars (\$35,000.00), (6) Tier 6: Thirty More than thirty (30) acres up to forty (40) acres, the fee shall be ~~Forty Thousand Dollars (\$40,000.00)~~ Forty-Five Thousand Dollars (\$45,000.00), (7) Tier 7: Forty More than forty (40) acres up to fifty (50) acres, the fee shall be ~~Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00)~~ Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$60,000.00), and (8) Tier 8: If the amount of acreage exceeds fifty (50) acres, the fee shall be ~~Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00)~~ Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$60,000.00) plus an additional ~~Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00)~~ Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) per acre. c. For a medical marijuana commercial grower that has a combination of both indoor and outdoor growing facilities at one location, the medical marijuana ENR. S. B. NO. 813 Page 20 commercial grower shall be required to obtain a separate license from the Authority for each type of grow operation and shall be subject to the licensing fees provided for in subparagraphs a and b of this paragraph. d. As used in this paragraph: (1) “canopy” means the total surface area within a cultivation area that is dedicated to the cultivation of flowering marijuana plants. The surface area of the plant canopy must be calculated in square feet and measured and must include all of the area within the boundaries where the

cultivation of the flowering marijuana plants occurs. If the surface of the plant canopy consists of noncontiguous areas, each component area must be separated by identifiable boundaries. If a tiered or shelving system is used in the cultivation area, the surface area of each tier or shelf must be included in calculating the area of the plant canopy. Calculation of the area of the plant canopy may not include the areas within the cultivation area that are used to cultivate immature marijuana plants and seedlings, prior to flowering, and that are not used at any time to cultivate mature marijuana plants. If the flowering plants are vertically grown in cylinders, the square footage of the canopy shall be measured by the circumference of the cylinder multiplied by the total length of the cylinder, (2) “greenhouse” means a structure located outdoors that is completely covered by a material that allows a controlled level of light transmission, and (3) “light deprivation” means a structure that has concrete floors and the ability to manipulate natural light. ENR. S. B. NO. 813 Page 21 3. The initial, nonrefundable fee for a medical marijuana processor license shall be ~~Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00)~~ Seventy-Five Thousand Dollars (\$75,000.00). The annual, nonrefundable license fee for a medical marijuana processor license shall be determined based on the previous twelve (12) months as follows: a. Tier 1: Zero The transfer or sale of zero (0) to ten thousand (10,000) pounds of biomass or production or use the production, transfer, or sale of up to one hundred (100) liters of cannabis concentrate, whichever is greater, the annual fee shall be ~~Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00)~~ Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), b. Tier 2: Ten The transfer or sale of ten thousand one (10,001) pounds to fifty thousand (50,000) pounds of biomass or production or use from the production, transfer, or sale of one hundred one (101) to three hundred fifty (350) liters of cannabis concentrate, whichever is greater, the annual fee shall be ~~Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00)~~ Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00), c. Tier 3: Fifty The transfer or sale of fifty thousand one (50,001) pounds to one hundred fifty thousand (150,000) pounds of biomass or production or use from the production, transfer, or sale of three hundred fifty-one (351) to six hundred fifty (650) liters of cannabis concentrate, whichever is greater, the annual fee shall be ~~Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00)~~ Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00), d. Tier 4: One The transfer or sale of one hundred fifty thousand one (150,001) pounds to three hundred thousand (300,000) pounds of biomass or production or use from the production, transfer, or sale of six hundred fifty-one (651) to one thousand (1,000) liters of cannabis concentrate, whichever is greater, the annual fee shall be ~~Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00)~~ Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00), and e. Tier 5: More The transfer or sale of more than three hundred thousand one (300,001)

pounds of biomass or production or use the production, transfer, or sale in excess of one thousand one (1,001) liters of cannabis concentrate, the annual fee shall be ~~Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00)~~, Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00). For purposes of this paragraph only, if the cannabis concentrate is in nonliquid form, every one thousand (1,000) grams of concentrated marijuana shall be calculated as one (1) liter of cannabis concentrate. 4. The initial, nonrefundable fee for a medical marijuana dispensary license shall be ~~Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00)~~ Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00). The annual, nonrefundable license fee for a medical marijuana dispensary license shall be calculated at ~~ten percent (10%)~~ twenty percent (20%) of the sum of twelve (12) calendar months of the combined annual state sales tax and state excise tax of the dispensary during the previous twelve (12) months. The minimum fee shall be not less than ~~Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00)~~, Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) and the maximum fee shall not exceed ~~Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00)~~, One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00). 5. The annual, nonrefundable license fee for a medical marijuana testing laboratory shall be ~~Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00)~~, Seventy-Five Thousand Dollars (\$75,000.00).

Section 3. This act shall become effective January 1st, 2027 after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-524

By: Hood (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to superintendent leadership prerequisites; providing a short title; providing for definitions; amending 70 § O.S. 1-105; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Qualified Superintendent” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

1. “Educational leader” refers to an individual in a leadership role within an education-related field in a school district, including but not limited to administrative positions.

Section 3. AMENDATORY 70 § O.S. 1-105 is amended to read as follows:

- A. The State Department of Education is that department of the state government in which the agencies created or authorized by the Constitution and Legislature are placed and charged with the responsibility of determining the policies and directing the administration and supervision of the public school system of the state. These agencies are the State Board of Education, the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and any divisions and positions as may be established by law, by the State Board of Education or by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction.
- B. The State Board of Education is that agency in the State Department of Education which shall be the governing board of the public school system of the state.
- C. The State Superintendent of Public Instruction is the official provided for in Section 1 of Article VI of the Oklahoma Constitution who shall be the executive officer of the State Board of Education and have control of and direct the State Department of Education.
- D. The State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall have, at minimum, a masters degree in an educational field such as educational leadership, five (5) years of experience as an educational leader, and have passed the superintendent and principal certification examination.

Section 3. This act shall become effective September 1, 2026 after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-525

By: Jimenez (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to seatbelts on buses; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Oklahoma School Bus Safety” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

1. School Bus - A vehicle designed and used for the transportation of students to and from school or school-related activities.
2. Seatbelt - A properly installed lap or combination lap/shoulder restraint system.
3. School Districts - Any public school district or public charter school in the State of Oklahoma.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. All new school buses purchased after January 1, 2027 must be equipped with seatbelts for every passenger seat.
2. Existing school buses without seatbelts must be retrofitted by January 1, 2030.
3. School districts must provide annual safety education to students and drivers on proper seatbelt usage.

Section 4. FUNDING

1. The State of Oklahoma shall provide financial assistance through grants like the Oklahoma School and Campus Safety and Security Grant Programs and the Green Light Initiative and others provided by the Oklahoma State Department of Education to school districts for the purchase and retrofitting of buses to comply with this act.

Section 5. PENALTIES

1. If a school bus is found not to have functioning seatbelts, the Oklahoma State Department of Education shall provide guidance and technical assistance to bring the bus into compliance.
2. School districts failing to comply with this act may face fines of up to one thousand (\$1000.00) dollars per bus not in compliance after guidance from the Oklahoma State Department of Education.

Section 6. This act shall become effective January 1, 2027 after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-526

By: Jimenez (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating personal financial literacy; providing a short title; providing for definitions; amending 70 O.S. § 11-103.6h; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Personal Financial Literacy” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

1. Financial literacy – a method of education instruction which consists of principles of financial management, personal accountability, and economic endeavors.
2. Satisfactory completion - must earn a C or greater to pass

Section 3. AMENDATORY 70 § O.S. 11-103.6h is amended to read as follows:

(A). Personal financial literacy education shall be taught in the public schools of this state. Personal financial literacy education shall include, but is not limited to, the following areas of instruction:

1. Understanding interest, credit card debt, and online commerce;
2. Rights and responsibilities of renting or buying a home;
3. Savings and investing;
4. Planning for retirement;
5. Bankruptcy;
6. Banking and financial services;
7. Managing a bank account;

8. Understanding the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA), loans and borrowing money, including predatory lending and payday loans;
9. Understanding insurance;
10. Identity fraud and theft;
11. Charitable giving;
12. Understanding the financial impact and consequences of gambling;
13. Earning an income; and
14. Understanding state and federal taxes.

(B). In order to graduate from a public high school accredited by the State Board of Education with a standard diploma, students shall fulfill the requirements for a personal financial literacy passport. The requirements for a personal financial literacy passport shall be satisfactory completion in all areas of instruction in personal financial literacy as listed in subsection A of this section during grades seven through twelve or demonstration of satisfactory knowledge as provided for in subsection E of this section.

(C). School districts shall provide instruction in personal financial literacy to students during grades seven through twelve. School districts shall have the option of determining when each area of instruction listed in subsection A of this section shall be presented to students.

(D). Personal financial literacy instruction shall be ~~integrated into one or more existing courses of study or~~ provided in a separate personal financial literacy course. ~~School districts shall have the option of determining into which course or courses each area of instruction listed in subsection A of this section shall be integrated.~~

(E). Students with the most significant cognitive disabilities (MSCD) who have an Individualized Education Program (IEP) that directs that the student is to be assessed with alternate achievements standards through the Oklahoma Alternative Assessment Program may demonstrate satisfactory knowledge in each area of instruction listed in subsection A of this section upon a determination, supported by documentation, by the school district that the student has met the following criteria:

1. Receives substantive and substantial instruction in life-skills curriculum;
and
 2. Demonstrates the acquired knowledge of the student with MSCD by
alternate measures as required by the IEP.
- (F). The State Board of Education shall identify and adopt curriculum standards for personal financial literacy instruction that reflect the areas of instruction listed in subsection A of this section. The standards shall be incorporated into the state academic content standards adopted by the Board pursuant to Section 11-103.6 of this title.
- (G). The State Department of Education shall:
1. Develop guidelines and material designed to enable schools to ~~infuse personal financial literacy within any course of study currently offered by the school district or~~ offer personal financial literacy as a separate course. The guidelines shall outline the areas of instruction to be taught based on the curriculum standards adopted by the Board;
 2. Develop professional development programs that are designed to help teachers provide instruction in personal financial literacy and ~~incorporate the curriculum into an existing course or courses or~~ develop curriculum for a separate personal financial literacy course;
 3. Provide and identify resources, including online curricula, for ~~integrating the teaching of personal financial literacy into an existing course or courses of study or for developing~~ a separate personal financial literacy course. Any online curricula provided or identified by the Department shall include an assessment component for each area of instruction listed in subsection A of this section;
 4. Provide and identify resources, including online curricula, and materials designed to enable students identified as English language learners to understand and use the personal financial literacy information presented;
and
 5. Utilize funds deposited into the Personal Financial Literacy Education Revolving Fund created in Section 3 of this act for the purpose of and to fund the Passport to Financial Literacy Act. Such funds may be used for developing and providing guidelines, materials and resources for personal financial literacy for students and teachers including, but not limited to,

online curricula, training and professional development for teachers in the area of personal financial literacy as required in this subsection. The Department may use such funds to contract or work in conjunction with a third-party, Oklahoma-based not-for-profit organization that has proven expertise in the development of standards and curricula. The Department may further use a third-party organization to deliver professional development for teachers in the area of personal financial literacy.

- (H). The Department may work with one or more not-for-profit organizations that have proven expertise in the development of standards and curriculum and delivery of teacher professional development in personal financial literacy for the purpose of developing and providing guidelines, materials, resources, including online curricula, and professional development.
- (I). 1. For students who transfer into an Oklahoma school district from out of state after the seventh grade, school districts shall assess the knowledge of the student in each of the areas of instruction listed in subsection A of this section. If the school district determines that the transferred student has successfully completed instruction in any or all of the areas of personal financial literacy instruction at a previous school in which the student was enrolled or if the student demonstrates satisfactory knowledge of any or all of the areas of personal financial literacy instruction through an assessment, the school district may exempt the student from completing instruction in that area of personal financial literacy instruction. School districts may use the assessment contained in the online curricula provided or identified by the State Department of Education pursuant to subsection G of this section to determine the personal financial literacy knowledge level of the student. School districts may also use the online curricula to present an area of instruction to transferred students who have not completed or who did not demonstrate satisfactory knowledge in one or more of the areas of personal financial literacy instruction.
- 2. For students who transfer into an Oklahoma school district from out of state after the junior year of high school, school districts may make an exception to the requirements for a personal financial literacy passport pursuant to the provisions of Section 11-103.6 of this title.
- (J). The State Textbook Committee created in Section 16-101 of this title may, when selecting textbooks for mathematics, economics, or similar courses, select those textbooks which contain substantive provisions on personal finance.

(K). In order to deliver high-quality consistent personal financial literacy instruction, school districts shall to the extent possible assign the responsibility for teaching personal financial literacy to the same teacher or teachers on a continuing basis.

(L). Beginning with the ~~2020-2021~~ 2029-2030 school year, all teachers who are assigned the responsibility for teaching personal financial literacy shall complete ongoing professional development training in the areas of personal financial literacy instruction in accordance with guidelines established by the State Department of Education.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. School districts that do not implement will receive up to two (2) warnings and guidance from the State Department of Education after two (2) warnings and guidance from the State Department of Education there will be a fine of five thousand dollars (\$5000.00) per year the districts fail to implement.

Section 5. This act shall become effective at the start of the 2029-2030 academic school year after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-527

By: Johnson (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to public schools; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Educator Protections and Student Accommodations” Act of 2025.
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.
1. “Public school” means all free schools supported by public taxation.
 2. “Perceived sex” means the sex one is perceived to have on the basis of certain bodily features such as muscle mass, voice pitch, body hair, etc., and short-term physical characteristics such as clothing type, makeup use, haircut, etc.
 3. “Gender” means the social group one is associated with on the basis of their perceived sex, including but not limited to man and woman.
 4. "School personnel" means a faculty member of a public school, teacher of a public school, employee of a public school, or employee of a public school partner such as a contractor, volunteer, and nonprofit employee. This section only applies to personnel acting within the scope of his or her duties for a public school.
- Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:
1. School personnel’s use of pronouns when referring to students may be entirely inconsistent with the student’s perceived sex if the use of these pronouns has been promoted by the student. School personnel may refer to a student using any pronouns or alternate names the student has expressed a desire to be addressed by.
 2. School personnel shall be able to ask students to refer to them with their

preferred pronouns.

3. A public school shall not:
 - a. Ask school personnel to refer to students using pronouns or alternate names that are inconsistent with the student's preferred pronouns and name.
 - b. Ask school personnel to limit their requests for students to use specific pronouns to refer to them.
 - c. Penalize school personnel on the basis of using pronouns that do not align with a student's perceived sex if the student has promoted the use of those pronouns.
 - d. Penalize school personnel on the basis of asking students to use pronouns that do not align with the school personnel's perceived sex.
 - e. Penalize school personnel on the basis of not using a student's preferred pronouns or alternate names due to their gender.

Section 4. This act shall become effective at the beginning of the 2026-2027 school year after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-528

By: Lockhart of the House (OSU)
Friesen of the Senate (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to high school sports; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Competitive Equality in Oklahoma” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. “Private School” means any educational institution serving grades kindergarten through twelfth (12th) that charges tuition and does not receive public funding.
2. “Oklahoma Secondary School Activities Association” (OSSAA) means the statewide governing body regulating interscholastic activities, including athletics, for Oklahoma public and private secondary schools.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. All private schools that are members of the Oklahoma Secondary School Activities Association (OSSAA) shall compete only against other private schools in OSSAA district competition.
 - i. This rule does not apply to scrimmages, practices, or exhibition activities.
2. OSSAA shall implement a redistricting system for private schools to ensure equitable competition among private schools.
 - i. Exceptions due to geographic, fiscal, or logistical constraints may be approved by the OSSAA Board on a case-by-case basis. OSSAA shall document any approved exceptions and make records publicly available.
3. OSSAA shall submit an annual report to the Legislature summarizing redistricting decisions, exceptions granted, and compliance outcomes.

- i. The report shall include data on participation rates, competitive balance metrics, and any formal complaints or appeals.
 - ii. The report shall be published on the OSSAA website.
4. OSSAA may provide guidance and technical assistance to private schools to facilitate compliance with district competition rules, including scheduling tools and travel recommendations.
5. The OSSAA Board shall review the effectiveness of this Act every three (3) years and may recommend adjustments to the Legislature.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Any private school participating in Oklahoma Secondary School Activities Association (OSSAA) district competitions that is found competing against public schools in violation of Section 3 shall be assessed a fine of Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000) per academic year in which the violation occurred.
2. Any private school violating this provision shall also be suspended from the relevant OSSAA activity for a period of three (3) years.
3. OSSAA may consider mitigating circumstances, including but not limited to, geographic isolation, low student enrollment, or emergency schedule conflicts, when determining penalties.
 - i. Any adjustments or reductions to penalties must be documented and reported in the annual compliance report.
4. These penalties apply only to OSSAA member schools that have voluntarily agreed to abide by OSSAA rules.
 - i. Appeals must be filed within thirty (30) days of notice of violation, and shall be reviewed by an independent OSSAA committee to ensure fairness.
 - ii. OSSAA shall maintain a public record of compliance, provide notice of violations, and allow schools to appeal penalties, whole or partial, in accordance with OSSAA's established procedures.

- Section 5. This act shall become effective at the beginning of the 2027-2028 school year after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-529

By: Lowry (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to Emergency Construction Services; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Good Construction Worker” Act of 2025.
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.
1. State of Emergency: a legislative declaration made by either the governor or by a concurrent resolution of the legislature as outlined in 63 O.S. § 683.9
 2. Terminating Resolution: a legislative declaration made by either the governor or by a concurrent resolution of the legislature to terminate a state of emergency as outlined in OK Stat § 683.9
 3. NAICS Code: A code assigned to any construction contractor outlining the scope of their construction capabilities
 4. Available Construction Equipment: Heavy Construction Equipment available for access and operation without breaching any fence, posted signage, or locks on the vehicle itself
 5. Relief Efforts: Outlined in the resolution declaring a state of emergency
- Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:
1. During a state of emergency, an individual who works for a contractor that falls within a section 23 (Construction) NAICS code except: 2372 (Land Subdivision), 2382 (Building equipment contractors), and 2383 (Building finishing contractors) may make use of available construction equipment to help relief efforts in the affected area
 2. A past employee of a contractor that falls under 2371 (Utility Construction), 2373 (Highway, Street, and Bridge Construction), or 2379

(Other heavy or Civil Engineering Construction) may make use of available construction equipment to help relief efforts in the affected area

3. This act shall not apply to forklifts or cranes, with them requiring a licence to operate.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Any construction worker or contractor working to help relief efforts in good faith and in a manner consistent with addressing the affected area shall not be liable for any civil damages as a result of any acts or omissions by such construction worker except for committing gross negligence or willful wanton wrongs in administering or providing such emergency assistance
 - a. Cases of suspected gross negligence or willful wanton wrongs in administering or providing such emergency assistance shall be dealt with in civil court with a maximum fine of a payment of damages incurred.

- Section 5. This act shall become effective one hundred eighty (180) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-530

By: Lowry (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to gender discrimination and identity; providing a short title; amending 25 O.S. § 16; amending 25 O.S. § 1101; amending 25 O.S. § 1201; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Equality in Identity” Act of 2025.

Section 2. AMENDATORY 25 O.S. § 16 is to be amended as follows:

1. The word "person," except when used by way of contrast, includes not only human beings, but bodies politic or corporate. R.L.1910, § 2929.

~~As used in the Oklahoma Statutes:~~

- ~~1. “Father” means the male parent of a child or children as defined in Section 7 of this title;~~
- ~~2. “Female” means an individual who naturally has, had, will have, or would have, but for a developmental or genetic anomaly or historical accident, the reproductive system that at some point produces, transports, and utilizes eggs for fertilization;~~
- ~~3. “Male” means an individual who naturally has, had, will have, or would have, but for a developmental or genetic anomaly or historical accident, the reproductive system that at some point produces, transports, and utilizes sperm for fertilization;~~
- ~~4. “Man” or “boy” means a natural person who is male;~~
- ~~5. “Mother” means the female parent of a child or children as defined in Section 7 of this title;~~
- ~~6. “Natural person” means a person as defined in paragraph 7 of this section, except for bodies politic or corporate;~~
- ~~7. “Person”, except when used by way of contrast, includes not only human beings, but bodies politic or corporate;~~
- ~~8. “Sex” means a natural person's biological sex at birth; and~~
- ~~9. “Woman” or “girl” means a natural person who is female.~~

- Section 3. AMENDATORY 25 O.S. § 1011 is to be amended as follows:
- A. This act provides for exclusive remedies within the state of the policies for individuals alleging discrimination in employment on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, religion, creed, age, disability or genetic information.
 - B. This act shall be construed according to the fair import of its terms to further the general purposes stated in this section and the special purposes of the particular provision involved.
 - ~~C. Any policy, program, or statute that prohibits sex discrimination shall be construed to forbid unfair treatment of females or males in relation to similarly situated members of the opposite sex. The state or its political subdivisions shall not be prohibited from establishing distinctions between sexes when such distinctions are substantially related to an important government objective, including, but not limited to, biology, privacy, safety, or fairness.~~
- Section 4. AMENDATORY 25 O.S. § 1201 is to be amended as follows:
1. “Discriminatory practice” means a practice designated as discriminatory under the terms of this act;
 - ~~2. “Equal”, with reference to sex as defined in Section 16 of this title, shall not be construed to mean same or identical, and to differentiate between the sexes shall not necessarily be construed to be treating the sexes unequally~~
 2. 3. “National origin” includes the national origin of an ancestor; and
 3. 4. “Person” includes an individual, association, corporation, joint apprenticeship committee, joint-stock company, labor union, legal representative, mutual company, partnership, receiver, trust, trustee, trustee in bankruptcy, unincorporated organization, any other legal or commercial entity, the state, or any governmental entity or agency.
- Section 5. This act shall become effective one hundred and eighty (180) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-531

By: Macy (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to Agritourism Tax Credit; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Agritourism Liability Insurance Tax Credit” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. Agritourism Activity: any activity on a farm or ranch that allows the general public, for recreational, entertainment, or educational purposes, to view or enjoy rural activities, including farming, ranching, historic, cultural, harvest-your-own activities, or natural activities and attractions.
2. Qualified agritourism operator: means a taxpayer registered with the Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food and Forestry as an approved agritourism operation.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. There shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by the Oklahoma Income Tax Act for liability insurance coverage directly related to agritourism activities made by a qualified agritourism operator.
2. The amount of the credit shall equal one hundred percent (100%) of the liability insurance premiums paid by that individual or entity during the taxable year or for a maximum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00).

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. It shall be unlawful for any person to knowingly submit false or fraudulent information in connection with a claim for the agritourism liability insurance tax credit created by this act. This will be administered/enforced

by the Oklahoma Tax Commission with the Oklahoma Attorney General's Office to prosecute cases of fraud.

2. Any person who violates this shall be subject to repayment of the improperly claimed credit, interest thereon, and all applicable civil penalties under the Oklahoma Income Tax Act. 68 OK Stat § 450.8.

Section 5. This act shall become effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2026 after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-532

By: Macy (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to wheelchair manufacturers; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Oklahoma Wheelchair Right to Repair” Act of 2025.
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.
1. Power wheelchair: a motorized wheeled device designed for use by a person with a physical disability
- Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:
1. Manufacturers of powered wheelchairs sold in Oklahoma shall provide owners and independent repair providers access to:
 - a. Replacement parts
 - b. Repair manuals
 - c. Diagnostic tools or software necessary to repair or maintain the powered wheelchair
 2. Manufacturers may charge a reasonable fee for parts, manuals, or diagnostic tools but may not refuse access.
- Section 4. PENALTIES
1. The Oklahoma Attorney General’s Office shall have the authority to investigate complaints regarding violations of this act.
 2. Manufacturers found in violation will receive a five hundred (\$500.00) penalty on the first offense.
 3. For every violation thereafter, it will be a one thousand (\$1,000.00) penalty.
- Section 5. This act shall become effective January 1, 2026 after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-533

By: McIntyre (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to ammunition sales; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Snacks not Bullets” Act of 2025.
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:
1. Vending Machine: A machine that dispenses small articles such as food, drinks, or cigarettes when a coin, bill, credit card, debit card, or token is inserted.
 2. Ammunition: Material fired, scattered, dropped, or detonated from any weapon or weapon system.
 3. Vendor: A party in the supply chain that makes goods and services available to companies or consumers.
- Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:
1. It shall be illegal for any individual or vendor to sell ammunition from a vending machine.
- Section 4. PENALTIES
1. The first violation of this law shall be subject to a ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) fine.
 2. All violations after the first offense shall be subject to a twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) fine and confiscation of the vending machine.
- Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-534

By: McIntyre (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to Loan Repayment; providing definitions; providing for codification; providing for funding; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Rebuild Rural” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. “Board” means the Oklahoma State Board of Health.
2. “Department” means the Oklahoma State Department of Health.
3. “Eligible provider” means a physician who:
 - a. is licensed to practice medicine in the State of Oklahoma; and
 - b. is certified, or in the process of becoming certified, in obstetrics and gynecology (OB/GYN) or family medicine.
4. “Maternity care desert” means a county within the State of Oklahoma that lacks a hospital or birth center offering obstetric care or lacks any obstetric care providers, as determined by the Department.
5. “Full-time service” means employment of at least forty (40) hours per week in an eligible practice site providing obstetric or maternal health services.
6. “Part-time service” means employment of at least twenty (20) hours per week providing obstetric or maternal health services.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. There is hereby created within the Oklahoma State Department of Health the Oklahoma Rural Maternity Care Loan Repayment Program.
 - a. The Department shall administer the program and may enter into agreements with eligible providers, medical schools, or hospitals as necessary to implement the provisions of this act.
2. To be eligible for loan repayment assistance, a provider must:
 - a. Hold an active, unrestricted license to practice medicine in the State of Oklahoma;

- b. Be employed full-time or part-time in an eligible maternity care desert county;
 - c. Commit to a service period of not less than three (3) years; and
 - d. Have outstanding qualifying educational loans incurred in pursuit of a medical degree.
3. The Board shall adopt rules establishing application procedures, selection criteria, and contract requirements for program participation.
4. Subject to the availability of funds, eligible providers shall receive the following loan repayment benefits:
 - a. Up to One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000) in total for full-time service over a three-year period; or
 - b. Up to Forty Thousand Dollars (\$40,000.00) in total for part-time service over a three-year period.
5. Upon completion of the initial service period, an eligible provider may renew the agreement for an additional two (2) years of full-time service in exchange for up to Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$60,000.00) in additional loan repayment assistance.
 - a. Loan repayment funds shall be paid directly to the financial institution or loan servicer of the participating provider.
6. The Board shall promulgate rules and establish guidelines necessary to implement and administer the provisions of this act, including but not limited to:
 - a. Procedures for verifying compliance with service obligations; and
 - b. Terms for repayment or reimbursement if a provider fails to complete the agreed service period.
7. The Department may coordinate with the Oklahoma Health Care Authority, the State Regents for Higher Education, and other relevant agencies to ensure program efficiency and fiscal accountability.
8. The Board shall conduct an evaluation of the Oklahoma Rural Maternity Care Loan Repayment Program every ten (10) years following the effective date of this act. The evaluation shall assess program effectiveness in reducing maternity care deserts, physician retention, and maternal health outcomes. The findings shall be submitted to the Governor, the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
9. There is hereby created the Rebuild Rural Scholarship Fund which shall be managed by the Board for the distribution of scholarships.
 - a. All excess funding shall be allocated to the Oklahoma State Department of Health to fund healthcare initiatives throughout the State.

10. The Board shall award up to, forty-five (45) scholarships every three (3) years.
11. The Board shall be established when the bill comes into effect, the scholarships shall open January 1st, 2028.

Section 4. FUNDING

1. Using federal programs such as the rural healthcare transformation program (RHT), Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA), and other grants from the National health corps and USDA, the board shall make every effort to fund this program externally.
2. Using State programs such as the Tobacco Settlement Endowment Trust (TSET), the board shall make every effort to fund this program externally.
3. For all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2025, a tax is hereby imposed upon the Oklahoma taxable income of every corporation doing business within this state or deriving income from sources within this state in an amount equal to two percent (2%) thereof.
 - a. Six percent (6%) of the corporate tax increase shall be allocated to the Rebuild Rural Scholarship Fund.

Section 5. This act shall become effective one hundred and eighty (180) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-535

By: Misener (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to public education; repealing or amending provisions related to the use of personal electronic devices by students in public schools; providing exceptions; providing for a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Student Safety and Communication” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. "Public school" means any educational institution that is part of the state's public school system, including but not limited to elementary, middle, and high schools.
2. "Personal electronic device" means any device that allows for real-time communication, including but not limited to cell phones, smartphones, and smartwatches.
3. "Emergency" means any situation that poses an immediate threat to the health, safety, or well-being of a student or others, including but not limited to active shooter events, medical emergencies, or natural disasters.
4. "Parent or guardian" means a legal guardian or parent of a student.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

- A. A public school district may, but is not required to, adopt and implement a policy regarding the use of personal electronic devices by students during school hours. Any such policy shall not prevent a student from accessing their personal electronic device in the event of an emergency or to communicate with a parent or guardian during such an event.
- B. Any policy adopted pursuant to this section shall include provisions that permit students to use personal electronic devices during instructional time

with the express permission of a teacher or administrator for educational purposes.

- C. A public school district shall not prohibit a student from having a personal electronic device on their person or in their possession while on school grounds.

Section 4. PENALTIES

The provisions of this act do not impose any new penalties on students. Any disciplinary action regarding the misuse of personal electronic devices shall be governed by the school district's existing code of conduct, provided that such disciplinary action does not conflict with the provisions of this act.

- Section 5. This act shall become effective upon the 2026-2027 school year after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-536

By: Nelson (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to the eradication of black vultures; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing for an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Black Vulture Eradication” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

1. “Black vultures” refers to the New World Vulture. Unlike the common vulture, which has a red head, the black vulture has a black head. The black vultures are known to feed on live prey, especially within the agricultural/livestock industry.
2. “Livestock” refers to cattle, sheep, goats, swine, and those that are commonly known to fall under the equine category (horses, donkeys and mules).
3. “Livestock producers” refers to those who breed, raise, sell or train livestock for business/production and/or personal reasons.
4. “Eradication” refers to the killing of said black vultures.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. Purpose and Scope
 - A. The purpose of this Act is to ensure livestock producers are able to freely protect their livestock from black vultures, which prey on birthing mothers, and newborn/young livestock.
 - B. This Act shall mandate that the eradication of black vultures will be open season, making it possible for livestock producers to kill these birds year round.
2. Situational Matters
 - A. Livestock producers will not be withheld from killing the black vultures only if they are attacking their livestock, but will be able to kill the birds if they are seen on one's property.
3. Reporting

- A. Livestock producers will not be required to have permits for the eradication of black vultures, but will still be required to submit a report to the Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food and Forestry. This report will help the state to gain a better idea about the population of these birds within the state and the levels of severity for different producers.
- B. The report will be required to contain the following:
 - a. Name of livestock producer.
 - b. Location/address of where the bird(s) were killed.
 - c. How many birds were killed.
 - d. What type of livestock the producer has.
 - e. How the producer killed the birds.
 - f. And if applicable (if the producer caught the bird attacking its livestock), to describe what was happening in the attack.

Section 5. This act shall become effective at the beginning of the 2026 year after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2026)

House Bill No. OSU-537

By: Orr (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to water metering; providing a short title; providing for definitions; amending 82 O.S. §1020.19; providing for funding; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “The Oklahoma Water Metering” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. Alternative Measuring System- Non-contact sensors using sound or radar, and contact-based systems relying on pressure or magnetics
2. Oklahoma Water Resources Board (OWRB)- The state's primary water management agency, responsible for planning, developing, and protecting Oklahoma’s water resources.

Section 3. AMENDATORY 82 O.S. § 1020.19 is amended to read as follows:

~~Section 1020.19 Upon request of a majority of the landowners residing within a basin or subbasin, the Board is authorized to require that water wells be metered and that such meters as the Board shall approve be utilized by the applicant and placed under seal, subject to reading by the agents of the Board at any time.~~

- A. The Oklahoma Water Resources Board (OWRB) is authorized to require that all water wells requiring a permit to take and use groundwater from the OWRB be equipped with water well flow meters or an alternative measuring system as defined by the OWRB. Such measuring systems shall remain on the well and be in proper operating condition at all times when groundwater is being produced. Data from the measuring system shall be utilized for the annual groundwater use report. The OWRB may also require that the applicant report the reading of such meters or alternative measuring system at reasonable intervals.

- B. To ensure fair implementation and cost feasibility for small agricultural procedures, the OWRB may phase in metering requirements by basin or region. Beginning January 1, 2027, a five (5) year allocation of the maximum annual yield of the basin or subbasin may be approved for a regular permit. An applicant for a five-year allocation shall be required to submit annual usage as determined by a water well flow meter and pay the annual permit fee. If approved by the OWRB, the applicant may exceed the maximum annual yield in any year of the five-year allocation; provided, the applicant shall adhere to the cumulative maximum annual yield for the basin or subbasin over the five-year period.

Section 4. FUNDING

1. There is hereby created within the Oklahoma Water Resources Board (OWRB) the Water Metering Implementation Fund, which shall be used to assist landowners and water permit holders in complying with the provisions of this act.
2. The Fund shall consist of:
 - a. Annual appropriations by the Oklahoma Legislature;
 - b. Federal grants and matching funds from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and U.S. Geological Survey;
 - c. Fees collected from new groundwater permits as established by the OWRB;
 - d. Private or nonprofit contributions designated for water measurement and conservation programs.
3. The OWRB shall be authorized to administer grants or cost-share programs from this Fund to partially reimburse permit holders for the purchase, installation, or maintenance or approved water flow meters or alternative measuring systems.
4. No more than five percent (5%) of the Fund shall be used for administrative costs, reporting, or public education efforts related to the implementation of this act.

Section 5. This act shall become effective one hundred and eighty (180) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-538

By: Orr (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to eastern red cedar trees; providing a short title; providing for definitions; amending 2 O.S. § 18-406; providing for funding; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Harvesting of Invasive Eastern Red Cedar Trees” Act of 2025.
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:
1. Eastern Red Cedar (*Juniperus virginiana*)- A native evergreen tree that has become a widespread, often invasive, species, particularly in grasslands.
 2. Tax Credit- An amount that taxpayers can subtract from the taxes they owe.
- Section 3. AMENDATORY 2 O.S. § 18-406 is amended to read as follows:
1. Eastern Redcedar trees removed from lands owned by any state agency or any person or entity with authority to remove the trees from state-owned lands may be provided to harvesters listed in the Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food, and Forestry's directory in a manner consistent with Section 16-57 of this title. Providers of Eastern Red Cedar (*Juniperus virginiana*) trees shall be eligible for a tax credit of ten cents (\$0.10) per pound of Eastern Red Cedar trees harvested, processed, or delivered to approved recycling or biomass facilities as verified by the Department.
- Section 4. FUNDING
1. Pursuant to 2 O.S. § 18-407, the Eastern Redcedar Revolving Fund is hereby expanded to include expenditures related to:
 - a. The administration of the tax credit established under this act;
 - b. Incentive payments or cost-share reimbursements to verified landowners and harvesters removing Eastern Red Cedar;

- c. Public education and cooperative fire prevention programs associated with Eastern Red Cedar management.
2. The Fund shall consist of:
 - a. Existing monies within the Eastern Redcedar Revolving Fund;
 - b. Any additional appropriations made by the Oklahoma Legislature for this purpose;
 - c. Federal or private grants directed toward invasive species mitigation, wildfire prevention, or biomass development;
 - d. Proceeds from the sale or utilization of Eastern Red Cedar materials under state programs.
3. No more than five percent (5%) of funds expended annually shall be used for administrative costs.

Section 5. This act shall become effective November 1, 2026 after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-539

By: Patterson (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating legislative transparency; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing for an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Legislative Attendance Transparency” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. “Attendance record” means the official record of a legislator’s presence during any floor session or committee meeting of the Oklahoma Senate or House of Representatives.
2. “Legislative website” means the official internet website maintained by either the Senate, the House of Representatives, or a jointly managed state legislative database.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. The Oklahoma Senate and the Oklahoma House of Representatives shall make publicly available the attendance records of all members for each legislative session and for all standing, special, and joint committees.
2. The attendance records shall include:
 - a. The date and title of each session or meeting;
 - b. The names of members present, absent, or excused; and
 - c. Reasons for excused absences when applicable.
3. The attendance records shall be posted on the Legislative website within five (5) business days after each session or meeting.
4. Posted attendance data shall remain publicly viewable for no less than ten (10) years from the date of posting.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Failure by the Chief Clerk of the House or the Secretary of the Senate to ensure compliance with this act shall constitute a violation of legislative duty and may result in disciplinary action by the appropriate Ethics Committee

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-540

By: Patterson (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to burial practices; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for enforcement and penalties; providing for severability; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Green Burial Preservation” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. “Burial vault” means any container, case, or enclosure, whether made of concrete, metal, plastic, or other material, used to encase a casket or coffin and installed in a grave to provide support to the ground surface.
2. “Burial liner” means a container, usually made of concrete or similar material, placed in a grave to hold a casket and provide ground support, but not fully enclosing the coffin.
3. “Green burial” means the interment of a human body in a manner that does not inhibit natural decomposition and which uses biodegradable materials to minimize environmental impact.
4. “Cemetery” means any area or facility used or intended for the burial of human remains.
5. “Oklahoma Funeral Board” has a mission to act in the public interest, for the public protection and advancement of the profession within the police powers vested in the Board by the Legislature of the State of Oklahoma, entirely without appropriated funds. The Board shall serve as an informational resource on funeral service to the general public and members of the funeral profession

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. No cemetery located in the State of Oklahoma shall require the use of a burial vault or burial liner as a condition for interment or sale of burial plots when a green burial is selected.

2. When a green burial is not selected, cemeteries may require burial vaults or liners in accordance with their existing rules and regulations.
3. Cemeteries may recommend the use of burial vaults or liners for maintenance or safety reasons, but such recommendations shall not be mandatory or enforceable for green burials.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Any cemetery violating this act shall be subject to fines of up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per violation and potential revocation of licenses or permits related to burial operations as determined by the Oklahoma Funeral Board. All violations must be reported to the Oklahoma Funeral Board.

Section 6. SEVERABILITY

The provisions of this act are severable and if any part shall be declared unconstitutional, such declaration shall not affect the remaining provisions.

Section 7. This act shall become effective one (1) year after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-541

By: Sand (OSU)
Vandra (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to protecting the arts; providing a short title; amending 70 O.S. § 3251; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Protecting the Arts” Act of 2025.

Section 2. AMENDATORY 70 O.S. § 3251 is amended to read as follows:

A. No institution of higher education within The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education shall utilize state funds, property, or resources to:

1. Grant or support diversity, equity, and inclusion positions, departments, activities, procedures, or programs to the extent they grant preferential treatment based on one person’s particular race, color, ethnicity, or national origin over another’s;
2. Mandate any person to participate in, listen to, or receive any education, training, activities, procedures, or programming to the extent such education, training, activities, procedures, or programming grants preferences based on one person’s particular race, color, sex, ethnicity, or national origin over another’s;
3. Mandate any person swear, certify, or agree to any loyalty oath that favors or prefers one particular race, color, sex, ethnicity, or national origin over another’s;
4. Mandate any person to certify or declare agreement with, recognition of, or adherence to any particular political, philosophical, religious, or other ideological viewpoint;
5. Mandate any applicant for employment provide a diversity, equity, and inclusion statement or give any applicant for employment preferential consideration based on the provision of such a diversity, equity, and inclusion statement; or
6. Mandate any person to disclose his or her pronouns.

B. After the effective date of this act, institutions of higher education within The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education shall initiate a review of diversity, equity, and inclusion positions, departments, activities, procedures, and programs and, if deemed necessary, restructure or

eliminate functions that are not necessary for compliance, accreditation, or student or employee support services intended to broadly support success.

C. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit or prohibit institutions of higher education within The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education, including any agency of the executive branch supporting those institutions' work, from applying for a grant or complying with the accreditation requirements of an accrediting or licensing agency including, but not limited to, submitting to the grantor or accreditation agency a statement that:

1. Highlights the institution's or agency's work in supporting:
 - a. first-generation college students,
 - b. students from low-income families,
 - c. students with unique abilities, or
 - d. underserved student populations; or
2. Certifies compliance with applicable anti-discrimination laws, rules, and regulations.

D. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to apply to institutions of higher education within The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education with respect to:

1. A policy, practice, procedure, program, class, or activity required for compliance with state or federal laws, rules, or regulations for obtaining or retaining institutional, academic, or discipline-specific accreditation or licensure;
2. The academic freedom of any individual faculty member to direct the instruction within his or her own course;
3. Scholarly research or creative work by an institution of higher education's students, faculty, or other research personnel or the dissemination of such research or work, specifically including the fields of visual and performing arts, literature, and language arts;
4. An activity of a student organization registered with or recognized by an institution of higher education;
5. Guest speakers or performances on short-term engagements, including artistic performances;
6. Academic support, tutoring, and career services and student success centers, so long as the programming is designed and implemented without regard to race, sex, color, national origin, or ethnicity;
7. Data collection; or
8. Access programs for military, veterans, Pell Grant recipients, first-generation college students, students from low-income families, students with unique abilities, or underserved student populations.

E. By July 1, 2026, and each July 1 thereafter, institutions of higher education within The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education shall electronically submit to the Governor, the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a certificate of compliance with the provisions of this section.

F. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the promotion of civil discourse, debate, or speech that is protected by the First Amendment to the United States Constitution.

G. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section.

Section 3. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-542

By: Sand (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to Gifted and Talented students in the Oklahoma educational system; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; providing for severability; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Protecting the Gifted and Talented” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. "Gifted and talented children" means those children identified at the preschool, elementary and secondary level as having demonstrated potential abilities of high performance capability and needing differentiated or accelerated education or services;
2. "Gifted child educational programs" means those special instructional programs, supportive services, unique educational materials, learning setting and other educational services which differentiate, supplement and support the regular educational program in meeting the needs of the gifted and talented child;
3. “Department” means the State Department of Education;
4. "Board" means the Oklahoma State Board of Education;
5. “Special education” indicates a specially designed instruction, at no cost to parents, to meet the unique needs of a child with a disability, including;
6. “Individualized Education Program (IEP)” is a written document of the educational program designed to meet a child’s individual needs;
7. “Section 504” require a school district to provide a "free appropriate public education" (FAPE) to each qualified student with a disability who is in the school district's jurisdiction, regardless of the nature or severity of the disability;
8. “Public schools of Oklahoma” shall consist of all free schools supported by public taxation and shall include nurseries, kindergartens, elementary, which may include either K-6 or K-8, secondary schools and technology center schools, not to exceed two (2) years of junior college work, night

schools, adult and other special classes, vocational and technical instruction and such other school classes and instruction as may be supported by public taxation or otherwise authorized by laws which are now in effect or which may hereafter be enacted;

9. "Neurodiversity" is the concept that there is natural variation in how people's brains work. The idea is that there's no "correct" way for the brain to work. Instead, there is a wide range of ways that people perceive and respond to the world, including those with ADHD, autism and learning differences .

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. Gifted child education programs shall be categorized as a special education program and shall benefit from the funds and regulations allocated by the Department and Board;
2. Gifted child education programs shall offer Section 504 plans to best suit gifted and talented children, if need is neurodiversity is demonstrated and recognized, in public schools of Oklahoma upon recommendation of teachers and members of academic administration, at the discretion of the child's parent or guardian;
 - A. The child's parent or guardian is able to refuse any individualized education program and other benefits upon meeting with their school district's special education department and written consent of refusal. The parent or guardian is able to opt back in at any point during the academic year;
3. Gifted child education programs must acknowledge and support gifted and talented students that exhibit signs of neurodivergency;
 - A. Support shall consist of, but is not limited to, the following:
 1. Educational information regarding neurodivergency for parent, guardians, and the student themselves;
 2. Direction to local testing centers upon parental or guardian's request;
 3. Screening upon educator, parent, or guardians request performed by the district school psychologist in which the child attends;
 4. Academic support through Section 504 plans if recognized need is shown;
 5. Additional assistance and education to ensure students are fit to progress through the American education system including higher educational programs like colleges, universities, and technical and vocational training programs.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. The Department and Board will assess each school district annually for the first five (5) years of this change being implemented, beginning in academic years 2026-2027 and ending in academic year 2030-2031, to assure proper implantation and analyze any benefits or drawbacks of this implantation;
 - A. These assessments will occur on the first Monday of each month of October throughout this period;
 - B. Assessments will consist of analysis of standardized test scores, randomly chosen one-on-one meetings within students in the gifted and talented educational program, and meetings with faculty members and staff who are involved in the program and special education department of each school district;
 - C. Assessments will be scored on a basis of one to one-hundred (1-100) upon discretion of assessor, and academic institutions must score at minimum an eighty (80) to remain in good standing;
2. Schools that do not meet the minimum score will be fined one-thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each month, excluding October, of the remaining school year totaling seven-thousand dollars (\$7,000) if;
 - A. Schools are able to apply for a re-assessment beginning thirty (30) days after a failed assessment;
 - i. If schools are able to score adequately the fines shall stop occurring beginning in the next calendar month after re-assessment;
3. Upon conclusion of the five (5) year period schools must provide an annual report to the Department and Board documenting statistical and observational results from this program to ensure proper implantation and activity within;

Section 5. SEVERABILITY

1. Nothing in this act shall contravene federal law including IDEA and FERPA.

Section 6. This act shall become effective academic year 2026-2027 after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-543

By: Roberts (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to common law marriage; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Common Law Marriage Clarification” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. “Marriage” is a personal relation arising out of a civil contract to which the consent of parties legally competent of contracting and of entering into it is necessary, and the marriage relation shall only be entered into, maintained or abrogated as provided by law.
2. “Common-law” marriage exists where competent parties agree to be and become immediately married, and pursuant thereto enter into and maintain the marriage relation.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. A common law marriage shall only be recognized in the State of Oklahoma if all of the following criteria are met:
 - a. Both parties are at least eighteen (18) years of age.
 - b. Neither party is currently married to another person.
 - c. The parties have mutually agreed to be married.
 - d. The parties have cohabited continuously for a period of not less than five (5) years;
 - e. The parties present themselves publicly as a married couple, including but not limited to:
 - i. Using the same last name;
 - ii. Referring to each other as spouse in social and legal settings;
 - iii. Filing joint tax returns;

- iv. Sharing financial accounts, property ownership, or other legal documentation;
 - f. At least two (2) affidavits from non-related individuals attesting to the couple's representation as married.
- 2. No common law marriage entered into after January 1, 2026, shall be recognized unless the requirements under this section are fully satisfied.
- 3. Nothing in this section shall be construed to invalidate any common law marriage recognized by a court of competent jurisdiction prior to the effective date of this act.

Section 4. PENALTIES

- 1. This bill will invalidate any common law marriage after the effective date of this act if it does not meet the requirements of Section 3.

Section 5. This act shall become effective January 1, 2026 after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-544

By: Schulz (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to riddance of organic bee products; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Honey Can Never Be Organic” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. Organic: Of, relating to, yielding, or involving the use of food produced with the use of feed or fertilizer of plant or animal origin without employment of chemically formulated fertilizers, growth stimulants, antibiotics, or pesticides.
2. Bee products: Apiarist goods such as honey, beeswax, candles, soap, chapstick, or any product substantially derived from bees.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. No bee product offered for sale, distribution, or marketing in the state of Oklahoma may be labeled, represented, or advertised as “organic”.
2. No certification body operating within Oklahoma shall issue or maintain an “organic” certification for any bee product.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. The Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food, and Forestry (ODAFF) shall enforce this Act and may inspect, investigate, and take necessary action to ensure compliance.
2. Any person or entity violating this Act shall be subject to:
 - a. A civil penalty not exceeding five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per violation.
 - b. Additional remedies available under the Oklahoma Consumer Protection Act.

Section 5. This act shall become effective January 1, 2027 after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-545

By: Schulz (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to federal carbon policies; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Carbon Policy Independence” Act of 2025.
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:
1. Carbon policy: a rule, regulation, or executive action establishing limits, targets, or financial penalties related to carbon dioxide or greenhouse gas emissions.
 2. State agency: any department, board, commission, or authority of the State of Oklahoma.
 3. Net-zero mandate: a policy requiring or encouraging carbon neutrality or offsetting emissions through credits or external purchases.
- Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:
1. State agencies shall not adopt, enforce, or integrate carbon policies or net-zero mandates without explicit authorization by the Oklahoma Legislature.
 2. State funds shall not be used in the process of complying with, enforcing, or administering any federal or international carbon policy, treaty, or initiative unless approved by the Oklahoma Legislature.
 3. Proposed carbon policies by a state agency must provide an economic assessment for its effect on agriculture, energy production, and employment within the state.
- Section 4. This act shall become effective January 1, 2027 after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-546

By: Sorrell (OSU)
Clark (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the creation of a lifeguarding registry; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Lifeguard Accountability” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. “Swimming Season” means the season in which the pool is open beginning in May and ending in September.
2. “Lifeguard” means an appointed person in charge of observing and maintaining swimming safety.
3. “Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR) Certification” is the process that proves your ability to provide rescue breathing and chest compressions to an injured individual.
4. “Private Pools” means pools maintained by an individual for the use of his family and friends, with no other formal admission requirements.
5. “Public Pools” means any pool, spa or water slide which is intended to be used by the general public for swimming, bathing or other related purposes and is operated by an owner, lessee, operator, licensee or concessionaire, regardless of whether a fee is charged for use.
6. “Home Owners Association” means a community swimming pool that an HOA owns and is responsible for maintaining, subject to health, safety, accessibility, and local/state regulations and the HOA's own governing documents.
7. “Shallow Water Certification” means a certification proving adequate skills to prevent, recognize, and respond to aquatic emergencies in shallow water up to five (5) feet and provide care until Emergency Medical Services (EMS) personnel take over; including training in Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation Certification/Automated external defibrillators (AED) and First Aid.

8. “Deep Water Certification” means a certification proving adequate skills to prevent, recognize, and respond to aquatic emergencies in shallow water as well as water deeper than five (5) feet and provide care until EMS personnel take over; including training in swimming/rescue techniques, Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation Certification /Automated external defibrillators, and First Aid.
9. “First-Aid Training” individual training which includes how to treat the listed situations: Legal issues of applying first aid (Good Samaritan Laws), Basic anatomy, Patient assessment, and first aid for the following: Respiratory arrest, Cardiac arrest, Hemorrhage, Lacerations/abrasions, Amputations, Musculoskeletal injuries, Shock, Eye injuries, Burns, Loss of consciousness, Extreme temperature exposure (hypothermia/hyperthermia), Paralysis, Poisoning, Loss of mental functioning (psychosis/hallucinations, etc.). Artificial ventilation, Drug overdose, Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation Certification, Application of dressings and slings, Treatment of strains, sprains, and fractures, Immobilization of injured persons, Handling and transporting injured persons, and Treatment of bites, stings, or contact with poisonous plants or animals.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. Public pools are required to register with the state, all existing and new hires under the Lifeguard or Lifeguard Advisory Title at the beginning of the swimming season. As well as provide a copy of their completed and up to date lifeguard certification.
2. Pools will be required to register their staff list to the city they are located in’s parks and recreation department and is required to be implemented by the time the bill comes into effect.
 - A. If there is a mid-season hire, the pool is required to report within sixty (60) days of their first pay check a copy of their certification and title.
 - B. In the case of year-long operated pools, a complete registration of employees under the Lifeguard or Lifeguard Advisory Title are required at the bill’s date of implementation. New employees will be held to the same standard and will be required to be registered within sixty (60) days of their first pay check.

3. Within three (3) years of the codification of this act the state is required to create a publicly accessible registry of the reported lifeguards at both public facilities.
4. The state shall get the funding for the creation of this registry and any required positions created by the city for the upkeep from the taxes directly paid by all pools as well as the money paid to receive their certification as a pool.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Any pool who is found to not report an accurate record of certified lifeguards to the registry, facing a first time offense, will be subjected to a fine of two hundred dollars (\$200.00)
2. Any pool who is found to not report an accurate record of certified lifeguards to the public registry, facing a second or greater offense, will be subjected to a fine ten (10) times the previously established fine which accurately correlates with the number of offenses, unless not consecutively committed within a twelve (12) month time period.

Section 5. This act shall become effective within three hundred and sixty-five (365) days of passing.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-547

By: Strawn (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to canine breeding; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Ban Unethical Canine Breeding” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. Unethical Canine Breeding: The breeding of canines with the intent to exaggerate or pass on congenital anatomical features that are likely to cause the animal to suffer from pain, deformity, difficulty breathing, or difficulty with physical exertion.
2. Congenital Anatomical: Features likely to cause lifelong suffering included but not limited to: brachycephalic conformations, hypoplastic trachea, stenotic nares, elongated or thickened soft palate, and everted laryngeal sacculles.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. No person within the state of Oklahoma shall intentionally participate in the breeding of canines in which they will face lifelong suffering from their congenital anatomical features.
2. No person within the state of Oklahoma shall intentionally purchase or sell a canine bred for their congenital anatomical features.
 - a. The exemption includes the purchase in the form of adoption fees from animal rescues that did not breed the canine.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. First offense is a seven hundred fifty (\$750) fine per unethically bred canine.

2. Second offense is a one thousand five hundred (\$1,500) fine per unethically bred canine.
3. Third offense and on is a one thousand five hundred (\$1,500) fine per unethically bred canine and up to thirty (30) days of jail time per unethically bred litter.

Section 5. This act shall become effective one hundred eighty (180) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-548

By: Strawn (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to medical aid in dying; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Death With Dignity” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. Mentally Capable Adult- An adult who is capable of using and understanding information to make a decision and communicate their decision.
2. Terminal Illness- An incurable condition or illness that will result in death.
3. Physician- A person trained and licensed to practice medicine.
4. Medical Aid in Dying- A practice in which a physician provides a mentally capable adult suffering from a terminal illness with a prescription for a lethal dose of oral medication at the request of a patient, which the patient intends to use to end their life peacefully.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. A mentally capable adult suffering from a terminal illness that will result in death within six (6) months shall be presented with the option to take oral medicine prescribed by their physician to end their life.
 - a. Physicians must also offer patients other end-of-life care, such as comfort care, hospice care, pain control, and palliative care.
 - b. Physicians must also offer patients an opportunity to rescind their request before oral medication is given.
2. A patient seeking medical aid in dying shall submit two (2) oral requests to their physician, a minimum of forty-eight (48) hours apart, and a notarized written request to the physician at the time of administration
 - a. The Physician must receive these requests directly from the patient requesting the medical aid in dying.

- b. The requests must be witnessed by two (2) physicians who agree that the patient is mentally capable.
3. If a patient chooses to take the oral medication at home, They must have medically trained personnel present.

Section 4. This act shall become effective one hundred eighty (180) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-549

By: Tate (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to environmental protection; providing for short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing an effective date

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Cattle and Livestock Feed” (C.A.L.F.) Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. Cattle - large ruminant animals with horns and cloven hoofs, domesticated for meat, milk, or work.
2. Seaweed - brominta, a form of red seaweed.
3. Bovaer - feed additive that suppresses enzymes that create methane and is broken down into compounds naturally present in the rumen.
4. Methane - powerful greenhouse gas released when cattle burp.
5. Proof-of-purchase - receipt, work order, or tax from that demonstrates purchase of Bovaer.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. The Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food, and Forestry shall provide a fifteen percent (15%) tax cut to livestock owners who spend more than five thousand (5,000) dollars on cattle feed that contains seaweed or Bovaer in each fiscal year.
2. Farmers must provide proof of purchase to the Oklahoma Department of Agriculture.
3. Dairy and beef cattle regular diets can only be supplemented with Bovaer or seaweed based feed.
4. Non-dairy and non-beef cattle can be given either seaweed or Bovaer.
5. Farmers must tag cattle that are given seaweed or Bovaer.
6. Owners who decide to partake in this plan, must allow research to be done on methane emissions of their cattle.

Section 3. This act shall become effective July 1 of the 2027 fiscal year after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-550

By: Vandra (OSU)
Friend (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to artist protection; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Artist Protection” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. “Sound recording” means a piece of music that extends five seconds or more that is meant for musical purposes.
2. “Artificial Intelligence” means any generative site that is used to insert a prompt to produce an artificially made vocal recording of a pre-existing music artist.
3. “Authorized” means to give written or otherwise documented permission.
4. “Estate” means the person who owns the exclusive rights to a sound recording.
5. “Exclusive Rights” means a copyright holder's right to copy, distribute, perform, or make derivative works of their art.
6. "Voice" means a sound in a medium that is readily identifiable and attributable to a particular individual, regardless of whether the sound contains the actual voice or a simulation of the voice of the individual.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. No person’s voice should be duplicated using artificial intelligence for any commercial gain, unless first authorized by the artist.
 - a. If the artist is a minor, authorization can be given by a guardian.
 - b. If the artist is deceased authorization can be given by estate.
2. No person shall distribute a recording made by artificial intelligence if there is not a disclosure in the recording that the recording was made using artificial intelligence.

3. If a person intentionally uses artificial intelligence to duplicate a sound recording infringing on their exclusive rights, without authorization from the individual, that person should be held liable.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. The affected party shall receive no less than Five Thousand Dollars (\$10,000) per infraction to the affected party if an artist.
2. The affected party shall receive no less than Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars (\$50,000) per infraction to the affected party if found to be acting on behalf of a large corporation.
3. All sound recordings produced by artificial intelligence already in the public shall not be subject to the new law.

Section 5. This act shall become effective One Hundred and Eighty (180) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-551

By: Vogler (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to cyberbullying; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; providing for severability; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Cyberbully Accountability” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

- a. “Cyberbullying” means the unwanted, willful, repeated, aggressive, negative behavior that takes place over digital devices, including but not limited to cell phones, tablets, and computers. It can happen via email, texting, social media, gaming, instant messaging, or photo sharing.
- b. “Resulting in suicide” means the victim of the defendant's actions resulted in the victim taking their own life.
- c. Title 21, Statute §21-715: Any person guilty of manslaughter in the first degree shall be guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for not less than four (4) years.

Section 3. NEW LAW

1. Any person who engages in cyberbullying that directly results in the suicide of another individual shall be guilty of the offense of “Cyberbullying Resulting in Death”.
2. To establish liability under this section, the prosecution must prove that:
 - a. The defendant knowingly and repeatedly engaged in cyberbullying of the victim with substantial evidence; and
 - b. If cyberbullying was a substantial factor in causing the victim’s death by suicide.
 - c. “Fight words” must have been used. The following falls under this category: “You don’t deserve to live”, “You should kill yourself”, “Everyone will be happier with you dead”, “You are a waste of space and air”, “No one even cares about you, so why bother to live”, and or other phrases with similar sentiments.

1. If a person makes a comment a year or more before the death and never again afterwards, they will not be found guilty or prosecuted for the death.
 - a. A consecutive timeline must be found. Three (3) or more comments per month for multiple months must be found to establish liability.
2. A person over the age of eighteen (18) convicted under this Act shall be guilty of involuntary manslaughter.
3. Any person under the age of eighteen (18) convicted under this Act shall be sentenced to 5 years minimum and 8 years maximum in a juvenile detention center.
 - a. Depending on the severity of the bullying, if tried as an adult and found guilty, the defendant will serve time in the juvenile detention center until eighteen (18), then will be transferred to a jail to serve the remainder of the sentence.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Any penalties shall be pursuant to Title 21, Statute §21-715,
2. Nothing in this Act shall preclude prosecution under other applicable state or federal laws.

Section 5. SEVERABILITY

1. If any provision of this Act or its application is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect the other provisions or applications which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

Section 6. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-552

By: Vogler (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to foster care; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties and enforcement; providing severability; providing for funding; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Foster Family Capacity Reform” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. “Foster home” means a home that is licensed by the Oklahoma Department of Human Services (DHS) to provide care for a child or children in the custody of the state.
2. “Foster placement” means the act of placing a child into a licensed foster home for temporary care and supervision.
3. “Maximum capacity” means the maximum number of children allowed to reside in a single foster home under state regulation.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. No foster home shall be approved, licensed, or continued in operation if it allows more than three (3) foster children to be placed in the home at one time, excluding biological or adopted children of the foster parents.
 - a. Including biological or adopted children of the foster parents should not exceed five (5) children in one house.
 - i. Exceptions will be made for sibling groups of four (4) or more.
2. A committee will be created to help the Director of the Oklahoma Department of Human Services (DHS) go through applications filed to become a foster placement home, to increase the number of houses available, which will be needed once this bill goes into effect, to house children affected by this bill, and to house more children who are already waiting on placements.

3. The Oklahoma Department of Human Services (DHS) shall update all current foster home licenses, regulations, and placement procedures to reflect this change in maximum capacity.
4. DHS shall work with current foster parents exceeding the three (3) child limit to develop a transition plan ensuring the safety and stability of all children currently placed.
5. Exceptions may only be granted under emergency circumstances and with written approval from the DHS Director, provided the placement does not endanger the welfare of any child in the home.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Any violation of this Act by a foster care agency or foster parent shall be subject to administrative penalties, including suspension, fines, or revocation of licensure.
2. DHS shall conduct periodic inspections and audits to ensure compliance with the reduced capacity requirement.
3. Nothing in this Act shall preclude additional action under existing child welfare or safety laws.

Section 5. SEVERABILITY

1. If any provision of this Act or its application is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect the other provisions or applications which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

Section 6. FUNDING

1. We will implement a tax .01% tax on corporations to provide more funding for the Department of Children Services (DHS) to bring on new employees to help with this workload.

Section 7. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-553

By: Wilson (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to property tax exemptions; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the “CLEAR” (Cut Levies on Equipment and Resources) Act of 2025.
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:
1. “Derivative” means any subsidiary of any holding company.
 2. “Holding company” means a parent company, a corporation or LLC, that owns other companies or oversees their operations.
 3. “Business equipment and business machinery” means any piece of technology that a reasonable person would assume is necessary to the completion of a service.
- Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:
1. All businesses in Oklahoma, except for derivatives or branches of holding companies that have less than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00) in assets under management, shall be exempt from paying property tax on business equipment and other business machinery.
- Section 4. This act shall become effective three hundred sixty-five (365) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OSU-554

By: Wilson (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to public safety; providing a short title; providing for definitions; providing for penalties; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Crunchy Dude Bill” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. Business Entity - a corporation, association, partnership, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or other legal entity

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. No person or business entity shall produce or sell any products that contain any of the following dyes and/or ingredients in the state of Oklahoma:
 - a. Blue Number One (1)
 - b. Blue Number Two (2)
 - c. Citrus Red Number Two (2)
 - d. Green Number Three (3)
 - e. Red Number Three (3)
 - f. Red Number Forty (40)
 - g. Yellow Number Five (5)
 - h. Yellow Number Six (6)
2. The Oklahoma Department of Health shall perform inspections to ensure all persons and business entities follow this law

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. A fine of ten thousand (\$10,000) for every item containing the food dyes and ingredients listed in Section 3, Part 1, found in a company or business entity's possession in Oklahoma.

2. A fine of ten thousand (\$10,000.00) for every item containing the food dyes and ingredients listed in Section 3, Part 1, found sold by any company or business entity in Oklahoma.

Section 5. This act shall become effective on January 1, 2027 after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OU-501

Burleson (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to state university regulations; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Mandatory Disability Training for University Staff and Faculty” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

- A.. “Disability” is any illness or condition, chronic or temporary, mental or physical, that substantially limits one or more major life activities
- B.. “Staff members” are any non-faculty employee of a university who interact with students in an official capacity
- C. “Professor” is any teaching personnel responsible for instruction, academic advising, or mentorship of students
- D. “Disability Training Program” is a training program approved by the university or governing educational authority designed to educate staff and faculty on the rights, needs, accommodations, and support strategies for students with disabilities
- E. “Reasonable Accommodations” are modifications or adjustments to the educational environment, policies, or procedures that enable a student with a disability to participate fully in academic programs, consistent with applicable laws and institutional policies
- F. “Governing Education Authority” is the state or regional body responsible for overseeing compliance with higher education laws and regulations, including the enforcement of accessibility and disability accommodation standards

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

A. Required Training

1. All staff members and professors employed by universities shall complete a Disability Training Program approved by the institution's governing authority.
2. Training must be completed:
 - a. Within ninety (90) days of hire for new employees
 - b. Annually for current employees
3. Training shall include, at minimum:
 - a. Rights and protections afforded to students with disabilities under federal and state law.
 - b. Identification of common accommodations and accessibility needs.
 - c. Inclusive teaching and communication strategies
 - d. University-specific policies and procedures for providing accommodations
 - e. Support resources for students with disabilities

B. Compliance and Reporting

1. Universities shall maintain a record of all staff and faculty who have completed the training.
2. Universities shall submit an annual report to the governing educational authority detailing compliance rates and remedial actions taken.

Section 4. PENALTIES

A. Individual staff or faculty noncompliance shall result in:

1. warning and mandatory completion of training within sixty (60) days.

B. Institutional noncompliance shall result in:

1. Requirement to submit a corrective action plan to the governing educational authority.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OU-502

Cly (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the Native Students Support and Equity Act; providing short title; providing for legislative findings; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for eligibility; providing for application; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Native Student Support and Equity” Act of 2025.

Section 2. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS

- A. Native American students face significant socioeconomic barriers that hinder their access to and success in higher education. These barriers include disproportionately high rates of poverty, lack of financial resources, and limited access to adequately funded educational institutions. (Educational Inequality - Wikipedia)
- B. Native American students experience the lowest high school graduation rates of any racial or ethnic group in the United States, with approximately 15% of Native American youth ages 16 to 24 leaving school before earning a high school diploma, compared to the national average of 9.9%. (Contemporary Native American Issues in the United States - Wikipedia)
- C. Native American students remain underrepresented at all levels of higher education, including undergraduate, graduate, and doctoral programs. Contributing factors include a lack of qualified teachers, underfunded schools, and higher dropout rates in K-12 education. (Contemporary Native American Issues in the United States - Wikipedia)
- D. Native American students are more likely to attend high-poverty, rural schools, which are often under-resourced and lack adequate college preparatory programs and advanced placement courses. This economic disadvantage limits academic opportunities and contributes to lower college enrollment and completion rates. (Educational Inequality - Wikipedia)
- E. Native American students are also less likely to be identified for gifted and talented programs, further limiting their access to advanced learning

opportunities necessary for college readiness. (Educational Inequality - Wikipedia)

- F. Cultural identity and experiences of racial discrimination also impact Native American students' educational experiences, contributing to lower retention and graduation rates. The absence of culturally relevant curricula and support services at many institutions further exacerbates these challenges. (Educational Inequality - Wikipedia)
- G. Rising inflation and increasing costs for essential goods, including clothing, technology, and academic supplies, place additional financial pressures on Native American students and their families, particularly those from low-income backgrounds. These financial hardships limit students' ability to fully participate in their education and campus life. (Contemporary Native American Issues in the United States - Wikipedia)
- H. Providing targeted financial assistance, including clothing and technology allowances, to Native American students would help alleviate these economic pressures, promote educational equity, and improve retention and graduation rates for Native American students.

Section 3. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

- A. Clothing allowances: Ensuring that students have access to professional and everyday clothing appropriate for academic, work, and personal needs.
- B. Technology Allowances: Supporting students in obtaining laptops, tablets, and other essential technology required for academic success in a digital age.

Section 4. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

- A. The "Native College Student Support Fund" is hereby established in the State Treasury to administer and distribute funds authorized by this Act.
- B. The fund shall be managed by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education in partnership with the Oklahoma Indian Affairs Commission and tribal governments to ensure culturally responsive administration.
- C. The State of Oklahoma shall appropriate an initial amount of Nine Million Dollars (\$9,000,000) for the fiscal year to the Native College Student Support Fund, which shall be administered by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education.
 - 1. Clothing Allowances: An estimated Two Million Seven Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$2,750,000) shall be distributed annually as direct

grants to Native American students enrolled in accredited colleges and universities in Oklahoma. These grants shall assist students in covering the cost of professional, academic, and essential clothing necessary for participation in educational, professional, and cultural events.

2. Technology Allowances: An estimated Five Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$5,500,000) shall be distributed annually as direct grants to Native American students enrolled in accredited colleges and universities in Oklahoma. These grants shall assist students in purchasing technology such as laptops, tablets, software, and internet services required for academic success.
3. An estimated Seven Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$750,000) shall be allocated to cover administrative costs associated with the implementation and management of the Native College Student Support Fund. This includes outreach efforts, needs assessments, data collection, and coordination with tribal governments and Native student organizations to ensure equitable and culturally responsive distribution of funds.
4. Annual funding shall be adjusted based on inflation rates, economic conditions, and ongoing needs assessments conducted by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education in coordination with tribal governments and Native student organizations.
5. Adjustments shall be tied to the Consumer Price Index (CPI) or other relevant higher education cost indices.
6. Any unexpended funds remaining at the end of each fiscal year shall be carried forward and made available for expenditure in subsequent fiscal years for the same purpose.
7. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education and the Oklahoma Indian Affairs Commission shall work collaboratively to monitor the use of funds and ensure that they are distributed equitably to Native American students across the state.
8. An annual report shall be submitted to the Governor, the Legislature, and tribal governments detailing the distribution of funds, the number of students supported, and the outcomes of the program.

Section 5. ELIGIBILITY

A. Eligible students must:

1. Be enrolled members of a federally recognized Native American tribe
2. Be full-time or part-time students at an accredited college or university in Oklahoma.

3. Demonstrate financial need, with priority given to students from low-income or economically disadvantaged backgrounds.
4. Submit an application detailing their financial situation and needs, which shall be reviewed by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education in partnership with tribal liaisons.

Section 6. APPLICATION

- A. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education shall develop an accessible and streamlined application process for students seeking clothing or technology allowances.
- B. Applications shall be reviewed and approved on a rolling basis to ensure timely support for students in need.
- C. Students may apply for both clothing and technology allowances, provided they meet the eligibility criteria outlined in Section 5.

Section 7. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OU-503

By: Duncan (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to Minimum Wage Law; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; amending 40 O.S. § 160; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Localized Minimum Wage” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

- A. “Wages” - compensation owed by an employer to an employee for labor or services rendered including salaries, commissions, holiday and vacation pay, overtime pay, severance or dismissal pay, bonuses and other similar advantages agreed upon between the employer and the employee, which are earned and due, or provided by the employer to his or her employees in an established policy, whether the amount is determined on a time, task, piece, commission or other basis of calculation.
- B. “City” - a municipality that has incorporated as a city in accordance with the laws of this state.
- C. "Governing body" or "municipal governing body" - the city council of a city, the board of trustees of a town, or the legislative body of a municipality, as it may be defined by applicable law or charter provision.
- D. “Mayor” - the official head of the municipal government as defined by applicable law or charter provision. The mayor is the presiding officer of the governing body in all statutory forms of municipal government and is the chief executive officer in cities having the statutory aldermanic and statutory strong-mayor-council forms of city government.
- E. “Municipality” - any incorporated city or town.
- F. “Officer or official” - any person who is elected to an office in municipal government or is appointed to fill an unexpired term of an elected office, and the clerk and the treasurer, whether elected or appointed. When "officer" or "official" is modified by a term that refers to a personnel position or duty, the

holder of the position or duty is not an officer or official of the municipality for any purpose.

- G. "Ordinance" - a formal legislative act of a municipal governing body that has the force and effect of a continuing regulation and a permanent rule of conduct or government for the municipality.
- H. "Mandated minimum wage" - Minimum number of vacation or sick leave days.

Section 3. AMENDATORY 40 O.S. § 160 is amended to read as follows:

- A. As a matter of public policy and due to an overriding state interest, the Legislature hereby occupies and preempts the entire field of legislation in this state touching in any way mandated ~~minimum wage and~~ employee benefits regarding mandatory minimum number of vacation or sick leave days. Notwithstanding any exemption from state statutes previously allowed for certain municipalities pursuant to Section 1-101 of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes, no municipality or other political subdivision of this state shall establish a mandatory minimum number of vacation or sick leave days, whether paid or unpaid, ~~or a minimum wage rate which an employer would be required to pay or grant employees.~~ Any existing or future ordinances, orders or regulations in this field, except as may be specifically provided in this section, are null and void.
- B. The provisions of this section shall not affect the minimum number of vacation or sick leave days, whether paid or unpaid, authorized by a municipality for its employees as a benefit of employment.

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OU-504

Espinosa (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to immigration; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Renewing Immigration Provisions of the Immigration Act of 1929” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

- A. “Registry Program” refers to the federal program which permits certain non-U.S. nationals “aliens” under federal law to apply for lawful permanent resident status based on long-term residence in the United States.
- B. “Eligible Individual” means any person who has resided continuously in the United States for a period of at least seven (7) years and who meets all existing federal eligibility requirements.
- C. “Entry Cutoff Date” means the latest date by which an eligible individual must have entered the United States in order to qualify under the Registry Program.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

- A. The State of Oklahoma supports the federal renewal and expansion of the Registry Program under the Immigration Act of 1929, removing the current entry cutoff date of January 1, 1972.
- B. The program shall be open to individuals who have resided in the United States for a minimum of seven (7) years, regardless of initial entry date.
- C. Eligibility shall remain subject to federal standards, including that individuals must not be inadmissible or deportable due to grounds such as criminal activity or terrorism.

D. Nothing in this act shall be construed to create state-level immigration enforcement authority.

Section 4. PENALTIES

A. Violations of federal immigration law remain subject to federal penalties and jurisdiction.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OU-505

LaBonte (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to vacancies; providing short title; amending 51 O.S. § 10; providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Appointment Improvement” Act of 2025.

Section 2. AMENDATORY 51 O.S. § 10 is amended to read as follows:

- A. All vacancies in state offices, except in offices of the members of the Legislature and members of the House of Representatives from Oklahoma in the Congress of the United States of America, shall be filled by appointment by the Governor.
- B. When a vacancy occurs in the office of district judge, associate district judge, or judge of any intermediate appellate court, the Governor shall, in filling such vacancy, utilize the services of the Judicial Nominating Commission in the manner as provided for in the filling of judicial offices under Section 4, Article VII-B of the Oklahoma Constitution.
- C. When a vacancy occurs in the office of a member of the United States Senate from Oklahoma, the Governor shall, within thirty (30) days of occurrence of the vacancy:
 1. Appoint a person eligible to hold such office, who has been a registered voter of the party of the predecessor in Oklahoma for at least five (5) years preceding the date that the vacancy was created, to serve in such office until a successor is elected; and
 2. Call a special election, if necessary, to fill such vacancy, as provided in Section 12-101 of Title 26 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- D. Prior to an appointment pursuant to paragraph 1 of subsection C of this section, a person who is a prospective appointee shall submit to the Secretary of State an oath affirming that the person will not file as a candidate for the office when it next appears on the ballot. The Secretary of State shall prescribe the oath required by this paragraph, and any oath submitted shall be public record and published on the website of the Office of the Secretary of

State.

- E. All vacancies in county offices except the board of county commissioners or except for any elective county office of any county in the State of Oklahoma having a population of more than six hundred thousand (600,000), according to the latest Federal Decennial Census shall be filled by appointment by the board of county commissioners. If such an appointment is made prior to the prescribed filing period for county officers in accordance with the provisions of Section 131 of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the county commissioners shall, at the time the appointment is made, proclaim a special election to fill the balance of the unexpired term, providing the balance of the term does not expire in the year following the next succeeding general election. In making the proclamation, the county commissioners shall establish the dates for the filing period, primary election, runoff primary election and general election to be the same as the next succeeding filing period, primary election, runoff primary election and general election for county officers. The appointee shall be eligible to become a candidate at the special election, providing the appointee is otherwise qualified. The office to be filled shall be printed on the same ballot as other county offices.
- F. When a vacancy occurs in the office of Lieutenant Governor, State Auditor and Inspector, Attorney General, State Treasurer, Commissioner of Labor or Superintendent of Public Instruction:
1. If there are six (6) months or less remaining in the unexpired term of the office when the vacancy is created, the Governor shall fill it by appointment.
 2. If there are more than six (6) months remaining in the unexpired term of the office when the vacancy is created, the Governor shall nominate and, upon confirmation by the Oklahoma Senate and the Oklahoma House of Representatives, appoint a person to hold the office for the remainder of the term, except as otherwise provided in this subsection.
 3. Until the confirmation of a person nominated by the Governor to fill the vacant office, or the expiration of its term, its powers shall be exercised by the person identified by law as acting officer.
 4. If there are more than six (6) months remaining in the unexpired term of the office when the vacancy is created, and the law does not provide for who shall exercise the powers of the office until a person nominated by the Governor to fill it is confirmed or its term expires, the Governor shall fill the office by appointment.
 5. This subsection shall not be construed to affect the term of any officer appointed before its enactment.

Section 3. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OU-506

Laidler (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to margarine; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Be Real Butter” Act of 2025.
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.
- A. “Imitation butter” - refers to any alternative butter product made mostly from oils and lacking significant portions of dairy.
- Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:
- A. Imitation butter shall be sold only under the name of margarine, and no person shall use in any way, in connection or association with the sale or exposure for sale or advertisement of any such product, the word “butter”, “creamery”, or “dairy”, or the name or representation of any breed of dairy cattle, or any combination of such word or words and representation, or any other words or symbols or combination thereof commonly used in the sale of butter.
- Section 4. PENALTIES
- A. Any individual found in violation of Section 3.1 by local law enforcement shall face a fine not exceeding one-hundred dollars (\$100).
- Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OU-507

Lokey (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to schools; providing short title; providing for definitions; amending O.S. 70 § 1210.229-5; providing for funding; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Drug and Alcohol Education” Act of 2025.
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:
- A. “Drug and Alcohol Education”- will be defined as the implementation of a program that educates elementary through high school public school students about the dangers of drug and alcohol abuse, with specified criteria, that will reduce addiction statistics in Oklahoma.
 - B. “School District”- A geographical unit for the local
 - C. “Program Content”
 - 1. “Social influence approach”- A social influence approach to education in the classroom consists of three elements. These elements are basic information, (statistics, history, harms, etc.), education on the effects of normative social influence, and how to develop resistance skills.
 - 2. “Interactive and Activity Oriented Learning”- Intentional interactive classroom activities that allow for the participants to remain engaged in the subjects being discussed.
 - D. “Classroom Leader” The individual who has received the training and certification to teach the program content.
- Section 3. AMENDATORY O.S. 70 § 1210.229-5 is amended to read as follows:
- A. The State Superintendent of Public Instruction and State Department of Education in conjunction with the Oklahoma Drug and Alcohol Abuse

Policy Board shall:

1. Establish objective criteria, guidelines and a comprehensive integrated curriculum for substance abuse programs and the teaching of life skills in local schools and school districts;
 2. Establish and review annually model policies for alcohol and drug abuse issues, including, but not limited to, policies regarding disciplinary actions and referral for services;
 3. Develop and implement strategies which encourage all schools to employ guidance counselors and qualified classroom leaders trained in substance abuse prevention and life skills and to develop and begin implementing quality substance abuse and life skills education programs; and
 4. Develop guidelines and criteria to encourage teachers and administrators to receive in-service training on alcohol and drug abuse. The training or workshops shall be included in the staff development point system. The training or workshop shall be completed the first year a certified teacher is employed by a school district, and then once every fifth academic year.
- B. The State Department of Education shall distribute information or reports provided by the Oklahoma Drug and Alcohol Abuse Policy Board, to each school district and, upon request, to members of the public. Upon request of the chief administrator of a school or school district, the Department shall provide technical assistance to schools and school districts to implement policies and programs pursuant to guidelines provided by the Oklahoma Drug and Alcohol Abuse Policy Board and shall provide a clearinghouse program accessible by school districts to provide information about life skills and drug and alcohol abuse prevention curricula and programs.
- C. Final determination of materials to be used, means of implementation of the curriculum, ages and times at which students receive instruction about life skills and drug and alcohol abuse prevention shall be made by the school district board of education. The school district, at least one (1) month prior to giving such instruction to students, shall conduct for parents and guardians of students involved, during weekend or evening hours, at least one presentation concerning the plans for instruction and the materials to be used. ~~No Student~~ Students shall be required to receive instruction about life skills and drug and alcohol abuse prevention ~~if~~ unless a parent or guardian of the student objects in writing.
- D. Public Schools in the State of Oklahoma shall be required to administer drug and alcohol education to all students enrolled in secondary schools.

The Drug and Alcohol Education program shall include two specific aspects:

1.1. Program Content

- a. Interactive and activity-oriented lesson plans shall be implemented
- b. Social influence approach shall be utilized in classroom settings
- c. Teaching methodologies shall be designed to maximize student engagement
- d. Booster sessions shall be incorporated into the curriculum
- e. Experienced guest speakers shall be utilized
- f. Program shall aim to reduce drug and alcohol usage among students.

1.2. Qualified Classroom Leaders

- a. School Districts shall hire qualified and certified professionals with specific training to care for, educate, and guide the students under their authority.
- b. Classroom leaders shall be familiar with the types of mental disorders and addictions that can cause drug and alcohol addiction so as to be aware of not triggering a student who might already be dealing with an addiction.
- c. Training and education for the classroom leaders of the history and specifics of drug abuse shall be required.
- d. Classroom leaders should not be designated from the existing pool of teachers who are in the students' everyday classes.
- e. The classroom leaders shall be loyal and consistent not only to the program, but also to the students who are attending and need their support.
- f. Along with the class training, they will be encouraged to do additional research outside of this class to further their knowledge of the area with which they are dealing.

Section 4. FUNDING

- A. Establishment of the Drug and Alcohol Education Trust Fund
 1. Thereby established in the State Treasury, a special, non-reverting trust fund to be known as the Drug and Alcohol Education Trust Fund (“the Fund”).
 2. The Fund shall be funded through an initial appropriation of five million dollars (\$5,000,000) from the State General Fund. Additional contributions may come from private donations, grants, and other lawful sources.
 3. The principal amount deposited in the Fund shall remain intact and shall

not be expended.

B. Investment and Interest Allocation

1. The State Treasurer shall invest the Fund in a manner consistent with state investment policies, ensuring the highest level of security and reasonable returns.
2. All interest, dividends, and other earnings generated by the Fund shall be credited to the Fund and shall be used exclusively to support the program established in the Drug and Alcohol Education Act, including but not limited to:
 - a. Grants or financial assistance for eligible participants;
 - b. Administrative costs directly related to the implementation and operation of the program; and
 - c. Other expenses as deemed necessary to fulfill the objectives of the program.

C. Annual Reporting and Oversight

1. The State Treasurer shall submit an annual report to the Legislature and the Governor detailing the performance of the Fund, including investment returns and expenditures.
2. The Oklahoma board of Education shall oversee the administration of the Fund to ensure compliance with this Act and maximize its long-term sustainability.

Section 5. PENALTIES

- A. Any school district that fails to adequately enact the set curriculum will be required to give the funding designated for this program back to the state.

Section 6. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OU-508

Miklaucic-Payne (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to labor; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Compensated Meals” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

- A. “Restaurant” is a place where people pay to eat meals/food items that are cooked and served on the premises
- B. “Employee” is a person employed for wages or salary, especially at the nonexecutive level
- C. “Employer” is a person or organization that employs people
- D. “Compensated” means to give (someone) something, typically money, in recognition of loss, suffering, or injury incurred; recompense
- E. “Shift Meal” is a meal provided to employees during their work shift, particularly in jobs that require long hours or involve shifts during mealtimes
- F. “Meal” is an act or the time of eating a portion of food to satisfy appetite
- G. “Dietary restrictions” refers to limitations or guidelines on what a person can or cannot eat.
- H. “Appetite” is a natural desire to satisfy a bodily need, especially for food

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

- A. All restaurant employers shall offer each employee who works a six (6) hour shift or more a compensated shift meal provided by the employer. The employee will be allowed to eat this meal during their break if they so choose.
- B. The meal provided by the employer must be served by the restaurant the

employer owns and the employee is employed at.

- C. The employer has to offer adequate meals to their employees that satisfy their appetite and if the employer can, their dietary restrictions.
 - 1. The employer has to offer at least three (3) different meal options. They can offer more options if they so choose. The employee can choose any of the meals offered as their shift meal.
- D. This law only applies to employers and employees of restaurants who work at the restaurant location(s)
- E. The employer will be required to have a meal log sheet. The employee has to sign this meal log sheet with their signature each time they accept or decline their shift meal. There will be two options to sign under. They can sign under “Accept” or “Decline.”

Section 4. PENALTIES

- A. Any employer found in violation of this law by the Department of Labor will face a one thousand dollars (\$1,000) fine for each offense reported.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
2st Session of the 56th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OU-509

Self (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to organ and tissue donation; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Default Organ and Tissue Donation” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

- A. “Default” refers to a preselected option of which an individual may opt out at will.
- B. “Organ and tissue donation” refers to the act of a medical professional providing one or more organs from a deceased individual to another living individual in need of an organ transplant.
- C. “Presumed consent” refers to the legal assumption that an individual gives permission for post-mortem organ and tissue donation unless said individual had expressed explicit refusal.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

- A. It shall be implemented that every US citizen who is at least eighteen (18) years of age is presumed by default to be an organ and tissue donor after death unless he or she actively opts out via a refusal registration, updating donor status on driver’s license or state ID, or leaving a signed document stating his or her wishes.
- B. Individuals under the age of eighteen (18) who are filing for a US driver’s license or state ID shall be presented with the option to opt out of the otherwise default organ and tissue donor status that will appear on their valid ID.
- C. Presumed consent for post-mortem organ and tissue donation shall not

extend to individuals under the age of eighteen (18) who have not filed for a US driver's license or state ID, and parental or legal guardian consent must be obtained prior to organ or tissue donation.

Section 4. This act shall become effective six (6) months after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2024)

House Bill No. OU-510

Snyder (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to human trafficking; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for funding; providing for penalties, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Trafficking Prevention” Act of 2024.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

- A. Sex Trafficking: The act of exploiting individuals through the commercial exchange of persons for the purpose of engaging in sexually explicit acts.
- B. Child: Any individual, regardless of gender, who is under eighteen (18) years of age.
- C. Woman: Any female individual who is eighteen (18) years of age or older.
- D. Transportation: The means by which trafficked individuals are moved, whether by vehicle or on foot.
- E. Entrapment: The unlawful restriction of freedoms and liberties of trafficked individuals, as guaranteed by the U.S. Constitution.
- F. Rape: The act of compelling non-consensual sexual intercourse or other non-consensual sexual acts upon trafficked individuals.
- G. Molestation: The act of sexually abusing minors.
- H. Marketing: The process of disseminating information regarding victims for the purpose of facilitating their sale, either physically or digitally.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

- A. Any person involved in sex trafficking of any child or woman is to be put to death. If the individual has participated in any way such as transportation, entrapment, raping or molestation, explicit content, marketing, or trafficking they are to be put to death.

Section 4. FUNDING

- A. This program shall be funded through the Oklahoma Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control (OBN) and other appropriate funds.

Section 5. PENALTIES

- A. Any individual who has participated in favor of sex trafficking shall be subject to the death penalty as stated in Title 22, Chapter 17, Section 1014 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

Section 6. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OU-511

Wainman (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to legislative findings, general appropriations for the expenses of various agencies, authorities, boards, bureaus, commissions, funds, and programs of the state's legislative, executive, and judicial branches; making appropriations, stating amounts, identifying sources, and providing expenditure purposes, mandates, and limitations to the State Board of Education, Teachers' Retirement System Dedicated Revenue Revolving Fund, the Oklahoma Board of Private Vocational Schools, the Commissioners of the Land Office, the Health Care Workforce Training Commission, the Office of Educational Quality and Accountability, the Oklahoma Arts Council, the Oklahoma Center for the Advancement of Science and Technology, the Oklahoma Department of Libraries, the Oklahoma Educational Television Authority, the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education, the School of Science and Mathematics, the State Board of Career and Technology Education, the Statewide Charter School Board Revolving Fund, the Oklahoma Tax Commission, the Ethics Commission, the Ethics Commission Electronic Filing System Replacement Fund, the Political Subdivisions Enforcement Fund, Office of the Governor, the Legislative Service Bureau, the Lieutenant Governor, the Department of Emergency Management, the Oklahoma House of Representatives, the Office of Management and Enterprise Services, the Military Department of the State of Oklahoma, the Oklahoma State Senate, Service Oklahoma, the State Auditor and Inspector, the State Election Board, State Election Board Voting System Revolving Fund, the Office of the State Treasurer, the Department of Transportation, the Oklahoma Department of Aerospace and Aeronautics, the Oklahoma Space Industry Development Authority, the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services, the J.D. McCarty Center for Children, the Oklahoma Department of Veterans Affairs, the Oklahoma Health Care Authority, the Oklahoma Medical Marijuana Authority, the State Department of Health, the Oklahoma State University Medical Authority, the Oklahoma State University Medical Authority Behavioral Health Workforce Development Fund, the University Hospitals Authority, the Oklahoma Commission of Children and Youth, the Department of Human Services, the Department of Rehabilitative Services, the Office of Disability Concerns, the Office of Juvenile Affairs, the Oklahoma Corporation Commission, the Department of Agriculture, Food, and Forestry, the Oklahoma Department of

Commerce, the Rural Economic Action Plan Fund, the Department of Environmental Quality, the Department of Labor, the Department of Mines, the Oklahoma Peanut Commission, the J.M. Davis Memorial Commission, the Oklahoma Conservation Commission, the Oklahoma Tourism and Recreation Department, the Oklahoma Historical Society, the Oklahoma Water Resources Board, the Oklahoma State University Veterinary Medical Authority, the Oklahoma Workforce Commission, the Alcoholic Beverage Laws Enforcement Commission, the Board of Medicolegal Investigations, the Council on Law Enforcement Education and Training, the Department of Corrections, the Department of Public Safety, the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation, the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control, the Office of the Attorney General, the Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault Services Revolving Fund, the Oklahoma Sheriff's Office Funding Assistance Revolving Fund, the Council on Judicial Complaints, the District Attorneys Council, the Oklahoma Indigent Defense System, the Pardon and Parole Board, the Court of Criminal Appeals, the District Courts, the Supreme Court, Ad Valorem Reimbursement Fund, the Special Cash Fund, the Legacy Capital Finance Fund, the Progressing Rural Economic Prosperity Fund, and the Oklahoma Emission Reduction Technology Downstream Incentive Revolving Fund; authorizing and directing certain expenditures,

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "State Budget" Act of 2025.

Section 2. Legislative Findings

1. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the total amount receipted in the Oklahoma General Revenue Fund for the 2026-2027 fiscal year to be ten billion one hundred forty-nine million nine hundred ninety-four thousand three hundred nineteen dollars (\$10,149,989,319.00).
2. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the total unspent monies in the Oklahoma General Revenue Fund from the prior fiscal year (Fiscal year: 2025-2026) to be three hundred fifty-two million two hundred eighty-five thousand seven hundred thirty-two dollars (\$352,285,732.00).
3. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the

total monies receipted in the Statewide Recovery Fund to be one hundred one million four hundred seventy thousand eight hundred eighty-nine dollars (\$101,470,889.00)

4. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the total monies receipted in the Mineral Leasing Fund to be five million two hundred ninety-three thousand one hundred seventy-eight dollars (\$5,293,178.00)
5. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the total monies receipted in the Council on Law Enforcement Training Fund (CLEET) to be two million three hundred ninety-four thousand nine hundred eighty dollars (\$2,394,980.00)
6. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the total monies receipted in the American Rescue Plan Act Administration Costs (ARPA) Fund to be two million two hundred ninety-seven thousand sixty-eight dollars (\$2,297,068.00)
7. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the total monies receipted in the Public Building Fund to be four million one hundred seventy-eight thousand thirty-six dollars (\$4,278,036).
8. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the total monies receipted in the Special Occupational Health and Safety Fund (OSHA) to be one million two hundred twenty-three thousand eight hundred seventy-seven dollars (\$1,223,877.00).
9. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the total monies receipted in the Special Cash Fund to be eighty-three million seven hundred one thousand dollars (\$83,701,000.00)
10. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the total monies receipted in the Education Reform Revolving Fund

(EERF) to be one billion sixty-seven million eight hundred seventy-three thousand five hundred sixty-one dollars (\$1,067,873,561.00)

11. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the total monies received in the Rebuilding Oklahoma Access and Driver Safety (ROADS) Fund to be five hundred ninety million dollars (\$590,000,000.00).
12. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the total monies received in the Oklahoma Teachers Retirement System (OTRS) Dedicated Revolving Fund to be four hundred forty-eight million two hundred ninety-three thousand one hundred ninety-five dollars (\$448,293,195.00).
13. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the total monies received in the State Transportation Fund to be two hundred sixteen million two hundred thirty-four thousand one hundred eighty-eight dollars (\$216,234,188.00)
14. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the total monies received in the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program (OHLAP) Fund to be seventy million dollars (\$70,000,000.00).
15. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the total monies received in the Common Education Technology Revolving Fund to be forty-seven million twenty-five thousand seven hundred one dollars (\$47,025,701.00).
16. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the total monies received in the Higher Education Capital Fund to be forty-seven million twenty-five thousand seven hundred one dollars (\$47,025,701.00).
17. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the total monies received in the Student Aid Fund to be forty-seven million twenty-five thousand seven hundred one dollars (\$47,025,071.00).

18. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the total monies received in the State Judicial Revolving Fund to be twenty million seven hundred sixteen thousand four hundred eighteen dollars (\$20,716,418.00).
19. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the total monies received in the Tobacco Settlement Fund to be eleven million dollars (\$11,000,000.00).
20. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the total monies received in the Commissioners of the Land Office (CLO) Revolving Fund to be twelve million ninety-six thousand nine hundred seventy-one dollars (\$12,096,971.00)
21. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the total monies received in the Healthcare Enhancement Fund to be one hundred seventeen million four hundred twenty-nine thousand five hundred dollars (\$117,429,500.00).
22. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the total monies received in the Lottery Trust Fund to be sixty-nine million seven hundred fifty-two thousand one hundred seventy-one dollars (\$69,752,171.00).
23. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the total monies received in the Public Safety Fund to be twenty-six million nine hundred forty-four thousand eighty-two dollars (\$26,944,082.00).
24. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the total monies received in the Alcoholic Beverage Control Fund to be fourteen million five hundred fifteen thousand nine hundred thirteen dollars (\$14,515,913.00).
25. The Oklahoma Board of Equalization reports and certifies the total monies received in the Oklahoma Pension Improvement Fund to be six hundred sixty-six thousand one hundred forty-one dollars (\$666,141.00).

Section 4. There is hereby appropriated to the State Board of Education from any

monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of One Billion Six Hundred Fifty-one Million Four Hundred Sixty Thousand Four Hundred Thirteen Dollars (\$1,651,460,413.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the financial support of public schools.

- Section 5. There is hereby appropriated to the State Board of Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Education Reform Revolving Fund, created in Section 34.89 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the sum of One Billion Two Hundred Sixty-two Million Seven Hundred Thirty-five Thousand Three Hundred Fifty-three Dollars (\$1,262,735,353.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the financial support of public schools.
- Section 6. The State Board of Education is hereby authorized to expend during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, from the Common Education Technology Revolving Fund of the State Treasury, the sum of Forty-seven Million Dollars (\$47,000,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the financial support of public schools.
- Section 7. The State Board of Education is hereby authorized to expend during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, from the Common Education Technology Revolving Fund of the State Treasury, the sum of Forty-seven Million Dollars (\$47,000,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the financial support of public schools.
- Section 8. There is hereby appropriated to the State Board of Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Mineral Leasing Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Four Million Nine Hundred Forty Thousand Dollars (\$4,940,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the financial support of public schools.
- Section 9. There is hereby appropriated to the State Board of Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Oklahoma Education Lottery Trust Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Twenty-nine Million Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$29,250,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the financial support of public schools.

- Section 10. There is hereby appropriated to the State Board of Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of One Hundred Twenty-five Million One Hundred Eighty-nine Thousand Twenty-six Dollars (\$125,189,026.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the financial support of public school activities.
- Section 11. There is hereby appropriated to the State Board of Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Four Hundred Ten Million Eight Hundred Fifty-one Thousand One Hundred Fifty-nine Dollars (\$410,851,159.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the Certified Employee Health Benefit Allowance.
- Section 12. There is hereby appropriated to the State Board of Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Two Hundred Forty-seven Million Seven Hundred Twenty-three Thousand Four Hundred Eighteen Dollars (\$247,723,418.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the Support Personnel Health Benefit Allowance.
- Section 13. There is hereby appropriated to the State Board of Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Eighteen Million One Hundred Forty five Thousand Three Hundred Sixty-six Dollars (\$18,145,366.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the administration and support functions of the State Department of Education.
- Section 14. There is hereby appropriated to the State Board of Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Oklahoma Education Lottery Trust Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Three Million Eighty-seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$3,087,500.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary for transfer to the School Consolidation Assistance Fund.

- Section 15. There is hereby appropriated to the State Board of Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Oklahoma Education Lottery Trust Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of One Hundred Sixty-two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$162,500.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary for transfer to the School Consolidation Assistance Fund. The State Board of Education is hereby authorized to transfer such amount to the Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma.
- Section 16. There is hereby appropriated to the State Board of Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Oklahoma Education Lottery Trust Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Three Million Eighty-seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$3,087,500.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary for transfer to the Teachers' Retirement System Dedicated Revenue Revolving Fund. The State Board of Education is hereby authorized to transfer such amount to the Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma.
- Section 17. There is hereby appropriated to the State Board of Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Oklahoma Education Lottery Trust Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of One Hundred Sixty-two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$162,500.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary for transfer to the Teachers' Retirement System Dedicated Revenue Revolving Fund.
- Section 18. There is hereby appropriated to the State Board of Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Two Million Six Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$2,650,000.00) for the purpose of compensating teachers as defined by Section 1-116 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- Section 19. There is hereby appropriated to the State Board of Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of One Hundred Twenty-five Million Dollars (\$125,000,000.00) to be distributed as redbud school grants as provided in Section 3-104 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

- Section 20. There is hereby appropriated to the State Board of Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Six Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$6,500,000.00) to be transferred to the Public School Paid Maternity Leave Revolving Fund (294) pursuant to the provisions of Section 6-104.8 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- Section 21. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the State Board of Education is hereby authorized to transfer from the Teachers' Retirement System Dedicated Revenue Revolving Fund to the Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, the sum of Four Hundred Thirty-three Million Nine Hundred Thirty-five Thousand Two Hundred Thirty-two Dollars (\$433,935,232.00).
- Section 22. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Board of Private Vocational Schools from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Board by law.
- Section 23. There is hereby appropriated to the Commissioners of the Land Office from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Commissioners of the Land Office Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Six Million Seven Hundred Three Thousand Four Hundred Twenty-one Dollars (\$6,703,421.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Office by law.
- Section 24. There is hereby appropriated to the Health Care Workforce Training Commission from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Ten Million Four Hundred Seventy-six Thousand Seven Hundred Fourteen Dollars (\$10,476,714.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Commission by law. Of the funds appropriated in this section, the sum of Two Million Three Hundred Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$2,320,000.00) shall be used to carry out the provisions of Section

3308.1 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

- Section 25. There is hereby appropriated to the Office of Educational Quality and Accountability from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Three Million Six Hundred Ninety-seven Thousand Two Hundred Nine Dollars (\$3,697,209.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Office by law. Of those funds appropriated, the sum of Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$60,000.00) shall be deposited in the Teaching Certification Scholarship Revolving Fund, created pursuant to Section 6-187C of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes. Of those funds appropriated, the sum of One Hundred Eighty Thousand Dollars (\$180,000.00) shall be deposited in the Education Leadership Oklahoma Revolving Fund, created pursuant to Section 6-204.3 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- Section 26. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Arts Council from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Four Million Three Hundred Eight Thousand One Hundred Eighty Dollars (\$4,308,180.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Council by law.
- Section 27. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Center for the Advancement of Science and Technology from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Seventeen Million Three Hundred Forty-six Thousand Five Hundred Forty-two Dollars (\$17,346,542.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Center by law. Of those funds appropriated, the sum of Eight Million Two Hundred Fifty-six Thousand Two Hundred Twenty-eight Dollars (\$8,256,228.00) shall be deposited in the Research Support Revolving Fund, created pursuant to Section 5060.11 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes, provided that Three Million Dollars (\$3,000,000.00) shall be dedicated to applied research and development for industry innovation. Of those funds appropriated, Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$500,000.00) shall be dedicated to the Research and Development Attraction Program, created pursuant to Section 5003.10g of Title 74 of the Oklahoma

Statutes. Of those funds appropriated, the sum of One Million Two Hundred Thirty-five Thousand Six Hundred Twenty-three Dollars (\$1,235,623.00) shall be deposited in the Seed Capital Revolving Fund, created pursuant to Section 5060.21 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

- Section 28. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Department of Libraries from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Five Million Seven Hundred Twenty-eight Thousand Three Hundred Fifty-eight Dollars (\$5,728,358.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Department by law
- Section 29. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Educational Television Authority from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Two Million Nine Hundred Fifty-four Thousand Four Dollars (\$2,954,004.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Authority by law.
- Section 30. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma State Regents of Higher Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Eight Hundred Seventy-two Million Four Hundred Thirty-five Thousand Twenty-seven Dollars (\$872,435,027.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary for allocation by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education pursuant to the provisions of Article XIII-A of the Oklahoma Constitution for the education and general operating budgets of the institutions and for other programs, construction, renovations, or repairs administered by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education. Of those funds appropriated, the sum of Three Million One Hundred Forty-nine Thousand Eight Hundred Ninety-seven Dollars (\$3,149,897.00) shall be transferred to the Oklahoma Tuition Equalization Grant Trust Fund to implement the provisions of the Oklahoma Tuition Equalization Grant Act, and the sum of Twelve Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$12,500,000.00) shall be transferred to the Oklahoma National Guard Educational Assistance Revolving Fund, created in Section 3232 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma

Statutes.

- Section 31. The Office of Management and Enterprise Services is authorized to transfer to the Oklahoma State Regents of Higher Education during the fiscal year ending July 1, 2027, an amount of Seventy Million Dollars (\$70,000,000.00) designated for the support of the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program.
- Section 32. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma State Regents of Higher Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Seven Hundred Forty Thousand Three Hundred Ten Dollars (\$740,310.00) for the benefit of the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program.
- Section 33. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education are hereby authorized to expend during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Forty-seven Million Dollars (\$47,000,000.00) from the Higher Education Capital Revolving Fund of the State Treasury for allocation by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education pursuant to the provisions of Article XIII-A of the Oklahoma Constitution for the education and general operating budgets of the institutions for other programs, construction, renovations, or repairs administered by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education.
- Section 34. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education are hereby authorized to expend during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Forty-seven Million Dollars (\$47,000,000.00) from the Oklahoma Student Aid Revolving Fund of the State Treasury for allocation by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education pursuant to the provisions of Article XIII-A of the Oklahoma Constitution for the education and general operating budgets of the institutions for other programs, construction, renovations, or repairs administered by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education.
- Section 35. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Oklahoma Education Lottery Trust Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Twenty-four Million Three Hundred Ninety-one Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars

(\$24,391,250.00) pursuant to Section 713 of Title 3A of the Oklahoma Statutes for allocation by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education pursuant to the provisions of Article XIII-A of the Oklahoma Constitution for construction, renovations, or repairs administered by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education or for any other purpose authorized by Section 713 of Title 3A of the Oklahoma Statutes.

- Section 36. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Oklahoma Education Lottery Trust Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of One Million Two Hundred Eighty-three Thousand Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$1,283,750.00) pursuant to Section 713 of Title 3A of the Oklahoma Statutes for allocation by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education pursuant to the provisions of Article XIII-A of the Oklahoma Constitution for construction, renovations, or repairs administered by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education or for any other purpose authorized by Section 713 of Title 3A of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- Section 37. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Eighteen Million Eight Hundred Twenty-two Thousand Six Hundred Fifteen Dollars (\$18,822,615.00) for expenditures for concurrent enrollment pursuant to Section 628.13 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- Section 38. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Four Million Two Hundred Thirty-two Thousand Nine Hundred Seventy-four Dollars (\$4,232,974.00) for the general operating budget of the administrative offices of the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education
- Section 39. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending

June 30, 2027, the sum of Twelve Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$12,500,000.00) for the purpose of purchasing casualty and property insurance.

- Section 40. There is hereby appropriated to the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma School of Science and Mathematics from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Eight Million Seventy-eight Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-three Dollars (\$8,078,373.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Board by law.
- Section 41. There is hereby appropriated to the State Board of Career and Technology Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of One Hundred Seventy-five Million Five Hundred Sixty-two Thousand Eight Hundred Seventy-four Dollars (\$175,562,874.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Board by law.
- Section 42. There is hereby appropriated to the State Board of Career and Technology Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Oklahoma Education Lottery Trust Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Three Million Three Hundred Ninety-six Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$3,396,250.00) pursuant to Section 713 of Title 3A of the Oklahoma Statutes for allocation by the State Board of Career and Technology Education for the education and general operating budgets of the institutions and for other programs, construction, renovations, or repairs administered by the State Board of Career and Technology Education.
- Section 43. There is hereby appropriated to the State Board of Career and Technology Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Oklahoma Education Lottery Trust Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of One Hundred Seventy-eight Thousand Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$178,750.00) pursuant to Section 713 of Title 3A of the Oklahoma Statutes for allocation by the State Board of Career and Technology Education for the education and general operating budgets of the institutions and for other programs, construction, renovations, or repairs administered by

the State Board of Career and Technology Education.

- Section 44. There is hereby appropriated to the Statewide Charter School Board Revolving Fund from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Three Million Three Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$3,300,000.00) to be expended in accordance with law.
- Section 45. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Tax Commission from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Thirty-four Million One Hundred Seventy-four Thousand Four Hundred Seventeen Dollars (\$34,174,417.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Commission by law.
- Section 46. There is hereby appropriated to the Ethics Commission from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of One Million Fourteen Thousand Six Hundred Thirty Dollars (\$1,014,630.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Commission by law.
- Section 47. There is hereby appropriated to the Ethics Commission Electronic Filing System Replacement Fund, created in Section 4258.3 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes, from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of One Million Two Hundred-Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$1,250,000.00), to be budgeted and expended in accordance with law.
- Section 48. There is hereby appropriated to the Political Subdivisions Enforcement Fund, created in Section 4258.1 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes, from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Three Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$300,000.00), to be budgeted and expended in accordance with law.
- Section 49. There is hereby appropriated to the Office of the Governor from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of

the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Three Million Five Hundred Fifty-seven Thousand Nine Hundred Forty Dollars (\$3,557,940.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Office of the Governor by law.

Section 50. There is hereby appropriated to the Legislative Service Bureau from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Twenty-two Million Five Hundred Fifty-seven Thousand Eight Dollars (\$22,557,008.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Legislative Service Bureau by law.

Section 51. There is hereby appropriated to the Office of the Lieutenant Governor from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Seven Hundred Fourteen Thousand Six Hundred Sixty-five Dollars (\$714,665.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Office by law.

Section 52. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Department of Emergency Management from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Six Hundred Forty-eight Thousand Eight Hundred Four Dollars (\$648,804.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Office by law.

Section 53. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma House of Representatives from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Twenty-two Million Seven Hundred Eighty-six Thousand One Hundred Ninety-eight Dollars (\$22,786,198.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the salaries, per diem, and expenses of the members of the Oklahoma House of Representatives, the salaries of the employees of the Oklahoma House of Representatives and other necessary expenses. Claims and payrolls filed against the appropriation made to the Oklahoma House of Representatives for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, shall be approved by the Speaker of the Oklahoma House of Representatives.

- Section 54. There is hereby appropriated to the Office of Management and Enterprise Services from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of One Hundred Thirty-nine Million Twelve Thousand Two Hundred Five Dollars (\$139,012,205.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Office by law.
- Section 55. There is hereby appropriated to the Office of Management and Enterprise Services from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Public Building Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of One Million Five Hundred Ninety-six Thousand Three Hundred Twenty-seven Dollars (\$1,596,327.00) to be transferred to the Building and Facility Revolving Fund, created in Section 63.1 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes, for the purpose of maintaining state buildings operated by the Office of Management and Enterprise Services.
- Section 56. There is hereby appropriated to the Office of Management and Enterprise Services from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Public Building Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Two Million Two Hundred Five Thousand Five Hundred Fifty-one Dollars (\$2,205,551.00) to be transferred to the Building and Facility Revolving Fund, created in Section 63.1 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes, for the purpose of maintaining state buildings operated by the Office of Management and Enterprise Services.
- Section 57. There is hereby appropriated to the Military Department of the State of Oklahoma from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Twenty-two Million Ninety-seven Thousand Four Hundred Fifty-nine Dollars (\$22,097,459.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Department by law.
- Section 58. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma State Senate from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, Twelve

Million Seven Hundred Eighty Thousand Seventy-five Dollars (\$12,780,075.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay monthly salaries, per diem, and expenses of the members of the Senate and the salaries of the Secretary of the Senate and employees, and such contingent expenses as may be ordered paid therefrom including the preparation and printing of the journals and calendars of the Senate and including the preparation and printing of the permanent journals thereof; and for expenses of personal services (including retirement and insurance costs) including those members and employees of the Senate, and expenses of maintenance and operation including travel expenses, supplies, materials, printing, equipment, and printing of permanent journals, and for the renovation and modification of the Senate area as required.

- Section 59. There is hereby appropriated to Service Oklahoma from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Twenty Million Five Hundred Sixty-eight Thousand Fifty-six Dollars (\$20,568,056.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon Service Oklahoma by law.
- Section 60. There is hereby appropriated to Service Oklahoma from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Public Safety Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Twenty-two Million Eight Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$22,800,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon Service Oklahoma by law.
- Section 61. There is hereby appropriated to Service Oklahoma from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Public Safety Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Nine Million Four Hundred Seventy-nine Thousand Nine Hundred Forty-four Dollars (\$9,479,944.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon Service Oklahoma by law.
- Section 62. There is hereby appropriated to the Office of the State Auditor and Inspector from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Five Million Four Hundred Thirteen Thousand Three

Hundred Fifteen Dollars (\$5,413,315.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Office by law.

- Section 63. There is hereby appropriated to the State Election Board from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Ten Million One Hundred Forty Thousand Fiftyseven Dollars (\$10,140,057.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Board by law.
- Section 64. There is hereby appropriated to the State Election Board Voting System Revolving Fund from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Nine Million Dollars (\$9,000,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Board by law.
- Section 65. There is hereby appropriated to the Office of the State Treasurer from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Two Million Nine Hundred Twenty three Thousand Two Hundred Twenty-seven Dollars (\$2,923,227.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Office by law.
- Section 66. There is hereby appropriated to the Office of the State Treasurer from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Ninety-five Thousand Dollars (\$95,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay for state land reimbursements.
- Section 67. The Department of Transportation is hereby authorized to expend during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, from the Rebuilding Oklahoma Access and Driver Safety Fund of the State Treasury, the sum of Five Hundred Eighty-nine Million Five Hundred Fifty-four Thousand Four Hundred Thirty-six Dollars (\$589,554,436.00) to be budgeted and expended in accordance with law.
- Section 68. The Department of Transportation is hereby authorized to expend during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, from the State Transportation Fund of the State Treasury, the sum of Two Hundred

Four Million Five Hundred Nine Thousand Five Hundred Twenty-eight Dollars (\$204,509,528.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Department of Transportation by law. Of the authorization, One Hundred Ninety-five Million Thirty-nine Thousand Four Hundred Sixty-one Dollars (\$195,039,461.00) shall be transferred to the State Highway Construction and Maintenance Fund and shall be expended in the same manner and for the same purposes as provided by law for other monies accruing to the credit of the State Highway Construction and Maintenance Fund, and Six Million Nine Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$6,900,000.00) shall be authorized for transfer to the Public Transit Revolving Fund of the State Treasury.

Section 69. There is hereby appropriated to the Department of Transportation from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Seven Hundred Fifty-nine Thousand Three Hundred Eighty-six Dollars (\$759,386.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Department by law.

Section 70. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Department of Aerospace and Aeronautics from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Twenty-six Million Six Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$26,600,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Department by law.

Section 71. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Space Industry Development Authority from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Nine Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$900,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Authority by law. The monies appropriated in this section shall be transferred to the Oklahoma Space Industry Development Authority Revolving Fund, created in Section 5208.1 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

Section 72. There is hereby appropriated to the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year

ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Two Hundred Seventy-eight Million One Hundred Twenty-four Thousand Six Hundred Thirty-six Dollars (\$278,124,636.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Department by law. Of the funds appropriated herein, Four Million Five Hundred Thirty-two Thousand Five Hundred Seventy-three Dollars (\$4,532,573.00) shall be transferred to the Mental Health Transport Revolving Fund (247), created in Section 1-110.1 of Title 43A of the Oklahoma Statutes, and the sum of Twelve Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$12,500,000.00) shall be transferred to the County Community Safety Investment Fund, created in Section 2-312.1 of Title 43A of the Oklahoma Statutes, which shall be distributed according to Section 2-312.4 of Title 43A of the Oklahoma Statutes.

Section 73. There is hereby appropriated to the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of One Hundred Twelve Million Five Hundred Ninety-five Thousand Two Hundred Forty-two Dollars (\$112,595,242.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Department by law.

Section 74. There is hereby appropriated to the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Alcoholic Beverage Control Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Twelve Million Six Hundred Thousand Seven Hundred Eighty-one Dollars (\$12,600,781.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Department by law.

Section 75. There is hereby appropriated to the J.D. McCarty Center for Children with Developmental Disabilities from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Four Million Seven Hundred Fifty-five Thousand Five Hundred Fortythree Dollars (\$4,755,543.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Center by law.

Section 76. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Department of Veterans Affairs from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General

Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Forty Million Three Hundred Forty-nine Thousand Two Hundred Thirty-three Dollars (\$40,349,233.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Department by law.

- Section 77. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Health Care Authority from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of One Billion Two Hundred Ninety-five Million One Hundred Seventy-four Thousand Fifty-five Dollars (\$1,295,174,055.00) with an additional appropriate of Two Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) from unspent funds from the prior fiscal year or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed on the Authority by law.
- Section 78. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Health Care Authority from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Rate Preservation Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Thirty-four Million Five Hundred Ninety-seven Thousand Five Hundred Thirty-one Dollars (\$34,597,531.00).
- Section 79. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Health Care Authority from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Health Care Enhancement Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Ninety-eight Million One Hundred Seventy-three Thousand Nine Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$98,173,950.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed on the Authority by law.
- Section 80. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Health Care Authority from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Tobacco Settlement Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Ten Million Dollars (\$10,000,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed on the Authority by law.
- Section 81. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Medical Marijuana Authority from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Special Cash Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30,

2027, the sum of Thirty-seven Million Six Hundred Thirty-two Thousand Dollars (\$37,632,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Authority by law.

- Section 82. There is hereby appropriated to the State Department of Health from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Seventy-one Million One Hundred Fifty-six Thousand Three Hundred Fifty-five Dollars (\$71,156,355.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed on the Department by law. Of the funds appropriated in this section, the sum of Six Million Dollars (\$6,000,000.00) shall be transferred to the Choosing Childbirth Revolving Fund, created in Section 1-740.20 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- Section 83. There is hereby appropriated to the State Department of Health from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Twenty Million Dollars (\$20,000,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed on the Department by law.
- Section 84. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma State University Medical Authority from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Eighty-three Million Eight Hundred Forty-eight Thousand One Hundred Eighty-nine Dollars (\$83,848,189.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Authority by law.
- Section 85. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma State University Medical Authority Behavioral Health Workforce Development Fund from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) to be budgeted and expended in accordance with law.
- Section 86. There is hereby appropriated to the University Hospitals Authority from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Two Hundred Forty-Nine Million Two Hundred Sixty-seven

Thousand Four Hundred Thirty-seven Dollars (\$249,267,437.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Authority by law.

- Section 87. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Commission on Children and Youth from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Three Million One Hundred Three Thousand Eighty-seven Dollars (\$3,103,087.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Commission by law.
- Section 88. There is hereby appropriated to the Department of Human Services from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Eight Hundred Twenty-Two Million One Hundred Eighty-six Thousand Forty-five Dollars (\$822,186,045.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Department by law. Of the funds appropriated in this section, the Department of Human Services shall transfer the sum of Two Hundred Two Million Thirty-nine Thousand Two Hundred Seventy-two Dollars (\$202,039,272.00) to the Developmental Disability Services Revolving Fund, created in Section 1026.1 of Title 56 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- Section 89. There is hereby appropriated to the State Department of Rehabilitative Services from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Forty-two Million, Four Hundred Two Thousand Nine Hundred Fifty-one Dollars (\$42,402,951.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Department by law.
- Section 90. There is hereby appropriated to the Office of Disability Concerns from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Three Hundred Twenty-seven Thousand Ninety-five Dollars (\$327,095.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Office by law.
- Section 91. There is hereby appropriated to the Office of Juvenile Affairs from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of

the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of One Hundred Seven Million Four Hundred Twenty-three Thousand Seven Hundred Eighty-six Dollars (\$107,423,786.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Department by law.

- Section 92. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Corporation Commission from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Twenty Million Three Hundred Ninety-three Thousand Five Hundred Fifty-one Dollars (\$20,393,551.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Commission by law.
- Section 93. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food, and Forestry from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Special Cash Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Fifty-five Million Eight Hundred Thirty-seven Thousand Three Hundred Sixteen Dollars (\$55,837,316.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Department by law.
- Section 94. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food, and Forestry from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of One Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$1,500,000.00) to provide curriculum materials and instruction on the April 19, 1995, Alfred P. Murrah Federal Building bombing to students in this state.
- Section 95. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Department of Commerce from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Twenty-eight Million Two Hundred Ninety-three Thousand Six Hundred Forty-two Dollars (\$28,293,642.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Department by law.
- Section 96. There is hereby appropriated to the Rural Economic Action Plan Fund from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue

Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Thirty-three Million Dollars (\$33,000,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to implement the provisions of Sections 2006 through 2013 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

- Section 97. There is hereby appropriated to the Department of Environmental Quality from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Special Cash Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Twenty-one Million Four Hundred Forty-seven Thousand Six Hundred Seventy-six Dollars (\$21,447,676.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Department by law.
- Section 98. There is hereby appropriated to the Department of Labor from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Two Million Three Hundred Fifty-four Thousand Three Hundred Thirty-six Dollars (\$2,354,336.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Department by law.
- Section 99. There is hereby appropriated to the Department of Labor from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Special Occupational Health and Safety Fund for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of One Million Two Hundred Twenty-three Thousand Eight Hundred Seventy-seven Dollars (\$1,223,877.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Department by law.
- Section 100. There is hereby appropriated to the Department of Mines from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of One Million Three Hundred Forty-eight Thousand Six Hundred Eighty-three Dollars (\$1,348,683.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Department by law.
- Section 101. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Peanut Commission from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$500,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the

Commission by law.

- Section 102. There is hereby appropriated to the J.M. Davis Memorial Commission from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$500,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Commission by law
- Section 103. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Conservation Commission from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Thirty-one Million Two Hundred Twelve Thousand One Hundred Forty-nine Dollars (\$31,212,149.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Commission by law. Of the funds appropriated in this section, the sum of Five Million Nine Hundred Thirty-five Thousand Dollars (\$5,935,000.00) shall be transferred to the North Canadian Watershed Restoration Revolving Fund, created in Section 3-8-103 of Title 27A of the Oklahoma Statutes
- Section 104. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Tourism and Recreation Department from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Twenty-five Million Nine Hundred Sixty-nine Thousand Three Hundred Eighty-six Dollars (\$25,969,386.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Department by law.
- Section 105. The Oklahoma Historical Society is hereby authorized to expend the sum of Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027 from the Oklahoma Civil Rights Trail Revolving Fund, created pursuant to Section 503 of Title 53 of the Oklahoma Statutes, for the benefit of the Standing Bear Museum for maintenance and operations.
- Section 106. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Historical Society from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum

of Eighteen Million Five Hundred Seventy-nine Thousand Forty-eight Dollars (\$18,579,048.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Oklahoma Historical Society by law.

- Section 107. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Water Resources Board from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Eleven Million Two Hundred Fourteen Thousand Seventy-five Dollars (\$11,214,075.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Board by law. Of the funds appropriated in this section, the sum of One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) shall be transferred to the Hazard Mitigation Financial Assistance Fund, created in Section 1085.93 of Title 82 of the Oklahoma Statutes. Of the funds appropriated, the Director of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services shall transfer monies to the Rural Economic Action Plan Water Projects Fund (225), created pursuant to Section 2002.1 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes, in amounts and ratios requested by the agency for the Rural Economic Action Plan program except that the cumulative amounts transferred shall not exceed the cumulative amounts of equal monthly allotments of the appropriation made to the Oklahoma Water Resources Board.
- Section 108. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma State University Veterinary Medical Authority from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Special Cash Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Twenty-three Million Three Hundred One Thousand Five Hundred Thirty-two Dollars (\$23,301,532.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Authority by law.
- Section 109. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Workforce Commission from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) or so much as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Commission by law.
- Section 110. There is hereby appropriated to the Alcoholic Beverage Laws Enforcement Commission from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year

ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Four Million Nine Hundred Five Thousand Four Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$4,905,450.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Commission by law.

- Section 111. There is hereby appropriated to the Board of Medicolegal Investigations from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Fifteen Million Nine Hundred Ninety-two Thousand Seven Hundred Sixty-one Dollars (\$15,992,761.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Board by law.
- Section 112. There is hereby appropriated to the Council on Law Enforcement Education and Training from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Five Million One Hundred Twelve Thousand Eight Hundred Fifty-one Dollars (\$5,112,851.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Council by law.
- Section 113. There is hereby appropriated to the Council on Law Enforcement Education and Training from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the CLEET Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Two Million Nine Hundred Twenty-six Thousand Eight Hundred Eighty Dollars (\$2,926,880.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Council by law.
- Section 114. There is hereby appropriated to the Department of Corrections from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Five Hundred Forty-seven Million Three Hundred Fifty-nine Thousand Twenty-two Dollars (\$547,359,022.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Department by law.
- Section 115. There is hereby appropriated to the Department of Public Safety from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum

of One Hundred Twenty Million Eight Hundred Forty-six Thousand Four Hundred Fifty-four Dollars (\$120,846,454.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Department by law. Of the funds appropriated herein, the Department of Public Safety is authorized to transfer an amount not to exceed Five Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$5,500,000.00) to the Department of Public Safety Patrol Academy Revolving Fund, created by Section 2-146 of Title 47 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

- Section 116. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Forty Million Three Hundred Sixty-one Thousand Six Hundred Thirty-one Dollars (\$40,361,631.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Bureau by law.
- Section 117. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Three Million Eighty-two Thousand Four Hundred Twenty-four Dollars (\$3,082,424.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Bureau by law.
- Section 118. There is hereby appropriated to the Office of the Attorney General from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Special Cash Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Eighteen Million Seven Hundred Nine Thousand Two Hundred Seventy-seven Dollars (\$18,709,277.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Office by law.
- Section 119. There is hereby appropriated to the Office of the Attorney General from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Fourteen Million Fifty-seven Thousand Four Hundred Twelve Dollars (\$14,057,412.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Office by law.
- Section 120. The Office of the Attorney General is authorized to transfer an amount

not to exceed Three Hundred Twenty Thousand Four Hundred Thirty Dollars (\$320,430.00) from the Attorney General's Evidence Fund (700), created by Section 19 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes, to the Attorney General's Revolving Fund (200), created by Section 20 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

- Section 121. There is hereby appropriated to the Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault Services Revolving Fund, created pursuant to Section 74-19.4 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes, from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Seventeen Million Dollars (\$17,000,000.00) to be budgeted and expended in accordance with law.
- Section 122. There is hereby appropriated to the Office of the Attorney General from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Special Cash Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of One Million Five Hundred Nine Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-eight Dollars (\$1,509,378.00) to transfer to the Legal Services Revolving Fund (250), created pursuant to subsection G of Section 921.1 of Title 12 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- Section 123. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Sheriff's Office Funding Assistance Revolving Fund, created in Section 20k-1B of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes, from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Special Cash Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Eighteen Million Dollars (\$18,000,000.00) to be budgeted and expended in accordance with law.
- Section 124. There is hereby appropriated to the Council on Judicial Complaints from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Three Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$300,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Council by law.
- Section 125. There is hereby appropriated to the District Attorneys Council from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Twenty-six Million Two Hundred Four Thousand Three Hundred

Twenty-one Dollars (\$26,204,321.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the district attorneys and the District Attorneys Council by law. Of the funds appropriated herein, the District Attorneys Council shall transfer up to the sum of Four Hundred Ninety-one Thousand Fourteen Dollars (\$491,014.00) or so much thereof as may be required by the district attorneys and the District Attorneys Council to the District Attorneys Evidence Fund for necessary expenses relative to any case within the official responsibility of the offices of the district attorneys as provided by Section 215.40 of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes. Of the funds appropriated herein, the District Attorneys Council shall transfer the sum of Two Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$2,500,000.00) or so much thereof as may be required to the Sexual Assault Examination Fund, created by Section 142.20 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

Section 126. There is hereby appropriated to the District Attorneys Council from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Eleven Million One Hundred Ninety-six Thousand Three Hundred Fifty-three Dollars (\$11,196,353.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Council by law.

Section 127. There is hereby appropriated to the District Attorneys Council from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Special Cash Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Forty-eight Million Six Hundred Forty Thousand Two Hundred Eighty-three Dollars (\$48,640,283.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Council by law

Section 128. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, up to Nine Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$900,000.00) from the Special Cash Fund is authorized to be transferred from the Crime Victims Compensation Revolving Fund, created by Section 142.17 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes, to the District Attorneys Council to support the Crime Victims Compensation Board.

Section 129. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, up to One Million Five Hundred One Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-five Dollars (\$1,501,375.00) From the Special Cash Fund is authorized to be transferred from the Crime Victims Compensation Revolving Fund,

created by Section 142.17 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes, to the District Attorneys Council for duties to support victim-witness services.

- Section 130. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Indigent Defense System from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Twenty-six Million Four Hundred Seventy Thousand One Hundred Twenty-five Dollars (\$26,470,125.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the System by law.
- Section 131. There is hereby appropriated to the Pardon and Parole Board from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Two Million Six Hundred Four Thousand Four Hundred Forty-six Dollars (\$2,604,446.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Board by law.
- Section 132. There is hereby appropriated to the Court of Criminal Appeals from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Four Million Six Hundred Eighty-six Thousand Seven Hundred Seventy-five Dollars (\$4,686,775.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Court of Criminal Appeals by law.
- Section 133. The Supreme Court is hereby authorized to expend during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, from the State Judicial Revolving Fund of the State Treasury, the sum of Fifteen Million Five Hundred Thirty-seven Thousand Three Hundred Fourteen Dollars (\$15,537,314.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the financial support of the district courts.
- Section 134. There is hereby appropriated to the Supreme Court from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Seventy-one Million Four Hundred Twenty-two Thousand Nine Hundred Eighty-three Dollars (\$71,422,983.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the district courts by law.

- Section 135. There is hereby appropriated to the Supreme Court from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Sixteen Million Ninety-three Thousand Thirty-seven Dollars (\$16,093,037.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Supreme Court or Court of Civil Appeals by law.
- Section 136. There is hereby appropriated to the Supreme Court from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Twelve Million Seven Hundred Sixty-five Thousand Seven Hundred Fifty-two Dollars (\$12,765,752.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to perform the duties imposed upon the Supreme Court or Court of Civil Appeals by law. Of the funds appropriated herein, the Supreme Court is authorized to transfer up to Ten Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$10,500,000.00) to the Family Representation and Advocacy Program Revolving Fund, created by Section 802 of Title 10 of the Oklahoma Statutes, to implement the provisions of the Family Representation and Advocacy Act.
- Section 137. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma Tax Commission from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Eight Million Seven Hundred Eighty-eight Thousand Twenty-six Dollars (\$8,788,026.00) to be transferred to the Ad Valorem Reimbursement Fund, created pursuant to Section 193 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes, for the purpose of reimbursing counties that claim a loss of revenue due to a tax exemption granted to veterans and their surviving spouses pursuant to the provisions of Sections 8D, 8E, and 8F of Article X of the Oklahoma Constitution.
- Section 138. There is hereby appropriated to the State Board of Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Sixty-four Million Eight Hundred Forty-eight Thousand Two Hundred Ninety-two Dollars (\$64,848,292.00) to be transferred to the Ad Valorem Reimbursement Fund, created pursuant to Section 193 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes, for the purpose of reimbursing counties

for school districts that claim a loss of revenue due to a tax exemption granted pursuant to the provisions of Section 6B of Article X of the Oklahoma Constitution

- Section 139. There is hereby appropriated to the State Board of Education from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Education Reform Revolving Fund, created in Section 34.89 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the sum of Eleven Million Four Hundred Fifty-three Thousand One Hundred Thirteen Dollars (\$11,453,113.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary for the Certified Employee Health Benefit Allowance.
- Section 140. There is hereby appropriated to the Special Cash Fund of the State Treasury from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Unclaimed Property Fund (711), the sum of Ninety Million Dollars (\$90,000,000.00) for availability of appropriation.
- Section 141. There is hereby appropriated to the Special Cash Fund of the State Treasury from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the State Insurance Commissioner Revolving Fund (200), the sum of Eight Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$8,500,000.00) for availability of appropriation.
- Section 142. There is hereby appropriated to the Special Cash Fund of the State Treasury from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Secretary of State (200), the sum of Eight Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$8,500,000.00) for availability of appropriation.
- Section 143. There is hereby appropriated to the Special Cash Fund of the State Treasury from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Medical Marijuana Tax Fund (205), the sum of Fifty-five Million Dollars (\$55,000,000.00) for availability of appropriation.
- Section 144. There is hereby appropriated to the Special Cash Fund of the State Treasury from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Oklahoma Medical Marijuana Authority Revolving Fund (248), the sum of Twenty-five Million Dollars (\$25,000,000.00) for availability of appropriation.
- Section 145. There is hereby appropriated to the Special Cash Fund of the State

Treasury from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Constitutional Reserve Fund, the sum of Thirty-eight Million Seventy-seven Thousand Four Hundred Sixty-two Dollars (\$38,077,462.00), pursuant to the conditions described in subparagraph a of paragraph 6 of Section 23 of Article X of the Oklahoma Constitution, for availability of appropriation.

- Section 146. There is hereby appropriated to the Legacy Capital Financing Fund, created in Section 187B of Title 73 of the Oklahoma Statutes, from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Four Hundred Ninety-one Million Six Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$491,600,000.00) to be administered in accordance with law.
- Section 147. There is hereby appropriated to the Progressing Rural Economic Prosperity Fund, created in Section 256 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes, from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Fifty-eight Million Dollars (\$58,000,000.00) for availability of appropriation.
- Section 148. There is hereby appropriated to the Department of Commerce from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Three Million Dollars (\$3,000,000.00) to facilitate and support ongoing efforts in workforce development, enhance manufacturing and supply chain capabilities, and support the expansion of research and development, and commercialization activities in this state.
- Section 149. There is hereby appropriated to the Military Department of the State of Oklahoma from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2027, the sum of Twenty-one Million Dollars (\$21,000,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary to enhance and improve military bases and facilities in Oklahoma.
- Section 150. TRANSFER There is hereby transferred from the Oklahoma Emission Reduction Technology Upstream and Midstream Incentive Revolving Fund, created in subsection A of Section 55010 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes the sum of Twenty Million Dollars

(\$20,000,000.00), to the Oklahoma Emission Reduction Technology Downstream Incentive Revolving Fund created in subsection B of Section 55010 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes, to be utilized in accordance with law.

Section 151. There is hereby appropriated to the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education, from any monies not otherwise appropriated from the Progressing Rural Economic Prosperity Fund, created in Section 256 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the sum of Twenty Million Dollars (\$20,000,000.00) for institutional utilization.

Section 152. Appropriations, authorizations, and distributions directed in this act to or from a revolving fund of the State Treasury enacted during the 1st Session of the 57th Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature shall be executable upon the latter of the effective date for such applicable section of this act or upon date of such fund's creation.

Section 153. Sections 1 through 153 of this act shall become effective July 1, 2026

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OU-512

Wick (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to Public Health and Safety; providing short title; amending 63 O.S. § 683.2. E, and amending 63 O.S. §683.8. F ; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Responsible Governance In Emergencies" Act of 2025.

Section 2. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. §683.2. E is amended to read as follows:

E. The National Incident Management System (NIMS) shall be the standard for incident management in the State of Oklahoma. All on-scene management of disasters and emergencies shall be conducted using the Incident Command System (ICS).

F. It is the intent of the legislature, in accordance with article 5 of the Oklahoma Constitution, that the extraordinary powers granted by the Oklahoma Emergency Management Act of 2003 be only exercised for limited durations and of such limited scope as necessary for the emergency at hand. Furthermore, the power granted is temporary in nature, and subject to review and re-authorization from the legislature, to ensure the balance of powers, governance, and constitutional rights are protected.

Section 3. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. §683.8. F is amended to read as follows:

F. Pursuant to the Inherent Rights clause in Section 2 of Article II of the Oklahoma Constitution which states "All persons have the inherent right to life, liberty, the pursuit of happiness, and the enjoyment of the gains of their own industry", during a pandemic under a declared state of emergency by the Governor or the President of the United States, the Governor of this state shall not close or force the closing of any business without documented scientific evidence that the nature of a particular business actually contributes to the

direct spreading of disease relating to the pandemic. The Governor shall be required to give notice and hearing to any business determined to be nonessential or detrimental to the health and safety of citizens during a pandemic before issuing an executive order against keeping such business open.

G. Duration and re-authorization of states of emergency.

1. Any state of emergency proclaimed by the governor under the authority of this section shall terminate automatically one hundred eighty (180) days after the initial proclamation took effect, unless extended or re-authorized by a concurrent resolution of the legislature.

2. When doing so, the legislature shall create a written statement of findings identifying the continuing conditions to require the extension.

Section 4. This act shall become effective one hundred eighty (180) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. OU-513

Woodruff (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to “horns up”; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Horns Down” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

A. “Horns up” shall be defined as any raised hand displaying the second and fifth digits while clasping the third and fourth digit behind the first digit.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

A. Any public display, artwork, or presentation depicting the gesture known as ‘horns up’ shall be unlawful within the State of Oklahoma.

Section 4. PENALTIES

A. Any person convicted of violating this act shall be sentenced to ten (10) hours of community service, wearing crimson and cream.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. SE-501

Bell (SE)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to Oklahoma State Parks; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for penalties; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Oklahoma State Parks Accessibility Improvement Act” of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. “State park” shall be defined as any park, recreation area, or natural area managed by the Oklahoma Tourism and Recreation Department.
2. “Accessibility improvements” include, but are not limited to:
 - a. Installation for wheelchair accessible paths, trails, and entrances.
 - b. Upgrades to restrooms and shower facilities to ADA standards.
 - c. Accessible parking spaces and signage.
 - d. Adaptive playground equipment.
 - e. Accessible picnic areas, campsites, and cabins.
 - f. Braille and tactile signage.
 - g. Providing audio guides and assistive listening devices.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows.

1. The Oklahoma Tourism and Recreation Department shall conduct an audit.
2. The audit shall consist of;
 - a. A comprehensive accessibility assessment of all state parks within twelve (12) months of enactment.
 - b. Assessment must identify barriers of access and prioritize areas that need improvement based on park usage and visitor needs.

3. Within six (6) months of assessment, an accessibility improvement plan must be created by the Oklahoma Tourism and Recreation Department.
4. This plan consists of;
 - a. Phases including mandatory checkpoints that shall achieve substantial compliance with ADA accessibility standards.
 - b. The plan must be accomplished within five (5) years of the effective date of this act.
5. The General Revenue Fund shall appropriate annual funds to the Oklahoma Tourism and Recreation Department for this act.
 - a. The Oklahoma Tourism and Recreation Department is authorized to seek and accept grants, donations, and other funding from public and private sources to supplement appropriated funds.
6. The Oklahoma Tourism and Recreation Department shall submit an annual report to the Oklahoma Governor and the Legislature detailing;
 - a. Progress made on plans and implementation.
 - b. Expenditures made with a detailed account of the specific allocation.
 - c. Future plans regarding accessibility improvements.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. Any employee of the Oklahoma Tourism and Recreation Department at fault shall be subject to administrative fines not exceeding Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) per month for the state park not in compliance with the requirements of this act after the applicable deadline, unless an extension has been granted for a good cause.
2. Any contractor failing to complete accessibility improvements in accordance with contract terms shall be penalized up to Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) per day.
3. The State Auditor may recommend withholding of appropriated funds for continued non-compliance.
4. If any person does any other action to circumvent this act, they shall be subject to penalty.
5. All penalties assessed under this section shall be reported annually to the Oklahoma Governor and the Legislature.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. SE-502

DeVore (SE)

AS INTRODUCED

An act concerning legislative process; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Legislative Integrity” Act of 2025.
- Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:
1. Conference Committee – shall be defined as a joint committee composed of members appointed by both the Senate and the House of Representatives for the purpose of reconciling differences between versions of a bill passed by each chamber.
 2. Conference Committee Substitute – shall be defined as the final version of a bill proposed by a conference committee.
 3. Engrossed Amendment – shall be defined as an amendment formally adopted by either chamber that is inserted into the bill before chamber transfer.
 4. Logrolling – shall be defined as the inclusion of multiple, distinct, and unrelated subjects within a single act in violation of Article V, Section 57 of the Oklahoma Constitution.
 5. Germane – shall be defined as having a natural and logical connection to the title and purpose of a bill, amendment, or motion, as is defined by the rules of the chamber in which the issue arises.
 6. Major Amendment – shall be defined as an amendment that, in the judgment of chamber authority under that chamber’s rules and precedents, substantively alters the principal subject matter or scope of the bill beyond what is permitted under the chamber’s rules.
 7. Statement of Origin and Rationale – shall be defined as a brief report prepared by the legislative author explaining the purpose, scope, and justification of a measure.
 8. Bundling Risk Report – shall be defined as a publication identifying legislative bills that violate the single-subject rule.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

1. No bill shall:
 - a. Contain provisions not germane to the bill's title and stated purpose
 - b. Be amended in a manner that introduces non-germane language
2. Each chamber of the legislature is encouraged to adopt internal procedures requiring:
 - a. A majority vote by the Rules Committee of each chamber to certify that any conference committee substitute complies with the single-subject rule.
 - b. Final conference reports to be publicly posted at least seventy-two (72) hours prior to floor consideration and be accompanied by a side-by-side comparison clearly showing original content and inserted content.
 - c. Every amendment to a bill or resolution to include an attached statement of origin and rationale;
 - i. If the amendment contains content from a separate bill, the source bill number shall be included.
3. The Legislative Service Bureau shall establish the Legislative Transparency Office (LTO)
4. The LTO shall consist of:
 - a. A Director appointed jointly by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives with the advice and consent of the Legislative Oversight Committee;
 - b. A staff of at least five (5) analysts with demonstrated expertise in current state statutes, legislative writing, and constitutional compliance.
 - c. Staff shall be hired through a nonpartisan merit-based process
 - d. Legal and administrative personnel as necessary to fulfill the LTO's responsibilities.
5. The LTO shall:
 - a. Annually audit all enacted legislation for compliance with Article V, Section 57 of the Oklahoma Constitution.
 - b. Publish a "Bundling Risk Report" identifying bills with a high risk of violating the single-subject rule.
6. The LTO shall be funded through the General Revenue Fund.

7. Any bill identified by the LTO as high-risk for bundling shall not take effect unless and until a review by the Attorney General's Office determines its constitutionality.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. For a period of one (1) legislative session following a confirmed violation, the offending legislator should be barred from serving on rules or conference committees at the discretion of the rules committee and or presiding officer.
2. Repeat violations shall be referred to the Oklahoma Ethics Commission for investigation into potential misconduct.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. SE-503

DeVore (SE)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to domestic violence; providing short title; amending 22 O.S. § 60.1; amending 22 O.S. § 60.2; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Protective Order Modernization” Act of 2025.

Section 2. AMENDATORY 22 O.S. § 60.1 is amended to read as follows:

1. "Dating relationship" - means intimate association, primarily characterized by affectionate or sexual involvement. For purposes of this act, a casual acquaintance or ordinary fraternization between persons in a business or social context shall not constitute a dating relationship;
2. “Digital contact” - means any communication via electronic means including but not limited to, emails, text messages, social media posts or messages, GPS signals or alerts, voice-over-IP, spoofing mechanisms, or any internet-based or cellular communication.
3. "Domestic abuse" - means any act of physical harm or the threat of imminent physical harm which is committed by an adult, emancipated minor, or minor child thirteen (13) years of age or older against another adult, emancipated minor or minor child who is currently or was previously an intimate partner or family or household member;
4. "Family or household members"- means:
 - a. parents, including grandparents, stepparents, adoptive parents and foster parents,
 - b. children, including grandchildren, stepchildren, adopted children and foster children,
 - c. persons otherwise related by blood or marriage living in the same household, and
 - d. persons otherwise related by blood or marriage;
 - e. persons not related by blood or marriage living in the same household;

5. "Foreign protective order" - means any valid order of protection issued by a court of another state or a tribal court;
6. "Harassment" - means a knowing and willful course or pattern of conduct by a family or household member or an individual who is or has been involved in a dating relationship with the person, directed at a specific person which seriously alarms or annoys the person, and which serves no legitimate purpose. The course of conduct must be such as would cause a reasonable person to suffer substantial emotional distress and must actually cause substantial distress to the person. "Harassment" shall include, but not be limited to, harassing or obscene telephone calls in violation of Section 1172 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes, fear of death, bodily injury, humiliation, isolation, persistent unwanted contact, social media targeting, and coercive control via any form of contact.
7. "Intimate partner" - means:
 - a. current or former spouses,
 - b. persons who are or were in a dating relationship,
 - c. persons who are the biological parents of the same child, regardless of their marital status or whether they have lived together at any time, and
 - d. persons who currently or formerly lived together in an intimate way, primarily characterized by affectionate or sexual involvement. A sexual relationship may be an indicator that a person is an intimate partner, but is never a necessary condition;"
8. "Living in the same household" - means: a. persons who regularly reside in the same single- dwelling unit, b. persons who resided in the same single-dwelling unit within the past year, or c. persons who have individual lease agreements whereby each person has his or her
9. "Mutual protective order" - means a final protective order or orders issued to both a plaintiff who has filed a petition for a protective order and a defendant included as the defendant in the plaintiff's petition restraining the parties from committing domestic violence, stalking, harassment or rape against each other. If both parties allege domestic abuse, violence, stalking, harassment or rape against each other, the parties shall do so by separate petition pursuant to Section 60.4 of this title;
10. "Rape" - means rape and rape by instrumentation in violation of Sections 1111 and 1111.1 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes;
11. "Spoofing" - means using any technology or method to falsify the origin or sender information of a digital communication to obscure or misrepresent the identity of the communicator.

12. "Stalking" - means the willful, malicious, and repeated following or harassment of a person by an adult, emancipated minor, or minor thirteen (13) years of age or older, in a manner that would cause a reasonable person to feel frightened, intimidated, threatened, harassed, or molested and actually causes the person being followed or harassed to feel terrorized, frightened, intimidated, threatened, harassed or molested. Stalking also means a course of conduct composed of a series of two or more separate acts over a period of time, however short, evidencing a continuity of purpose or unconsented contact with a person that is initiated or continued without the consent of the individual or in disregard of the expressed desire of the individual that the contact be avoided or discontinued. Unconsented contact or course of conduct includes, but is not limited to:
- a. maintaining a visual or physical proximity to the individual,
 - b. approaching or confronting that individual in a public place or on private property,
 - c. appearing at the workplace of the individual or contacting the employer or coworkers of the individual,
 - d. appearing at the residence of the individual or contacting the neighbors of the individual,
 - e. entering onto or remaining on property owned, leased or occupied by the individual,
 - f. contacting the individual by telephone, text message, electronic message, electronic mail, or other means of electronic communication or causing the telephone or electronic device of the individual or the telephone or electronic device of any other person to ring or generate notifications repeatedly or continuously, regardless of whether a conversation ensues,
 - g. photographing, videotaping, audiotaping, or, through any other electronic means, monitoring or recording the activities of the individual. This subparagraph applies regardless of where the act occurs,
 - h. sending any physical or electronic material or contacting the individual by any means, including any message, comment, or other content posted on any Internet site or web application,
 - i. sending to a family member or member of the household of the individual, or any current or former employer of the individual, or any current or former coworker of the individual, or any friend of the individual, any physical or electronic material or contacting such person by any means, including any message, comment, or other content posted on any Internet site or web application, for the purpose

- of obtaining information about, disseminating information about, or communicating with the individual, j. placing an object on, or delivering an object to, property owned, leased or occupied by the individual, k. delivering an object to a family member or member of the household of the individual, or an employer, coworker, or friend of the individual, or placing an object on, or delivering an object to, property owned, leased, or occupied by such a person with the intent that the object be delivered to the individual, or
- j. causing a person to engage in any of the acts described in subparagraphs a through k of this paragraph; and
13. "Victim support person" - means a person affiliated with a domestic violence, sexual assault or adult human sex trafficking program, certified by the Attorney General or operating under a tribal government, who provides support and assistance for a person who files a petition under the Protection from Domestic Abuse Act.
 14. "Third-party account" - means any electronic account not directly belonging to the defendant but used by them to contact, harass, or circumvent a no contact order against a protected person.

Section 4. AMENDATORY 22 O.S. § 60.2 is amended by adding a new subsection H to read as follows.

1. A victim of domestic abuse, a victim of stalking, a victim of harassment, a victim of rape, any adult or emancipated minor household member on behalf of any other family or household member who is a minor or incompetent, any minor age sixteen (16) or seventeen (17) years, or any adult victim of a crime may seek relief under the provisions of the Protection from Domestic Abuse Act.
 - a. The person seeking relief may file a petition for a protective order with the district court in the county in which the victim resides, the county in which the defendant resides, or the county in which the domestic violence occurred. If the person seeking relief is not a family or household member or an individual who is or has been in a dating relationship with the defendant, the person seeking relief must file a complaint against the defendant with the proper law enforcement agency before filing a petition for a protective order with the district court. The person seeking relief shall provide a copy of the complaint that was filed with the law enforcement agency at the full hearing if the complaint is not available from the law enforcement agency. Failure to provide a copy of the complaint filed with the law enforcement agency shall constitute a frivolous filing and the court

may assess attorney fees and court costs against the plaintiff pursuant to paragraph 2 of subsection C of this section. The filing of a petition for a protective order shall not require jurisdiction or venue of the criminal offense if either the plaintiff or defendant resides in the county. If a petition has been filed in an action for divorce or separate maintenance and either party to the action files a petition for a protective order in the same county where the action for divorce or separate maintenance is filed, the petition for the protective order may be heard by the court hearing the divorce or separate maintenance action if:

1. there is no established protective order docket in such court, or
 2. the court finds that, in the interest of judicial economy, both actions may be heard together; provided, however, the petition for a protective order, including, but not limited to, a petition in which children are named as petitioners, shall remain a separate action and a separate order shall be entered in the protective order action. Protective orders may be dismissed in favor of restraining orders in the divorce or separate maintenance action if the court specifically finds, upon hearing, that such dismissal is in the best interests of the parties and does not compromise the safety of any petitioner.
 3. If the defendant is a minor child, the petition shall be filed with the court having jurisdiction over juvenile matters.
- b. When the abuse occurs when the court is not open for business, such person may request an emergency temporary order of protection as authorized by Section 40.3 of this title.
2. The petition forms shall be provided by the clerk of the court. The Administrative Office of the Courts shall develop a standard form for the petition.
 3. Except as otherwise provided by this section, no filing fee, service of process fee, attorney fees or any other fee or costs shall be charged to the plaintiff or victim at any time for filing a petition for a protective order whether a protective order is granted or not granted. The court may assess court costs, service of process fees, attorney fees, other fees and filing fees against the defendant at the hearing on the petition, if a protective order is granted against the defendant; provided, the court shall have authority to waive the costs and fees if the court finds that the party does not have the ability to pay the costs and fees;

- a. If the court makes specific findings that a petition for a protective order has been filed frivolously and no victim exists, the court may assess attorney fees and court costs against the plaintiff.
4. The person seeking relief shall prepare the petition or, at the request of the plaintiff, the court clerk or the victim-witness coordinator, victim support person, and court case manager shall prepare or assist the plaintiff in preparing the petition.
5. The person seeking a protective order may further request the exclusive care, possession, or control of any animal owned, possessed, leased, kept, or held by either the petitioner, defendant or minor child residing in the residence of the petitioner or defendant. The court may order the defendant to make no contact with the animal and forbid the defendant from taking, transferring, encumbering, concealing, molesting, attacking, striking, threatening, harming, or otherwise disposing of the animal.
6. A court may not require the victim to seek legal sanctions against the defendant including, but not limited to, divorce, separation, paternity or criminal proceedings prior to hearing a petition for protective order.
7. A victim of rape, forcible sodomy, a sex offense, kidnapping, assault and battery with a deadly weapon, child abuse, or member of the immediate family of a victim of first-degree murder, as such terms are defined in Section 40 of this title, may petition, or have a petition filed on the victim's behalf if the victim is a minor, for an emergency temporary order or emergency ex parte order regardless of any relationship or scenario pursuant to the provisions of this section. The Administrative Office of the Courts shall modify the petition forms as necessary to effectuate the provisions of this subsection.
8. The prohibition on digital contact under this act shall apply solely to communications that are directed at a protected individual. Public or generalized discourse, commentary, or opinion not specifically targeted at a protected person shall not be construed as harassment under this Act.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. SE-504

DeVore (SE)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to domestic violence; providing short title; providing for definitions; amending 22 O.S. § 60.14; amending 74 O.S. § 18p-10; providing for eligibility; providing for codification; providing for funding; providing for implementation; providing for oversight; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Survivor Protection” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. “Survivor” shall be defined as any individual who has experienced domestic violence, stalking, sexual assault, or human trafficking and seeks protection or support under this act.
2. “Domestic Violence” shall be defined as any act of physical, sexual, emotional, or psychological abuse, or patterns of coercive behavior, committed by a current or former intimate partner or household member.
3. “Stalking” shall be defined as the willful and malicious engagement in repeated behavior, including following, monitoring, or harassing another individual, which causes reasonable fear for their safety or that of their dependents.
4. “Sexual Assault” shall be defined as any non-consensual sexual act or attempted act, including unwanted touching, penetration, or sexual coercion, as defined under Oklahoma law.
5. “Human Trafficking” shall be defined as the recruitment, transportation, transfer, harboring, or receipt of persons through force, fraud, or coercion for purposes of exploitation, including labor or sexual exploitation.
6. “Credible Threat” shall be defined as a statement, action, or pattern of behavior supported by evidence, such as police reports, protective orders, or corroborating witness testimony, that would lead a reasonable person to fear for their safety or that of their dependents.

7. "Dependent(s)" shall be defined as minor children or other individuals for whom the survivor has legal responsibility or provides primary care.
8. "Enrollment" shall be defined as the process by which an eligible survivor is admitted into the Domestic Violence Survivor Protection Division (DVSP) and begins receiving its benefits.
9. "Applicants" shall be defined as Individuals seeking protection and resources under the DVSP, whether directly or through referral by a certified entity.
10. "Certified Domestic Shelter" shall be defined as a facility officially recognized and licensed by the State of Oklahoma to provide temporary housing and support services to survivors of domestic violence.
11. "Certified Advocacy Group" shall be defined as an organization officially recognized by the State of Oklahoma that provides resources, counseling, and legal support to survivors of domestic violence and related crimes.
12. "Law Enforcement Agency" shall be defined as any state, local, or federal entity tasked with enforcing the law, investigating crimes, and protecting public safety.
13. "Formal Documentation" shall be defined as official records such as police reports, medical records, restraining orders, or notarized statements from advocacy groups or law enforcement.
14. "Privacy" shall be defined as the right of a survivor to control access to their personal information and maintain confidentiality to prevent harm or harassment.
15. "Confidentiality" shall be defined as legal and ethical protections ensuring that information regarding a survivor's location, enrollment, and personal details remains undisclosed without their consent.
16. "Substitute Address" shall be defined as a government-provided address used as a replacement for a survivor's real address in public records to protect their location.
17. "Real Address" shall be defined as the actual physical location where a survivor resides, which is safeguarded under the confidentiality provisions of this act.
18. "Emergency Relocation" shall be defined as the immediate transfer of a survivor and their dependents to a secure, undisclosed location to escape imminent danger.
19. "Emergency Housing" shall be defined as temporary shelter provided to survivors in the immediate aftermath of an escape from abuse or violence.
20. "Temporary Housing" shall be defined as short-term accommodation offered to survivors until more permanent living arrangements can be secured.
21. "Basic Necessities" shall be defined as fundamental resources, including food, clothing, hygiene products, and essential healthcare, provided to ensure

a survivor's well-being during their transition to safety.

Section 3. AMENDATORY 22 O.S. § 60.14 is amended to read as follows:

1. The Legislature finds that persons attempting to escape from actual or threatened domestic violence, sexual assault, stalking, human trafficking, or child abduction, frequently establish new addresses in order to prevent their assailants or probable assailants from finding them. The purpose of this section is to enable state and local agencies to respond to requests for public records without disclosing the location of a victim of domestic abuse, sexual assault, stalking, human trafficking, or child abduction, to enable interagency cooperation with the Attorney General in providing address confidentiality for victims of domestic abuse, sexual assault, stalking, human trafficking, or child abduction, and to enable state and local agencies to accept an address designated by the Attorney General by a program participant as a substitute mailing address. This section shall also apply to participants of the Domestic Violence Survivor Protection Division (DVSP), as established under the Survivor Protection Act of 2025.
2. As used in this section
 - a. "Address" means a residential street address, school address, or work address of an individual, as specified on the application of an individual to be a program participant under this section;
 - b. "Program participant" means a person certified as a program participant under this section;
 - c. "Domestic abuse" means an act as defined in Section 60.1 of this title and includes a threat of such acts committed against an individual in a domestic situation, regardless of whether these acts or threats have been reported to law enforcement officers;
 - d. "Stalking" means an act as defined in Section 60.1 of this title regardless of whether the acts have been reported to law enforcement;
 - e. "Human trafficking" means human trafficking, human trafficking for labor, and human trafficking for commercial sex as defined in paragraphs 4 through 6 of subsection A of Section 748 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes; and
 - f. "Child abduction" means the abduction of a person pursuant to Section 1119 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
 - g. "DVSP participant" means a person enrolled in the Domestic Violence Survivor Protection Division (DVSP) of the Oklahoma Witness Protection Program, as authorized by the Survivor Protection Act of 2025.

3. The Address Confidentiality Program shall be staffed by unclassified employees, who have been subjected to a criminal history records search.
 - a. An adult person, a parent or guardian acting on behalf of a minor, or a guardian acting on behalf of an incapacitated person, as defined by Section 1-111 of Title 30 of the Oklahoma Statutes, may apply to the Attorney General to have an address designated by the Attorney General serve as the address of the person or the address of the minor or incapacitated person. The Attorney General shall approve an application if it is filed in the manner and on the form prescribed by the Attorney General and if it contains:
 - i. a sworn statement by the applicant that the applicant has good reason to believe:
 1. that the applicant, or the minor or incapacitated person on whose behalf the application is made, is a victim of domestic abuse, sexual assault, stalking, human trafficking, or child abduction, and
 2. that the applicant fears for the safety of self or children, or the safety of the minor or incapacitated person on whose behalf the application is made,
 - ii. a designation of the Attorney General as agent for purposes of service of process and for the purpose of receipt of mail,
 - iii. the mailing address where the applicant can be contacted by the Attorney General, and the phone number or numbers where the applicant can be called by the Attorney General,
 - iv. the new address or addresses that the applicant requests not be disclosed for the reason that disclosure will increase the risk of domestic abuse, sexual assault, stalking, human trafficking, or child abduction, a
 - v. the signature of the applicant and application assistant who assisted in the preparation of the application, and the date on which the applicant signed the application.
 - b. An adult or minor child who resides with the applicant who also needs to be a program participant in order to ensure the safety of the applicant may apply. Each adult living in the household must complete a separate application. An adult may apply on behalf of

- a minor.
 - c. Applications shall be filed with the Office of the Attorney General.
 - d. Upon filing a properly completed application, the Attorney General shall certify the applicant as a program participant. Applicants shall be certified for four (4) years following the date of filing unless the certification is withdrawn or invalidated before that date. The Attorney General shall by rule establish a renewal procedure.
 - e. A person who falsely attests in an application that disclosure of the address of the applicant would endanger the safety of the applicant or the safety of the children of the applicant or the minor or incapacitated person on whose behalf the application is made, or who knowingly provides false or incorrect information upon making an application, may be found guilty of perjury under Sections 500 and 504 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes
4. If the program participant obtains a name change, the participant loses certification as a program participant.
- a. The Attorney General may cancel the certification of a program participant if there is a change in the residential address, unless the program participant provides the Attorney General notice no later than seven (7) days after the change occurs.
 - b. The Attorney General may cancel certification of a program participant if mail forwarded by the Attorney General to the address of the program participant is returned as nondeliverable.
 - c. The Attorney General shall cancel certification of a program participant who applies using false information.
5. A program participant may request that state and local agencies use the address designated by the Attorney General as the address of the participant. When creating a new public record, state and local agencies shall accept the address designated by the Attorney General as a substitute address for the program participant, unless the Attorney General has determined that:
- i. the agency has a bona fide statutory or administrative requirement for the use of the address which would otherwise be confidential under this section, and
 - ii. this address will be used only for those statutory and administrative purposes.
- b. A program participant may use the address designated by the Attorney General as a work address.

- c. The Office of the Attorney General shall forward all first class, certified and registered mail to the appropriate program participants for no charge. The Attorney General shall not be required to track or otherwise maintain records of any mail received on behalf of a participant unless the mail is certified or registered mail.
 - d. These provisions shall apply equally to DVSP participants enrolled through the Oklahoma Witness Protection Program.
6. The Attorney General may not make any records in a file of a program participant available for inspection or copying, other than the address designated by the Attorney General, except under the following circumstances:
 - a. If directed by a court order, to a person identified in the order; or
 - b. To verify the participation of a specific program participant to a state or local agency, in which case the Attorney General may only confirm information supplied by the requester.
 - c. The Attorney General may not release any information about a DVSP participant's real address or enrollment except as permitted under this section.
7. No employee of a state or local agency shall knowingly and intentionally disclose a program participant's actual address unless disclosure is permitted by law.
8. The Attorney General shall designate state and local agencies, federal government, federally recognized tribes, and nonprofit agencies to assist persons in applying to be program participants. A volunteer or employee of a designated entity that provides counseling, referral, shelter, or other services to victims of domestic abuse, sexual assault, stalking, human trafficking, or child abduction, and has been trained by the Attorney General shall be known as an application assistant. Any assistance and counseling rendered by the Office of the Attorney General or an application assistant to applicants shall in no way be construed as legal advice.
9. The Attorney General may enter into agreements with the federal government and federally recognized tribes in this state or other entities for purposes of the implementation of the Address Confidentiality Program including the use and acceptance of the substitute address designated by the Attorney General.
10. Effective July 1, 2008, all administrative rules promulgated by the Office of the Secretary of State to implement this program shall be transferred to and become part of the administrative rules of the Office of the Attorney

General. The Office of Administrative Rules in the Office of the Secretary of State shall provide adequate notice in "The Oklahoma Register" of the transfer of such rules, and shall place the transferred rules under the Administrative Code section of the Attorney General. Such rules shall continue in force and effect as rules of the Office of the Attorney General from and after July 1, 2008, and any amendment, repeal or addition to the transferred rules shall be under the jurisdiction of the Attorney General. The Attorney General shall adopt and promulgate rules to implement this program, as applicable.

11. Beginning July 1, 2008, the Director of the Address Confidentiality Program shall cease to be a position within the Office of the Secretary of State. All unexpended funds, property, records, personnel, and outstanding financial obligations and encumbrances related to the position and the Office of Address Confidentiality Program with the Office of the Secretary of State shall be transferred to the Office of the Attorney General. All personnel shall retain their employment position and status as unclassified employees, any leave, sick and annual time earned, and any retirement and longevity benefits which have accrued during tenure with the Office of the Secretary of State.
12. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit or override the provisions of the Survivor Protection Act of 2025. In the event of any conflict, the confidentiality protections most favorable to the survivor shall be prioritized.

Section 4. AMENDATORY 74 O.S. § 18p-10 is amended to read as follows:

1. The Office of the Attorney General is hereby authorized to establish an Oklahoma Witness Protection Program and is authorized to use monies from the Attorney General's Evidence Fund created pursuant to Section 19 of this title or from federal grants for the implementation of the Program. The Witness Protection Program may be made available to witnesses who are actively aiding in the prosecution of dangerous perpetrators and who are in danger of bodily harm or death by participating in the prosecution. The Attorney General shall administer the Oklahoma Witness Protection Program.
2. Funds may be provided for the support of a participant in the Witness Protection Program. Support may include, but shall not be limited to, temporary living costs, moving expenses, rent, security deposits, or other appropriate expenses of relocation or transition.
3. The Attorney General is authorized to promulgate rules necessary to implement the Oklahoma Witness Protection Program.

4. The Attorney General is further authorized to establish within the Oklahoma Witness Protection Program a Domestic Violence Survivor Protection Division (DVSP), pursuant to the Survivor Protection Act of 2025. The DVSP shall administer specialized services, including but not limited to identity protection, emergency housing, legal aid, telecommunications support, relocation assistance, ongoing confidentiality, and survivor safety services tailored to survivors of domestic violence, stalking, sexual assault, or human trafficking.
5. The services of the DVSP are supplemental to the core functions of the Oklahoma Witness Protection Program and shall be administered in a manner that preserves existing witness protection obligations while ensuring survivor-centered support.

Section 5. ELIGIBILITY

1. Individuals are eligible for enrollment in the DSVP if they are a survivor of domestic violence, stalking, sexual assault, or human trafficking and can provide relevant documentation
2. Minor children or other dependents of eligible survivors are automatically included in the program.
 - a. In cases of joint custody, the survivor must provide documentation of primary custody or other relevant legal authority
3. Applicants must be current residents of Oklahoma.
4. Survivors referred by certified domestic shelters, advocacy groups, or law enforcement agencies are automatically eligible for expedited enrollment.
5. Survivors without formal documentation of abuse may still apply for temporary enrollment if supported by a sworn affidavit from a domestic violence advocate, social worker, or law enforcement officer attesting to the threat.
 - a. Temporary enrollment will last up to 180 days, during which formal documentation must be provided to maintain program benefits.
6. Survivors currently enrolled in other state or federal protection programs must transition into the DSVP to avoid duplication of resources.
7. Enrollment is valid for two years and may be renewed upon review of continued eligibility.
 - a. Participants must demonstrate ongoing need, such as continued threats, active protective orders, or other documented risks.
8. All applications, supporting documents, and enrollment records are

confidential and exempt from public record requests to protect survivors' privacy.

Section 6. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows.

1. The Domestic Violence Survivor Protection Division (DVSP) of the Oklahoma Witness Protection Program (OWPP) will be established.
2. Survivors enrolled in the DSVP will have access to the OWPP address confidentiality protocols, providing a substitute address for public records and secure mail forwarding.
3. Confidentiality protections will extend to court records, voter registration, school enrollment and other public documentation.
4. Survivors enrolled in DVSP will have access to emergency relocation assistance, including:
 - a. Emergency and temporary safe housing at undisclosed locations
 - b. Emergency transportation
 - c. Basic necessities
5. Shelter programs must meet OWPP security standards to ensure survivor safety.
6. Survivors will receive preloaded cell phones equipped with:
 - a. Direct access to law enforcement
 - b. Secure messaging
 - c. Location-sharing features tied to OWPP safety protocols.
7. The DSVP and OWPP will coordinate with telecommunications companies to provide free or subsidized service plans for survivors
8. Survivors enrolled in DSVP will receive free legal aid for protective orders, custody disputes, and other relevant proceedings.
9. Survivors enrolled in DSVP are eligible for financial grants for permanent relocation, medical care, or education.
10. Survivors enrolled in DSVP will be provided personalized safety plans and, in extreme cases, full identity change services if deemed necessary by the Attorney General's office.

Section 7. FUNDING

1. The State of Oklahoma shall allocate an initial three million, five hundred thousand dollars (\$3,500,000) to the DVSP Fund for start-up costs upon the enactment of this legislation.
 - a. The Oklahoma Attorney General Office shall apply for the

- Department of Justice's Transitional Housing Assistance Grant.
- b. The Oklahoma Attorney General Office shall apply for the Continuum of Care Program grant.
 - c. The Oklahoma Attorney General Office shall apply for the Emergency Solutions Grant.
 - d. The Oklahoma Attorney General Office shall apply for the new Violence Against Women Grant under the Department of Housing and Urban Development's Office of Gender Based Violence.
2. Further annual appropriations will be determined based on program needs, as outlined in reports submitted to the legislature.
 3. The DVSP will actively pursue any other federal funding opportunities, such as those provided under the Violence Against Women Act and other related programs. Including a request for federal matching funds.
 4. Private-sector donations including resources and financial contributions will be encouraged through the use of tax credits.
 5. Fifty percent (50%) of fines collected from individuals convicted of domestic violence related offenses will be directed to the DVSP Fund.
 6. Additional fines for policy breaches under the DVSP will also contribute to the fund.
 7. Tax Credits
 - a. Businesses supporting the DSVP through donations of resources, technology, or financial contributions will be eligible for tax credits under OWPP's established incentive structure.
 - b. Qualifying contributions include:
 - i. Donations of emergency communication devices or service plans.
 - ii. Financial support for shelters and survivor relocation initiatives.
 - iii. Donated emergency housing units.
 - c. Tax credits will be administered by the Oklahoma Tax Commission, with annual caps adjusted to reflect program needs.

Section 8. IMPLEMENTATION

1. The Domestic Violence Survivor Protection Program (DVSP) will be an established division of the OWPP with the sole purpose of providing protection and privacy for survivors and their dependents.
2. The DVSP will be administered by the Oklahoma Office of the

Attorney General in collaboration with domestic violence shelters, advocacy groups, and law enforcement.

Section 9. OVERSIGHT

1. The DVSP will adhere to strict security protocols and ethical standards consistent with OWPP guidelines to protect survivors and their dependents.
2. The Oklahoma Office of the Attorney General shall conduct annual evaluations of the DVSP which will include:
 - a. The number of survivors served
 - b. Successful relocations
 - c. Incidents of threats to survivor safety
 - d. Incidents of breach of confidentiality
3. A DVSP Advisory Board will be established, comprising representatives from survivor advocacy organizations, law enforcement, and survivors who have graduated from the program.
4. The DVSP Advisory board will analyze annual evaluations and provide input on policy updates, program improvements and survivor needs.

Section 10. PENALTIES

1. The penalties outlined in this section shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, any criminal or civil penalties otherwise available under Oklahoma law.
2. Any breach of confidentiality, misuse of resources, or violation of program rules must be reported immediately to the Oklahoma Attorney General's Office. Law enforcement agencies shall prioritize the investigation and enforcement of penalties under this section to ensure the safety and integrity of the DVSP.
3. Any person or entity that knowingly or negligently discloses a survivor's protected information, including their real address or enrollment in the DVSP shall be subject to the following penalties:
 - a. First offense, a fine up to five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and/or imprisonment up to six (6) months.
 - b. Second or subsequent offenses, a fine up to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) and/or imprisonment for up to one (1) year.
 - c. If the breach results in harm to the survivor or their dependents, an additional penalty of up to fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) will apply.

4. Any person or entity that commits a breach of confidentiality which is intentional and results in a credible threat, physical harm, or stalking shall be subject to the following penalties:
 - a. Criminal penalty, felony charges with imprisonment of up to five (5) years and/or a fine up to one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).
 - b. Survivors may pursue civil damages, including punitive damages, against the responsible party.
5. Any participant who knowingly provides false information to gain access to the DVSP shall be subject to the following penalties:
 - a. A fine of up to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000)
 - b. Restitution for any program resources used, including housing and legal aid.
 - c. Immediate termination of enrollment.
6. Any participant who uses program resources for unauthorized purposes, such as illegal activities or aiding their abuser, shall be subject to the following penalties:
 - a. A fine of up to five thousand dollars (\$5,000)
 - b. Restitution of misused resources
 - c. Immediate termination of benefits
7. Partner organizations, shelters, or service providers that fail to comply with program standards or confidentiality requirements shall be subject to the following penalties:
 - a. First offense, written warning
 - b. Second or subsequent offenses, fines of up to fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000)
 - c. Egregious or recurring offenses, suspension or termination of their partnership with the DVSP
8. Any person or entity found mismanaging DVSP funds, including fraud and embezzlement, shall be subject to the following penalties:
 - a. A fine equal to the mismanaged amount plus twenty five percent (25%) of the total as a penalty.
 - b. Permanent disqualification from receiving future funding.
 - c. Criminal charges, with penalties determined by Oklahoma's financial crimes statutes.
9. Those found to be in violation of protective orders related to DVSP participants shall be subject to the following penalties:
 - a. First offense, minimum fine of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and/or imprisonment for up to two (2) years
 - b. Second or subsequent offenses, a minimum fine of ten thousand

dollars (\$10,000) and/or up to five (5) years imprisonment

c. Mandatory GPS monitoring for repeat offenders

10. Any individual who harass, stalks, or otherwise threatens a DVSP participant shall be subject to the following penalties:

a. Criminal charges with penalties of up to three (3) years of imprisonment and/or fines of up to twenty five thousand dollars (\$25,000).

b. Additional civil penalties, including restraining orders and financial restitution to the survivor.

Section 11. This act shall become effective one hundred and eighty (180) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. SE-505

Hansen (SE)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to storm shelters; providing short title; providing for Definitions; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “No Oklahoman Left Outside” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

- A. “Storm shelter” shall be defined, as according to *International Code Council (ICC) and National Storm Shelter Association (NSSA) 500 Standard for the design and Construction of storm shelters 2020 (ICC 500)* as “a building, structure, or portion thereof, constructed in accordance with this standard, designed for use during tornadoes, hurricanes, and other severe windstorms.”, or any superseding provision of law.
- B. “Community storm shelter” means any storm shelter not defined as a residential storm shelter, including storm shelters intended for use by general public, by building occupants, or combination of both.
- C. “Residential storm shelter” means a storm shelter serving occupants of dwelling units and having a design occupant capacity not exceeding sixteen (16) persons.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

- A. All new construction of residential shall include a storm shelter adhering to ICC 500 guidelines for residential or community storm shelters.
- B. The storm shelters or safe rooms shall be designed to accommodate the number of intended occupants of residence in accordance with occupant density criteria in ICC 500 Table 501.1, or any other superseding provision of law, and shall be located within or immediately adjacent to the residence, with a readily accessible path of travel.

Section 4. ENFORCEMENT

- A. All statutes in this bill are subject to local county and city code enforcement, and builders are subject to state and local penalties if found in violation of the statutes listed therein.

Section 5. This act shall become effective January 1st, 2030.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. SE-506

Ward (SE)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to housing affordability and living options; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for penalties; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Housing Affordability and Living Options” or “HALO” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. “Blighted” shall be defined according to 11 O.S. § 38-101

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

1. All new laws created by the HALO Act shall apply only to properties, formerly used as a place of residence, which have been deemed abandoned and blighted, thereby eligible for eminent domain, within a city, municipality, or town with, or exceeding, a population of one thousand.
2. Properties described in section 1 that are eligible for eminent domain shall be confiscated according to eminent domain when identified as being eligible for eminent domain. Those properties shall then be used for the purposes of this act.
3. Properties as described in section 1 shall either be demolished and rebuilt to proper codes and standards so as to be liveable again, or they shall be renovated in order to accomplish the same.
 - a. No house rebuilt or renovated shall be used for the purposes of rent or lease.
4. All rebuilt and renovated properties shall be developed by a housing development company contracted by the local municipality in which the rebuilt or renovated property is located.

5. Companies contracted by local municipalities, as stated in subsection 4, shall be given special tax breaks and other incentives.
 - a. Tax breaks and incentives shall also be applied to any future projects and endeavors that the contracted companies mentioned in section 4 may undergo within the State of Oklahoma. However, these tax breaks and incentives shall only last for two (2) years after beginning the first project as mentioned in subsection 3.
 - b. Tax breaks and incentives shall increase in amount and value depending upon the number of properties renovated and rebuilt. However, the time for how long these last shall still be based upon the starting date of the first project for renovating and rebuilding properties as described in subsection 5(a).
 - c. Housing developers contracted by local municipalities shall be exempt from state corporate income taxes; however, they may still be taxed by the local municipality that they are operating in.
 - d. Housing developers, in the context of this act, shall not be taxed on the materials used for the renovation or rebuilding of houses by neither state nor local municipality.
 - e. Tax breaks and incentives shall be negotiated between the housing developer renovating or rebuilding the property and municipality therein.
 - f. No tax break shall equal zero percent (0%).
6. Homes that are deteriorating and foreclosed may be given to the state or local municipality by the lender for just compensation. These foreclosed homes shall then also be available for renovation in accordance with subsections 2 and 3.
7. Properties rebuilt or renovated within low income areas shall be sold to low income individuals at a price based upon said individual's income.
8. Properties rebuilt and renovated in low income areas shall be budgeted to be built at a cost not exceeding the average construction cost in that area, or it shall be budgeted to be built at the average property value of said area.
9. Properties rebuilt and renovated in accordance with this act shall not be sold for more than the cost of renovation or rebuilding plus ten percent (10%).
10. If it is possible for the owner of a property, marked as eligible for eminent domain under this act, to identify themselves, then they shall receive their just compensation due to them.
 - a. It is required that a property's owner be sought out if their property is marked eligible for eminent domain.
 - b. If there is no documentation of the owner of the property that exists either in the hands of a mortgage lender or any other person that may

possess said information then just compensation for the property shall not be dealt out until a property owner can be identified; however, the property shall not be taken until after just compensation.

11. A property renovated or rebuilt according to this act shall be offered first to the original property owner and this shall act as just compensation to the owner if they accept. However, they must still pay their mortgage for the value of the property.
12. Houses renovated and/or rebuilt in accordance with this act shall be prioritized to be sold to individuals who have not committed a crime within five (5) years of attempting to purchase the home, have been convicted of a felony, or are repeat offenders.
13. Houses renovated and/or rebuilt in accordance with this act shall be sold at a fixed mortgage rate which may be negotiated between the lender and the home buyer.
14. No person who purchases a house that falls under the guidelines of this act shall sell their house within five (5) years of purchase unless they return the house to the local municipality therein and receive compensation equal to the house's equity.
15. City councils shall appoint and approve individuals, whom they deem trustworthy, to be responsible for identifying homes to be marked as abandoned/blighted if the city does not already have a plan in place to identify, verify, and classify residential properties as abandoned/blighted.
16. These properties shall be marked with a notice on the front of the house or front of the property so that the owner of the property may be able to contact the local municipality and start the process of receiving their just compensation.
17. The city council therein shall confirm the property as falling under eminent domain and shall keep a public record of these properties. This may be used as another means by which a city may identify an owner of a property thought to be abandoned.
18. The land developer contracted for the renovation or rebuilding of property shall be determined by the local city council.

Section 5. PENALTIES

1. Land developers that go over budget shall be fined twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), and this amount shall be collected by the municipal government in which the offense occurred to be reinvested in the further development of properties described by this act.

Section 6. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. SE-507

Williams (SE)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to Animal Cruelty, providing for short title; repealing 21 O.S. § 649; repealing 21 O.S. § 649.2, providing for codification; providing for penalties; providing exceptions; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Law Enforcement Animal Protection Act of 2025.”

Section 2. REPEALER. 21 O.S. § 649.1 is hereby repealed

~~A. Any person who shall willfully or maliciously strike, torment, taunt, or otherwise mistreat a police dog or police horse in such a manner as to obstruct, impair, or hinder the animal in the performance of its duties shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment in the county jail for a term not exceeding one (1) year, or by a fine not exceeding Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), or by both such fine and imprisonment.~~

~~B. In addition to the penalties provided in subsection A, the court may order restitution to the law enforcement agency for veterinary bills and replacement costs of the animal.~~

Section 3. REPEALER. 21 O.S. § 649.2 is hereby repealed

~~A. Any person who shall willfully or maliciously torture, torment, beat, strike, disable, maim, injure, or kill a police dog or police horse shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by imprisonment in the county jail for a term not exceeding one (1) year, or by a fine not exceeding Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), or by both such fine and imprisonment.~~

~~B. In addition to the penalties provided in subsection A, the court may order restitution to the law enforcement agency for veterinary bills and replacement costs of the animal.~~

Section 4. NEW LAW. A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 649.1 of Title 21, to read as follows.

- A. It shall be unlawful for any person to intentionally, knowingly, or through accidental or negligent conduct to taunt, torment, or strike without injury to a police dog or police horse or other police animal in the performance of its official duties.
- B. It shall be unlawful for any person to intentionally, knowingly, or through accidental or negligent conduct cause physical injury not resulting in death or permanent disability on a police dog or police horse or other police animal in the performance of its official duties.
- C. It shall be unlawful for any person to intentionally, knowingly, or through accidental or negligent conduct to cause the death or permanent disablement materially affecting its ability to serve a police dog or horse or any other police animal in the performance of its official duties.

Section 5. PENALTIES

- A. Taunting, tormenting, or striking without injury:
 - a. If committed through accidental or negligent conduct, the offense shall constitute a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment in the county jail for a term not to exceed thirty days (30), or by a fine not exceeding Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), or both.
 - b. If committed through Intentional or knowing conduct, the offense shall constitute a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment in the county jail for a term not to exceed six months (6), or by a fine not exceeding One thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), or both.
- B. Causing physical injury not resulting in death or permanent disability:
 - a. If committed through accidental or negligent conduct, the offense shall constitute a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment in the county jail for a term to not exceed One year (1), or by a fine not exceeding Two Thousand, Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00), or both.
 - b. If committed through Intentional or knowing conduct, the offense shall constitute a felony punishable by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for a term not to exceed Five Years (5), or by a fine not exceeding Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00), or both.
- C. Causing the death of the animal, or permanent disablement materially affecting its ability to serve:
 - a. If committed through accidental or negligent conduct, the offense shall constitute a felony punishable by imprisonment in the custody of the

Department of Corrections for a term not to exceed Two Years (2), or by a fine not exceeding Three Thousand (\$3,000.00), or both.

- b. If committed through Intentional or knowing conduct, a felony punishable by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for a term not to exceed Ten Years (10), or by a fine not exceeding Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), or both.

- D. In addition to the penalties provided in This Section, the court may order restitution to the law enforcement agency for the purposes of veterinary expenses or replacement costs.

Section 6. EXCEPTIONS. The provisions of sections 4 and 5 of this law shall not apply to:

1. A law enforcement officer in the reasonable performance of duties.
2. A peace officer or veterinarian who terminates the life of a police dog, horse or any other police animal for humane or medical reasons.
3. Any action of a Person who is not a law enforcement officer in the performance of official duties in defense of self or others against an imminent threat of death or serious bodily harm posed by the animal.
4. An incident in which a police dog is off duty and running loose without the supervision of a police officer, and the animal is either accidentally struck by a motor vehicle or reasonably perceived as a threat to the public.
5. An Incident in which an off-duty police dog is attacking a person's livestock, pet, or property.

Section 7. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. SNU-501

Darrehmane (SNU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to fitness memberships; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; amending O.S. § 59-2004; providing for provisions; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Gym Membership Protection” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

- A. Gym – means any business or facility that offers memberships for physical exercise, training, fitness, including but not limited to personal training studios and fitness centers.
- B. Automatic Renewal – means the continuation of a membership contract beyond its original term without the member’s express written or electronic consent.
- C. Cancellation Process – means any method provided by the gym to allow a member to terminate their contract, including online, in-person, or by mail.
- D. Late Fee – means any additional charge applied after a payment due date has passed.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Section 4. AMENDATORY O.S. § 59-2004 is amended to read as follows:

Every health spa contract or membership agreement for the sale of future health spa services which are paid for in advance or which the buyer agrees to pay for in future installments shall be in writing and shall contain the following provisions:

1. A provision for the penalty-free cancellation of the contract or membership agreement within three (3) business days of its making and refund upon such

- notice, of all monies paid under the contract or membership agreement;
2. A provision for the cancellation of the contract or membership agreement if the health spa relocates or goes out of business and fails to provide alternative facilities within eight (8) miles of the location designated in the health spa contract or membership agreement. Upon receipt of such notice, the health spa shall refund to the buyer funds paid or accepted in payment of the contract or membership agreement in an amount computed by dividing the contract price by the number of weeks in the contract or membership agreement term and multiplying the result by the number of weeks remaining in the contract or membership agreement term;
 3. A provision for the cancellation of the contract or membership agreement if the buyer dies or becomes physically unable to use a substantial portion of the services for thirty (30) or more consecutive days. Upon receipt of such notice, the health spa shall refund to the buyer funds paid or accepted in payment of the contract or membership agreement in an amount computed by dividing the contract price by the number of weeks in the contract or membership agreement term and multiplying the result by the number of weeks remaining in the contract or membership agreement term. In the case of disability, the health spa may require the buyer to submit to a physical examination by a doctor agreeable to the buyer and the health spa. The cost of the examination shall be borne by the health spa;
 4. A provision that:
 - a. to cancel a contract or membership agreement, the buyer shall notify the health spa of cancellation ~~in writing, by certified mail, return receipt requested, or personal delivery, to the address specified in the health spa contract or membership agreement~~ in the same manner in which the membership was established, including by electronic or online cancellation if the member joined electronically.
 - b. all moneys to be refunded upon cancellation of the health spa contract or membership agreement shall be paid within thirty (30) days of receipt of the notice of cancellation, and
 - c. if the customer has executed any credit or lien agreement with the health spa to pay for all or part of health spa services, any such agreement executed by the buyer shall also be returned within sixty (60) days after such cancellation;
 - ~~5. A provision for the penalty-free cancellation of the contract or membership agreement if the health spa changes ownership and relocates and fails to provide notice of the change of ownership and relocation within thirty (30) days through certified mail to the buyer; and~~
 - ~~6. A provision for the penalty-free cancellation of the contract or membership~~

~~agreement if the health spa changes ownership and relocates and fails to obtain written authorization from the buyer to continue to collect automatic bank draft deductions. If the health spa fails to secure written authorization from the buyer, the health spa shall refund to the buyer any funds drafted after the change of ownership and relocation.~~

Section 5. PENALTIES

- A. Any gym that breaks this act can be fined up to five hundred dollars (\$500) for each violation.
- B. If a facility continues to commit three (3) or more violations within one (1) year, the state may suspend or revoke the facility's business license.

Section 6. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. SNU-502

Garcia (SNU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to public education and immigration enforcement; providing definitions; providing for codification; providing for duties of school districts; providing for immunity and enforcement; amending 70 O.S. § 24-131; providing for penalties; providing an effective date, and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

- Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Safe Schools for All Students" Act of 2025.
- Section 2. **DEFINITIONS** The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.
- A. "ICE" means the United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement agency or any officer acting on its behalf;
 - B. "School" means any public pre-kindergarten, elementary, or secondary school within the State of Oklahoma;
 - C. "School Property" means any buildings, grounds, or transportation vehicles owned, leased, or used by a public school district;
 - D. "Legal Authorization" means a valid judicial warrant or court order signed by a judge and specifying the individual to be apprehended or location to be searched.
- Section 3. **NEW LAW** A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:
- A. No federal immigration enforcement officer or agent shall enter any school property for the purpose of enforcement operations, including questioning, detaining, or arresting individuals, without:
 - 1. Providing written notice to the superintendent or building administrator at least forty-eight (48) hours in advance; and
 - 2. Presenting valid legal authorization as defined in Section 2.
 - B. In the event of exigent circumstances where prior notice is not feasible, agents

must still present valid legal authorization immediately upon entry and notify school officials as soon as practicable.

- C. School officials shall not voluntarily disclose any personally identifiable information (PII) of students or staff to federal immigration authorities unless required by state or federal law.

Section 4. Duties of School Districts

Each school district shall adopt written policies consistent with this Act, ensuring that:

1. All staff are informed annually of procedures related to immigration enforcement on campus.
2. Parents and guardians are notified of their rights in relation to ICE presence in schools.
3. Such notices shall be provided in both English and Spanish to ensure accessibility to families.
4. Legal counsel is consulted prior to granting any ICE agent access to school property or student information.

Section 5. Immunity and Enforcement

- A. School personnel acting in accordance with this Act shall be granted civil and administrative immunity from liability.
- B. Any violation of this Act by a federal officer or agency shall be reported to the Oklahoma Attorney General and the U.S. Department of Justice, Office of the Inspector General.

Section 6. AMENDATORY 70 O.S. §24-131 is amended to read as follows:

The superintendent or principal of any secondary, middle or elementary school shall have the authority to order any person out of the school buildings and off the school property when it appears that the presence of such person is a threat to the peaceful conduct of school business and school classes. This authority shall extend to the removal of any individual attending an official school activity or field trip where students are present, including an activity or field trip not on school property, when the superintendent or principal determines that a threat to the peaceful conduct of students exists. Any person who refuses to leave after being ordered to do so by the superintendent or principal shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) or by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than ninety (90) days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

In regarding the involvement of federal agents and/or officers who claim or infer the need to enter public or private school property, school administrators shall refer to the “Safe Schools for All Students” Act. Failure to recognize the exclusive authority and immunity of school administrators on behalf of federal agencies will be subject to the penalties of this statute.

Section 7. PENALTIES

- A. Any school official, employee, or district representative who knowingly and willfully violates the provisions of this Act by disclosing personally identifiable information of students or staff to federal immigration authorities without proper legal authorization shall be subject to disciplinary action, including suspension or termination, as determined by the local school board or district policy.
- B. Any federal immigration enforcement officer or agent working on behalf of or in accordance with ICE who fails to comply with the notice and authorization requirements set forth in this Act shall be deemed in violation of state law and subject to referral to the Oklahoma Attorney General for investigation. The Attorney General may pursue appropriate civil remedies, including but not limited to fines not exceeding One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) per incident.
- C. Any federal agency found to have repeatedly or egregiously violated the provisions of this Act may be subject to revocation of cooperative agreements, denial of state-level access to educational facilities, and public censure by the State Board of Education.
- D. The Oklahoma Attorney General shall maintain authority to pursue civil injunctive relief to prevent further violations and to protect the constitutional and privacy rights of students and staff.

Section 8. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Section 9. EMERGENCY CLAUSE

It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. SNU-503

Hyatt (SNU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to homework; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Right to Rest” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

- A. Educators: Any hired individual in an academic institution within Oklahoma whose role is to instruct students on a designated subject, whether primary, secondary, or higher education, including but not limited to public, private or charter schools, colleges, or graduate schools.
- B. Weekend: The days at the end of the week spanning from 8pm Friday to 8am the subsequent Monday.
- C. Coursework: any assignments from class that are to be completed and/or studied outside of school hours. Other terms include homework, schoolwork, and classwork.
- D. School Hours: a generalized time that most public schools and universities hold classes during the week, aside from federal and local holidays.
- E. Holiday/Break: a federal or local sabbatical where school or business activities are paused for a period of time, including but not limited to New Year's Eve/Day, American Independence Day, Thanksgiving, and Christmas.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

- A. Any full-time or part-time educator is not to assign coursework to be due between the hours/days starting at 8pm Friday and ending at 8am Monday.
 - 1. This includes general at-home assignments and any unfinished work from any class period.
 - 2. Approved course work extensions are not to exceed into the aforementioned time period and designated weekend.

- a. If a student is given a 24 hour extension it must exclude the weekend unless otherwise authorized by the student.
- B. Administrators shall not assign homework to be due over a school or work break or holiday. All assignments must be due after the start of the next scheduled school day.

Section 4. PENALTIES

- A. Any instructors who assign homework within the hours of the designated weekend shall not penalize any student who submits assignments after the 'unapproved' deadline.
 - a. Educators are allowed to deduct points how they see fit if the homework was turned in during school hours.
- B. If points were taken off as a result of the missed deadline outside of school hours, those points must be added back to said assignment within 24 hours.

Section 5. This act shall become effective thirty (30) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. SNU-504

Hyatt (SNU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to restaurant safety; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for funding; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Prepared to Save” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

- A. Food Service Establishments: any public or private businesses that serve guests food in any sort of dine-in capacity, including but not limited to school cafeterias, diners, coffee shops, cafes, and alcohol bars.
- B. Emergency Procedures: The ability and knowledge to correctly administer life-saving medications in the event of an emergency.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

- A. All food-serving establishments in which guests are to be served by restaurant staff or have the option to remain in the establishment in any capacity for any period of time must always carry certain life-saving medications like narcan and epinephrine pens.
 - 1. All staff must complete a training course on the correct usage of these emergency procedures before starting work.
 - a. These emergency procedures training courses can be found through the American Red Cross or other reliable sources and can either be funded through the restaurant or the employees themselves.
 - b. It is the employees’ responsibility to make sure that the training certifications remain current before resuming work.
 - i. Official certifications and licenses must be kept by restaurant management.

2. All restaurant management must keep an accurate record of all incidents and what medications are used.
 - a. They also must keep a monthly log of when the medications expire.
- B. These emergency medications must be accessible by both restaurant staff and other restaurant guests.
 1. Must be kept at room temperature in an enclosed space not exposed to any natural or unnatural lighting.
 - a. Ideally can be kept in a first aid kit near a host stand, the public restrooms, or register area.

Section 4. FUNDING

- A. Any restaurant manager who needs help with acquiring these medications or extra funding can seek the Oklahoma State Department of Health (OSDH).
 - a. OSDH can directly provide the basic medications to each restaurant or help provide extra funding for any managers wishing to receive alternative brands.

Section 5. PENALTIES

- A. Restaurants found in non-compliance will be subject to more frequent health code inspections, carried out by their local health department, no less than three times per year, if a violation is suspected and shall be liable to the following penalties:
 - a. First offenses found during the regularly conducted health inspections will result in a written warning stating that they will have thirty (30) days to fully comply.
 - b. Second offenses will be punished with a \$250 fine per week due to non-compliance.
 - c. Repeated failure and refusal to comply will result in a temporary suspension of the establishment's health permit, only to be renewed upon approval of the health inspectors.
- B. Any restaurant employees who work without a proper and valid safety certification shall have their pay withheld until they have acquired or renewed their safety permit.

Section 6. This act shall become effective one hundred and twenty (120) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. SNU-505

Jennings (SNU)

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to the Oklahoma Constitution; amending Article XXIV, Section 2; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Constitutional Convention Reform” Act of 2025.

Section 2. AMENDATORY — Article XXIV, Section 2 of the Oklahoma Constitution is hereby amended to read as follows:

No convention shall be called by the Legislature to propose alterations, revisions, or amendments to this Constitution, or to propose a new Constitution, unless the law providing for such convention shall first be approved by the people on a referendum vote at a regular or special election, and any amendments, alterations, revisions, or new Constitution, proposed by such convention, shall be submitted to the electors of the State at a general or special election and be approved by a majority of the electors voting thereon, before the same shall become effective: ~~Provided, That the question of such proposed convention shall be submitted to the people at least once in every twenty years.~~

Section 3. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. TCC-501

By: Walters (TCC)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to sex education; providing short title; providing for amendment; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Comprehensive Sex-Ed Act.”

Section 2. AMENDATORY 70 O.S. § 11-105.1 is amended to read as follows:

1.
 - a. All curriculum and materials including supplementary materials which will be used to teach or will be used for or in connection with a sex education class or program which is designed for the exclusive purpose of discussing sexual behavior or attitudes, or any test, survey or questionnaire whose primary purpose is to elicit responses on sexual behavior or attitudes shall be available through the superintendent or a designee of the school district for inspection by parents and guardians of the student who will be involved with the class, program or test, survey or questionnaire. Such curriculum, materials, classes, programs, tests, surveys or questionnaires ~~shall~~ must include information about consent and ~~shall~~ must have as one of its primary purposes the teaching of or informing students about the practice of abstinence. For the purposes of this section, "consent" shall have the same meaning as that provided by Section 113 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes. The superintendent or a designee of the school district shall provide prior written notification to the parents or guardians of the students involved of their right to inspect the curriculum and material and of their obligation to notify the school in writing if they do not want their child to participate in the class, program, test, survey or questionnaire. Each local board of education shall determine the means of providing written notification to the parents and guardian which will ensure effective notice in an

efficient and appropriate manner. No student shall be required to participate in a sex education class or program which discusses sexual behavior or attitudes if a parent or guardian of the student objects in writing to such participation. If the type of program referred to in this section is a part of or is taught during a credit course, a student may be required to enroll in the course but shall not be required to receive instruction in or participate in the program if a parent or guardian objects in writing.

- b. The superintendent or a designee of a school district in which sex education is taught or a program is offered which is designed for the exclusive purpose of discussing sexual behavior or attitudes shall approve all curriculum and materials which will be used for such education and any test, survey or questionnaire whose primary purpose is to elicit responses on sexual behavior or attitudes used in the school prior to their use in the classroom or school. The teacher involved in the class, program, testing or survey shall submit the curriculum, materials, tests or surveys to the superintendent or a designee for approval prior to their use in the classroom or school. This section shall not apply to those students enrolled in classes, programs, testings or surveys offered through an alternative education program.

2. Any education taught under this section must include age appropriate, medically accurate material regarding:
 - a. Abstinence
 - b. HIV and STI symptoms and causes.
 - c. Contraception and its relevance in preventing sexually transmitted disease
 - d. Outweighed risk of sexually transmitted disease and teen pregnancy on the young.
 - e. Comprehensive healthy relationship education.

Section 3. This act shall become effective August 10th 2026 after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. TCC-502

By: Quinones (TCC)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to student lunch debt; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Forgiving Lunch Debt Act” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. Public School - Refers to any school funded by the State of Oklahoma.
2. Student Lunch Debt - Is the tally of unpaid costs that Households owe their public school districts when their children receive school meals, but does not have the money to pay.
3. Households - A family unit of occupants living together in a house, apartment, and/or condo in Oklahoma.
4. Tax Bracket - A range of incomes that is subject to different tax rates by how much each household makes.
5. Cigarettes - A slender roll of paper filled with tobacco and other chemicals, meant to smoke.
6. Little Cigar/ Cigarillo - A smaller cigar, that is wrapped in tobacco leaf or tobacco paper, and may include a filter that is intended to smoke.
7. Large Cigar - A rolled bundle of dried and fermented tobacco leaves intended for smoking
8. Snuff - A smokeless tobacco that is made of finely ground or shredded tobacco leaves, is intended to either chew or smell.
9. Tobacco - A plant with leaves that have high levels of addictive chemical nicotine.
10. Vapes - A battery-operated device that people use to inhale an aerosol, which contains nicotine, flavoring, and other chemicals that are intended to ingest.
11. E-cigarette - A device that has the shape of a cigarette, cigar, or pen. It contains a solution of nicotine, flavoring, and other chemicals that are intended to ingest.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as

follows:

1. Households that are in between zero dollars (\$0) and two-hundred and six thousand, seven-hundred dollars (\$206,700) will be forgiven of outstanding lunch debt and exempt from occurring further student lunch debt.
 - a.
2. There is hereby created an additional five percent (5%) Sale Tax increase on Tobacco products this will include but is not limited to:
 - a. Cigarettes
 - b. Cigars Little & Large
 - c. Snuff & Tobacco
 - d. Vapes
 - e. E-cigarettes
3. There is hereby created an additional twelve and a half percent (12.5%) tax of alcoholic products above a seven percent (7%) alcohol by volume.
4. Public Schools shall not deny or restrict any academic or extracurricular privileges, on the account of student lunch debt, including but not limited to:
 - a. Participation in ceremonies
 - b. Receipt of diplomas or transcripts.
 - c. Involvement in schools, clubs, sports, or other school related activities.
 - d. Parents will not be reported for neglect to Child Protective Services or any other authorities solely based on unpaid lunch debt unless there is additional evidence of neglect unrelated to school meal payments.
 - e. Schools shall not provide less nutritious meals or alternative meals or deny meals entirely to students with unpaid lunch debt.
5. With all additional revenue from the increase in taxes going to Oklahoma's Public School

Section 4. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. TU-501

By: Hampton (TU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to elections; amending 26 O.S. § 7-127; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. AMENDATORY 26 O.S. § 7-127 is amended to read as follows:

The following rules shall govern the counting and recounting of votes:

1. If the name of any person is written^F on a ballot, the name shall not be counted;
2. A valid vote shall be any mark prescribed by the Secretary of the State Election Board made by voters indicating the voter's choice of ~~party~~, candidate or issue on a ballot. Such marking shall be hereinafter referred to as "valid markings". Such valid markings located otherwise on the ballot shall not be counted;
3. Marks used to designate the intention of the voter, other than those herein defined as valid markings, shall not be counted;
4. Failure to properly mark a ballot as to one or more candidates or questions shall not of itself invalidate the entire ballot if the same has been properly marked as to other candidates or questions;
- ~~5. A valid marking marked for a political party shall be counted as a vote for each of the political party's candidates on that ballot, except that a valid marking marked for a candidate's name shall take precedence, for that office, over a valid marking for a political party. Provided, further, that if valid markings are marked for more than one political party on a ballot, the ballot shall not be counted for any party offices thereon; and~~
- ~~6-5.~~ Any ballot or part of a ballot on which it is impossible to determine the voter's choice of candidate shall be void as to the candidate or candidates thereby affected.

Section 2. This act shall become effective one hundred eighty (180) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. TU-502

Hampton (TU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to school curriculum; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Tulsa Race Massacre Education” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. “The Tulsa Race Massacre” was a two-day-long white supremacist massacre that took place in the Greenwood District in Tulsa, Oklahoma, between May 31 and June 1, 1921, when mobs of white residents, some of whom had been appointed as deputies and armed by city government officials, attacked black residents and destroyed homes and businesses.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified as 70 O.S. § 11-103.6q, unless created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- a. The State Department of Education, with consultation from experts on The Tulsa Race Massacre, shall develop and make available to public schools resources related to Tulsa Race Massacre education for grade appropriate instructions of students in grades six (6) through twelve (12).
- b. Beginning in the 2027-2028 school year, Tulsa Race Massacre education shall be taught to students in grades six (6) through twelve (12) in public schools in this state, as prescribed by Oklahoma academic standards. Tulsa Race Massacre education may be integrated into one (1) or more existing courses of study and shall be taught in a manner that:
 - i. Generates an understanding of the cause, course, and effects of the Tulsa Race Massacre.
 - ii. Encourages tolerance of diversity and reverence for human dignity for all citizens in a pluralistic society.

- iii. Does not state that any individual, by virtue of his or her race, bears responsibility for actions committed in the past by other members of the same race, or that any individual should feel discomfort, guilt, anguish or any other form of psychological distress on account of his or her race.
 - c. The State Department of Education, with consultation from experts on The Tulsa Race Massacre, shall develop and implement high quality professional learning opportunities for Tulsa Race Massacre education teachers.
 - d. Educators in their official duties will not refer to the massacre as the “Tulsa Race Riot;” it shall be known as the Tulsa Race Massacre.
 - i. An exception to this would be when teaching the historiography of the massacre.
- Section 4. This act shall become effective July 1, 2026

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. TU-503

By: Ivey (TU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to transparent pricing; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Transparent Pricing Act of 2025.”

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. Display Price: The price of a good or service visibly communicated to a consumer through signage, online pricing, or price tags.
2. Full Price: The total amount a consumer is required to pay for a good or service, including sales tax, mandatory fees, and surcharges.
3. Mandatory Fee: Any charge imposed on a consumer as a condition of purchase, excluding optional add-ons and shipping costs.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

1. All businesses, retailers, and service providers operating within Oklahoma shall have the Display Price be the same as the Full Price for all goods and services offered for sale.
2. Exemptions:
 - a. Optional add-ons or gratuities are excluded from the Full Price display.
 - b. Variable pricing models, such as auctions, must include a disclosure of all applicable fees and taxes.
 - c. Online retailers are exempt from including sales tax in their Display Price, but are still required to include Mandatory Fees.

Section 4. PENALTIES

1. The Oklahoma Consumer Protection Unit is authorized to establish and maintain a penalties structure according to this act.

Section 5. This act shall become effective one (1) year after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. TU-504

Jolliff (TU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to animal testing; providing short title; providing for definitions; repealing 4 O.S. § 391; repealing 4 O.S. § 392; repealing 4 O.S. § 393; repealing 4 O.S. § 394; repealing 4 O.S. § 395; repealing 4 O.S. § 396; repealing 4 O.S. § 397; repealing 4 O.S. § 398; repealing 4 O.S. § 399; repealing 4 O.S. § 400; repealing 4 O.S. § 401; repealing 4 O.S. § 402; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “End Animal Testing” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

1. “Alternative test method” means a test method that:
 - a. provides information of equivalent or better scientific quality and relevance than animal test methods,
 - b. has been identified by a validation body and adopted by the relevant federal agency or program within an agency responsible for regulating the specific product or activity for which the test is being conducted, and
 - c. does not use animals, or, when there is no test method available that does not use animals, uses the fewest animals possible and reduces the level of suffering or stress, to the greatest extent possible, of an animal used for testing. “Alternative test method” includes but is not limited to: computational toxicology and bioinformatics, high-throughput screening methods, testing of categories of chemical substances, tiered testing methods, in vitro studies, and systems biology and new or revised methods.
2. “Animal” means any live vertebrate nonhuman animal.
3. “Animal test method” means a process or procedure that uses animals to obtain information on the characteristics of a chemical or agent or the biological effect of exposure to a chemical or agent under specified conditions.
4. “Contract testing facility” means any partnership, corporation, association, or other legal relationship that tests chemicals, ingredients, product formulations, or products on behalf of another entity.
5. “Debarment” means an administrative determination made under applicable state procurement law that renders a person or entity ineligible to be awarded or to participate in any state contract, subcontract, purchase order, grant, or cooperative agreement for a stated period not to exceed

three (3) years.

6. "Manufacturer" means any partnership, corporation, association, or other legal entity that produces chemicals, ingredients, product formulations, or products.
7. "Reasonable cause to believe" means a reasonable, good-faith belief, based on identifiable facts obtained from reports, observations, or credible sources, that a violation may be occurring; conjecture or rumor alone is not sufficient.
8. "Research institution" means any public or private person or entity that is required to be registered as a "research facility" under the federal Animal Welfare Act, including a university, college, health sciences center, hospital, laboratory, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or other organization that uses or intends to use live animals in research, testing, or experiments. The term includes contract research organizations and private testing laboratories and does not include elementary or secondary schools.
9. "Validation body" means an organization that seeks to facilitate development, validation, and regulatory acceptance of new and revised regulatory test methods that reduce, refine, or replace the use of animals in testing, such as the Interagency Coordinating Committee on the Validation of Alternative Methods or other similar organizations.
10. "Willful violation" means an act or omission committed intentionally, knowingly, or with plain indifference or reckless disregard for the requirements of this act; no showing of intent to cause harm is required. A willful violation includes continuing to use an animal test method after written notice from the Department that a validated alternative test method is available and applicable.

Section 3. REPEALER 4 O.S. § 391 is hereby repealed.

- ~~1. As used in this act,
 - a. "Institution" means any school or college of medicine, dentistry, pharmacy, veterinary medicine or agriculture, medical diagnostic laboratory, hospital, or other educational or scientific establishment having to do with the investigation of or instruction concerning the structure or functions of living organisms, the causes, prevention, control or cure of diseases or abnormal conditions of human beings or animals provided that high schools and elementary schools shall not be classed as institutions for the purposes of this act.
 - b. "Public pound" means any place used by a city or the state for the detention or keeping of unclaimed or stray animals.~~

Section 4. REPEALER 4 O.S. § 392 is hereby repealed.

- ~~1. An institution requiring for the effective carrying on of its scientific or educational activities the use of live dogs and cats may apply to the~~

~~Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food, and Forestry for a license to obtain animals from the establishment maintained and operated by public funds for the confinement, care and disposal of animals seized by public authority, commonly called the "dog pound". If the Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food, and Forestry finds that the institution, by reason of its ethical standards, its personnel, its facilities and the uses it proposes to make of animals is a fit and proper agency to receive a license, and that the public interest would be served by the issuance of a license to the institution, it shall issue a license to the institution, subject to the restrictions and limitations hereinafter provided.~~

Section 5. REPEALER 4 O.S. § 393 is hereby repealed.

- ~~1. A license shall expire annually on June 30, but may be renewed annually from year to year on application to the Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food, and Forestry, and on compliance with the conditions required with respect to the original issuance of the license.~~

Section 6. REPEALER 4 O.S. § 394 is hereby repealed.

- ~~1. Except as otherwise provided by municipal ordinance, it shall be the duty of the pound supervisor to deliver from among the available impounded animals on the demand of an institution possessing a license, such number of animals as the institution may demand and be reasonably required effectively to carry on its activities, subject to the following conditions:
 - ~~a. Such animals shall have been impounded at least fifteen (15) days for dogs without a license, and at least thirty (30) days for dogs with license and remained unclaimed and unredeemed by their owners or by any other person desiring the animal as a pet and willing to pay applicable license fees and the reasonable expenses incurred in the dog's detention; and~~
 - ~~b. Any owner of an animal who voluntarily delivers the possession of it to a public pound shall have a right to specify that it shall not be used for scientific research, and if an owner so specifies, it shall be the duty of the pound superintendent to tag such animal properly and to make certain that such animal is not delivered to an institution for scientific purposes; and~~
 - ~~c. If a demand is made on a pound supervisor for a greater number of dogs than he has available for release to the institution, the supervisor shall withhold thereafter from execution all unclaimed and unredeemed dogs until the demand has been met; and~~
 - ~~d. Any animal in the pound to which an identification tag is attached may not be disposed of until the owner has been notified.~~~~

- ~~2. Any city may adopt an ordinance setting the number of days an animal must be impounded and setting restrictions or prohibitions on the delivery of animals for scientific research.~~

Section 7. REPEALER 4 O.S. § 395 is hereby repealed.

- ~~1. The licensed institution shall provide for the transportation of dogs from the pound, and may use them only in the conduct of their scientific or educational activities.~~

Section 8. REPEALER 4 O.S. § 396 is hereby repealed.

- ~~1. An institution shall at its own expense return to appropriate dog pound any dog delivered to it which subsequently is identified and claimed by its owner; provided, however, that no institution shall be liable to the owner for any injury or illness or subsequent death of any such animal, resulting from the transportation, detention, or proper use of the dog in its scientific and educational activities.~~

Section 9. REPEALER 4 O.S. § 397 is hereby repealed.

- ~~A. The Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food, and Forestry, after notice and a reasonable opportunity to defend, may revoke the license granted an institution
 - ~~1. if the institution has violated any provision of this act or any rule or regulation promulgated by the Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food, and Forestry pursuant hereto;~~
 - ~~2. if the standards, personnel, facilities, practices or activities of an institution are such that the continued exercise of the rights conferred by the license issued to the institution is not in the public interest.~~~~

Section 10. REPEALER 4 O.S. § 398 is hereby repealed.

- ~~A. Nothing in this act shall be construed to affect the right of an institution to obtain dogs from sources other than dog pounds.~~

Section 11. REPEALER 4 O.S. § 399 is hereby repealed.

- ~~A. The Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food, and Forestry shall have the power to adopt such rules and regulations, not inconsistent with the laws of Oklahoma, as it may deem necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this act. The Secretary of Agriculture shall have the right whenever it deems advisable to inspect or investigate any institution to which it has granted a license or which has applied for a license.~~

~~B. Effective November 1, 2012, all records maintained by the State Board of Health for the purposes of licensing institutions pursuant to Sections 391 through 402 of this title shall be transferred to the Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food, and Forestry.~~

Section 12. REPEALER 4 O.S. § 400 is hereby repealed.

~~A. This act shall be so interpreted and construed as to effect its general purpose to make available to qualified institutions for the purpose of scientific investigation, experiment or instruction unclaimed and unredeemed animals impounded in dog pounds.~~

Section 13. REPEALER 4 O.S. § 401 is hereby repealed.

~~It shall be a misdemeanor for:~~

- ~~a. Any person or institution to violate any of the provisions of this act or any rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, or~~
- ~~b. Any person to fail wilfully to execute any duty imposed on him by this act.~~

Section 14. REPEALER 4 O.S. § 402 is hereby repealed.

~~A. If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are declared to be severable.~~

Section 16. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified as 4 O.S. § 403 unless there is created a duplication in numbering to read as follows:

1. Contract testing facilities, manufacturers, and research institutions are required to use alternative test methods when available.
2. No contract testing facilities, manufacturers, or research institutions shall use an animal test method when an alternative test method is available.
3. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the use of a test method that does not use animals.
4. This section shall not apply to any contract testing facility, manufacturer, or research institution:
 - a. using an animal test method for the purpose of medical research related to the causes, diagnosis, treatment, control, or prevention of physical or mental diseases and impairments of humans and animals; or
 - b. related to the development of devices or drugs, as those terms are defined in 21 U.S.C. § 321, biomedical products, or any other products regulated by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration,

except for any product regulated under Subchapter VI of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. § 301 et seq.).

- c. Such medical research does not include the testing of an ingredient that
 - i. was formerly used in a drug;
 - ii. was tested for use in a drug using commonly accepted animal testing methods to characterize the ingredient and to substantiate its safety for human use; and
 - iii. is proposed for use in a product other than a biomedical product, medical device, or drug.
5. Inspection schedule. The State Department of Health, through an authorized representative, shall conduct unannounced on-site inspections of any contract testing facility, manufacturer, or research institution with a history of animal testing or for which the Department has reasonable cause to believe animal testing is occurring to verify compliance with this section, including the prohibition on animal testing where applicable. Inspections shall occur at least quarterly for the first five (5) years after the effective date of this act and at least semiannually thereafter. The Department may conduct additional inspections at any time upon receipt of a complaint or other credible information.

Section 16. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified as 4 O.S. § 404 unless there is created a duplication in numbering to read as follows:

1. License required.
 - a. Any manufacturer, contract testing facility, or research institution that conducts, causes to be conducted, or contracts for an animal test method in this state pursuant to an exception in this act shall first obtain and thereafter maintain a license issued by the State Department of Health (“Department”) for each physical site at which such testing occurs.
 - b. Application; term; renewal.
 - i. An application shall be submitted on a form prescribed by the Department and shall identify: (a) the legal name and responsible official; (b) physical site address(es); (c) any federal registrations or assurances applicable to animal use (including, where applicable, USDA Animal Welfare Act registration and IACUC information); and (d) a brief description of testing categories conducted under the exceptions in this act.
 - c. The Department may charge a reasonable licensing fee set by rule.
 - d. Licenses are valid for one (1) year and nontransferable. Renewal requires continued compliance with this act and rules adopted hereunder.
 - e. Conditions of licensure.
 - i. As a condition of licensure, a licensee shall:

1. Comply with this act and with all applicable federal requirements governing animal use;
 2. Permit unannounced inspections by the Department and provide access to relevant records needed to verify compliance;
 3. Maintain records sufficient to demonstrate use of validated alternative test methods where required by this act and to document any testing conducted under an exception;
 4. Report annually to the Department, in a format it prescribes, a summary of (a) testing conducted under the exceptions, (b) steps taken to implement validated alternatives, and (c) any material noncompliance and corrective actions.
 5. Notify the Department within thirty (30) days of any change of ownership, control, or site.
- f. Denial, suspension, or revocation.
- i. The Department may deny, suspend, or revoke a license if it determines that the applicant or licensee has:
 1. Materially misstated or concealed a fact in an application or report;
 2. Failed to allow inspection or obstructed an inspection or record review;
 3. Violated this act, including the duty to use validated alternatives where applicable; or
 4. Committed a willful violation, as defined in this act.
 - ii. The Department may issue an emergency suspension upon a written finding that continued operations present an immediate threat to compliance; an expedited hearing shall be offered pursuant to the Administrative Procedures Act.
- g. Operating without a license.
- i. It is unlawful to operate or conduct an animal test method in this state that requires a license under this section without such license. Each day of unlicensed operation constitutes a separate violation subject to the penalties in this act.
- h. Confidential business information.
- i. The Department shall protect from public disclosure, to the extent permitted by the Oklahoma Open Records Act, any trade secrets or confidential business information submitted under this section.
- i. Rulemaking.
- i. The Department may promulgate rules to implement this section, including application content, fees, reporting formats, inspection procedures, and due-process timelines for licensure actions.

- j. Transition.
 - i. An entity legally conducting animal testing in this state on the effective date of this act shall apply for licensure within one hundred eighty (180) days after such date; operations may continue during Department review unless and until a license is denied.

Section 16. PENALTIES

1. Administrative enforcement. The State Department of Health may investigate alleged violations, issue compliance orders, and assess administrative civil penalties as follows:
 - a. Up to Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500) per violation, per day for recordkeeping, reporting, or labeling violations;
 - b. Up to Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000) per violation, per day for any substantive violation of this act;
 - c. Up to Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000) per violation, per day for knowing or willful violations;
 - d. Up to Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000) per violation, per day for refusing, impeding, or obstructing an authorized inspection or for falsifying or concealing material information required by this act.
2. Civil actions. The Attorney General may bring a civil action in district court for injunctive relief, civil penalties in the amounts authorized by subsection A, disgorgement of any economic benefit obtained as a result of the violation, and recovery of the State's reasonable costs of investigation and litigation.
3. Separate violations. Each use of an animal test method, each failure to use an available alternative, each act of obstruction or falsification, and each day a violation continues constitutes a separate violation.
4. Debarment. In addition to penalties, the Department may recommend that a person found to have knowingly or willfully violated this act be declared ineligible for state contracts for up to three (3) years, subject to applicable procurement laws.
5. Opportunity to cure (clerical violations only). For recordkeeping or reporting violations posing no ongoing animal testing, the Department may allow up to thirty (30) days to cure before assessing penalties. This subsection does not apply to knowing or willful violations or to substantive violations.
6. Deposit of penalties. Penalties collected under this section shall be deposited in the General Revenue Fund.
7. The penalties and relief available under this section are cumulative and nonexclusive.

Section 17. This act shall become effective one (1) year after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. TU-505

Jolliff (TU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to vehicle safety; providing short title; amending 47 O.S. §11-1114, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Keep all passengers and pets inside the vehicle” Act of 2025.

Section 2. AMENDATORY 47 O.S. §11-1114 is amended to read as follows:

1. No operator of a motor vehicle shall allow a human passenger or a live dog or cat to ride outside the passenger compartment of the vehicle on the streets, highways or turnpikes of this state; provided, this section shall not apply to persons so riding on private property or for parades or special events ~~nor shall this section apply to passengers riding on the bed of a pickup truck.~~
2. Any person convicted of violating the provisions of subsection A of this section shall be punished by a fine of ~~Ten Dollars (\$10.00)~~ One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000) and shall pay court costs of Fifteen Dollars (\$15.00), provided the Department of Public Safety shall not assess points to the driving record of any licensed or unlicensed person convicted of a violation of this section.

Section 3. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. TU-506

Orr (TU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to cryptocurrency; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Political Accountability of Contributions Act of 2025.”

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act.

1. “Cryptocurrency” is a digital currency in which transactions are verified and records are maintained by a decentralized system using cryptography.
2. “Contribution” refers to any gift, subscription, loan, guarantee or forgiveness of a loan, conveyance, advance, payment, distribution or deposit of money made to, or anything of value given to, or an expenditure other than an independent expenditure made on behalf of, a political party, political action committee or candidate committee, but shall not include the value of services provided without compensation by an individual who volunteers those services.
3. “Regulated persons” refers to candidates for political office, elected officials, appointed political officials, and immediate family members thereof.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

The Oklahoma Ethics Commission (OEC) shall regulate contributions and business transactions made using cryptocurrency to political parties, political action committees, candidate committees, individual candidates, or paid staff of these organizations.

- a) The OEC shall publicize regulated persons’ business transactions and contributions made to regulated persons which involve cryptocurrency,

including basic identifying information about both sides of each transaction.

- i) Regulated persons shall be required to make the OEC aware of any contributions received in the form of cryptocurrency.
 - ii) The OEC shall make this information publicly accessible
- b) If identifying information cannot be obtained, people identified in subsection a shall be prohibited from accepting or using cryptocurrency as a form of compensation or payment.

Section 4. PENALTIES

The Oklahoma Ethics Commission shall develop penalties for violations of this law.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. TU-507

By: Orr of the House (TU)
Wainman of the House (OU)
Bell of the Senate (TU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to child nutrition; providing short title; stating legislative findings; providing for codification; providing for funding; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Rural Summer Nutrition Access Act of 2025.”

Section 2. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS The Legislature of the State of Oklahoma finds that:

1. The Summer Food Service Program (SFSP), administered by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) and implemented in Oklahoma through the State Department of Education (OSDE), provides free meals to children in low-income areas during summer months when school is not in session;
2. In rural Oklahoma counties, access to non-congregate summer meal sites is often limited by long distances, high fuel costs, and lack of public transportation infrastructure, contributing to low participation rates even among eligible
3. Household eligibility is already provided for under existing federal and state rules governing the SFSP, providing an administratively efficient basis for additional targeted support;
4. Based on current eligibility data and household food insecurity rates, approximately 20,000 to 22,000 rural Oklahoma households with school-aged children are eligible for SFSP support each summer;
5. A targeted fuel assistance program, operating for three summer months, could reach up to 22,000 rural households per year with an annual appropriation of \$4 million, covering nearly all eligible households and thus;
6. This fuel assistance provided through merchant-restricted prepaid cards offers a fiscally accountable method of continuing the fight against food insecurity in rural Oklahoma without increasing tax burdens on working people;

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

1. Beginning on May 1st, 2026, the State Department of Education shall administer a Summer Meal Transportation Credit Program, in conjunction with authorized Summer Food Service Program (SFSP) partner organizations.
 - a. This program shall mandate the inclusion of one (1) prepaid fuel assistance card, paid and provided for by the State Department of Education, in each meal box distributed by a non-congregate site during the first week of distribution of each month of program operation;
 1. The aforementioned fuel card shall have a value no less than twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) and no more than seventy-five dollars (\$75.00) per household per month, based on average household distance from the serving site;
 2. Card usage shall be restricted to fuel purchases from vendors located within the State of Oklahoma and in counties in surrounding states that share a border with the State of Oklahoma, using merchant category code restrictions.
2. The State Department of Education shall prioritize participation in this program based on, in no particular order:
 - a. County poverty rate;
 - b. Average county household distance from the nearest site;
 - c. Access to public transportation and;
 - d. County child food insecurity rate.
3. Funds allocated to prepaid transportation cards under this section that are not activated or used within ninety (90) days of issuance shall revert to the issuing agency or designated program fund. The State Department of Education is authorized to establish procedures for reclaiming unused or inactive card balances consistent with program objectives and contract terms.
4. The State Department of Education shall develop rules and guidelines as necessary to implement the provisions of this act, including, but not limited to, the creation of guides on the proper usage of the fuel cards, developing distance based tiers to determine dollar amounts for each prepaid card, and the coordination of distribution with existing partners including, but not limited to, the Food Bank of Eastern Oklahoma and the Regional Food Bank of Oklahoma.
5. The State Department of Education shall submit an annual report to the Governor and relevant legislative committees detailing participation rates, fuel card usage data, and any recommended adjustments to funding or eligibility.

Section 4. FUNDING

1. Funding for the implementation and administration of the Summer Meal Transportation Credit Program shall consist of four million dollars (\$4,000,000.00) appropriated annually to the State Department of Education, sourced from the General Revenue Fund and supplemented, when applicable, by available federal dollars allocated for the SFSP and other related child nutrition programs.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. TU-508

Rehman (TU)

AS INTRODUCED

A bill repealing 25 O.S. §21-1911; amending 70 O.S. §24-162(A); repealing 70 O.S. §24-163; repealing providing legislative findings; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Protect Political Speech Act” of 2025.

Section 2. REPEALER 25 O.S. §21-1911 is hereby repealed.

- ~~A. The State of Oklahoma hereby adopts the non-legally binding Working Definition of Anti-Semitism adopted by the International Holocaust Remembrance Alliance (IHRA) on May 26, 2016, including the contemporary examples of anti-Semitism set forth therein, exclusively as a tool and guide for training, education, and recognizing and combating anti-Semitic hate crimes or discrimination and for tracking and reporting anti-Semitic incidents in this state.~~
- ~~B. The provisions of this act shall not be construed to diminish or infringe upon any right protected under the First Amendment to the United States Constitution or the Oklahoma Constitution.~~

Section 3. AMENDATORY 70 O.S. §24-162(A) is amended to read as follows:

A. As used in this section:

- ~~1. “Antisemitism” has the same meaning as provided for by the International Holocaust Remembrance Alliance Working Definition of Antisemitism, including its contemporary examples, as it was adopted on May 26, 2016;~~
- ~~2.1.~~ “Institution of higher education” means an institution of higher education within The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education; and
- ~~3.2.~~ “Public school” shall have the same meaning as provided for in Section 1-106 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

Section 4. REPEALER 70 O.S. §24-163 is hereby repealed.

- ~~A. Institutions of higher education and public schools shall integrate the definition of antisemitism provided for in Section 1 of this act into their student, faculty, and employee codes of conduct. Prohibited conduct as it specifically relates to antisemitism shall include harassment and discrimination against Jews in compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and antidiscrimination regulations provided by the United States Department of Education and the United States Department of Justice.~~
- ~~B. Institutions of higher education and public schools shall treat harassment of or discrimination against students or employees or resulting from institutional policies or programs on their campuses motivated by or including antisemitic intent in an identical manner to discrimination motivated by race.~~
- ~~C. All institutions of higher education and public schools are encouraged to:
 - ~~1. Incorporate antisemitism awareness training for all students, faculty, administrators, and campus police;~~
 - ~~2. Integrate Jewish American heritage curriculum for students that incorporates Jewish experiences in the United States of America pre- and post-revolution, pre- and post-World War II and the Holocaust, and in modern times; and~~
 - ~~3. Place reasonable time, place, and manner restrictions on speech to ensure order and protect the rights of all students.~~~~
- ~~D.
 - ~~1. The State Department of Education shall designate a Title VI coordinator dedicated to monitoring antisemitic discrimination and harassment in public schools in this state. All public schools shall electronically report incidents and complaints of antisemitic discrimination and harassment to the Title VI coordinator. The Title VI Coordinator shall establish, maintain, and publicize a formal reporting process whereby students, parents, staff, and faculty can submit complaints of antisemitic discrimination and harassment.~~
 - ~~2. The Title VI coordinator designated pursuant to paragraph 1 of this subsection shall thoroughly investigate all submitted complaints. If after a reasonable investigation a Title VI coordinator determines that a public school has engaged in, allowed, or not sufficiently prohibited antisemitic discrimination, the State Department of Education shall provide written notice to the public school to address the complaint within thirty (30) days of receiving the notice.~~
 - ~~3. If the Title VI coordinator determines that the public school has not taken the necessary actions to address the complaint within thirty (30)~~~~

~~days of receiving the notice, the Department shall report its findings to the United States Department of Education and the United States Department of Justice by making a complaint under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.~~

~~E.~~

- ~~1. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education shall designate a Title VI coordinator dedicated to monitoring antisemitic discrimination and harassment in institutions of higher education in this state. All institutions of higher education shall electronically report incidents and complaints of antisemitic discrimination and harassment to the Title VI coordinator.~~
- ~~2. The Title VI coordinator designated pursuant to paragraph 1 of this subsection shall thoroughly investigate all submitted complaints. If after a reasonable investigation a Title VI coordinator determines that an institution of higher education has engaged in, allowed, or not sufficiently prohibited antisemitic discrimination, the State Regents shall provide written notice to the institution of higher education to address the complaint within thirty (30) days of receiving the notice.~~
- ~~3. If the Title VI coordinator determines that the institution of higher education has not taken the necessary actions to address the complaint within thirty (30) days of receiving the notice, the State Regents shall report their findings to the United States Department of Education and the United States Department of Justice by making a complaint under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.~~

~~F. No later than June 30, 2026, and June 30 each subsequent year, the Title VI coordinators designated pursuant to paragraph 1 of subsections D and E of this section shall electronically submit to the Legislature a report on antisemitism in institutions of higher education and public schools.~~

~~G. The Legislature is encouraged to conduct hearings and/or investigations to assess if institutions are adequately addressing antisemitic harassment and discrimination; if not, the Legislature should consider reducing or eliminating state funding to such institutions.~~

Section 5. LEGISLATIVE FINDING

- A. The State Senate and House of Representatives find that 25 O.S. §21-1911, 70 O.S. §24-162(A), and O.S. 70 §24-163 place undue restrictions on freedom of speech and expression through the adoption of the IHRA definition of antisemitism, which conflates anti-Israel rhetoric with antisemitism.

Section 6. This act shall take effect ninety (90) days after its passage and approval.
Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. TU-509

By: Saleh (TU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to life; providing short title; providing for definitions; repealing 21 O.S. § 1320.11; declaring legislative findings; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Right to Life” Act of 2025.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS The following terms are to be defined as follows for the purposes of this act:

1. Riot shall be defined as any use of force or violence, or any threat to use force or violence if accompanied by immediate power of execution, by three or more persons acting together and without authority of law.

Section 3. REPEALER 21 O.S. § 1320.11 is hereby repealed.

~~A motor vehicle operator who unintentionally causes injury or death to an individual shall not be criminally or civilly liable for the injury or death, if:~~

- ~~1. The injury or death of the individual occurred while the motor vehicle operator was fleeing from a riot, as defined in Section 1311 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes, under a reasonable belief that fleeing was necessary to protect the motor vehicle operator from serious injury or death; and~~
- ~~2. The motor vehicle operator exercised due care at the time of the death or injury.~~

Section 4. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS

1. The State Legislature finds that 21 O.S. § 1320.11 limits the right of free speech and expression of protestors by causing them to fear for their life as, if a group of three or more individuals unaffiliated with the protestors enact a riot, the non-rioting protestors may legally be killed, without recourse, potentially leading individuals to refrain from enacting their free right to expression as codified in both the state and federal constitutions.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. TU-510

By: Saleh (TU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to Title IX; providing short title; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Why Are We Making Victims Name Themselves Again?” Act of 2025.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

All institutions with a Title IX office must accept anonymous reports and treat them as they would non-anonymous reports to the extent possible.

Section 3. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. TU-511

By: Saleh (TU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to crime; providing short title; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “If Crime Why Not Crime Shaped” Act of 2025.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new law to be codified into the Oklahoma statutes to read as follows:

1. Any crime that takes a minute or less to complete or that may be completed in three or fewer steps shall not be considered a crime.
2. This does not include those actions that may reasonably cause bodily or emotional harm to another individual.

Section 3. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Bill No. TU-512

Shelton (TU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to crimes and punishments for juvenile offenders; providing short title; amending 10A O.S. §2-5-203; amending 10A O.S. §2-5-205; providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Youthful Offender Expansion Act of 2025.”

Section 2. AMENDATORY 10A O.S. §2-5-203 is amended to read as follows:

A. For the purposes of the Youthful Offender Act:

1. "Youthful offender" means a person:
 - a. thirteen (13) or fourteen (14) years of age who is charged with ~~murder in the first degree~~ a crime listed in subsection C of Section 2-5-205 of this title, and ~~and certified as a youthful offender as provided by Section 2-5-205 of this title,~~
 - b. fifteen (15), sixteen (16), or seventeen (17) years of age and charged with a crime listed in subsection ~~C~~ D of Section 2-5-205 of this title, and
 - c. sixteen (16) or seventeen (17) years of age and charged with a crime listed in subsection ~~E~~ F of Section 2-5-205 of this title, if the offense was committed on or after November 1, 2022; provided, the state shall not base the timing of the filing of any charges solely on the applicability of the Youthful Offender Act;
2. "Sentenced as a youthful offender" means the imposition of a court order making disposition of a youthful offender as provided by Section 2-5-209 of this title which shall constitute an adult criminal sentence if the youthful offender is transferred to the custody or supervision of the Department of Corrections;

3. "Next friend" means an individual or executive of an organization who has assumed a parental role without formal legal proceedings, but to all objective observers is readily identified as custodian or guardian in fact;
 4. "Certification as an adult" means a person for whom the court has granted a motion for the imposition of an adult sentence pursuant to subsection C of Section 7 of this act;
 5. "Certification as a juvenile" means a person for whom the court has granted a motion for certification as a juvenile pursuant to subsection B of Section 6 of this act;
 6. "Certification study" means a report prepared for the court by the Office of Juvenile Affairs that includes but is not limited to information related to the circumstances of an offense, any injury that may have occurred, the history of the person in the juvenile justice system, and a psychological evaluation. Such study shall address the guidelines established in subsection B of Section 6 of this act; and
 7. "Juvenile delinquent" means a person who is accused of committing an act which could be prosecuted under subsection A, B, C, D, or E of Section 2-5-205 of this title and against whom the district attorney has chosen to file a petition alleging the person as delinquent.
- B. It is the purpose of the Youthful Offender Act to better ensure the public safety by holding youths accountable for the commission of serious crimes, while affording courts methods of rehabilitation for those youths the courts determine, at their discretion, may be amenable to such methods. It is the further purpose of the Youthful Offender Act to allow those youthful offenders whom the courts find to be amenable to rehabilitation by the methods prescribed in the Youthful Offender Act to be placed in the custody or under the supervision of the Office of Juvenile Affairs for the purpose of accessing the rehabilitative programs provided by that Office.
- C. It is the intent of the Legislature to fully utilize the Youthful Offender Act as a means to protect the public while rehabilitating and holding youth accountable for serious crimes. The Legislature finds that eligible seventeen-year-olds should have the opportunity to be processed as youthful offenders as provided by law and held accountable through the provisions of the Youthful Offender Act for custody, institutional placement, supervision, extended jurisdiction within the Office of Juvenile Affairs (OJA), and the ability to transfer youthful offenders to the

Department of Corrections when incarceration or additional supervision is required beyond the maximum age allowed in the OJA. No older youth should be deemed ineligible or denied consideration as a youthful offender who is otherwise lawfully eligible based upon the age of the youth being seventeen (17) years, but it is the intent of the Legislature that such youthful offender shall not remain in the custody or under the supervision of the OJA beyond the youthful offender's maximum age of eighteen (18) years and six (6) months or until nineteen (19) years of age if jurisdiction has been extended as provided in subsection D of Section 9 of this act. To deny access to an otherwise eligible older youth without cause is to circumvent the original intent of the Legislature in creating the Youthful Offender Act.

- D. Unless otherwise provided by law, when a court determines that a youthful offender has successfully completed his or her treatment and rehabilitation plan and is discharged by the court without a court judgment of guilt and the case dismissed with prejudice, the arrest or adjudication record does not have to be disclosed for the purposes of employment, civil rights, or any regulation, license, questionnaire, application, or any other public purpose. Any prohibition regarding possession of firearms pursuant to Section 1283 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall still be applicable.
- E. In any case for which the court orders a certification study, the district attorney shall provide to the Office of Juvenile Affairs (OJA) a copy of any police report and all other relevant documents or information in the possession of the district attorney or any other law enforcement agency that has reported to the district attorney in the case, which should be considered in preparing the ordered report. The police reports, any report from the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation, and any other relevant documents or information as available, shall be provided to the OJA within five (5) business days of the issuance of the order.
- F. In any case for which the court orders a certification study, the attorney for the youth is ordered to provide to OJA the names and contact information of the youth's parents, guardians, or next friend, along with any relevant documents or information the youth requests OJA to consider in the preparation of the ordered report. The names and contact information and any other documents or information shall be provided to OJA within five (5) business days of the issuance of the order.

Section 3. AMENDATORY 10A O.S. §2-5-205 is amended to read as follows:

- A. Any person thirteen (13) or fourteen (14) years of age who is charged with murder in the first degree shall be held accountable for the act as if the person were an adult; provided, the person may be certified as a youthful offender or a juvenile as provided by this section, unless the person is subject to the provisions of subsection H of Section 2-5-204 of this title.
- B. Any person fifteen (15), sixteen (16) or seventeen (17) years of age who is charged with murder in the first degree shall be held accountable for his or her act as if the person was an adult and shall not be subject to the provisions of the Youthful Offender Act or the provisions of the Juvenile Code for certification as a juvenile. The person shall have all the statutory rights and protections of an adult accused of a crime. All proceedings shall be as for a criminal action and the provisions of Title 22 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall apply. A person having been convicted as an adult pursuant to this paragraph shall be tried as an adult for every subsequent offense.
- C. Any person thirteen (13) or fourteen (14) years of age who is charged with:
1. Murder in the second degree;
 2. Manslaughter in the first degree;
 3. Any offense in violation of Section 652 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes;
 4. Aggravated assault and battery of police officer;
 5. Maiming; or
 6. Use of a firearm while in the commission of a felony, shall be held accountable for such acts as a youthful offender; provided, the person may be certified as a juvenile or as an adult as provided by the provisions of the Youthful Offender Act.
- ~~E. D.~~ Any person fifteen (15), sixteen (16) or seventeen (17) years of age who is charged with:
1. Murder in the second degree;
 2. Kidnapping or attempt thereof;
 3. Manslaughter in the first degree;
 4. Robbery with a dangerous weapon or a firearm or attempt thereof;
 5. Robbery in the first degree or attempt thereof;
 6. Robbery committed by two or more persons;
 7. Rape by instrumentation or attempt thereof;
 8. Forcible sodomy;
 9. Lewd acts or proposals to a child under sixteen (16) years of age or any offense in violation of subsection A of Section 1123 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

10. Domestic abuse by strangulation;
11. Aggravated assault and battery of police officer;
12. Maiming;
13. Use of a firearm while in the commission of a felony;
- ~~14.~~ 14. Arson in the first degree or attempt thereof; or
- ~~15.~~ 15. Any offense in violation of Section 652 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes, shall be held accountable for such acts as a youthful offender; provided, the person may be certified as a juvenile or as an adult as provided by the provisions of the Youthful Offender Act.

~~D. E.~~ E. At the sole discretion of the district attorney, any person ~~fifteen (15), sixteen (16) or seventeen (17) years of age~~ who has reached the age of thirteen (13) who is charged with rape in the first degree or attempt thereof may be held accountable for his or her act as if the person was an adult or as a youthful offender. When charged as an adult, the person shall have all the statutory rights and protections of an adult accused of a crime. All proceedings shall be as for a criminal action and the provisions of Title 22 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall apply. A person having been convicted as an adult pursuant to this subsection shall be tried as an adult for every subsequent offense. When charged as a youthful offender, the person shall be held accountable for such acts as a youthful offender; provided, the person may be certified as a juvenile or as an adult as provided by the Youthful Offender Act.

~~E. E.~~ E. Any person sixteen (16) or seventeen (17) years of age who is charged with:

1. Burglary in the first degree or attempted burglary in the first degree;
2. Battery or assault and battery on a state employee or contractor while in the custody or supervision of the Office of Juvenile Affairs;
3. Aggravated assault and battery of a police officer;
4. Intimidating a witness;
5. Trafficking in or manufacturing illegal drugs;
6. Assault and battery with a deadly weapon;
7. Maiming;
8. Residential burglary in the second degree after two or more adjudications that are separated in time for delinquency for committing burglary in the first degree or residential burglary in the second degree;
9. Rape in the second degree; or

10. Use of a firearm while in commission of a felony, may be held accountable for such acts as a youthful offender; provided, the person may be certified as a juvenile or as an adult as provided by the Youthful Offender Act.

F. G.

1. For any charges listed in Sections A, C, D, or E of this section, the district attorney may elect to file a petition alleging the person to be delinquent or may file an information charging the person as a youthful offender. The district attorney shall immediately notify the Office of Juvenile Affairs upon the filing of any youthful offender charges.
2. After an information has been filed charging a person as a youthful offender under Sections A, C, D, or E of this section, or as an adult under subsection B of this section, the district attorney may elect to amend or dismiss the information and refile any or all charges in a delinquent petition.
3. Upon the filing of an information, the person's complete juvenile record shall be made available to the district attorney and the person's attorney.

G. H.

1. Upon the filing of an information against a person, a warrant shall be issued which shall set forth the rights of the accused, and the rights of the parents, guardian, or next friend of the accused to be present at the preliminary hearing and to have an attorney.
2. The warrant shall be personally served together with a certified copy of the information on the accused and on a custodial parent, guardian, or next friend of the accused. The court may inquire of the accused as to the whereabouts of his or her parents, guardian, or next friend in order to avoid unnecessary delay in the proceedings.
3. When personal service of a custodial parent, guardian, or next friend of the accused cannot be completed, service may be made by certified mail to the person's last-known address, requesting a return receipt from the addressee only. If delivery is refused, notice may be given by mailing a copy of the accused's warrant information by regular first-class mail to the address where the person to be notified refused delivery of the notice sent by certified mail. Where the address of a custodial parent, guardian or next friend is not known, or if the mailed copy of the accused's warrant and information is returned for any reason other than refusal of the

addressee to accept delivery, after a thorough search of all reasonably available sources to ascertain the whereabouts of a custodial parent, guardian, or next friend has been conducted, the court may order that notice of the hearing be given by publication one time in a newspaper of general circulation in the county. The court may also order other means of service of notice that the court deems advisable or in the interests of justice.

4. Before service by publication is ordered, the court shall conduct an inquiry to determine whether a thorough search has been made of all reasonably available sources to ascertain the whereabouts of any person for whom notice by publication is sought.
5. The person is presumed to be a youthful offender, and the proceedings shall continue under such presumption unless the court grants the person's motion for certification as a juvenile pursuant to Section 6 of this act or grants the district attorney's motion for imposition of an adult sentence pursuant to Section 7 of this act.

H. I. The court shall commence the preliminary hearing within ninety (90) days of the filing of the information, pursuant to Section 258 of Title 22 of the Oklahoma Statutes, to determine whether a crime was committed and if there is probable cause to believe the accused committed the crime. The requirement for the preliminary hearing to be held within ninety (90) days may be waived by the accused.

1. For a person charged under subsection A or B of Section 2-5-205 of this title, if the preliminary hearing is not commenced within ninety (90) days of the filing date of the information, the district court shall hold a hearing to determine the reasons for delay utilizing the procedure set out in Section 812.2 of Title 22 of the Oklahoma Statutes, to ensure the preliminary hearing is expedited, unless the ninety-day requirement has been waived by the accused.
2. For a person charged under subsection C, D, or E of Section 2-5-205 of this title, if the preliminary hearing is not commenced within ninety (90) days of the filing of the information, the district attorney shall be prohibited from seeking an adult sentence unless the ninety-day requirement has been waived by the accused.
3. For an accused person charged under subsection A, B, C, D, or E of Section 2-5-205 of this title, if the whereabouts of the accused are unknown at the time of the filing of the information or if the accused is a fugitive, the State of Oklahoma shall make reasonable efforts to locate the accused in order to commence the proceedings.

An accused who flees the jurisdiction of the court or purposely avoids apprehension for the charges, waives the right to have the preliminary hearing commenced within ninety (90) days of the filing of the information. If the preliminary hearing does not commence within ninety (90) days from the filing of the information due to the absence or inability to locate the accused, the preliminary hearing shall commence within ninety (90) days after the state has actual notice of the in-state location of the accused. If the accused is found out of state, the court shall set the hearing within ninety (90) days after the accused has been returned to the State of Oklahoma. An accused who fails to cooperate with providing information in locating his or her parent, guardian, or next friend for purposes of notice waives the right to have the preliminary hearing commence within ninety (90) days of the filing of the information.

- ‡ J. At the conclusion of the state's case at the preliminary hearing, if the accused has filed a motion for certification as a juvenile pursuant to subsection A of this section, or if the district attorney has filed a motion for the imposition of an adult sentence pursuant to Section 7 of this act, both the accused and the district attorney may offer evidence in support or in opposition of the pending motion or motions.
- ‡ K. The court shall rule on any properly filed motion for certification as a juvenile or motion for the imposition of an adult sentence before ruling on whether to bind the accused over for trial.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2025)

House Internal Bill No. TU-513

By: Orsini (TU)
Jolliff (TU)
Nguyen (OBU)
Cly (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the press competition; providing short title; amending O.I.L.S. Title Five, Chapter Six, Section 607; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE OKLAHOMA INTERCOLLEGIATE LEGISLATURE:

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Press Rules Act of 2025”.

Section 2. AMENDATORY O.I.L.S. Title Five, Chapter Six, Section 607 is amended to read as follows:

The Office of the Press Secretary shall promulgate all rules and regulations for the Journalism Competition.

- A. The rules, regulations, and policies governing the Journalism Competition must be ratified by a simple majority vote of the ~~Delegation Council~~ Steering Committee prior to each regular session of the Legislature.
 - a. If the ~~Delegation Council~~ Steering Committee fails to approve the rules, regulations, and policies governing the Journalism Competition, then the previous regular session’s Journalism Competition rules, regulations, and policies, shall remain enacted.
- B. Any delegate or member wishing to challenge any rule, regulation, or policy, under this section, shall file their challenge with the Attorney General. The Attorney General shall have twenty-four (24) hours to issue a legally binding ruling on the specific rule being challenged. Upon the ruling being issued, either the Press Secretary or the party which requested the ruling shall have seventy-two (72) hours to appeal that ruling with the Supreme Court. The Supreme Court shall have final jurisdiction on determining the legality, validity, and fairness of any rule which has been challenged.

Section 3. This act shall become effective immediately upon passage of any amendment to the OIL Constitution establishing the Press Secretary as a member of the OIL Board of Directors.