Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
First Session of the Forty-Fifth Legislature

Spring 2013 Conference
April 17th- 21st, 2013
Oklahoma State Capitol

Scott Chance
Governor

Joseph Pierce
Lieutenant Governor

Josh Monaghan
Chief Justice of the Supreme Court

Sarah Sandford
President Pro Tempore of the Senate

Philip Jackson
Speaker of the House

Schedule of Events

First Session of the Forty-Fifth Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
April 17-21, 2013

NOTE: Events in **RED** are for members who have entertainment passes.

Wednesday, April 17th

3:00pm – 5:00pm	Delegation Check-In	House Committee Room 412-A
5:00pm – 6:00pm	Moot Court Contestant Meeting	Committee Room (TBA)
5:00pm – 6:00pm	New Delegate Orientation	House & Senate Chambers
6:00pm – 7:30pm	Joint Session	House Chamber
7:30pm – 8:00pm	House & Senate Committees	House & Senate Chambers
10:00pm – 12:00 am	Candidate Forum	Hotel Conference Room

Thursday, April 18th

8:00am – 12:00pm	Day of Service; Food Drive	Feed the Children , Mid-Del Food Bank
1:00pm – 2:00pm	Lunch Break	Capitol Rotunda
2:00pm – 4:00pm	House & Senate Committees	Committee Rooms
2:00pm – 8:00 pm	Moot Court Competition	Committee Room (TBA)
4:00pm – 8:00pm	General Session	House & Senate Chambers
10:00pm – 12:30am	Elevation Trampoline Park	Elevation Trampoline Park

Friday, April 19th

9:00am – 12:00pm	General Session	House & Senate Chambers
9:00am – 12:00pm	Moot Court Session	Committee Room (TBA)
12:00pm – 1:00pm	Lunch Break	
1:00pm – 7:00pm	General Session	House & Senate Chambers
1:00pm – 7:00pm	Moot Court Session	Committee Room (TBA)
7:30pm – 12:30am	Redhawk's Game	Bricktown Ballpark

Saturday, April 20th

9:00am – 12:00pm	General Session	House & Senate Chambers
9:00am – 12:00pm	Moot Court Session	Committee Room (TBA)
11:30am – 1:30pm	Five Star Luncheon	Location TBA
12:00pm – 1:00pm	Lunch Break	
1:00pm – 8:00pm	General Session	House & Senate Chambers
10:30pm – 1:00am	Governor's Roast	Remington Park

Sunday, April 21st

9:00am – 3:00pm	General Session	House & Senate Chambers
3:00pm – 5:00pm	Closing Joint Session	House Chamber
6:00pm	Closing Dinner	Location TBA

Delegation Chairs

First Session of the Forty-Fifth Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature

Cameron University	Trey Caldwell, C. Kennedy
East Central University	Wesley Robertson
Northeastern State University	Cody Robinson
Oklahoma City University	Lavetra Ray
Oklahoma Panhandle State University	Eva Dye
Oklahoma State University	Sean Baser, V. Eno, J. Hesse
Oral Roberts University	Greg Tanis
Rogers State University	Lindsey Martin
Rose State College	Debi Fox, M. Scroggins
Southern Nazarene University	Tim Rice
University of Oklahoma	Akash Patel, P. Sweatman
University of Central Oklahoma	Kaite Heggy

Steering Committee

First Session of the Forty-Fifth Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature

Governor	Scott Chance (UCO)
Lieutenant Governor	Joseph Pierce (OCU)
President Pro Tempore of the Senate	Sarah Sandford (ORU)
Deputy President Pro Tempore of the Senate	Jacob Daniel (RSU)
Speaker of the House	Philip Jackson (RSU)
Speaker Pro Tempore of the House	Anna Facci (OSU)
Attorney General	Misty Grady (NSU)
Secretary of State	Wade Hilsher (OSU)
Chief Justice	Josh Monaghan (OSU)
Treasurer	

Index

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature Statutes:

ALU pg. 5
UCO pg. 19

Senate Legislation:

East Central University pg. 20
Northeastern State University pg. 25
Oklahoma City University pg. 28
Oklahoma Panhandle State University pg. 43
Oklahoma State University pg. 44
Oral Roberts University pg. 66
Rogers State University pg. 82
Rose State College pg. 86
University of Central Oklahoma pg. 88
University of Oklahoma pg. 104
Southern Nazarene University pg. 107

House Legislation:

East Central University pg. 108
Northeastern State University pg. 128
Oklahoma City University pg. 135
Oklahoma Panhandle State University pg. 148
Oklahoma State University pg. 150
Oral Roberts University pg. 190
Rogers State University pg. 224
Rose State College pg. 230
University of Central Oklahoma pg. 231
University of Oklahoma pg. 252
Southern Nazarene University pg. 276
House Appropriations pg. 281

Addresses:

pg. 284

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Internal Legislation Bill No. ALU-001 By: Pierce (ALU)
Daniel (ALU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the OIL Treasurer; amending the OIL Statutes; providing short title; providing for codification; providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE OKLAHOMA INTERCOLLEGIATE LEGISLATURE

Section 1: The act shall be known as the "Treasurer Accountability and Examination" Act or the "T.A.X." Act.

Section 2: The following sections of the Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature Statutes will be amended to read as follows.

Title 3, Chapter 1, Section 105 shall be amended to read as follows:

"SECTION 105: The Courts of the Organization may impose fines upon those who violate their orders; such fines shall not exceed twenty-five ($25) dollars. Fines shall be paid to the Treasurer who shall give the money to the Foundation to deposit in the Organization's account ~~deposit forty percent (40%) of the fine in the Contingency fund and the remainder in the general Receiving Fund~~."

Title 5, Chapter 7 shall be amended to read as follows:

~~Chapter Seven~~
~~State Treasurer~~

~~SECTION 700: The Governor shall appoint, with the advice and consent of the Senate, a Treasurer who shall perform all duties as outlined in Title Six of these statutes.~~

~~SECTION 701: The Treasurer shall be responsible for the collection, disbursement, and accounting of all organizational funds. No person shall be appointed to the Office of Treasurer unless he or she has completed with a passing grade of "B" or higher at least three (3) hours of Accounting at the college level or has documented, comparable experience. The Treasurer shall not be restricted from being a member~~

~~of the legislative or judicial branches. The Treasurer shall be prohibited from serving in a leadership position in the legislative or judicial branches.~~

~~SECTION 702: The Governor may appoint a Deputy Treasurer, with the advice and consent of the Senate, to assist him or her in the execution of his or her duties. Any and all qualifications set for the office of the Treasurer shall be met by the Deputy Treasurer as well.~~

~~SECTION 703: The Treasurer shall be head of a department to be known as the "Office of the Treasurer" to be composed of the Treasurer and his or her appointees.~~

~~SECTION 704: The Treasurer shall maintain a safe deposit box at a bank of the Board of Director's choosing. The box shall be used to preserve one (1) copy and one (1) original of all financial documents. Only the original document or its copy may be outside the official deposit box at any time. Original documents must be placed in the official deposit box within thirty (30) days of their creation. Keys to the deposit box shall only be granted to the Governor, Lt. Governor, and Treasurer. Keys to the deposit box shall not be possessed by any other member or non-member of OIL, with the exception of a newly elected Governor, Lt. Governor, or Treasurer. All keys and access to the deposit box shall be given to the newly elected Governor, Lt. Governor, and Treasurer no later than the Friday of spring session.~~

~~SECTION 705: Access to any account containing OIL funds shall be limited to the Governor, Lt. Governor, Treasurer, and any other members outlined within this section should it become necessary to include them pursuant to the restrictions hereafter described. The Governor, Lt. Governor, and Treasurer, shall have their names removed from all accounts, and the newly elected Governor, Lt. Governor, and Treasurer's names placed on all accounts no later than Friday of the spring session. In the event that two (2) of these offices should become vacant, the names of both the President Pro-Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall be placed on all OIL documents.~~

~~SECTION 706: The movement of OIL funds over five-hundred dollars ($500) out of any account by means of withdrawal, transfer, or check, shall require the signature of two (2) account holders, one (1) of which shall be the Governor, Lt. Governor, or Treasurer.~~"

Title 6, Chapter 1 shall be amended to read as follows:

TITLE SIX
FINANCE

Chapter One
Treasurer

"~~SECTION 100: A. The Treasurer shall maintain written records relating to the finances of the organization as follows:~~

~~1. All sources of revenue, which shall be itemized to each subaccount of the O.I.L. budget and shall be reconciled through the main operating account.~~

~~2. All expenditures, which shall be itemized to each subaccount of the O.I.L. budget and shall be reconciled through the main operating account.~~

~~3. A list of all transactions, referenced to the corresponding account from which the expense was generated, shall be maintained.~~

~~B. The Treasurer shall, at the beginning of each legislative session, prepare and submit to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and President Pro Tempore of the Senate a written statement of the financial condition of the organization. Copies of the statement shall also be provided to the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and the Secretary of State. Such a statement shall consist of but not be limited to:~~

~~1. Itemized amounts of revenue and their sources from the date of the last report given;~~

~~2. Itemized listings of expenditures, categorized from each subaccount of the budget, from the date of the last report given;~~

~~3. The current balance of the subaccount compromising the budget;~~

~~4. The Current balance of the Contingency Fund;~~

~~5. The amounts and names of those people or companies to whom the organization owes money;~~

~~6. The amounts and names of those people or companies who owe money or services to the organization; and~~

~~7. Any and all other information that may be requested by the Governor, President Pro Tempore of the Senate, Speaker of the House, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, or any other officer under whose care is entrusted money of the organization.~~

~~C. All records and reports shall be presented to the Steering Committee no later than the Interim Session following the spring session of the legislature and Post Mortem session following the fall session of the legislature and shall be immediately made available for public inspection by any member of the organization.~~

~~SECTION 101: The Treasurer shall prepare and mail to the members of the Board of Directors and to any other person in whose care money is entrusted by the organization, by the last calendar day of each month of his or her term, an official statement reflecting the following:~~

~~1. All deposits made into organizational accounts. Including an itemized listing of all outstanding accounts receivable;~~

~~2. All withdrawals made on any organizational account, including check numbers, payees, amounts and branches requesting the funds;~~

~~3. An itemized statement of the Budget, detailing each individual branch's amount of funds spent, amount of funds available for expenses and current balance.~~

~~SECTION 102: The Treasurer shall prepare a budget for the Organization for each semester during his or her term and submit the same with the Governor's approval to the House of Representatives no later than the second legislative day of regular session.~~

~~SECTION 103: The Treasurer shall perform other duties as may be requested by the Governor, provided such policies do not violate the purpose of the organization.~~

~~SECTION 104: The Treasurer shall in no way allocate or disburse monies except as provided by statute and by order of an officer under whose care money of the organization is entrusted by statute.~~

~~SECTION 105: In no way shall money be denied to any requesting official under whose care money of the organization is entrusted by statute, provided the amount of funds is available in the subaccount. In the event that an officer of the Executive Branch request money that would exceed any spending caps imposed by law, the Governor shall either disallow the expenditure or shall use monies from other areas~~

~~to offset the total amount. Under no circumstance shall any Executive Branch officer be allowed to spend monies without the express consent to each transaction by the Governor. The Treasurer shall require receipts of all officers requesting funds no later than fourteen (14) days after said funds have been disbursed. If the requesting officer does not comply with the request the Treasurer may seek recourse through the Board of Directors.~~

~~SECTION 106: Under no circumstances shall the Treasurer, Director of Finance or any other individual authorized to issue checks reimburse officers or members of the organization for any of the following items:~~

~~1. Telephone calls (excluding those made in conjunction with fundraising, upon which only those calls authorized by the Governor shall be allowed);~~
~~2. Mileage;~~
~~3. Alcoholic Beverages;~~
~~4. Meals; and~~
~~5. Entertainment~~

Section 100: The Treasurer shall be head of a department to be known as the "Office of the Treasurer" to be composed of the Treasurer and his or her appointees.

Section 101: The Treasurer shall be a liaison between the OILF and OIL delegations to assist in the payment process and procedures.

Section 102: The Treasurer shall not be a member of the legislative or judicial branches.

Section 103: The Governor may appoint a Deputy Treasurer, with the advice and consent of the Senate, to assist the Treasurer in the execution of his or her duties. Any and all qualifications set for the office of the Treasurer shall be met by the Deputy Treasurer as well."

Title 6, Chapter 2, Section 208 shall be amended to read as follows:

"~~SECTION 208: There is hereby created a revolving fund for the organization to be designated the "Media Revolving Fund" The Fund shall be a continuing fund, not subject to limitations provided in Chapter 3, Section 300, Paragraph A, and shall consist of all monies received by the Office of Treasurer from the media fee. All monies accruing to the credit of said fund are hereby appropriated and may be budgeted and expended by the Office of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Treasurer, and Attorney General for the purpose of~~

~~making payments as required from time to time for media related expenditures. Usage of this Fund must comply with the provisions of Title 6 of the Statutes.~~"

Section 3: This act shall become effective at the end of the session of its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Internal Legislation Bill No. ALU-002

By: Pierce (ALU)
Merit (OSU), of the Senate
Albanese (ORU),
Jackson (ALU),
Wilson (UCO), of the House

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the Executive Branch of the Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature; amending Title Five, Chapter Two, Section 201 of the O.I.L. Statutes; amending Title Five, Chapter Five, Section 500 of the O.I.L. Statutes; amending Title Five, Chapter Six, Sections 600-650 of the O.I.L. Statutes; providing for codification; providing an effective date; establishing an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE OKLAHOMA INTERCOLLEGIATE LEGISALTURE

SECTION 1. This act shall be known as the "Executive Reform Act of 2013".

SECTION 2. AMENDATORY Title Five, Chapter Two, Section 201 of the O.I.L. Statutes is amended to read as follows:

SECTION 201: The Governor and Governor-Elect shall call Post Mortem Session and Interim Session in accordance with Title Two, Section 202 of these statutes. The Governor and Governor-Elect shall be responsible for the selection of times and places for these sessions and shall serve notice to the membership of the Steering Committee at least two (2) weeks in advance. The Governor and Governor-Elect shall have the power to create all such positions that he or she shall deem necessary to complete the functions of the Executive Branch. ~~upon the advice and consent of the Senate~~.

SECTION 3. AMENDATORY Title Five, Chapter Five, Section 500 of the O.I.L. Statutes is amended to read as follows:

SECTION 500: The Governor shall appoint, with the advice and consent of the Senate, a Secretary of State who shall perform all duties as outlined in Title Five, Chapter Five of these Statutes. The Secretary of State shall be the custodian of the Seal of the Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature, and with it shall authenticate all official documents of the Organization.

SECTION 4. AMENDATORY Title Five, Chapter Six, Section 600-650 of the O.I.L. Statutes is amended to read as follows:

Chapter Six

Other Officers

SECTION 600: The Director of Recruitment shall:

A. Oversee state wide recruitment efforts as an officer included within the Office of the Governor.

B. Upon taking office, develop and implement a plan with the consent of the Governor, for recruitment during his or her term.

C. Be authorized to appoint assistants with the consent of the Governor. Such appointees must hold, and continue to hold, membership in the Organization in some other capacity.

D. Perform such functions as directed by the Governor.

E. Not be restricted from being a member of either the Legislative or Judicial branches.

F. Serve at the pleasure of the Governor.

SECTION 610: The Director of Public Relations shall:

A. Be responsible for media relations and all other external relations as ~~directed by the Governor.~~ an officer included within the Office of the Governor

B. May appoint assistants with the consent of the Governor. Such appointees must hold, and continue to hold, membership in the Organization in some other capacity.

C. ~~shall not~~ Be restricted from being a member of either the Legislative or Judicial branches.

D. Serve at the pleasure of the Governor.

~~SECTION 620: The Historian shall be the guardian of the history of O.I.L. and of its membership.~~

~~A. The Historian shall write and develop a narrative history of the events which occurred during his or her term in office, which is to be the official History of the Organization when approved by the Steering Committee.~~

~~B. The Historian shall expand and elaborate upon previous narratives which may be filed by drawing upon personal experience or interviews with others.~~

~~C. The Historian shall be the possessor of historic documents and photographs, and may, at the direction of the Governor, see to their reproduction.~~

~~1. The Historian shall serve as a reserve depository for the following official documents, copies of which shall be provided by the Secretary of State:~~

~~a. the O.I.L. Constitution;~~
~~b. the O.I.L. Statutes;~~
~~c. the legislative digest of each session;~~
~~d. copies of the Organization's judicial reporter;~~
~~e. Opinions of the Attorney General;~~
~~f. a delegation directory of each session;~~
~~g. official record of awards.~~

~~2. In the event of the destruction or loss of the Secretary of State's copies of the documents so named in this section the Historian shall see to their reproduction and delivery to the Secretary of State.~~

~~3. In the event of the destruction of the Historian's copies of documents so named in this section, the Secretary of State shall see to their reproduction and delivery to the Historian.~~

~~D. The Historian shall maintain and expand the Historian's alumni files, which shall include current addresses, participation information, and such information deemed important by the Historian or by the Governor.~~

~~E. The Historian shall obtain addresses and participation information at the close of each session from those members retiring from the Organization, and shall add this to the Historian's alumni files.~~

~~F. The Historian shall not be restricted from being a member of either the Legislative or Judicial branches.~~

~~SECTION 630: The Director of Alumni Relations shall:~~

~~A. Be appointed by the Governor and consented to by a majority of the O.I.L. Board of Directors~~

~~B. Be a former member of the Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature.~~

~~C. Receive no compensation for the office, nor shall be allowed to raise revenue for conducting the affairs of the office other than funds appropriated by the Legislature.~~

~~D. Oversee the retention of alumni involvement within the organization.~~

~~E. Upon taking office, develop and implement a plan, with the consent of the Governor, for maintaining contact with alumni during his or her term.~~

~~F. Be authorized to appoint assistants, with the consent of the Governor.~~

SECTION ~~640~~ 620: The Director of Fundraising shall~~:~~ ~~be appointed by the Governor and~~ assist the Governor in all areas of fundraising, ~~provided that the Director may not:~~

A. ~~Solicit funds from lobbyists or lobbying organizations registered with the Oklahoma Ethics Commission.~~ Be responsible for assisting the Governor by being the point of contact for delegation fundraising as an officer within the Office of the Governor.

B. ~~Solicit funds from Members of the Oklahoma State House of Representatives or Senate without direct written authorization of the O.I.L. Speaker of the House or O.I.L. President Pro Tempore of the Senate.~~ Be responsible for maintaining the O.I.L. Delegation Fundraising Guide, which will detail ways for delegations to help raise funds for session.

C. ~~Engage in games of chance, including raffles, as a means of raising funds.~~ Not be restricted from being a member of either the Legislative or Judicial Branch.

D. Serve at the pleasure of the Governor.

SECTION ~~650~~ 630: The Director of Technology and Electronic Information Systems shall:

A. Periodically provide information to the Governor relating to ways in which O.I.L. could make use of affordable technology to modernize the administration and operation of O.I.L as an officer in the Office of the Governor.

B. Maintain the O.I.L. official World Wide Web site as either the webmaster or being directly responsible for the activities of the webmaster.

1. Updates to the website must be made within two (2) weeks of Post Mortem and Interim Sessions as referred to in Title 2, Chapter 2, Section 202 of these Statutes.

2. All other updates to the website will be made by the Director on request from any one of the Executive Board of Directors or the Secretary of State.

3. When a web service contract is with one (1) month of coming to a close the Director of Technology shall research service providers and the costs.

He or she must then report to the Governor with at least three (3) separate proposals taking into account the needs of the organization.

4. To ensure that the computer files of the official website do not become lost, redundant backup copies must be made and kept with the office of the Secretary of State.

C. Have the authority to make recommendations to the Governor regarding all modern technological multimedia publicity.

D. Advise the Governor regarding the purchase of technology and regarding all O.I.L. organizational and administrative policy involving technology.

E. ~~The Director of Technology,~~ upon taking office, shall be allowed to appoint a Deputy Director of Technology, ~~with the advice and consent of the Senate~~, to assist in the execution of the duties of the office. He or she may also appoint up to three (3) Assistants to help in carrying out the duties of the office. Such appointments shall not confer membership in the Organization to a person if he or she does not hold membership by some other means.

F. ~~The Director of Technology and the staff of the office shall~~ not be restricted from being a member of either the Legislative or Judicial branches.

G. Serve at the pleasure of the Governor.

SECTION 640: The Chief of Staff shall:

A. Be the immediate supervisor to all other officers within the Office of the Governor. The Chief of Staff will report directly to the Governor.

B. Assist the Governor in any duties he/she may have.

C. Be the legislative liaison to the Legislative and Judicial branches.

D. From time to time be the official liaison of the Office of the Governor.

E. Be restricted from being a member of either the Legislative or Judicial branches.

F. Serve at the pleasure of the Governor.

SECTION 650: The Director of Budget and Finance shall:

A. Be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate. The Director of Budget and Finance shall also be the head of the O.I.L. Department of Budget and Finance.

B. Be responsible for the formulation of the Executive Budget of the Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature, which shall be formulated with the advice of the Governor and other members of the Board of Directors, and presented to the Speaker of the House and President Pro Tempore of the Senate by noon (12pm) of the third (3rd) day of each legislative session. The Executive Budget shall be for the following session.

C. Be responsible for submitting the Executive Budget of the Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature to the Secretary of State for filing.

D. Appoint up to two (2) assistants as needed with the approval of the Governor.

E. Not be restricted from being a member of the Legislative or Judicial Branch.

F. Serve at the pleasure of the Governor.

SECTION 4. This act shall take effect ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

SECTION 5. It being immediately necessary, for the preservation of the public peace, and the organization structure, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Internal Joint Resolution No. ALU-001 By: Jackson (ALU), of the House

AS INTRODUCED

A Joint Resolution directing the O.I.L. Election Commission to refer to the people for their approval or rejection, a proposed amendment establishing Article of the Tenth of the Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature Constitution, establishing a supremacy clause; providing ballot title; and directing filing.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE 1ST SESSION OF THE 45th OKLAHOMA INTERCOLLEGIATE LEGISLATURE:

SECTION 1. The O.I.L. Election Commission shall refer to the people for their approval or rejection, as and in the manner provided by law, the following proposed amendment establishing Article 10 of the Constitution of the Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature to read as follows:

Article of the Tenth

This Constitution and subsequent Statutes as defined in Article Seven of this Constitution are supreme to all individual delegation constitutions and by-laws.

This Constitution is subject to all requirements and provisions of Student Codes of campuses of Higher Education, and this Organization shall comply with all federal, state, and local laws.

SECTION 2. The Ballot Title for the proposed Constitutional amendment as set forth in SECTION 1 of this resolution shall be in the following form:

Ballot Title

Legislative Referendum No. ____ O.I.L. Question No. ____

THE GIST OF THE PROPOSITION IS AS FOLLOWS:

This measure establishes Article 10 of the Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature Constitution. It would establish that this document is supreme to individual campus governing documents.

SHALL THIS AMENDMENT BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

_____ YES, FOR THE AMENDMENT

_____ NO, AGAINST THE AMENDMENT

SECTION 3. The Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives, immediately after passage of this resolution, shall prepare and file one copy thereof, including the Ballot Title set forth in SECTION 2 hereof, with the Secretary of State and one copy with the Attorney General.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Internal Legislation Bill No. UCO-509 By: Wilson (UCO)
Bryant (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the creation of the Chief of Staff position; providing for duties; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE OKLAHOMA INTERCOLLEGIATE LEGISLATURE

SECTION 1. This act shall be known as the "Let's Codify the Chief of Staff Position Act of 2013".

SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature Statutes as Title Five, Chapter Six, Section 660, reads as follows:

SECTION 660:

The Chief of Staff shall:

I. Assist the Governor in any duties he/she may have.

II. Be the legislative liaison to the House of Representatives and the Senate of the Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature.

III. Be an official liaison of the Office of the Governor.

IV. Shall be a member of the executive branch and restricted from being a member of any other branch.

SECTION 3. Provisions of this act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

SENATE BILL No. ECU-001 By: Dildine (ECU)

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to veteran educational awards distribution in all higher education and technological institutions in the state of Oklahoma where veteran will be awarded first available funds, providing short title; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

Section 1. This Act shall be known as the "Veterans Education Funding First Act of 2012."

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Every institution of higher learning in Oklahoma, who receives money directly from the federal government, or Oklahoma Department of Veteran Affairs for a certified student veteran is to be applied, and made available to the student veteran's account immediately giving the veteran access to first available funds.

Section 3. Definitions

Veteran- a person who served in the active military, naval, or air service, and who was discharged or released there from under conditions other than dishonorable

First Available Funds- immediate money received by higher education institutions from the federal government in regards to payment of any debts attained from the veteran and said institution

Section 4. It being necessary to ensure the wellness of the veterans in the state of Oklahoma and their families that are dependent on them, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force by the following federal fiscal year of October 1, 2014.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill. ECU-002 By: Girdley (ECU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the mandating of a state politics course for all high school students previous to graduation ; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Oklahoma State Politics Education Act of 2013."

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Every High School educational institution must require every student applying for graduation a mandatory State Politics course. This course can be offered at any time during the student's high school career but must be completed in order for the student to receive their diploma.

Section 3: Definitions

High School Career- beginning the student's freshman year in high school and continuing until graduation.

State Politics Course- a course that would give in depth information on the functions of politics at the state level.

Section 4: It is imperative that young adults understand the functions of politics at their state level so that they may effectively contribute in their state. This act shall become effective in the fall semester of 2013 after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. ECU-003 By: Lewis (ECU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the prevention of discrimination against state employees based upon sexual orientation; providing short title; providing for definition; amending 74 O.S.2001, § 954; declaring an emergency and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the Oklahoma Workplace Inclusion Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITION.

As used in Section 954 of this title "sexual orientation" means a person's actual or perceived heterosexuality, homosexuality, bisexuality, asexuality or gender identity or expression.

Section 3. AMENDATORY. 74 O.S.2001, § 954 - Discrimination in State Employment is hereby amended as follows:

> "It is hereby prohibited for any department or agency of the State of Oklahoma, or any official or employee of the same for and on behalf of the State of Oklahoma: to refuse to employ or to discharge any person, otherwise qualified, on account of race, color, creed, national origin, age, sexual orientation, handicap, or ancestry; to discriminate for the same reasons in regard to tenure, terms, or conditions of employment; to deny promotion or increase in compensation solely for these reasons; to publish an offer of employment based on such discrimination; to adopt or enforce any rule or employment policy which so discriminates as to any employee; or to seek such information as to any applicant or employee or to discriminate in the selection of personnel for training solely on such basis. These provisions shall be cumulative and in addition to existing laws relating to discrimination in the classified service.
>
> It shall be the duty of the Oklahoma Merit Protection Commission to investigate, upon its own initiative, upon complaint filed by any aggrieved person, or upon complaint filed by the Human Rights Commission, any

violation of this section and to enforce compliance with the same, both in the classified and the nonclassified service. The Human Rights Commission shall investigate, upon its own initiative or on complaint filed with it, any such violation and may file a formal complaint with the Oklahoma Merit Protection Commission. When any complaint is filed by the Human Rights Commission with the Oklahoma Merit Protection Commission, the Oklahoma Merit Protection Commission shall set a hearing on the same, at which hearing the Director of the Human Rights Commission, or his representative, may appear and present the finding of the Commission in regard to such violation. In the enforcement of this section, the Oklahoma Merit Protection Commission shall follow the provisions of existing laws relating to hearings, procedures, and notices, and shall have power to enforce its orders pertaining to violations of this section as is provided by law in regard to the classified service."

Section 4. It being immediately necessary to protect the rights of individuals in state employment so situated as to be discriminated against on these grounds, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall become effective immediately upon passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Resolution ECU-301 By: Lewis (ECU)

AS INTRODUCED

A resolution calling upon The Honorable Mary Fallin, Governor of Oklahoma, to direct the appropriate state agencies, personnel and resources necessary to begin creation of a state-based health insurance exchange and to implement the Medicaid expansion program as set forth in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA).

WHEREAS, a number of lawmakers, Oklahoma stakeholders and health care experts across the country, including the Urban Institute, the Kaiser Family Foundation, the Center on Budget and Policy Priorities and the Oklahoma Health Care Authority are in agreement that establishing a health insurance exchange and expanding the Medicaid program would be of considerable benefit to Oklahomans; and,

WHEREAS, the Oklahoma Health Care Authority has issued a report indicating estimates of potential state savings with the Medicaid expansion show that the Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services could save $34 million, the Corrections Department $11.2 million, and the state Health Department $2.4 million, totaling an excess of $47,000,000 in savings collectively; and,

WHEREAS, the Oklahoma Health Care Authority concurs with current U.S. Census data indicating there are currently over 624,480 uninsured Oklahomans, 197,781 of which earn wages under the federal poverty level, including 47,644 children under the age of 18; and,

WHEREAS, Article 1 of our Constitution declares, "The State of Oklahoma is an inseparable part of the Federal Union…" a majority of which now support the implementation of the health insurance exchanges and expansion of Medicaid coverage called for by the PPACA.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF THE 1st SESSION OF THE 45th OKLAHOMA INTERCOLLEGIATE LEGISLATURE:

THAT, The Honorable Mary Fallin, Governor of Oklahoma, act expediently in the creation of a state-based health insurance exchange and to implement the Medicaid expansion program as set forth in the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA), in the interest of protecting the dignity and worth of all Oklahomans by ensuring that the most vulnerable of our citizens do not needlessly suffer the painful, preventable injustice of the effects of poverty for the sake of political posturing.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. NSU-001 By: Aman (NSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to surplus; providing short title; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "No More Money" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

"The state shall cease to issue tax refunds in times of economic shortfall. Rebate checks shall be issued in equal distribution to citizens of the state when the state surplus exceeds three million dollars."

Section 3. This act shall take effect ninety (90) days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 44th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. NSU-002 By: Simmons (NSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to transportation; providing short title; amending O.S. 21; providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Visitor's Driver's License Act of 2013."

Section 2. AMENDATORY. 21 O.S. 2001, Section 1550.42, is amended to read as follows:

Section 1550.42 B (1). The Oklahoma Department of Public Safety may issue a temporary visitor driver's license to an applicant who:

1) Has resided in this state for a period of one (1) year;
2) Is ineligible to obtain a social security number; and
3) Is unable to present documentation issued by the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services authorizing the person's presence in this country but otherwise meet the requirements set forth in subsection B(2).

Section 1550.42 B (2). The applicant shall submit a valid unexpired passport from the applicant's country of citizenship or a valid unexpired consular identification document issued by a consulate of that country as defined by H.R. 4818/P.L. 108-447 and passed by the U.S. Congress in November 2004.

Section 1550.42 B (3). A temporary visitor driver's license issued under subsection B (1) is valid for 3 years.

Section 1550.42 B (4) A temporary visitor driver's license issued under Section 1550.42 B (1) shall serve as proof of the holder's identity. A temporary visitor's driver's license issued under Section 1550.42 B (1) shall contain a notice on its face, in capitalized letters, stating the words "Temporary Visitor Driver's License."

Section 1550.42 B (5) The Department of Public Safety shall adopt rules for the implementation of Section 1550.42 B (1) of this Act, including rules:

1) Regarding the design and content of the temporary visitor's driver's license;
2) Establishing criteria for proof of residency of an applicant for a temporary visitor's driver's license;
3) Designating acceptable evidence that an applicant is not eligible

for a social security number; and

4) Regarding the issuance of temporary visitor's instruction permits.

Section 1550.42 B (6) Any person to whom the Department of Public Safety may issue a temporary visitor's driver's license shall be subject to any and all provisions of this Act and any and all regulations promulgated by the Department of Public Safety to the same extent as any person issued a driver's license including but not limited to the examination requirements and penalties set forth by the Department's rules.

Section 1550.42 B (7). A temporary visitor driver's license is invalid if the holder is unable to provide proof of liability insurance as required by 47 O.S. §7-600 *et seq.*

Section 1550.42 B (8). Temporary visitor driver's licenses shall be issued from a central location after the Department of Public Safety has verified the information provided by the applicant.

Section 3. This act shall become effective November 1, 2013.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. OkCU-001 By: Ray (OkCU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to hunting and endangered species; providing short title; providing definitions; Repealing Title 29 O.S. Section 3-103a ; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "No More Canned Hunting of Endangered Wildlife" Act of 2013.

Section 2. The following terms are going to be defined as follows:

A. "Canned Hunt" a hunt for animals that have been raised on game ranches until they are mature enough to be killed for trophy collections.

B. "Exotic wildlife" includes any and all species of wildlife that are not indigenous to, or that may not be found in the wild in, the continental United States.

C. "Endangered" refers to any wildlife species or subspecies in the wild or in captivity whose prospects of survival and reproduction are in immediate jeopardy and includes those species listed as endangered by the federal government, as well as any species or subspecies identified as threatened by Oklahoma statute or Commission resolution.

D. "Protected wildlife" is all wildlife which is accorded some measure of protection in the time or manner of taking other than restrictions in the use of artificial lights or poison.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

A. The state of Oklahoma shall no longer allow the "canned hunting", "captive hunting", or "commercial hunting" of species described as protected, endangered, and/or exotic as described in the provided definitions. This law shall be extended to protect the species at each life cycle of the species in question. Special hunting permits for the hunting will no longer be issued to breeders of protected, endangered, and/or exotic animals.

B. The sale of animals used for "canned hunting" shall be prohibited across state

lines. All ranchers choosing to comply with the new law shall be compensated for the projected loss procured as a result of the ban on "canned hunts". The compensation shall be based on the following calculation:$number\ of\ animals \times average\ provided\ for\ animals$.

C. Ranchers who choose to keep their animals will be provided with assistance on how to maintain protected, endangered, and/or exotic animals for public viewing through exotic animal farms, and or personal viewing. Ranchers may also forfeit their ownership rights of these animals to animal sanctuaries within the 48 contiguous states.

Section 4. Every person found guilty of hunting endangered species or selling the rights to hunt an endangered species though the practice commonly referred to as "canned hunting" shall be punished upon a first conviction by imprisonment for each individual animal hunted for a period of no less than five (5) days and no more than sixty (60) days, or by a fine of not less than One Hundred Dollars ($100.00) and no more than Five Hundred Dollars ($500.00), or by both such fine and imprisonment; on a second or subsequent conviction, punishment shall be imprisonment for no less than ten (10) days and no more than three (3) months, or by a fine of no less than One Hundred Fifty Dollars ($150.00) and no more than One Thousand Dollars ($1,000.00)or by both such fine and imprisonment. The persons acquiring the right to a "canned hunt" through an agreement between buyer and seller shall be fined One Hundred Dollars ($100) for each animal hunted.

Section 5. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. OkCU-002 By: Wallace (OkCU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to math education standards within the state of Oklahoma; providing short title; providing for codification; providing incentives; providing penalties and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "2+2=4" Act of 2013

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

All graduating high school seniors seeking a diploma shall now be required to complete four credits of mathematics or math enrichment programs provided by their high school. All other requirements shall remain the same. Failure to complete four credits will result in the particular student not receiving their high school diploma.

Section 3. This act shall become effective beginning in the 2013-2014 school year.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. OkCU-003 By: Senator Vazquez (OkCU)
Senator Ray (OkCU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to firearm permits; providing short title; providing for definition; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Mandatory Firearm Permits" Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

Firearm: Any weapon, for which the operating force is an explosive, including but not limited to pistols, revolvers, rifles, shotguns, automatic firearms, noxious gas projectors, mortars, bombs, and cannon.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

(a) No person shall acquire the ownership of a firearm, whether usable or unusable, serviceable or unserviceable, modern or antique, registered under prior law or by a prior owner or unregistered, either by purchase, gift, inheritance, bequest, or in any other manner, whether procured in the State or imported by mail, express, freight, or otherwise, until the person has first procured from the chief of police of the county of the person's place of residence a permit to acquire the ownership of a firearm as prescribed in this section.

(b) The permit application form shall include the applicant's name, address, sex, height, weight, date of birth, place of birth, country of citizenship, Social Security number, alien or admission number, and information regarding the applicant's mental health history and shall require the fingerprinting and photographing of the applicant by the police department of the county of registration; provided that where fingerprints and photograph are already on file with the department, these may be waived.

(c) An applicant for a permit shall sign a waiver at the time of application, allowing the chief of police of the county issuing the permit access to any records that have a bearing on the mental health of the applicant. The permit application form and the waiver form shall be prescribed by the attorney general and shall be uniform throughout the State.

(d) The permit application form shall be signed by the applicant and by the issuing authority. One copy of the permit shall be retained by the issuing

authority as a permanent official record.

(e) No permit shall be issued to an applicant earlier than fourteen calendar days after the date of the application; provided that a permit shall be issued or the application denied before the twentieth day from the date of application.

(f) No person shall be issued a permit under this section for the acquisition of a pistol or revolver unless the person, at any time prior to the issuance of the permit, has completed:

(1) A firearms safety or training course or class available to the general public offered by a law enforcement agency of the State or of any county;

(2) A firearms safety or training course offered to law enforcement officers, security guards, investigators, deputy sheriffs, or any division or subdivision of law enforcement or security enforcement by a state or county law enforcement agency; or

(3) A firearms training or safety course or class conducted by a state certified or National Rifle Association certified firearms instructor or a certified military firearms instructor that provides, at a minimum, a total of at least two hours of firing training at a firing range and a total of at least four hours of classroom instruction, which may include a video, that focuses on:

(A) The safe use, handling, and storage of firearms and firearm safety in the home; and

(B) Education on the firearm laws of the State.

(g) If any applicant is denied a permit, the chiefs of police of the respective counties shall send, by certified mail, a notice setting forth the reasons for the denial and may require that the applicant voluntarily surrender all firearms and ammunition to the chief of police where the applicant resides or dispose of all firearms and ammunition. If an applicant fails to voluntarily surrender or dispose of all firearms and ammunition within thirty days from the date notice was mailed, the chief of police may seize all firearms and ammunition.

(h) All permits provided for under this part may be revoked, for good cause, by the issuing authority or by the judge of any court.

(i) No fee shall be charged for permits.

(j) Any person who violates this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No.OkCU-004 By: Vazquez (OkCU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to registration of firearms; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Mandatory Firearm Registration" Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

Firearm: Any weapon, for which the operating force is an explosive, including but not limited to pistols, revolvers, rifles, shotguns, automatic firearms, noxious gas projectors, mortars, bombs, and cannon.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Every person arriving in the State who brings or by any other manner causes to be brought into the State a firearm of any description, whether usable or unusable, serviceable or unserviceable, modern or antique, shall register the firearm within three days after arrival of the person or of the firearm, whichever arrives later, with the chief of police of the county of the person's place of residence.

(a) The registration shall be on forms prescribed by the attorney general, which shall be uniform throughout the State, and shall include the following information: name of the manufacturer and importer; model; type of action; caliber or gauge; serial number; and source from which receipt was obtained, including the name and address of the prior registrant. If the firearm has no serial number, the permit number shall be entered in the space provided for the serial number, and the permit number shall be engraved upon the receiver portion of the firearm prior to registration.

(b) All registration data that would identify the individual registering the firearm by name or address shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed to anyone, except as may be required for processing the registration or as may be required by a law enforcement agency for the lawful performance of its duties or as may be required by order of a court.

(c) No fee shall be charged for the registration.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. OkCU-005 By: Alexander (OkCU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program; amending Title 70 O.S. 2603; amending Title 70 O.S. 2604; amending Title 70 O.S. 2605; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. AMENDATORY 70 O.S. 2603 is amended to read as follows:

A. Except as otherwise provided for in ~~subsection~~ subsections B and C of this section and elsewhere in this section, to be eligible to participate in the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program and to qualify for an award which includes payment of an amount equivalent to resident tuition or other tuition pursuant to Section 2604 of this title for the first semester or other academic unit of postsecondary enrollment, a student shall:

1. Be a resident of this state or be enrolled in a school district located in this state that serves students who reside in both this state and an adjacent state pursuant to a contract as authorized in Section 5-117.1 of this title;

2. Be a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States. A student who is not a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States shall not be eligible to participate in the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program and to qualify for an award notwithstanding the provisions of Section 3242 of this title. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any student who was enrolled in the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program prior to the end of the 2006-2007 school year;

3. Have a record of satisfactory compliance with agreements executed pursuant to Section 2605 of this title;

a. have graduated within the previous three (3) years from a high school accredited by the State Board of Education, or the Oklahoma School of Science and Mathematics with a minimum 2.5 cumulative grade point average on a 4.0 scale for all work attempted in grades nine through twelve,

b. have graduated within the previous three (3) years from a high school not accredited by the State Board of Education with a minimum 2.5 cumulative grade point average on a 4.0 scale for all work attempted in grades nine through twelve and have achieved a composite score of 22 or higher on the ACT test, or

c. have satisfactorily completed within the previous three (3) years an educational program that was provided through a means other than a public or private school and have achieved a composite score of 22 or higher on the ACT test;

4. Have completed the curricular requirements for admission to an institution

within The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education and one additional unit or set of competencies in a course that meets college admission requirements. The curriculum requirements shall include two units or sets of competencies in foreign or non-English language or technology courses that meet the college admission requirements and one unit or set of competencies of a fine arts course. Students shall also have attained a 2.5 grade point average in the core curriculum courses. Students who attended a high school which did not offer all the core curriculum courses or students who were educated by other means and were not offered all the core curriculum courses shall be allowed to satisfy this curriculum requirement by participating in a program approved by the State Regents for remediation of high school curricular deficiencies;

5. Have satisfied admission standards as determined by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education for first-time-entering students for the appropriate type of institution, or, if attending a private institution, have satisfied admission standards as determined by the private institution. No student participating in the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program shall be admitted into an institution of higher education by special admission standards;

6. Have secured admission to, and enrolled in, an institution which is a member of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education, a postsecondary vocational-technical program offered pursuant to a duly approved cooperative agreement between a technology center school and an institution of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education, or a private institution of higher learning located within this state and accredited pursuant to Section 4103 of this title; and

a. have established financial need according to the provisions of subsection D of Section 2605 of this title and standards and provisions promulgated by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education,

b. if the student was adopted between birth and twelve (12) years of age while in the permanent custody of the Department of Human Services, in the court-ordered custody of a licensed private nonprofit child-placing agency, or federally recognized Indian tribe, as defined by the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, have established financial need according to the provisions of paragraph 1 of subsection E of Section 2605 of this title and standards and provisions promulgated by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education, or

c. if the student was adopted between thirteen (13) and seventeen (17) years of age while in the permanent custody of the Department of Human Services, in the court-ordered custody of a licensed private nonprofit child-placing agency, or federally recognized Indian tribe, as defined by the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, have established financial need according to the provisions of paragraph 2 of subsection E of Section 2605 of this title and standards and provisions promulgated by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education.

B.

1. A student shall be eligible to participate in the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program and to qualify for an award which includes payment of an amount equivalent to resident tuition or other tuition pursuant to Section 2604 of this title for the first semester or other academic unit of postsecondary enrollment

if the student meets all of the following criteria:

a. is a child of any person killed after January 1, 2000, in the line of duty in any branch of the United States Armed Forces or who died after January 1, 2000, as a result of an injury sustained while in the line of duty in any branch of the United States Armed Forces and the person who was killed or died filed an individual or joint Oklahoma income tax return for the tax year prior to the year during which the person was killed or died,

b. is a resident of this state or is enrolled in a school district located in this state that serves students who reside in both this state and an adjacent state pursuant to a contract as authorized in Section 5-117.1 of this title,

c. enrolls in an institution within The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education prior to reaching the age of twenty-one (21),

d. has satisfied admission standards as determined by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education for first-time-entering students for the appropriate type of institution, or, if attending a private institution, has satisfied admission standards as determined by the private institution. No student participating in the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program shall be admitted into an institution of higher education by special admission standards,

e. has secured admission to, and enrolled in, an institution which is a member of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education, a postsecondary vocational-technical program offered pursuant to a duly approved cooperative agreement between a technology center school and an institution of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education, or a private institution of higher learning located within this state and accredited pursuant to Section 4103 of this title, and

f. executes an agreement pursuant to subsection C of Section 2605 of this title.

2. A student who is eligible to participate in the program pursuant to this subsection shall not be required to meet the eligibility requirements set forth in subsection A of this section.

C. A student shall be eligible to participate in the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program and to qualify for an award which includes payment of an amount equivalent to resident tuition or other tuition pursuant to Section 2604 of this title for the first semester or other academic unit of postsecondary enrollment if the student meets all of the following criteria:

1. The student's parent or guardian died during the student's 11th or 12th grade year and the deceased parent or guardian of the student filed an individual or joint Oklahoma income tax return for the tax year prior to the year during which the person died; and

2. The student complies with the provisions of subsection A of this section.

D. To retain eligibility while pursuing the program of higher learning in which enrolled, the student shall:

1. Achieve a minimum cumulative grade point average of 2.0 on a 4.0 scale or its equivalent for courses taken through the student's sophomore year and achieve a minimum grade point average of 2.5 on a 4.0 scale or its equivalent for courses taken during the student's junior year and thereafter. The provisions of this

paragraph shall not apply to any student who has received an Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program benefit award prior to the 2012-2013 school year;

2. Maintain good academic standing and satisfactory academic progress according to standards of the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education;

3. Maintain satisfactory academic progress as required for eligibility for federal Title IV student financial aid programs. The provisions of this paragraph shall become effective for the 2012-2013 school year;

4. Comply with the standards related to maintenance of eligibility as promulgated by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education; and

5. Refrain from conduct that leads to expulsion or suspension of more than one semester from an institution of higher education. A student who violates the provisions of this paragraph shall permanently lose eligibility for program benefits. The provisions of this paragraph shall become effective January 1, 2008.

~~D.~~ E. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education and the State Board of Career and Technology Education shall promulgate rules relating to maintenance of eligibility under the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Act by a student.

~~E.~~ F. It is the intent of the Legislature that students in the ninth grade for the 1992-93 school year who are determined to be eligible Oklahoma Higher Learning Access students pursuant to the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Act shall be the first students eligible for benefits from the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Trust Fund.

~~F.~~ G. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education are authorized to study, develop and propose criteria for determining award eligibility based upon the completion of seven (7) semesters of high school coursework by a student.

Section 2. AMENDATORY 70 O.S. 2604 is amended to read as follows:

A. Subject to the availability of funds, an amount equivalent to the nonguaranteed resident tuition for which an eligible Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program student is obligated at an institution of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education shall be awarded by allocation from the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Trust Fund.

B. Subject to the availability of funds, for each eligible Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program student enrolled at a private institution of higher learning located within this state and accredited pursuant to Section 4103 of this title, the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education shall award from the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Trust Fund an amount equivalent to the amount of resident tuition for which the student would be eligible if the student were enrolled in a comparable program at a comparable institution of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education. Comparability shall be determined by the State Regents.

C. Subject to the availability of funds, an amount equivalent to the tuition for any eligible Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program student enrolled in a public postsecondary vocational-technical program or course for the purpose set forth in Section 2602 of this title shall be awarded by allocation from the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Trust Fund. Provided, such allocation shall not exceed the amount a student would have received for comparable enrollment at a two-year institution within The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education.

D. 1. An award allowed by this section shall not be allowed for courses or other postsecondary units taken in excess of the requirements for completion of a baccalaureate program or taken more than five (5) years after the student's first semester of postsecondary enrollment. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education may award the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program benefits for courses of postsecondary units taken more than five (5) years after the student's first semester of postsecondary enrollment only in hardship circumstances; provided, however, no Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program participant may receive benefits beyond a cumulative time period of five (5) years.

2. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education may award the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program benefits for a student's first semester or other academic unit of postsecondary enrollment taken more than three (3) years after the student graduates from high school or completes an educational after the student turns twenty-one (21) years of age as authorized in ~~subsection~~ subsections B and C of Section 2603 of this title if the student is a member of the Armed Forces of the United States, the Reserve Corps of the Armed Forces of the United States, or the Oklahoma National Guard, and is ordered to active duty or active duty for special work or training and due to the duty commitment the student is unable to enroll prior to the end of the three-year period or before the student reaches twenty-one (21) years of age. The period shall be extended by the length of the term of duty.

3. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education may establish a maximum limit on the number of courses or other postsecondary units to which Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program benefits will apply.

4. An award for eligible Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program students enrolled in cooperative programs pursuant to agreements between technology center schools and institutions of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education shall be satisfied for both vocational-technical and college work in which enrolled pursuant to such cooperative program.

E. Benefits awarded under the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program shall be awarded to all eligible applicants without any limitation on the number of awards in any year other than the amount of funds available for the program and the number of eligible applicants. Subject to the provisions of subsection F of this section, if funds are not sufficient to provide awards for all eligible applicants, the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education shall make awards on the basis of need. Provided, the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education shall take into consideration other grants and scholarships received by an eligible applicant when making awards.

F. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education may, at the time an award is made on behalf of an Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program student, set aside in the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Trust Fund funds for the full commitment made to such Higher Learning Access Program student. For all academic years, students who have previously received awards under the provisions of the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Act, Section 2601 et seq. of this title, and who have continued at all times to fulfill the requirements for eligibility to receive awards provided pursuant to this program shall be given an absolute priority for continued financial support by the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program superior to any students who are applying for such benefits for the first time.

Section 3. AMENDATORY 70 O.S. 2605 is amended to read as follows:

A. Each school year, every fifth- through ninth-grade student in the public and private schools of this state and students who are educated by other means and are in the equivalent of the fifth through ninth grade shall be apprised, together with the parent, custodial parent, or guardian of the student, of the opportunity for access to higher learning under the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education and the State Board of Education shall develop, promote, and coordinate a public awareness program to be utilized in making students and parents aware of the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program.

B. On a form provided by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education, every public school district shall designate at least one Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program contact person, who shall be a counselor or teacher, at each public school site in this state in which eighth-, ninth- or tenth-grade classes are taught. When requested by the State Regents, the State Board of Education shall assist the State Regents to ensure the designation of contact persons. Private schools shall also designate at least one school official as a contact person. For students who are educated by other means, a parent or guardian or other person approved by the State Regents shall be designated the contact person.

C. 1. Students who qualify on the basis of financial need according to subsection D or E of this section or who meet the eligibility qualification set forth in subparagraph a of paragraph 1 of subsection B of Section 2603 of this title prior to entering the tenth grade or prior to reaching the age of fifteen (15) and the standards and provisions promulgated by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education shall be given the opportunity throughout the eighth-, ninth-, and tenth-grade years, for students enrolled in a public or private school, or between the ages of thirteen (13) and fifteen (15), for students who are educated by other means, to enter into participation in the program by agreeing to, throughout the remainder of their school years or educational program:

a. attend school or an educational program regularly and do homework regularly,
b. refrain from substance abuse,
c. refrain from commission of crimes or delinquent acts,
d. have school work and school records reviewed by mentors designated pursuant to the program,
e. provide information requested by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education or the State Board of Education, and
f. participate in program activities.

2. Students who meet the eligibility qualification set forth in subparagraph a of paragraph 1 of subsection B of Section 2603 of this title after completing the tenth grade or after reaching the age of sixteen (16) shall be given the opportunity prior to reaching the age of twenty-one (21) to enter into participation in the program and shall execute an agreement with provisions as determined by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education.

3. Students who meet the eligibility qualification set forth in subparagraph a of paragraph 1 of subsection C of Section 2603 of this title after completing the 10th grade or after reaching the age of sixteen (16) shall be given the opportunity prior to reaching the age of

twenty-one (21) to participate in the program and shall execute an agreement with provisions as determined by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education.

4. The contact person shall maintain the agreements, which shall be executed on forms provided by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education and managed according to regulations promulgated by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education, and the contact person shall monitor compliance of the student with the terms of the agreement. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education are authorized to process student agreements and verify compliance with the agreements. Students failing to comply with the terms of the agreement shall not be eligible for the awards provided in Section 2604 of this title.

D. Except as otherwise provided for in subsection E of this section and except for students who qualify pursuant to subsection B of Section 2603 of this title, a student shall not be found to be in financial need for purposes of the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program if:

1. At the time the student applies for participation in the Program during the eighth, ninth or tenth grade for students enrolled in a public or private school, or between the ages of thirteen (13) and fifteen (15), for students who are educated by other means, the income from taxable and nontaxable sources of the student's parent(s) exceeds Fifty Thousand Dollars ($50,000.00) per year; ~~and~~ or

2. At the time the student applies for participation in the program pursuant to subsection C of Section 2603 of this title, the income from taxable and nontaxable sources of the student's parent(s) exceeds Fifty Thousand Dollars ($50,000.00) per year; and

3. At the time the student begins postsecondary education and prior to receiving any Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program benefit award, the federal adjusted gross income of the student's parent(s) exceeds One Hundred Thousand Dollars ($100,000.00) per year.

The determination of financial qualification as set forth in this paragraph shall be based on the income of the student, not the income of the parent(s), if a student:

a. is determined to be independent of the student's parents for federal financial aid purposes,

b. was in the permanent custody of the Department of Human Services at the time the student enrolled in the program, or

c. was in the court-ordered custody of a federally recognized Indian tribe, as defined by the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, at the time the student enrolled in the program.

The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any student who has received an Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program benefit award prior to the 2012-2013 school year.

E. 1. A student who was adopted between birth and twelve (12) years of age while in the permanent custody of the Department of Human Services, in the court-ordered custody of a licensed private nonprofit child-placing agency, or federally recognized Indian tribe, as defined by the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, shall not be found to be in financial need for purposes of the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program if at the time the student begins postsecondary education and prior to receiving any Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program benefit award, the federal adjusted gross income of the student's parent(s)

exceeds One Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars ($150,000.00) per year. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any student who has received an Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program benefit award prior to the 2012-2013 school year.

2. A student who was adopted between thirteen (13) and seventeen (17) years of age while in the permanent custody of the Department of Human Services, in the court-ordered custody of a licensed private nonprofit child-placing agency, or federally recognized Indian tribe, as defined by the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, shall not be found to be in financial need for purposes of the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program if at the time the student begins postsecondary education and prior to receiving any Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program benefit award, the federal adjusted gross income of the student's parent(s) exceeds Two Hundred Thousand Dollars ($200,000.00) per year. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any student who has received an Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program benefit award prior to the 2012-2013 school year.

3. Except for students who qualify pursuant to subsection B of Section 2603 of this title, the determination of financial qualification as set forth in this subsection shall be based on the income of the student, not the income of the parent(s), if the student is determined to be independent of the student's parents for federal financial aid purposes. A determination of financial qualification shall not be required for the student who meets the criteria set forth in this subsection at the time the student applies for participation in the program. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any student who has received an Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program benefit award prior to the 2008-2009 school year.

F. The financial qualification of a student as set forth in subsections D and E of this section shall be certified by the contact person or by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education on the agreement form provided by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education. The form shall be retained in the permanent record of the student and a copy forwarded to the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education.

G. Agreements shall be witnessed by the parent, custodial parent, or guardian of the student, who shall further agree to:

1. Assist the student in achieving compliance with the agreements;

2. Confer, when requested to do so, with the school contact person, other school personnel, and program mentors;

3. Provide information requested by the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education or the State Board of Education; and

4. Assist the student in completing forms and reports required for program participation, making applications to institutions and schools of higher learning, and filing applications for student grants and scholarships.

H. Students who are enrolled in a school district located in this state that serves students who reside in both this state and an adjacent state pursuant to a contract as authorized in Section 5-117.1 of this title, are in the eleventh and twelfth grades during the 2006-2007 school year, and who were denied participation in the program shall be allowed to enter or reenter into participation in the program by entering into agreements as set forth in subsections C and D of this section by June 1, 2008.

I. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education shall promulgate rules for the determination of student compliance with agreements made pursuant to this section.

J. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education shall designate personnel to coordinate tracking of program records for the years when students participating in the

program are still in the schools or are being educated by other means, provide staff development for contact persons in the schools, and provide liaison with the State Board of Education and local organizations and individuals participating in the program.

K. The school district where an Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program student is enrolled when the student begins participation in the program and any subsequent school district where the student enrolls shall forward information regarding participation by the student in the program to a school to which the student transfers upon the request of the school for the records of the student.

L. Students participating in the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program shall provide their social security number or their student identification number used by their school to the Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education. The Regents shall keep the numbers confidential and use them only for administrative purposes.

Section 4. This act shall become effective July 1, 2014.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. OPSU-001 By: Dye (OPSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to raw milk sales; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Some like It Raw" Act of 2010.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Grade A raw or unpasteurized dairy products including but not limited to milk, butter, cheese, yogurt, and frozen dairy dessert may be sold through food service establishments and retail food establishments.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. OSU-001 By: Baser (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to ammunition control in the State of Oklahoma; providing short title; providing for codification; providing definitions; providing for penalties, providing for nullification, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Ammunition Law" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

All Oklahoma residents will be required to be at least 21 years of age in the state of Oklahoma to purchase ammunition for any firearm. Any Oklahoma resident will now be allowed to only purchase a singular package worth of ammunition every 1 month period. The Oklahoma state wild life department will be allowed to issue a 1 year pass to waive the 1 month limitation for 6 months and that the pass may be redeemed the following year. This one year pass will allow citizens in the state of Oklahoma above 18 years of age to purchase a maximum of 5 max packages of ammunition at any given store location. Any Oklahoma resident will not be allowed to purchase a firearm and ammunition within at least two weeks of the buying of each. The state of Oklahoma will only allow Oklahoma based ammunition companies to sell their max packages in sets of: 40 bullets for rifles, 50 bullets for handguns, and 30 shells for shotguns. This law does not apply to the use of crossbows or any non-gunpowder based weapon.

Section 3. DEFINITIONS

Firearm- Any rifle, handgun, shotgun, automatic, or otherwise specified deadly weapon that uses the mechanics of a gun.

Max Package- What the ammunition company serves as its maximum package in any given location.

Section 4. PENALTIES

Any person found in violation of any of the codifications of this law shall face a $1000 fine and a 1 to 5 years jail sentence with option of parole.

Section 5. Any conflicting acts preceding this act are hereby nullified

Section 6. This act shall become effective 1 year after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. OSU-002 By: Baser (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the education of our kind and innocent children; providing short title; providing for codification; providing for penalties and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Trapped with an E-Meter at Level OT 9" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

The Oklahoma Legislature finds that an important purpose of science education is to inform students about scientific evidence and to help students develop critical thinking skills they need in order to become intelligent, productive, and scientifically informed citizens. The Oklahoma Legislature further finds that the teachings and ideas on the creation of the world by L. Ron Hubbard in Dianetics: The Modern Science of Mental Health shall be required to be taught in science and history classes K-12.

Section 3. PENALTIES

Any school district not implementing the teachings of the glorious L. Ron Hubbard will face the following:

1. Tom Cruise will come a school district wide assembly and "Speak" to your children.
2. John Travolta will hold weekly seminars with teachers and students.
3. Principals of schools will be forced to watch the "Trapped in a Closet" episode of South Park to further understand Scientology and its teachings.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. OSU-003 By: Baser (Senate) (OSU)
Hesse (House) (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to non-discriminatory property tax practice; providing short title; providing for definition; providing for codification; providing for nullification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Property Tax Rapture" Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

Religious Institution

A. The inculcation of religious values is the purpose of the organization.
B. The organization primarily employs persons who share the religious tenets of the organization.
C. The organization serves primarily persons who share the religious tenets of the organization.
D. The organization is a nonprofit organization.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Seeing that tax exemptions for churches violate the separation of church and state required by the Establishment Clause of the First Amendment of the US Constitution. Further noting that a tax exemption is a form of subsidy, and the Constitution bars government from subsidizing religion. No religious institution that holds property in Oklahoma will be exempt from property taxes. All property taxes gained from these religious institutions will be used to bolster the current dismal funding for Oklahoma education.

Section 4. Any conflicting acts preceding this act are hereby nullified.

Section 5. This act shall become effective 1 year after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. OSU-004 By: Beran (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to create two nuclear power plants; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Nuclear Energy" Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS:

Nuclear power plant- any energy producing plant that heats water through the process of nuclear reactions

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

This act will create two thorium nuclear power plants in Oklahoma.

This act also establishes an eleven member board to oversee this project and its maintenance. The members will be chosen as follows: four from the state legislature, four from the state judiciary, and three from the state executive.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. OSU-005 By: Beran (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to create two nuclear power plants; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Nuclear Energy" Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS:

Nuclear power plant- any energy producing plant that heats water through the process of nuclear reactions

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

This act will create two thorium nuclear power plants in Oklahoma.

This act also establishes an eleven member board to oversee this project and its maintenance. The members will be chosen as follows: four from the state legislature, four from the state judiciary, and three from the state executive.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. OSU-006 By: Beran (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to control population and increase abundance of organ donations; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; proving penalties and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Most Dangerous Game" Act of 2012.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

Government official- an individual who is paid by the state or federal budget

Warden- appointed law enforcement that ensure all regulations are adhered to

Day-light hours- official posted times of sunrise and sunset posted to represent appropriate amounts of light

Clean kill- any shot with the intent to kill an individual instantly (e.g. a headshot or shot to the heart)

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

During the second week of April, a human hunting season will be open and shall be considered a state holiday for all intents and purposes. Individuals can only participate if they have had a hunting safety course, no criminal record, and a thorough background check. Tags will be available at local town halls and will be proportionate to the populace in the area to the total number of tags in the state.

Gun restrictions in city limits shall be temporarily suspended for the hunt. Any individual caught in public during official daylight hours is considered fair game. One may not attempt to shoot someone of private property, but may pursue a wounded individual to claim the body or finish the kill. All shots must be intended to clean kills, not to wound.

Upon bagging a kill, the hunter dons a red and orange vest and must bring the body into a designated harvesting area, namely hospitals and morgues. Vested individuals must not be impeded.

Defense Clause: If one is attacked, can repel the attack, and successfully kill the aggressor, a person may turn in the aggressor's body with their own tag. Unlicensed individuals may evoke this right as well.

Section 4. PENALTIES:

Anyone caught shooting an individual on private property, in the home (even if it's another's home, warranted that they are permitted), shooting a Warden, government official or vested hunter, making an unclean kill without immediate correction, or committing an all-around inhumane kill, normal law applies and person will arrested for first degree murder. Normal penalties still apply for illegal weapons and robbery.

Section 5. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. OSU-007 By: Beran (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the allowance prisoners to compete in combative games for freedom; providing short title; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Are You Not Entertained" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Prisoners with sentences of over thirty (30) years and between the ages of twenty (20) and forty (40) to compete in combative games for reductions to their sentence. Each victory won will result in removal of ten (10) years of their sentence.

All games will be held at a different arena once a month and will be both televised and hold live audiences. The games will be performed using authentic medieval weaponry and will be done in the style of Roman gladiators, without the animal fighting. This includes free-for-all melee, naval battles, one-on-one combat, and themed combat. Victory is assumed when only one combatant is still standing.

All matches will be fought to the death unless the opponent is in a position to be spared. Then the moderator of the match will give the thumbs up or down over his life based on the audiences choice.

All profits from tickets will go back into prisoner education and training of vocational skills.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. OSU-008 By: Butler (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the standards of sexual education; providing short title; amending § 70-11-105.1 and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This bill shall be known as "Standards of Sexual Education" Act 2013.

Section 2. AMENDATORY § 70-11-105.1 is amended to read as follows:

~~§70-11-105.1~~. Sex education - Approval of curriculum and materials.

Section 105.1 A. All curriculum and materials including supplementary materials which will be used to teach or will be used for or in connection with a sex education class or program which is designed for the exclusive purpose of discussing sexual behavior or attitudes, or ~~any test, survey or questionnaire~~ whose primary purpose is to elicit responses on sexual behavior or attitudes shall be available through the superintendent or a designee of the school district for inspection by parents and guardians of the student who will be involved with the class, or program ~~or test, survey or questionnaire~~. Such curriculum, ~~materials, classes, programs, tests, surveys or questionnaires~~ shall have as ~~one of~~ its primary purpose~~s~~ the teaching of or informing students about the practice of abstinence, reproduction, and sexual activity or behaviors. The superintendent or a designee of the school district shall provide prior written notification to the parents or guardians of the students involved of their right to inspect the curriculum and material and of their obligation to notify the school in writing if they do not want their child to participate in the class or program ~~test, survey or questionnaire~~. Each local board of education shall determine the means of providing written notification to the parents and guardian, which will ensure effective notice in an efficient and appropriate manner. No student shall be required to participate in a sex education class or program, which discusses sexual behavior or attitudes if a parent or guardian of the student objects in writing to such participation. If the type of program referred to in this section is a part of or is taught during a credit course, a student may be required to enroll in the course but shall not be required to receive instruction in or participate in the program if a parent or guardian objects in writing.

~~B. The superintendent or a designee of a school district in which sex education is taught or a program is offered which is designed for the exclusive purpose of discussing sexual behavior or attitudes shall approve all curriculum and materials which will be used for such education and any test, survey or questionnaire whose primary purpose is to elicit responses on sexual behavior or attitudes used in the~~

~~school prior to their use in the classroom or school. The teacher involved in the class, program, testing or survey shall submit the curriculum, materials, tests or surveys to the superintendent or a designee for approval prior to their use in the classroom or school. This section shall not apply to those students enrolled in classes, programs, testings or surveys offered through an alternative education program.~~

B. The Oklahoma Department of Education shall provide each school board age-appropriate, medically accurate instruction in human growth and development, including instruction regarding human sexuality, self-esteem, stress management, interpersonal relationships, domestic abuse, sexually transmitted diseases (STD), Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) and acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS), in grades one through twelve.

C. Curriculum, materials, classes, or programs shall be provided to grades 5th, 8th and 10th and will ensure that all curricula and materials are age-appropriate and medically accurate.

D. The provided Oklahoma Department of Education curriculum, materials, classes, programs, tests, surveys or questionnaires shall have as one of its primary purposes the teaching of or informing students about the practice, and stressing the value of, abstinence from sexual intercourse as the only completely effective protection against sexually transmitted diseases, including HIV/AIDS, while not ignoring students who may have had or are having sex. In addition, the board shall ensure that such curriculum, materials, classes, and programs:

1. Stress that abstinence from sexual intercourse;

2. Provide accurate information about the health benefits and side effects of all contraceptives and barrier methods used:

a. as a means to prevent pregnancy, and

b. to reduce the risk of contracting sexually transmitted diseases, including HIV/AIDS;

3. Encourage family communication between parent and child about sexuality;

4. Teach students the skills to make responsible decisions about sexuality, including how to avoid unwanted verbal, physical and sexual advances and how to avoid making verbal, physical and sexual advances that are not wanted by the other party;

5. Teach students psychologically sound methods of resisting unwanted peer pressure;

6. Explore the components of healthy relationships, including the prevention of dating and sexual violence;

7. Provide information concerning the laws prohibiting dating and sexual abuse or violence, the need to report such acts and the legal options available to victims of such acts;

8. Provide information concerning the laws relating to the financial responsibilities associated with pregnancy, childbirth and child rearing;

9. Teach young people how alcohol and drug use can affect responsible decision making; and

10. Provide comprehensive instruction in parenting skills and

responsibilities, including the responsibility to pay child support by noncustodial parents, the penalties for nonpayment of child support, and the legal and ethical responsibilities of child care and child rearing.

11. Provide information on where or how to obtain resources concerning adoption services, alternative options and alternative schooling programs for teenage parents. This information will be obtained only if the student requests it and will not be a part of the sexual education class or program curriculum.

E. The Oklahoma Department of Education shall approve all curriculum and materials which will be used for such education whose primary purpose is to elicit responses on sexual behavior or attitudes used in the school prior to their use in the classroom or school.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 365 days after passage and approval.

.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. OSU-009 By: Butler (OSU)
Caldwell (CU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to Oklahoma Assistance Funds and Direct Assistance; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Welfare Distribution Accountability" Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS:

Funds/direct assistance: Any and all payments from the State of Oklahoma issued to an individual upon application on the basis of need identified by existing standards. Exemptions include all funds distributed on the basis of need for the purposes of higher education.

Proper identification: Any form of current or future state or federally recognized personal identification.

Cash: Any form of money in the physical form of currency such as bank notes or coins.

Card carrying welfare recipient: Any individual who has applied for State funds/direct assistance on the basis of need and has been accepted to receive said funds/direct assistance as distributed on the State provided electronic bank card.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Henceforth any and all funds/direct assistance distributed by the State of Oklahoma shall be done in a manner adhering to the following requirements:

a. Persons who meet the requirements provided for under State law for funds/direct assistance shall now be provided an electronic bank card by the State.
b. Funds/direct assistance shall be electronically distributed to a card carrying welfare recipient as opposed to traditional checks or direct cash.

c. In order to use the State provided card, proper identification must be provided at the time of application for State funds/direct assistance and at the time of each and every use.
d. The first card shall be provided by the State at no cost to the recipient. Persons needing additional cards, due to loss or damage, shall incur a penalty for each additional card not exceeding an amount of ten dollars ($10).
e. Credited amounts on the balance of the cards are non-exchangeable for cash.
f. Persons found fraudulently using a card issued to another individual shall be punishable by existing law.
g. Card carrying welfare recipients found exchanging the credited amount on the balance of the card for cash shall receive penalties according to the following:
    1. On first offense, the individual's following monthly payment shall be withheld.
    2. On second offense, an individual's monthly payment for the following six (6) months shall be withheld.
    3. On third offense, an individual shall be expelled from the program indefinitely.
h. Businesses found exchanging the credited amount on the balance of the card shall receive penalties according the following:
    1. On first offense, a business shall be issued a written warning.
    2. On second offense, a business shall be fined an amount not in excess of five thousand dollars ($5,000).
    3. On all subsequent offenses, a business shall be fined an amount no less than five thousand dollars ($5,000) but not exceeding ten thousand dollars ($10,000).

Section 4. This act shall become effective 365 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. OSU-010 By: Butler (OSU)
Larsen (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the banning of fast food restaurants near public schools; providing for definitions; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Healthy Choice" Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS:

a. Fast food: any easily processed meal, typically made in bulk, that is served in restaurants as a quick meal or to be taken away. Foods tend to be high in fat, sugar, salt and calories, energy dense, and low in nutrition.
b. Restaurant: a business establishment where meals or refreshments may be purchased by the public.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Upon passage and publication, fast food restaurants shall be banned from opening and operating within 450 yards of a public school. Any fast food restaurants currently operating at the time of passage shall not be affected.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. OSU-011

By: Butler of the Senate (OSU)
Rossdeutscher of the House (OSU)
Caldwell of the Senate (CU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to Emergency Text Communications; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Silence can be Deafening" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

All Oklahoma 911 emergency systems must be able to process, trace, and respond to SMS text messages.

Companies operating cell phone networks within the boundaries of the State of Oklahoma must comply with the new law, offering emergency texting capabilities to all cellular devices in a similar fashion to emergency 911 calls. 911 SMS text messages will be available to cellular devices even if they are "locked" or have no remaining "minutes."

Section 4. This act shall become effective 730 days (2 years) after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. OSU-012 By: Butler (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to Closed Captioning; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Ease of Information" Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

a. Closed captioning: a system for displaying the text of a broadcast as subtitles; a text version of the spoken part of a television, movie, or computer presentation.

b. Common carrier/carrier: The term "common carrier" or "carrier" includes any common carrier engaged in interstate communication by wire or radio and any common carrier engaged in intrastate communication by wire or radio

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Henceforth any and all common carriers not adhering to the closed captioning regulations as provided in the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), and Federal Communications Commission (FCC) shall be punishable under Oklahoma law according to the following penalties:

a. On first offense, the carrier shall be issued a written warning.
b. On second offense, the carrier shall be fined an amount no less than five thousand dollars ($5,000).
c. On third offense, the carrier shall be fined an amount no less twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000).
d. On all subsequent offenses, the carrier shall be fined an amount no less than seventy-five thousand dollars ($75,000).

Per each offense the carrier shall be granted a time period of no greater than one (1) year to meet regulations.

Section 4. It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. OSU-013 By: Chaney (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to the ban of sugary drinks in food service establishments; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Small Sips" Act of 2011.

Section 2. Definitions:

A. Sugary drink means a carbonated or non-carbonated beverage that:
1. is non-alcoholic;
2. is sweetened by the manufacturer or establishment with sugar or another caloric sweetener; and
3. has greater than 25 calories per 8 fluid ounces of beverage;

B. Self-service cup - A cup or container provided by a food service establishment that is filled with a beverage by the customer.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

A. Sugary drinks. A food service establishment may not sell, offer, or provide a sugary drink in a cup or container that is able to contain more than 16 fluid ounces.

B Self-service cups. A food service establishment may not sell, offer, or provide to any customer a self-service cup or container that is able to contain more than 16 fluid ounces.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. OSU-014 By: Chaney (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to Oklahoma turnpike safety; providing short title; providing definitions; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "No more Head-Ons" Act of 2013

Section 2. Definitions

a. Oklahoma Highways: A road with 2 or more lanes and speed limits of 65 mph or greater.
b. Cable Barrier: a type of road side median safety barrier.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

All Oklahoma Highways will be required to have a cable barrier system.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 5 years after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. OSU- 015 By: Larsen (OSU)
Beran (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to gas pump spills; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Tire of My Hands Smelling" Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

a. Gas Station: A facility which sells fuel and usually lubricants for motor vehicles.
b. Fuel Nozzle: Fuel Nozzles are attached to the pump via flexible hoses that connect to the fuel dispenser.
c. Drip Guard/Retainer: An object whose chief purpose is to limit the amount of gas that leaves a fuel nozzle.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

All gas stations will have to have drip guards/retainers attached to fuel nozzles.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 2 years after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. OSU-016 By: Larsen (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to tickling while driving; providing short title; proving for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Driver's Safety Act" of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

Tickle: A moderate to heavy touch or prod to a person or part of the body that causes itching or laughter.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

It is prohibited for any passenger of a motor vehicle to tickle a driver while the vehicle is in motion or stopped at a traffic light.

Section 4. PENALTIES

A first violation of the provisions of this section where no property damage or injury to any person occurs shall be an infraction punishable by one (1) to two (2) hours of continuous tickling. A second and any subsequent violation of the provisions of this section where no property damage or injury to any person occurs shall be an infraction punishable by a fixed penalty of one hundred dollars ($100) and three (3) hours of continuous tickling, plus court costs. A violation of the provisions of this section where property damage or injury to any person occurs shall be a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not more than three hundred dollars ($300) and imprisonment of up to ninety (90) days in jail, or both such fine and imprisonment.

Section 5. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. ORU-001 By: Cevallos (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the sale of all used hard drives on copy machines; providing short title; providing for codification, providing for penalty; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Terminator" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Any copy machine that has been used in any way will not be allowed to be sold without wiping out or destroying the hard drive.

Section 3. PENALTY:

Any individual that fails to comply will be subjected to a $5,000 Five Thousand Dollar Fine or up to (5) Five years in prison.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. ORU-002 By: L. Paulson (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the penalties for failing to pay child support; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Parents who don't pay their child support can run, but they can't drive" Act of 2013.

Section 2. AMENDATORY OKLA. STAT. ANN. tit. 43, § 139 is hereby amended.

O.S. tit. 43, § 139 and O.S. tit. 43, § 139.1 is amended to read as follows:

The Legislature finds and declares that child support is a basic legal right of the state's parents and children, that mothers and fathers have a legal obligation to provide financial support for their children and that child support payments can have a substantial impact on child poverty and state welfare expenditures. It is therefore the Legislature's intent to encourage payment of child support to decrease overall costs to the state's taxpayers while increasing the amount of financial support collected for the state's children by authorizing the district courts of this state and the Department of Human Services to order the revocation, suspension, nonissuance or nonrenewal of an occupational, professional, business, or any recreational license or permit, or permit including, but not limited to, a hunting and fishing license or other authorization issued pursuant to the Oklahoma Wildlife conservation Code, Section 1-101 et seq. of Title 29 of the Oklahoma Statutes, and certificates of title for vessels and motors and other licenses of registration issued pursuant to the Oklahoma Vessel and Motor Registration Act, Section 4001 et seq. of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes, and the driving privilege of or to order probation for a parent who is in noncompliance with an order for support for at least ~~ninety (90)~~ one hundred eighty (180) days or failing, after receiving appropriate notice to comply with subpoenas or warrants relating to paternity or child support proceedings.

Section A.

2. "Noncompliance with an order for support" means that the obligor has failed to make child support payments required by a child support order in an amount equal to the child support payable for at least ~~ninety (90)~~ one hundred eighty (180) days or has failed to make full payments pursuant to court-ordered payment plan for at least ~~ninety (90)~~ one hundred eighty (180)days or has failed to obtain or maintain health insurance coverage as required by an order for support for at least ~~ninety (90)~~ one hundred eighty (180)days or has failed, after receiving appropriate notice to comply with required community service, subpoenas or warrants relating to paternity or child support proceedings;

9. "Delayed compliance with an order for support" means that the obligor has failed to

make child support payments required by a child support order in an amount equal to the child support payable for at least ninety (90) days or has failed to make full payments pursuant to a court-ordered payment plan for at least ninety (90) days or has failed to obtain or maintain health insurance coverage as required by an order for support for at least ninety (90) days or has failed, after receiving appropriate notice to comply with subpoenas or orders relating to paternity or child support proceedings or has failed to comply with an order to submit to genetic testing to determine paternity;

Section B.

5. Those obligors considered to be in delayed compliance with an order of support will be required to complete a minimum of fifty (50) hours of community service each month in order to avoid the suspension of their license. Obligors may earn their community service hours with any agency or organization approved by the Oklahoma County Community Service Program. Should the obligor fail to complete their community service hours for any month they are in delayed compliance with an order for support, they will be considered in noncompliance with an order for support.

Section D.

3. If an obligor provides evidence to the court of completing at least one hundred fifty (150) hours of approved community service in the last ninety (90) days, the court shall direct the licensing board to terminate the order of suspension, revocation, nonissuance or nonrenewal of the license or probation of the obligor. The obligor will then be considered in delayed compliance with an order for support for the next ninety (90) days, or until their debt has been paid in full.

Section E.

1. The court shall not lift the suspension, revocation, nonissuance or nonrenewal of the license or terminate the probation of the obligor until the obligor files with the court proof showing that the obligor is current in the obligor's payments as required by the court or has complied with the subpoena, community service requirements, or warrant relating to paternity or child support.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 180 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. ORU-003 By: L. Paulson (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating hunting regulations; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Red Meat for the Red State" Act of 2013.

Section 2. AMENDATORY OKLA. STAT. ANN. tit. 29, § 5-203.1 is hereby amended.

Section D. ~~Except as otherwise provided for in this section, no person may harass, attempt to capture, capture, attempt to take or take, kill or attempt to kill any wildlife with the aid of any motor-driven land, air or water conveyance. A nonambulatory person may hunt from said conveyances with written permission of the Director of Wildlife Conservation. A person may hunt from an air conveyance if issued a permit pursuant to Section 1 of this act. Nothing in this section shall prevent the use of motor-driven land or water conveyances for following dogs in the act of hunting, when use is restricted to public roads or waterways. Motor-driven land or water conveyances may be used on private property for following dogs in the act of hunting with the permission of the landowner or occupant.~~

New Section: It shall hereby be legal to hunt game from a motorized vehicle, as in accordance with article five (5) of this section. Road kill may be collected and consumed, but must be tagged in accordance with article four (4) of this section.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 180 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. ORU-004 By: L. Paulson of the Senate (ORU)
Wagoner of the House (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to sexual education and safety assessments including provisions in nursing homes; providing short title; providing for definition; providing for codification; providing for penalty; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Save Our Grandparents" Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS:

Nursing Home: A private establishment that provides living quarters and care for the elderly or the chronically ill.

Sexual Education Program: Official State issued curriculum regarding sexual education.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

All nursing homes in the State of Oklahoma will be required to provide a sexual education program that is optional for residents and visitors. This program can be taken individually or as a group. A state issued curriculum must be used to teach this program. This program will inform nursing home residents of the dangers of unprotected sex, as well as the rates of sexually transmitted diseases among the elderly.

Nursing homes will be required to supply prophylactics to ensure that sexual intercourse can be safe for residents. Instructions detailing the proper use will also be provided.

The nursing home physician will be required, if prompted by the resident, to conduct an examination for sexually transmitted infections or sexually transmitted diseases. A resident will be limited to one examination per month.

The Oklahoma State Department of Health (OSDH) will be responsible for confirming the proper implementation of these requirements. Should the establishment fail to comply with these outlined requirements, they will be given

a Ninety (90) day probation period to fulfill the requirements. Should an institution fail to comply within Ninety (90) days, they will be subject to punishment at the discretion of the OSDH including but not limited to temporary or permanent facility closure.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 180 days after passage and approval

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. ORU-005 By: Duda (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act regarding the elimination educator tenure and pay scales in the Oklahoma Public School System, basing job status and pay on teacher performance.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the Elimination of Teacher Entitlement Act.

Section 2. Public educators are no longer granted tenure in the state of Oklahoma, that is an educator's job status is not affected by the number of years taught. Public educators are no longer granted certain pay increases in relation to number of years with an eligible job status.

Section 3. Teacher performance is based on the following criteria:

a. Educator's performance on state issued educator's test in the educator's particular field.

b. Student performance on state issued standardized tests in that educator's particular field.

Section 4. Teachers must receive a ninety (90) percent or above on the state issued educator's test in his or her particular field. Students, on average, must surpass a seventy (70) percent average on the state issued test.

Section 5. Failure to pass the state issued test with a ninety (90) percent or above results in a one year prohibition on the educator's teaching license. At the end of the year, they are allowed to retake the test. Failure to pass again will result in another one year prohibition, and the process begins again.

Section 6. This act shall take effect in ninety (90) days.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. ORU-006 By: Duda (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act creating the option of physician-assisted suicide for criminals who are serving life sentences.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

Section 1. This act shall be known as the Get Out of Jail Free Act

Section 2. This act will give criminals who are serving life sentences the opportunity to ask for, and receive a physician-assisted suicide.

Section 3. In order to be granted a physician-assisted suicide in the state of Oklahoma, the criminal must meet all of the following requirements:

a. Be at least 21 years of age.
b. Have been convicted and sentenced a life sentence for a crime.
c. Passed a state issued psychological evaluation providing proof of mental sanity/cognitive ability.

Section 4. Upon approval for request of physician-assisted suicide, criminal is allowed up to three (3) days to repeal decision. If the suicide is still desired, the criminal must sign a document stating his or her willingness for the suicide.

Section 5. After the suicide has been completed, the family of the criminal is allowed seven (7) days to claim the body. A religious/private burial is allowed for the criminal under these circumstances.

Section 6. This bill shall be effective in ninety (90) days.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. ORU-007 By: B. Richards (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act amending Title 21 O.S. 12.1 1999; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. AMENDATORY: 21 O.S. 12.1 1999 is amended to read as follows:

~~A person committing a felony offense listed in Section 30 of this act on or after March 1, 2000, and convicted of the offense shall serve not less than eighty-five percent (85%) of the sentence of imprisonment imposed within the Department of Corrections. Such person shall not be eligible for parole consideration prior to serving eighty-five percent (85%) of the sentence imposed and such person shall not be eligible for earned credits or any other type of credits which have the effect of reducing the length of the sentence to less than eighty-five percent (85%) of the sentence imposed.~~

a. If the offender has one previous prison commitment to the department of corrections for a felony offense, the minimum prison term which the offender must serve shall be forty percent of his or her sentence or until the offender attains seventy years of age, and has served at least thirty percent of the sentence imposed, whichever occurs first;

b. If the offender has two previous prison commitments to the department of corrections for felonies unrelated to the present offense, the minimum prison term which the offender must serve shall be fifty percent of his or her sentence or until the offender attains seventy years of age, and has served at least forty percent of the sentence imposed, whichever occurs first;

c. If the offender has three or more previous prison commitments to the department of corrections for felonies unrelated to the present offense, the minimum prison term which the offender must serve shall be eighty percent of his or her sentence or until the offender attains seventy years of age, and has served at least forty percent of the sentence imposed, whichever occurs first.

d. Other provisions of the law to the contrary notwithstanding, any offender who has pleaded guilty to or has been found guilty of a dangerous felony and is committed to the department of corrections shall be required to serve a minimum prison term of eighty-five percent of the sentence imposed by the court or until the offender attains seventy years of age, and has served at least forty percent of the sentence imposed, whichever occurs first.

e. For the purpose of determining the minimum prison term to be served, the

following calculations shall apply:

(1). A sentence of life shall be calculated to be thirty years;

(2). Any sentence either alone or in the aggregate with other consecutive sentences for crimes committed at or near the same time which is over seventy-five years shall be calculated to be seventy-five years.

Section 2. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. ORU-008 By: J. Richards (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to internships; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Internship" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

A new program involving the requisition of government grant money to technical degree required services in the requirement to use that money to allow internships within that company.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. ORU-009 By: J. Richards (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to donor consent awareness; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Donor Awareness" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

A revision of the current laws to require more information on the responsibilities, risks and rewards of being an organ donor.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. ORU-010 By: J. Richards (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to high school finance education; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Change Your Path" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

A new elective involving personal financial management will be required to be offered by all public schools as of the effective date.

Section 3. This act shall become effective the following the following school year after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. ORU-011 By: Williamson (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the explicit legalization of autonomous automobiles and the designation of regulation to the Oklahoma Department of Motor Vehicles providing short title; providing for codification, providing for definitions, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "The Autonomous Automobile" Act of 2013.

Section 2. A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Sec. 2.1.

The Oklahoma Department of Motor Vehicles shall adopt regulations authorizing the operation of autonomous vehicles on roadways within the State of Oklahoma.

Sec 2.2. The regulations required to be adopted by subsection 1 must:

(a) Set forth requirements that an autonomous vehicle must meet before it may be operated on a Roadway within this State;

(b) Set forth requirements for the insurance that is required to test or operate an autonomous vehicle on a Roadway within this State;

(c) Establish minimum safety standards for autonomous vehicles and their operation;

(d) Provide for the testing of autonomous vehicles;

(e) Not require a passenger or driver to be present when an autonomous vehicle is in use.

(f) Restrict the testing of autonomous vehicles to specified geographic areas; and

(g) Set forth such other requirements as the Department determines to be necessary.

Sec 2.3. As used in this section:

(a) “Artificial intelligence” means the use of computers and related equipment to enable a machine to duplicate or mimic the behavior of human beings.

(b) “Autonomous vehicle” means a motor vehicle that uses artificial intelligence, sensors and global positioning system coordinates to drive itself without the active intervention of a human operator.

(c) “Sensors” includes, without limitation, cameras, lasers and radar.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. ORU-012 By: Williamson (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the creation of a passenger railway from Oklahoma City to Tulsa; providing short title; providing definitions; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Oklahoma Intra-City High Speed Railway" Act of 2013.

Section 2.

Sec 2.1.

High-speed railway shall be defined as a two-way magnetic railway system that is capable of reaching speeds in excess of 180 miles per hour.

Sec. 2.2.

Oklahoma shall establish as a sub-department of the Department of Transportation named "The Railway Transportation Department" which shall be responsible for the creation and continued maintenance of a high-speed railway connecting Oklahoma City and Tulsa.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. RSU-001 By: Cunningham (RSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act repealing Oklahoma Statute 21, § 886-887; providing short title; providing for a repealer; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Let's Get it Clear" Act of 2013.

Section 2. Repealer:

~~Every person who is guilty of the detestable and abominable crime against nature, committed with mankind or with a beast, is punishable by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections not exceeding ten (10) years. Except for persons sentenced to life or life without parole, any person sentenced to imprisonment for two (2) years or more for a violation of this section shall be required to serve a term of post-imprisonment supervision pursuant to subparagraph f of paragraph 1 of subsection A of Section 991a of Title 22 of the Oklahoma Statutes under conditions determined by the Department of Corrections. The jury shall be advised that the mandatory post-imprisonment supervision shall be in addition to the actual imprisonment.~~

~~Crime against nature, what penetration necessary.~~
~~Any sexual penetration, however slight, is sufficient to complete the crime against nature.~~

Section 3. This act shall become effective 30 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. RSU-002 By: Thomason (RSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to scholarships; providing short title; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "You're a Good Kid" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Oklahoma high school students aged 16 until 6 months shall be rewarded after their graduation from high school, who have not gotten into legal entanglements and plan to go on to higher education. Legal entanglements include, but are not limited to: speeding, DUI, possession, petty theft, underage drinking, or any other nefarious acts that would lead to fines, community service or time served in any correctional facility.

Starting at 16, and reoccurring every six months up until 6 months after their graduation, the individual will be given their rewarded money upon their enrollment at an Oklahoma public university (both four year and two year institutes) , or Oklahoma technical schools (i.e. Vo-tech, Tulsa Welding, Spartan School, etc.) to put towards tuition, books, fees, or boarding. The funding will occur as follows:

AGE	AMOUNT
16	$200.00
16 1/2	$250.00
17	$300.00
17 1/2	$350.00
18	$400.00
18 1/2	$450.00
19	$500.00
19 1/2	$550.00
Potential	$2,500.00

Additional Requirements: Must maintain a 2.5 GPA in high school.

Reasons for expulsion from scholarship program: If an individual receives any charges afore mentioned in this section, they will not be eligible for further funds from that point.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. RSU-003 By: Thomason (RSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to public policy; providing short title; providing for exceptions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "No Sweats" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Sweat pants shall be forthwith banned from being worn outside the home and an individual's estate, under penalty of a fine of $400, dependent on the number of pairs of sweat pants owned. For example:

3 pairs X $400= $1200

Section 3. EXCEPTIONS:

- Pregnant Women in their second and third tri-mesters
- Children under the age of 15
- Elderly people 55 and over
- Persons with medical conditions that requires softer material
- Persons participating in an exercise such as jogging or yoga

All other persons are to attire themselves with clothing such as, but not limited to denim jeans, slacks, skirts, parachute pants, and other pieces of clothing that do not resemble slothfulness most foul.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. RSC-001 By: Scroggins (RSC) of the Senate
Murie (OSU) of the House

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the community and school reintegration services for individuals affected by a traumatic brain injury (TBI) and to establish TBI Raiders as a statewide online program; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "TBI Raiders" Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS:

a) Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI): is a nondegenerative, noncongenital insult to the brain from an external mechanical force, possibly leading to permanent or temporary impairment of cognitive, physical, and psychosocial functions, with an associated diminished or altered state of consciousness.

b) TBI Raiders: To provide an online club for students and young adults who have sustained a traumatic brain injury which will ultimately create a unit where there was none for survivors to unite and help each other succeed, showing other survivors what they once thought was impossible can turn into a goal that can be accomplished.

c) TBI's Corner: To provide a source explaining traumatic brain injury and how it affects every group of individuals, teens, and adults for school. It will further provide answers and resources to those who want to learn more about the disability and find organizations and businesses that can better assist those affected by TBI. Its primary focus is to emphasize an individuals' re-entry to school.

d) Members of TBI Raiders: This is a place in which the volunteers with and without a TBI can come relax, build an online resume, and highlight and empower the volunteer service and the community work in which individuals who have a traumatic brain injury engage actively. Its primary focus is to emphasize an individuals' re-entry to the workforce.

e) Survive to Vote: Started in 2005 with the purpose to get issues

important to the disability community out in not just the time of election but out to those who are presently in office working to represent everyone. It is about ensuring elected officials show equal representation for not only societal norms but also those who have disabilities.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

a) TBI Raiders be established as a statewide online program to assist those who have been affected by a traumatic brain injury in order to reintegrate those affected by TBI in the community and schools. Within TBI Raiders, TBI's Corner, Members of TBI Raiders, and Survive to Vote would be subcategories within the main organization to empower those affected by a traumatic brain injury.

Section 3. This act shall become effective six (6) months after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. UCO-001 By: Beu (UCO)

AS INTRODUCED

An relating to the legalization of marijuana; amending 63 O.S. 2-402; amending 63 O.S. 2-422; amending 44 O.S. 3368; providing for the sale of marijuana; creating penalties; providing for an emergency

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. This act shall be known as the Willie Nelson Act of 2013

SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 2011 Section 2-422 is amended to read as follows:

Section 2-422. As used in the Drug Dealer Liability Act:

1. "Illegal drug" means a drug whose distribution is a violation of state law;
2. "Illegal drug market" means the support system of illegal drug-related operations, from production to retail sales, through which an illegal drug reaches the user;
3. "Illegal drug market target community" is the area described under Section 7 of this act;
4. "Individual drug user" means the individual whose illegal drug use is the basis of an action brought under this act;
5. "Level one offense" means possession of one quarter (1/4) ounce or more, but less than four (4) ounces, or distribution of less than one (1) ounce of a specified illegal drug, or possession of one (1) pound or twenty-five plants or more, but less than four (4) pounds or fifty plants~~, or distribution of less than one (1) pound of marijuana~~;
6. "Level two offense" means possession of four (4) ounces or more, but less than eight (8) ounces, or distribution of one (1) ounce or more, but less than two (2) ounces, of a specified illegal drug, or possession of four (4) pounds or more or fifty plants or more, but less than eight (8) pounds or seventy-five plants~~, or distribution of more than one (1) pound but less than ten (10) pounds of marijuana~~;
7. "Level three offense" means possession of eight (8) ounces or more, but less than sixteen (16) ounces, or distribution of two (2) ounces or more, but less than four (4) ounces, of a specified illegal drug or possession of eight (8) pounds or more or seventy-five plants or more, but less than sixteen (16) pounds or one hundred plants~~, or distribution of more than five (5) pounds but less than ten (10) pounds of marijuana~~;
8. "Level four offense" means possession of sixteen (16) ounces or more or

distribution of four (4) ounces or more of a specified illegal ~~drug or possession of sixteen (16) pounds or more or one hundred plants or more or distribution of ten (10) pounds or more of marijuana~~;

9. "Participate in the illegal drug market" means to distribute, possess with an intent to distribute, commit an act intended to facilitate the marketing or distribution of, or agree to distribute, possess with an intent to distribute, or commit an act intended to facilitate the marketing and distribution of an illegal drug. "Participate in the illegal drug market" does not include the purchase or receipt of an illegal drug for personal use only;

10. "Person" means an individual, a governmental entity, corporation, firm, trust, partnership, or incorporated or unincorporated association, existing under or authorized by the laws of this state, another state, or a foreign country;

11. "Period of illegal drug use" means, in relation to the individual drug user, the time of first use by an individual of an illegal drug to the accrual of the cause of action. The period of illegal drug use is presumed to commence two (2) years before the cause of action accrues unless the defendant proves otherwise by clear and convincing evidence;

12. "Place of illegal drug activity" means, in relation to the individual drug user, each county in which the individual possesses or uses an illegal drug or in which the individual resides, attends school, or is employed during the period of the illegal drug use of the individual, unless the defendant proves otherwise by clear and convincing evidence;

13. "Place of participation" means, in relation to a defendant in an action brought under the Drug Dealer Liability Act, each county in which the person participates in the illegal drug market or in which the person resides, attends school, or is employed during the period of the participation in the illegal drug market by the person; and

14. "Specified illegal drug" means cocaine, heroin, or methamphetamine and any other drug the distribution of which is a violation of state law.

SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 2011 Section 2-402 is amended to read as follows:

A. 1. It shall be unlawful for any person knowingly or intentionally to possess a controlled dangerous substance unless such substance was obtained directly, or pursuant to a valid prescription or order from a practitioner, while acting in the course of his or her professional practice, or except as otherwise authorized by this act.

2. It shall be unlawful for any person to purchase any preparation excepted from the provisions of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act pursuant to Section 2-313 of this title in an amount or within a time interval other than that permitted by Section 2-313 of this title.

3. It shall be unlawful for any person or business to sell, market, advertise or label any product containing ephedrine, its salts, optical isomers, or salts of optical isomers, for the indication of stimulation, mental alertness, weight loss, appetite control, muscle development, energy or other indication which is not approved by the pertinent federal OTC Final Monograph, Tentative Final Monograph, or FDA-

approved new drug application or its legal equivalent. In determining compliance with this requirement, the following factors shall be considered:

a. the packaging of the product,

b. the name of the product, and

c. the distribution and promotion of the product, including verbal representations made at the point of sale.

B. Any person who violates this section with respect to:

1. Any Schedule I or II substance, ~~except marihuana~~ or a substance included in subsection D of Section 2-206 of this title, is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not less than two (2) years nor more than ten (10) years and by a fine not exceeding Five Thousand Dollars ($5,000.00). A second or subsequent violation of this section with respect to Schedule I or II substance, ~~except marijuana~~ or a substance included in subsection D of Section 2-206 of this title, is a felony punishable by imprisonment for not less than four (4) years nor more than twenty (20) years and by a fine not exceeding Ten Thousand Dollars ($10,000.00);

2. Any Schedule III, IV or V substance, ~~marihuana,~~ a substance included in subsection D of Section 2-206 of this title, or any preparation excepted from the provisions of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by confinement for not more than one (1) year and by a fine not exceeding One Thousand Dollars ($1,000.00);

3. Any Schedule III, IV or V substance, ~~marijuana,~~ a substance included in subsection D of Section 2-206 of this title, or any preparation excepted from the provisions of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act and who, during the period of any court-imposed probationary term or within ten (10) years of the date following the completion of the execution of any sentence or deferred judgment for a violation of this section, commits a second or subsequent violation of this section shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for not less than two (2) years nor more than ten (10) years and by a fine not exceeding Five Thousand Dollars ($5,000.00); or

4. Any Schedule III, IV or V substance, ~~marijuana,~~ a substance included in subsection D of Section 2-206 of this title, or any preparation excepted from the provisions of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act and who, ten (10) or more years following the date of completion of the execution of any sentence or deferred judgment for a violation of this section, commits a second or subsequent violation of this section shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections for not less than one (1) year nor more than five (5) years and by a fine not exceeding Five Thousand Dollars ($5,000.00).

C. Any person who violates any provision of this section by possessing or purchasing a controlled dangerous substance from any person, in or on, or within one thousand (1,000) feet of the real property comprising a public or private elementary or secondary school, public vocational school, public or private college or university, or other institution of higher education, recreation center or public park, including state parks and recreation areas, or in the presence of any

child under twelve (12) years of age, shall be guilty of a felony and punished by:
1. For a first offense, a term of imprisonment, or by the imposition of a fine, or by both, not exceeding twice that authorized by the appropriate provision of this section. In addition, the person shall serve a minimum of fifty percent (50%) of the sentence received prior to becoming eligible for state correctional institution earned credits toward the completion of said sentence; or
2. For a second or subsequent offense, a term of imprisonment not exceeding three times that authorized by the appropriate provision of this section and the person shall serve a minimum of ninety percent (90%) of the sentence received prior to becoming eligible for state correctional institution earned credits toward the completion of said sentence, and imposition of a fine not exceeding Ten Thousand Dollars ($10,000.00).
D. Any person convicted of any offense described in this section shall, in addition to any fine imposed, pay a special assessment trauma-care fee of One Hundred Dollars ($100.00) to be deposited into the Trauma Care Assistance Revolving Fund created in Section 1-2530.9 of this title.

SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011 Section 3368 is amended to read as follows:

A. Any person subject to this code who wrongfully uses, possesses, manufactures, distributes, imports into the customs territory of the United States, exports from the United States, or introduces into an installation, vessel, vehicle, or aircraft used by or under the control of the armed forces of the United States or of any state military forces a substance described in subsection B of this section shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
B. The substances referred to in subsection A of this section are the following:
1. Opium, heroin, cocaine, amphetamine, lysergic acid diethylamide, methamphetamine, phencyclidine, barbituric acid, ~~and marijuana~~ and any compound or derivative of any such substance;
2. Any substance not specified in paragraph 1 of this subsection that is listed on a schedule of controlled substances prescribed by the President for the purposes of the Uniform Code of Military Justice of the armed forces of the United States, 10 United States Code, Section 801, et seq.; and
3. Any other substance not specified in paragraph 1 of this subsection or contained on a list prescribed by the President under paragraph 2 of this subsection that is listed in schedules I through V of article 202 of the Controlled Substances Act, 21 United States Code, Section 812.

SECTION 5. NEW LAW A new law shall be created:

A. Marijuana may be packaged and sold wherever tobacco products are currently sold.
B. No person under the age of twenty-one (21) shall be able to purchase marijuana

C. Anyone caught selling to or buying for a person under the age of twenty-one shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to $500 fine and up to one year in prison.

D. Anyone who has not attained the age of twenty-one (21) and found in possession of marijuana shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to $500 fine and up to one year in prison.

E. Anyone found in possession of marijuana not sold by an authorized vendor shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to $500 fine and up to one year in prison.

F. Marijuana will not smoked or otherwise used in any public place.

SECTION 6. WHEREAS a state of emergency exists in Oklahoma, this bill shall become effective upon passage.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. UCO-002 By: Beu (UCO)

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to alcoholic beverages; amending 37 O.S. 2011 Sections 163.2 and 506, which relates to licensing motion picture theaters; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. This act shall be known as the "Dinner and Movie Act of 2013."

SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 37 O.S. 2011, Section 163.2 is amended to read as follows:

Section 163.2. In the administration of Section 163.1 et seq. of this title, the following words and phrases are given the meanings respectively indicated:

1. "Low-point beer" means and includes beverages containing more than one-half of one percent (1/2 of 1%) alcohol by volume, and not more than three and two-tenths percent (3.2%) alcohol by weight, including but not limited to beer or cereal malt beverages obtained by the alcoholic fermentation of an infusion of barley or other grain, malt or similar products;
2. "Person" means and includes an individual, a trust or estate, a partnership, an association or a corporation;
3. "Manufacturer" means and includes any person who prepares for human consumption by the use of raw materials or other ingredients any low-point beer, as defined herein, upon which a license fee and a tax are imposed by any law of this state;
4. "Wholesaler" means and includes any person who sells any low-point beer, as defined herein, to a licensed retail dealer, as hereinafter defined, for resale;
5. "Retail dealer" means and includes any person who sells any low-point beer, as defined herein, at retail for consumption or use, and such definitions include state and county fair associations, and special licenses may be issued for the sale of low-point beer, as herein defined, by such associations, and to other persons for the sale of such low-point beer at rodeos, picnics, or other organized temporary assemblages of people. The term "retail dealer" also includes railways for the sale of such beverages, and licenses may be issued for each dining car or railway train, which railways and dining cars shall pay the same license fees as regular retail dealers;
6. "Sale" or "sales", for the purpose of the collection of the taxes imposed by any law of the state upon low-point beer, as defined herein, is hereby defined to mean and include all sales by all wholesalers within this state, for money or any other valuable consideration, to retail dealers for resale;

and, also, the term "sale" or "sales" taxable under Section 163.1 et seq. of this title means and includes all sales from manufacturers or wholesalers from outside this state, to retail dealers for resale to consumers or otherwise. The term "sale" or "sales" shall also include sales from manufacturers without the state to wholesalers located within the state;

7. "Meals" means foods commonly ordered at lunch or dinner and at least part of which is cooked on the licensed premises and requires the use of dining implements for consumption. Provided, that the service of only food such as appetizers, sandwiches, salads or desserts shall not be considered "meals";

8. "Motion picture theater" means a place where motion pictures are exhibited and to which the general public is admitted, but does not include a place where meals, as defined by this section, are served~~, if only persons twenty-one (21) years of age or older are admitted~~;

9. "Existing wholesaler" means a wholesaler who distributes a particular brand of low-point beer at the time a successor manufacturer acquires rights to manufacture or import the particular brand of low-point beer;

10. "Fair market value" means the value that would be determined in a transaction entered into without duress or threat of termination of the existing wholesaler's right and shall include all elements of value, including goodwill and going-concern value;

11. "Good cause" means:

a. failure by the wholesaler to comply with the provisions of a written agreement or understanding with the manufacturer, or

b. failure by the wholesaler to comply with the duty of good faith;

12. "Good faith" means the duty of each party to any franchise and all officers, employees or agents thereof to act with honesty in fact and within reasonable standards of fair dealing in the trade;

13. "Successor manufacturer" means a primary source of supply, a brewer or an importer that acquires rights to a low-point beer brand from a predecessor manufacturer;

14. "Successor wholesaler" means one or more wholesalers designated by a successor manufacturer to replace the existing wholesaler, for all or part of the existing wholesaler's territory, in the distribution of the existing low-point beer brand or brands; and

15. "On-premise consumption" shall include consumption within a single building owned or operated by any agency, political subdivision or public trust of this state, if the building or a part thereof is defined as a common drinking area for consumption of low-point beer by resolution of the governing body that owns or operates the building.

SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 37 O.S. 2011, Section 506, is amended to read as follows:

Section 506. When used in the Oklahoma Alcoholic Beverage Control Act, the following words and phrases shall have the following meaning:

1. “ABLE Commission” means the Alcoholic Beverage Law Enforcement

Commission;

2. "Alcohol" means and includes hydrated oxide of ethyl, ethyl alcohol, ethanol, or spirits of wine, from whatever source or by whatever process produced. It does not include wood alcohol or alcohol which has been denatured or produced as denatured in accordance with Acts of Congress and regulations promulgated thereunder;

3. "Alcoholic beverage" means alcohol, spirits, beer, and wine as those terms are defined herein and also includes every liquid or solid, patented or not, containing alcohol, spirits, wine or beer and capable of being consumed as a beverage by human beings, but does not include low-point beer as that term is defined in Section 163.2 of this title;

4. "Applicant" means any individual, legal or commercial business entity, or any individual involved in any legal or commercial business entity allowed to hold any license issued in accordance with the Oklahoma Alcoholic Beverage Control Act;

5. "Beer" means any beverage containing more than three and two-tenths percent (3.2%) of alcohol by weight and obtained by the alcoholic fermentation of an infusion or decoction of barley, or other grain, malt or similar products. "Beer" may or may not contain hops or other vegetable products. "Beer" includes, among other things, beer, ale, stout, lager beer, porter and other malt or brewed liquors, but does not include sake, known as Japanese rice wine;

6. "Bottle club" means any establishment in a county which has not authorized the retail sale of alcoholic beverages by the individual drink, which is required to be licensed to keep, mix, and serve alcoholic beverages belonging to club members on club premises;

7. "Brewer" means any person who produces beer in this state;

8. "Class B wholesaler" means and includes any person doing any such acts or carrying on any such business that would require such person to obtain a Class B wholesaler license hereunder;

9. "Convicted" and "conviction" mean and include a finding of guilt resulting from a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, the decision of a court or magistrate or the verdict of a jury, irrespective of the pronouncement of judgment or the suspension thereof;

10. "Director" means the Director of the Alcoholic Beverage Laws Enforcement Commission under the supervision of said Commission;

11. "Distiller" means any person who produces spirits from any source or substance, or any person who brews or makes mash, wort, or wash, fit for distillation or for the production of spirits (except a person making or using such material in the authorized production of wine or beer, or the production of vinegar by fermentation), or any person who by any process separates alcoholic spirits from any fermented substance, or any person who, making or keeping mash, wort, or wash, has also in his or her possession or use a still;

12. "Hotel" or "motel" shall mean an establishment which is licensed to sell alcoholic beverages by the individual drink and which contains

guestroom accommodations with respect to which the predominant relationship existing between the occupants thereof and the owner or operator of the establishment is that of innkeeper and guest. For purposes of this section, the existence of other legal relationships as between some occupants and the owner or operator thereof shall be immaterial;

13. "Legal newspaper" means a newspaper meeting the requisites of a newspaper for publication of legal notices as prescribed in Sections 101 through 114 of Title 25 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

14. "Licensee" means any person holding a license under the Oklahoma Alcoholic Beverage Control Act, and any agent, servant, or employee of such licensee while in the performance of any act or duty in connection with the licensed business or on the licensed premises;

15. "Light beer" means a low-point beer controlled under this title;

16. "Light wine" means any wine containing not more than fourteen percent (14%) alcohol measured by volume at sixty (60) degrees Fahrenheit;

17. "Manufacturer's agent" means a salaried or commissioned salesman who sells to a wholesaler or Class B wholesaler only;

18. "Manufacturer" means a brewer, distiller, winemaker, rectifier, or bottler of any alcoholic beverage;

19. "Meals" means foods commonly ordered at lunch or dinner and at least part of which is cooked on the licensed premises and requires the use of dining implements for consumption. Provided, that the service of only food such as appetizers, sandwiches, salads or desserts shall not be considered "meals";

20. "Mini-bar" means a closed container, either refrigerated, in whole or in part, or nonrefrigerated, and access to the interior of which is (1) restricted by means of a locking device which requires the use of a key, magnetic card, or similar device, or (2) controlled at all times by the licensee;

21. "Mixed beverage cooler" means any beverage, by whatever name designated, consisting of an alcoholic beverage and fruit or vegetable juice, fruit or vegetable flavorings, dairy products or carbonated water containing more than one-half of one percent (1/2 of 1%) of alcohol measured by volume but not more than seven percent (7%) alcohol by volume at sixty (60) degrees Fahrenheit and which is packaged in a container not larger than three hundred seventy-five (375) milliliters. Such term shall include, but not be limited to, the beverage popularly known as a "wine cooler";

22. "Mixed beverages" means one or more servings of a beverage composed in whole or part of an alcoholic beverage in a sealed or unsealed container of any legal size for consumption on the premises where served or sold by the holder of a mixed beverage, beer and wine, caterer, or special event license;

23. "Motion picture theater" means a place where motion pictures are exhibited and to which the general public is admitted, but does not include a place where meals, as defined by this section, are served~~, if only persons~~

~~over twenty-one (21) years of age are admitted~~;

24. "Retail salesperson" means a salesperson soliciting orders from and calling upon retail alcoholic beverage stores with regard to his or her product;

25. "Occupation" as used in connection with "occupation tax" means the sites occupied as the places of business of the manufacturers, wholesalers, Class B wholesalers, retailers, mixed beverage licensees, beer and wine licensees, bottle clubs, caterers, and special event licensees;

26. "Original package" means any container of alcoholic beverage filled and stamped or sealed by the manufacturer;

27. "Patron" means any person, customer, or visitor who is not employed by a licensee or who is not a licensee;

28. "Person" means an individual, any type of partnership, corporation, association, limited liability company or any individual involved in the legal structure of any such business entity;

29. "Premises" means the grounds and all buildings and appurtenances pertaining to the grounds including any adjacent premises if under the direct or indirect control of the licensee and the rooms and equipment under the control of the licensee and used in connection with or in furtherance of the business covered by a license. Provided that the ABLE Commission shall have the authority to designate areas to be excluded from the licensed premises solely for the purpose of:

a. allowing the presence and consumption of alcoholic beverages by private parties which are closed to the general public, or

b. allowing the services of a caterer serving alcoholic beverages provided by a private party.

This exception shall in no way limit the licensee's concurrent responsibility for any violations of the Oklahoma Alcoholic Beverage Control Act occurring on the licensed premises;

30. "Rectifier" means any person who rectifies, purifies, or refines spirits or wines by any process (other than by original and continuous distillation, or original and continuous processing, from mash, wort, wash, or other substance, through continuous closed vessels and pipes, until the production thereof is complete), and any person who, without rectifying, purifying, or refining spirits, shall by mixing (except for immediate consumption on the premises where mixed) such spirits, wine, or other liquor with any material, manufactures any spurious, imitation, or compound liquors for sale, under the name of whiskey, brandy, rum, gin, wine, spirits, cordials, or any other name;

31. "Regulation" or "rule" means a formal rule of general application promulgated by the ABLE Commission as herein required;

32. "Restaurant" means an establishment that is licensed to sell alcoholic beverages by the individual drink for on-premises consumption and where food is prepared and sold for immediate consumption on the premises;

33. "Retail container for spirits and wines" means an original package of any capacity approved by the United States Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco

and Firearms;
34. "Retailer" means the holder of a Package Store License;
35. "Sale" means any transfer, exchange or barter in any manner or by any means whatsoever, and includes and means all sales made by any person, whether as principal, proprietor or as an agent, servant or employee. The term "sale" is also declared to be and include the use or consumption in this state of any alcoholic beverage obtained within or imported from without this state, upon which the excise tax levied by the Oklahoma Alcoholic Beverage Control Act has not been paid or exempted;
36. "Short order food" means food other than full meals including but not limited to sandwiches, soups, and salads. Provided that popcorn, chips, and other similar snack food shall not be considered "short order food";
37. "Sparkling wine" means champagne or any artificially carbonated wine;
38. "Spirits" means any beverage other than wine, beer or light beer, which contains more than one-half of one percent (1/2 of 1%) alcohol measured by volume and obtained by distillation, whether or not mixed with other substances in solution and includes those products known as whiskey, brandy, rum, gin, vodka, liqueurs, cordials and fortified wines and similar compounds; but shall not include any alcohol liquid completely denatured in accordance with the Acts of Congress and regulations pursuant thereto;
39. "Wholesaler" means and includes any person doing any such acts or carrying on any such business or businesses that would require such person to obtain a wholesaler's license or licenses hereunder;
40. "Wine" means and includes any beverage containing more than one-half of one percent (1/2 of 1%) alcohol by volume and not more than twenty-four percent (24%) alcohol by volume at sixty (60) degrees Fahrenheit obtained by the fermentation of the natural contents of fruits, vegetables, honey, milk or other products containing sugar, whether or not other ingredients are added, and includes vermouth and sake, known as Japanese rice wine;
41. "Winemaker" means any person who produces wine; and
42. "Oklahoma winemaker" means a business premises in Oklahoma licensed pursuant to the Oklahoma Alcoholic Beverage Control Act wherein wine is produced by the licensee who must be a resident of the state. The wine product fermented in said licensed premises shall be of grapes, berries and other fruits and vegetables imported into this state and processed herein or shall be of grapes, berries and other fruits and vegetables grown in Oklahoma.

Words in the plural include the singular, and vice versa, and words imparting the masculine gender include the feminine, as well as persons and licensees as defined in this section.

SECTION 4. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Joint Resolution UCO-101 By: Langthorn of the Senate (UCO)
Wilder of the House (UCO)

AS INTRODUCED

A Joint Resolution directing the Oklahoma Election Board to refer to the people for their approval or rejection a proposed amendment to Article of the First of the Oklahoma State Constitution, changing the name of the organization; providing ballot title; and directing filing.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE 1ST SESSION OF THE 45th OKLAHOMA INTERCOLLEGIATE LEGISLATURE:

SECTION 1. The Oklahoma Election Board shall refer to the people for their approval or rejection, as and in the manner provided by law, the following proposed amendment to Section 1 of Article 1 of the Constitution of the Oklahoma State Government to read as follows:

Article of the Second

SECTION II-12A Term limits for Congressman.

~~Beginning January 1, 1995, persons wanting to become a candidate for election to the United States Congress from this State for a term beginning on or after January 1, 1995, shall be subject to the following provisions:~~

~~A. Any person seeking to have his or her name placed on the ballot for election to the United States House of Representatives shall be ineligible if, by the end of the then current term of office, that person has served in that office for three (3) two-year terms.~~

~~B. Any person seeking to have his or her name placed on the ballot for election to the United States Senate shall be ineligible if, by the end of the then current term of office, that person has served in that office for two (2) six-year terms.~~

~~C. A person elected to serve as a member of the United States Congress shall be eligible to serve as a Representative for a total of six (6) years and as a Senator for a total of twelve (12) years for a maximum total of eighteen (18) years as a member of Congress from this State.~~

~~D. The provisions of this section shall not be applicable to or include:~~

~~1. The years served by any person as a member of the United States House of Representatives or as a member of the United States Senate which began prior to the election at which this measure was enacted.~~

~~2. The years served by a person who has been appointed to complete the remainder of a vacated term.~~

~~E. The provisions of this Section shall not be construed so as to prevent casting a ballot for any person regardless of the number of years previously served in the United States Congress by writing the name of that person on the ballot, or from having such ballot counted or to prevent a person from campaigning by means of a "write-in" campaign if that procedure is otherwise authorized in this Constitution or by law.~~

SECTION 2. The Ballot Title for the proposed Constitutional amendment as set forth in

SECTION 1 of the resolution shall be in the following form:

BALLOT TITLE

Legislative Referendum No. _____ O.I.L. Question No. ____

THE GIST OF THE PROPOSITION IS AS FOLLOWS:

This measure amends Section 12A of Article II of the Oklahoma State Constitution. It would remove unconstitutional congressional term limits from the state constitution.

SHALL THIS AMENDMENT BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

_____ YES, FOR THE AMENDMENT

_____ NO, AGAINST THE AMENDMENT

SECTION 3. The Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives, immediately after the passage of this resolution, shall prepare and file one copy thereof, including the Ballot Title set forth in SECTION 2 hereof, with the Secretary of State and one copy with the Attorney General.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Joint Resolution UCO-102 By: Langthorn of the Senate (UCO)
Wilder of the House (UCO)

AS INTRODUCED

A Joint Resolution directing the Oklahoma Election Board to refer to the people for their approval or rejection a proposed amendment to Article of the First of the Oklahoma State Constitution, changing the name of the organization; providing ballot title; and directing filing.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE 1ST SESSION OF THE 45th OKLAHOMA INTERCOLLEGIATE LEGISLATURE:

SECTION 1. The Oklahoma Election Board shall refer to the people for their approval or rejection, as and in the manner provided by law, the following proposed amendment to Section 1 of Article 1 of the Constitution of the Oklahoma State Government to read as follows:

Article of the First

SECTION I-5 Public schools - Separate schools.

Provisions shall be made for the establishment and maintenance of a system of public schools, which shall be open to all the children of the state and free from sectarian control; ~~and said schools shall always be conducted in English: Provided, that nothing herein shall preclude the teaching of other languages in said public schools~~.

SECTION 2. The Ballot Title for the proposed Constitutional amendment as set forth in SECTION 1 of the resolution shall be in the following form:

BALLOT TITLE

Legislative Referendum No. _____ O.I.L. Question No. ____

THE GIST OF THE PROPOSITION IS AS FOLLOWS:

This measure amends Section 5 of Article I of the Oklahoma State Constitution. It would allow schools to be conducted in languages other than English.

SHALL THIS AMENDMENT BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

_____ YES, FOR THE AMENDMENT

_____ NO, AGAINST THE AMENDMENT

SECTION 3. The Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives, immediately after the passage of this resolution, shall prepare and file one copy thereof, including the Ballot Title set forth in SECTION 2 hereof, with the Secretary of State and one copy with the Attorney General.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Joint Resolution UCO-103 By: Langthorn of the Senate (UCO)
Wilder of the House (UCO)

AS INTRODUCED

A Joint Resolution directing the Oklahoma Election Board to refer to the people for their approval or rejection a proposed amendment to Article of the First of the Oklahoma State Constitution, changing the name of the organization; providing ballot title; and directing filing.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE 1ST SESSION OF THE 45th OKLAHOMA INTERCOLLEGIATE LEGISLATURE:

SECTION 1. The Oklahoma Election Board shall refer to the people for their approval or rejection, as and in the manner provided by law, the following proposed amendment to Section 1 of Article 1 of the Constitution of the Oklahoma State Government to read as follows:

Article of the Second

SECTION II-35. Marriage defined – Construction of law and Constitution – Recognition of out-of-state marriages – Penalty.

~~A. Marriage in this state shall consist only of the union of one man and one woman. Neither this Constitution nor any other provision of law shall be construed to require that marital status or the legal incidents thereof be conferred upon unmarried couples or groups.~~

~~B. A marriage between persons of the same gender performed in another state shall not be recognized as valid and binding in this state as of the date of the marriage.~~

~~C. Any person knowingly issuing a marriage license in violation of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.~~

SECTION 2. The Ballot Title for the proposed Constitutional amendment as set forth in SECTION 1 of the resolution shall be in the following form:

BALLOT TITLE

Legislative Referendum No. _____ O.I.L. Question No. ____

THE GIST OF THE PROPOSITION IS AS FOLLOWS:

This measure amends Section 35 of Article II of the Oklahoma State Constitution. It would allow any couple of legal age to get married in Oklahoma.

SHALL THIS AMENDMENT BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

_____ YES, FOR THE AMENDMENT

_____ NO, AGAINST THE AMENDMENT

SECTION 3. The Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives, immediately after the passage of this resolution, shall prepare and file one copy thereof, including the Ballot Title set forth in SECTION 2 hereof, with the Secretary of State and one copy with the Attorney General.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. OU-001 By: Frix (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to public health; providing for penalties; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Young Healthy Lungs" Act of 2010.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Minors, any persons under the age of 18, are prohibited from coming in contact with second-hand smoke.

Section 3. Violator's parents will be cited with a ticket. First offense there shall be no fines assessed. Second offense, there shall be a fine in the amount of $70.00 assessed. For each additional offense, the fine shall increase by 50%.

Section 4. This new law shall be enforced by local and state law patrol. Funds from the fines shall go to those enforcers.

Section 5. This act shall become effective 120 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. OU-002 By: Frix (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to firearms; providing for penalties; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Self Protection" Act of 2010.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Every citizen in the State of Oklahoma shall be required to own and carry a firearm. Firearm ownership will be reported along with state taxes.

Section 3. Violator's parents will be cited with a ticket. First offense there shall be no fines assessed. Second offense, there shall be a fine in the amount of $70.00 assessed. For each additional offense, the fine shall increase by 50%.

Section 4. This new law shall be enforced by state tax auditors.

Section 5. This act shall become effective 120 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. OU-003 By: Gallagher (OU)
Berry (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to mental health awareness; providing short title; providing for codification; providing for penalty; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Stop the Stigma" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

There shall be established an Oklahoma Mental Illness Awareness Week observed in all Oklahoma Public Schools. The week shall coincide with the National Mental Illness Awareness Week.

Schools will be required to host activities promoting mental illness awareness for students and employees including but not limited to:

Art/Music events
Education sessions provided by healthcare professionals
Advertising campaigns
Movie nights
Health fairs
Candlelight vigils
Benefit runs
Mental health screenings
Veterans events
Faculty education

Section 3. Failure to comply with this statute will result in primary funding reduction at the discretion of the Oklahoma Department of Education.

Section 4. This act shall become effective at the start of the academic year following passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45nd Legislature (2013)

Senate Bill No. SNU001 By:Frederick(SNU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to schooling in the state of Oklahoma; providing for codification, short title, penalties and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Bridging the Gap." Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statues to read as follows:

All homeschools in grade levels equivalent to grades nine through twelve shall be placed in residential facilities wherein they shall receive at minimum three hours of schooling each day, with the maximum of 12 hours per school day maximum. Students may either remain at the facilities over night, or may return home. Students may stay in the facility after school, to work, learn life skills or another mentorship opportunity. Students may also stay at the resident facilities over breaks, for additional life skills training, jobs, or classes, or mentorship activities. Students may be exempted if they are over the age of 18, or they have a medically excusable reason and would need treatment during the school day.

Section 3. This act shall become effective two (2) school year after passage and approval. Fines of 10,000 dollars per noncompliant child per year will be issued unless they are deemed excused for a medical dissemble reason.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ECU-501 By: Coyle (ECU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the removal of Marihuana, concentrated cannabis or derivatives of Marihuana from existing statutes defining and regulating controlled substances; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Up in Smoke" Act of 2013 because it is taking Marihuana, concentrated cannabis or derivatives of Marihuana out of the controlled substances statutes and sending it all "up in smoke."

Existing state law provides that every person who possesses, sells, transports, or cultivates marijuana, concentrated cannabis, or derivatives of marijuana, except as authorized by law, is guilty of one or more crimes. This bill would remove marijuana and its derivatives from existing statutes defining and regulating controlled substances. The bill would instead provide for regulation by the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control of the possession, cultivation, and other conduct relating to marijuana and its derivatives, by persons 21 years of age and older, for specified purposes. The bill would set up a wholesale and retail marijuana sales regulation program to be administered and enforced by the Bureau, to commence after regulations concerning the program have been issued by the Legislature. The bill would ban local and state assistance in enforcing inconsistent federal and other laws relating to marijuana. The bill would provide for penalties for violations of its provisions regarding new marijuana laws and regulations, as specified. By creating various crimes for violations of regulations and laws created by this act, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program for drug rehabilitation, outreach and education.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Marijuana Control and Regulation Act".

It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this, the Marijuana Control and Regulation Act, to do all of the following:
(a) To establish a statewide regulatory system for a commercial marijuana industry.
(b) To regulate marijuana and its derivatives for persons 21 years of age or older.

(c) To remove all existing civil and criminal penalties for persons 21 years of age or older who personally cultivate, possess, process, share, or transport a limited amount of marijuana, solely for that individual's personal consumption in a residence or other nonpublic place, including premises licensed for that purpose, and not for resale.
(d) To regulate marijuana in order to more effectively limit access to marijuana by minors.
(e) To deprive the criminal market of revenue derived from the cultivation, smuggling, and sale of marijuana.
(f) To reduce the violence associated with the criminal market for marijuana.
(g) To prevent the environmental degradation that results from the production and eradication of marijuana associated with the criminal market.
(h) To address the overall failure of marijuana prohibition to protect the public health and safety.
(i) To raise funds and to discourage substance abuse by the imposition of a substantial fee on the legal sale of marijuana, the proceeds of which will support drug education and awareness programs.
(j) To impose a set of regulations and laws concerning marijuana comparable to those imposed on alcohol.
(k) To impose fines for violations of the noncommercial regulations and laws concerning marijuana.
(l) To prevent state and local agencies from supporting any prosecution for federal or other crimes relating to marijuana that are inconsistent with those provided in this bill.
(m) To exclude medical marijuana from the fees and regulations imposed by this act.
(n) To encourage the federal government to reconsider its policies concerning marijuana, and to change its laws accordingly

Section 2. NEW LAW

A.
An off-sale general license authorizes the sale to consumers only and not for resale, of marijuana, concentrated cannabis, or any of its derivatives.
B.
Commercial Marijuana Production and Sale
(a) This chapter is an exercise of the police powers of the state for the protection of the safety, welfare, health, peace, and morals of the people of the state, to eliminate the evils of unlicensed and unlawful production, selling, and disposing of marijuana, and to promote temperance in the use and consumption of marijuana. It is hereby declared that the subject matter of this Act involves in the highest degree the economic, social, and moral well-being and the safety of the state and of all its people. All provisions of this chapter shall be liberally construed for the accomplishment of these purposes.
(b) It is the intention of the Legislature in enacting this chapter to ensure the strict, honest, impartial, and uniform administration and enforcement of marijuana laws throughout the state

governing the production, sale, disposal, and promotion of temperance in the use and consumption of marijuana.
(c) The Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control shall administer and enforce this chapter. The department shall make and prescribe those reasonable rules as may be necessary or proper to carry out the purposes and intent of, and to enable it to exercise the powers and perform the duties conferred upon it by, this Act.

For purposes of this Act, "marijuana" and "cannabis" are interchangeable terms that mean all parts of the plant Cannabis sativa L., whether growing or not; the resin extracted from any part of the plant; concentrated cannabis; edible products containing the above; and every active compound, manufacture, derivative, or preparation of the plant or resin.

(a) The Bureau shall license commercial cultivators of marijuana. The fee for the license shall be set at an amount that will reasonably cover the costs of ensuring compliance with the regulations to be issued, but may not exceed five thousand dollars ($5,000) for an initial application, or two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) per year for each annual renewal.
(b) Regulations adopted by the department pursuant to this chapter shall require background checks of applicants to be conducted. At the request of the department, the Attorney General or any local agency shall provide summary criminal history information to the department.

The department shall, with consideration for the risks posed by cultivation of a valuable crop with public health implications that is subject to significant fees, issue and enforce regulations concerning commercial cultivators of marijuana that provide for all of the following:
(a) Adequate security to reasonably protect against unauthorized access to the marijuana crop at all stages of cultivation, harvesting, drying, processing, packing, and delivery to licensed sales outlets or wholesalers. Each licensee shall be required to provide a detailed crop security plan, along with satisfactory proof of the financial ability of the licensee to provide for that security.
(b) Appropriate employment rules, including the rule that a person under 21 years of age may not have access to marijuana during cultivation, storage, drying, or packing, or at any other time.
(c) Safeguards to ensure that a person under 21 years of age may not transport marijuana on behalf of a commercial buyer or commercial seller.
(d) Restrictions to ensure that marijuana is not used or consumed on the premises of a commercial cultivator.
(e) An inspection and tracking system to reasonably ensure that all marijuana produced by the cultivator that is eventually sold is assessed.
(f) Recordkeeping consistent with the regulatory needs of the department.
(g) Ensure that all applicable statutory environmental and agricultural requirements are followed in the cultivation of marijuana.

(a) The department shall license marijuana wholesalers, which shall be allowed to package and prepare marijuana for sale, and which shall be authorized to sell marijuana to licensed sales

outlets. The fee for the license shall be set in an amount that will reasonably cover the costs of compliance with the regulations to be issued, but may not exceed five thousand dollars ($5,000) for an initial application, or two thousand five hundred dollars ($2,500) per year for each annual renewal.

(b) The department shall issue regulations that include a requirement that all applicants for licensure receive background checks. At the request of the department, the Attorney General or any local agency shall provide summary criminal history information.

The department shall, with consideration for the risks posed by a valuable commodity with public health implications that is subject to significant fees, issue and enforce regulations concerning the sale, packaging, and labeling of marijuana by wholesale licensees. Those regulations shall provide for all of the following:

(a) Adequate security to reasonably protect against unauthorized access to marijuana at all stages of the wholesaler's possession of the marijuana, including receiving, processing, packing, storage, and delivery to licensed sales outlets. Each wholesaler shall be required to provide a detailed product security plan, along with satisfactory proof of the financial ability of the licensee to provide for that security.

(b) Appropriate employment rules, including that no person under 21 years of age shall be employed or involved in any transaction concerning marijuana, including, but not limited to, transporting, receiving, processing, packing, storage, and delivery of marijuana.

(c) Restrictions to ensure that marijuana is not used or consumed on the premises of a wholesaler.

(d) An inspection and tracking system to reasonably ensure that all marijuana received by the wholesaler that is eventually sold is assessed.

(e) Recordkeeping consistent with the regulatory needs of the department.

(f) Adequate labeling of packages of marijuana to describe the purity, potency, processing, and any adulteration of the product.

The department shall issue and enforce regulations concerning the sale of marijuana by off-sale general licensees. Those regulations shall provide for all of the following:

(a) An inspection and tracking system to ensure that marijuana may not be sold by a licensee if that marijuana has not been made subject to an assessment.

(b) Marijuana shall be kept behind a counter in an area not directly accessible to any customer, and shall be stored in a case that is locked between sales.

(c) Marijuana may not be sold to anyone under 21 years of age.

(d) Punishments for violations in actions against licensees that are in substantial accord with those applicable to the regulation of alcohol sales, including heavy penalties for permitting persons under 21 years of age to purchase these products and other appropriate regulatory provisions concerning matters such as the time of sale, deliveries, and signage, in addition to the criminal penalties.

It is the intent of the people in enacting this act that the regulation of marijuana sales be consistent with the statutory guidance regarding alcohol sales, to the extent that consistency is feasible.

(e) Recordkeeping consistent with the regulatory needs of the department.

Beginning 30 days after the operative date of the regulations issued pursuant to this Act, the department shall begin to enforce the provisions of this chapter.

(a) "Drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products, and materials of any kind that are designed for use or marketed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into the human body a controlled substance in violation of this division. It includes, but is not limited to:

(1) Kits designed for use or marketed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, or harvesting of any species of plant which is a controlled substance or from which a controlled substance can be derived.

(2) Kits designed for use or marketed for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, or preparing controlled substances.

(3) Isomerization devices designed for use or marketed for use in increasing the potency of any species of plant which is a controlled substance.

(4) Testing equipment designed for use or marketed for use in identifying, or in analyzing the strength, effectiveness, or purity of controlled substances.

(5) Scales and balances designed for use or marketed for use in weighing or measuring controlled substances.

(6) Containers and other objects designed for use or marketed for use in storing or concealing controlled substances.

(7) Hypodermic syringes, needles, and other objects designed for use or marketed for use in parenterally injecting controlled substances into the human body.

(8) Objects designed for use or marketed for use in ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing cocaine into the human body, such as the following:

(A) Carburetion tubes and devices.

(B) Smoking and carburetion masks.

(C) Roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning material that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand.

(D) Miniature cocaine spoons, and cocaine vials.

(E) Chamber pipes.

(F) Carburetor pipes.

(G) Electric pipes.

(H) Air-driven pipes.

(I) Chillums.
(J) Bongs.
(K) Ice pipes or chillers.
(b) For the purposes of this section, the phrase “marketed for use” means advertising, distributing, offering for sale, displaying for sale, or selling in a manner which promotes the use of equipment, products, or materials with controlled substances.
(c) In determining whether an object is drug paraphernalia, a court or other authority may consider, in addition to all other logically relevant factors, the following:
(1) Statements by an owner or by anyone in control of the object concerning its use.
(2) Instructions, oral or written, provided with the object concerning its use for ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing a controlled substance into the human body.
(3) Descriptive materials accompanying the object which explain or depict its use.
(4) National and local advertising concerning its use.
(5) The manner in which the object is displayed for sale.
(6) Whether the owner, or anyone in control of the object, is a legitimate supplier of like or related items to the community, such as a licensed distributor or dealer of tobacco products.
(7) Expert testimony concerning its use.
(d) If any provision of this section or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, it is the intent of the Legislature that the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the section which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application and to this end the provisions of this section are severable.

(a) The controlled substances listed in this section are included in Schedule I.
(b) Opiates. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers whenever the existence of those isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:
(1) Acetylmethadol.
(2) Allylprodine.
(3) Alphacetylmethadol (except levoalphacetylmethado).
(4) Alphameprodine.
(5) Alphamethadol.
(6) Benzethidine.
(7) Betacetylmethadol.
(8) Betameprodine.
(9) Betamethadol.
(10) Betaprodine.
(11) Clonitazene.
(12) Dextromoramide.
(13) Diampromide.
(14) Diethylthiambutene.

(15) Difenoxin.
(16) Dimenoxadol.
(17) Dimepheptanol.
(18) Dimethylthiambutene.
(19) Dioxaphetyl butyrate.
(20) Dipipanone.
(21) Ethylmethylthiambutene.
(22) Etonitazene.
(23) Etoxeridine.
(24) Furethidine.
(25) Hydroxypethidine.
(26) Ketobemidone.
(27) Levomoramide.
(28) Levophenacylmorphan.
(29) Morpheridine.
(30) Noracymethadol.
(31) Norlevorphanol.
(32) Normethadone.
(33) Norpipanone.
(34) Phenadoxone.
(35) Phenampromide.
(36) Phenomorphan.
(37) Phenoperidine.
(38) Piritramide.
(39) Proheptazine.
(40) Properidine.
(41) Propiram.
(42) Racemoramide.
(43) Tilidine.
(44) Trimeperidine.
(45) Any substance which contains any quantity of acetylfentanyl (N-[1-phenethyl-4-piperidinyl] acetanilide) or a derivative thereof.
(46) Any substance which contains any quantity of the thiophene analog of acetylfentanyl (N-[1-[2-(2-thienyl)ethyl]-4-piperidinyl] acetanilide) or a derivative thereof.
(47) 1-Methyl-4-Phenyl-4-Propionoxypiperidine (MPPP).
(48) 1-(2-Phenethyl)-4-Phenyl-4-Acetyloxypiperidine (PEPAP).
(c) Opium derivatives. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any of the following opium derivatives, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of those salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
(1) Acetorphine.

(2) Acetyldihydrocodeine.
(3) Benzylmorphine.
(4) Codeine methylbromide.
(5) Codeine-N-Oxide.
(6) Cyprenorphine.
(7) Desomorphine.
(8) Dihydromorphine.
(9) Drotebanol.
(10) Etorphine (except hydrochloride salt).
(11) Heroin.
(12) Hydromorphinol.
(13) Methyldesorphine.
(14) Methyldihydromorphine.
(15) Morphine methylbromide.
(16) Morphine methylsulfonate.
(17) Morphine-N-Oxide.
(18) Myrophine.
(19) Nicocodeine.
(20) Nicomorphine.
(21) Normorphine.
(22) Pholcodine.
(23) Thebacon.
(d) Hallucinogenic substances. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation, which contains any quantity of the following hallucinogenic substances, or which contains any of its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of those salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation (for purposes of this subdivision only, the term "isomer" includes the optical, position, and geometric isomers):
(1) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine—Some trade or other names: 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-methylphenethylamine; 4-bromo-2,5-DMA.
(2) 2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine—Some trade or other names: 2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-methylphenethylamine; 2,5-DMA.
(3) 4-methoxyamphetamine—Some trade or other names: 4-methoxy-alpha-methylphenethylamine, paramethoxyamphetamine, PMA.
(4) 5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxy-amphetamine.
(5) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine—Some trade or other names: 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-methylphenethylamine; "DOM"; and "STP."
(6) 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine.
(7) 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine.

(8) Bufotenine—Some trade or other names: 3-(beta-dimethylaminoethyl)-5-hydroxyindole; 3-(2-dimethylaminoethyl)-5 indolol; N,N-dimethylserolonin, 5-hydroxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine; mappine.
(9) Diethyltryptamine—Some trade or other names: N,N-Diethyltryptamine; DET.
(10) Dimethyltryptamine—Some trade or other names: DMT.
(11) Ibogaine—Some trade or other names: 7-Ethyl-6,6beta, 7,8,9,10,12,13-octahydro-2-methoxy-6,9-methano-5H-pyrido [1',2':1,2] azepino [5,4-b] indole; Tabernantheiboga.
(12) Lysergic acid diethylamide.
(14) Mescaline.
(15) Peyote—Meaning all parts of the plant presently classified botanically as Lophophora williamsii Lemaire, whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, any extract from any part of the plant, and every compound, manufacture, salts, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the plant, its seeds or extracts (interprets 21 U.S.C. Sec. 812(c), Schedule 1(c)(12)).
(16) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate.
(17) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate.
(18) Psilocybin.
(19) Psilocyn.
(20) Synthetic tetrahydrocannabinols not derived from cannabis plants. Synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the plant, or in the resinous extractives of Cannabis, sp.-or synthetic substances, derivatives, and their isomers with similar chemical structure and pharmacological activity such as the following: delta 1 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers; delta 6 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers; delta 3,4 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol, and its optical isomers.
(Since nomenclature of these substances is not internationally standardized, compounds of these structures, regardless of numerical designation of atomic positions covered).
(21) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine—Some trade or other names: N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine, (1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine, N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl) ethylamine, cyclohexamine, PCE.
(22) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine—Some trade or other names: 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-pyrrolidine, PCP, PHP.
(23) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine—Some trade or other names: 1-[1-(2 thienyl)-cyclohexyl]-piperidine, 2-thienyl analog of phencyclidine, TPCP, TCP.
(e) Depressants. Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of those salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:
(1) Mecloqualone.
(2) Methaqualone.

(3) Gamma hydroxybutyric acid (also known by other names such as GHB; gamma hydroxy butyrate; 4-hydroxybutyrate; 4-hydroxybutanoic acid; sodium oxybate; sodium oxybutyrate), including its immediate precursors, isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, including, but not limited to, gammabutyrolactone, for which an application has not been approved under Section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. Sec. 355).
(f) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the central nervous system, including its isomers:
(1) Cocaine base.
(2) Fenethylline, including its salts.
(3) N-Ethylamphetamine, including its salts.

Marijuana

For purposes of this article, "marijuana" and "cannabis" are interchangeable terms that mean all parts of the plant Cannabis sativa L., whether growing or not; the resin extracted from any part of the plant;
concentrated cannabis; edible products containing the above; and every active compound, manufacture, derivative, or preparation of the plant or resin.

(a) It is lawful for a person 21 years of age or older to personally possess, process, share, or transport not more than 16 ounces of marijuana solely for the individual's consumption and not for resale.
(b) Possession of more than 16 ounces of marijuana is a violation.

(a) It is lawful to sell at retail in licensed premises, not more than one ounce of marijuana per marijuana transaction to a person 21 years of age or older.
(b) Any sale of marijuana inconsistent with subdivision (a) or by a person not licensed is a violation of this article.

(a) It is lawful and for a person 21 years of age or older to smoke or ingest marijuana in a residence or other nonpublic place.
(b) It is a violation of this article to smoke marijuana in a public place.

It is lawful for a person 21 years of age or older to be under the influence of marijuana.

It is unlawful for a person not licensed to cultivate marijuana, except in compliance with the following requirements:
(a) Marijuana may be cultivated only by persons 21 years of age or older.
(b) Marijuana may be cultivated and possessed in compliance with this Act.
(c) A licensed nursery may cultivate seedlings for sale to persons 21 years of age or older, but shall destroy any seedling if it has not been purchased by a consumer before it reaches maturity.

(d) Except for the sale of seedlings by a licensed nursery, marijuana cultivated pursuant to this section may not be sold.
(e) For the purposes of this article, “seedling” means a marijuana plant with no observable flowers or buds.

(a) Unlawful cultivation of marijuana is a violation of this article.
(b) Providing or selling marijuana to, or purchasing or cultivating marijuana for, a person under 21 years of age is a violation of this Act. However, this article is not intended to preclude prosecution under any
other applicable provision.
(c) Selling, providing, or transporting marijuana, or possessing marijuana with the intent to sell, provide, or transport that marijuana, into a state in which the receiving, purchasing, or possessing of marijuana would violate that state’s laws is a violation of this Act.
(d) Possession or use of marijuana by a person under 21 years of age is a violation of this Act.

Violations of this Act shall be penalized as follows:
(a) A violation of subdivision (b) is an infraction punishable by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100).
(b) A violation of subdivision (b) is a misdemeanor.
(c) A violation of subdivision (b) is an infraction punishable by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100).
(d) A violation of subdivision (a) is a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding 10 days.
(e) A violation of subdivision (b) is an infraction punishable by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100).
(f) A violation of subdivision (c) is a felony.
(g) A violation of subdivision (d) is an infraction punishable by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars ($100).

Notwithstanding any other law, it is lawful to possess, transport, or sell the mature stalks of the plant Cannabis sativa L., fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of the mature stalks (except the resin extracted therefrom, which is regulated as marijuana), fiber, oil, or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant that is incapable of germination.

State or local funds shall not be expended on, and state or local law enforcement or other personnel shall not assist in, the enforcement of any federal or other laws that are inconsistent with this Act, or provide for greater sanctions than those in state law for conduct prohibited by this Act.

This Act shall not be construed to affect or limit any criminal statute that forbids impairment while engaging in dangerous activities like driving, or that penalizes bringing marijuana to a school enrolling pupils in kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive.

This article shall not be construed to affect the rights of employers concerning employees who use marijuana.

(a) Except as authorized by law, every person 18 years of age or over who possesses marijuana or concentrated cannabis upon the grounds of, or within, any school providing instruction in kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, during hours the school is open for classes or school-related programs is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars ($500), or by imprisonment in the county jail for a period of not more than 10 days, or both.
(b) Except as authorized by law, every person under 18 years of age who possesses marijuana or concentrated cannabis, upon the grounds of, or within, any school providing instruction in kindergarten or any of grades 1 through 12 during hours the school is open for classes or school-related programs is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be subject to the following dispositions:
(1) A fine of not more than two hundred fifty dollars ($250), upon a finding that a first offense has been committed.
(2) A fine of not more than five hundred dollars ($500), or commitment to a juvenile hall, ranch, camp, forestry camp, or secure juvenile home for a period of not more than 10 days, or both, upon a finding that a second or subsequent offense has been committed.
Except as authorized by law, every person who sells or possesses for sale any marijuana is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not to exceed five thousand dollars ($5,000), or imprisonment not exceeding one year in a county jail, or both the fine and imprisonment. The court shall order that any fines assessed be deposited in the Drug Abuse Prevention Supplemental Funding Account.
.
(a) Except as authorized by law, no person shall maintain or operate any place of business in which drug paraphernalia is kept, displayed or offered in any manner, sold, furnished, transferred or given away unless such drug paraphernalia is completely and wholly kept, displayed or offered within a separate room or enclosure to which persons under the age of 18 years are excluded. Each entrance to such a room or enclosure shall be signposted in reasonably visible and legible words to the effect that drug paraphernalia is kept, displayed or offered in such room or enclosure and that minors are excluded.
(b) Except as authorized by law, no owner, manager, proprietor or other person in charge of any room or enclosure, within any place of business, in which drug paraphernalia is kept, displayed or offered in any manner, sold, furnished, transferred or given away shall permit or allow any person under the age of 21 years to enter, be in, remain in or visit such room or enclosure.

(c) Unless authorized by law, no person under the age of 21 years shall enter, be in, remain in or visit any room or enclosure in any place of business in which drug paraphernalia is kept, displayed or offered in any manner, sold, furnished, transferred or given away.

(d) As used in this section, "drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products, and materials of any kind which are intended for use or designed for use, in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into the human body a controlled substance. "Drug paraphernalia" includes, but is not limited to, all of the following:

(1) Kits intended for use or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing or harvesting of any species of plant which is a controlled substance or from which a controlled substance can be derived.

(2) Kits intended for use or designed for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, or preparing controlled substances.

(3) Isomerization devices intended for use or designed for use in increasing the potency of any species of plant which is a controlled substance.

(4) Testing equipment intended for use or designed for use in identifying, or in analyzing the strength, effectiveness or purity of controlled substances.

(5) Scales and balances intended for use or designed for use in weighing or measuring controlled substances.

(6) Diluents and adulterants, such as quinine hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite, dextrose, and lactose, intended for use or designed for use in cutting controlled substances.

(7) Blenders, bowls, containers, spoons, and mixing devices intended for use or designed for use in compounding controlled substances.

(8) Capsules, balloons, envelopes, and other containers intended for use or designed for use in packaging small quantities of controlled substances.

(9) Containers and other objects intended for use or designed for use in storing or concealing controlled substances.

(10) Hypodermic syringes, needles, and other objects intended for use or designed for use in parenterally injecting controlled substances into the human body.

(11) Objects intended for use or designed for use in ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing cocaine into the human body, such as the following:

(A) Metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls.

(B) Water pipes.

(C) Carburetion tubes and devices.

(D) Smoking and carburetion masks.

(E) Roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning material that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand.

(F) Miniature cocaine spoons, and cocaine vials.
(G) Chamber pipes.
(H) Carburetor pipes.
(I) Electric pipes.
(J) Air-driven pipes.
(K) Chillums.
(L) Bongs.
(M) Ice pipes or chillers.
(e) In determining whether an object is drug paraphernalia, a court or other authority may consider, in addition to all other logically relevant factors, the following:
(1) Statements by an owner or by anyone in control of the object concerning its use.
(2) Prior convictions, if any, of an owner, or of anyone in control of the object, under any state or federal law relating to any controlled substance.
(3) Direct or circumstantial evidence of the intent of an owner, or of anyone in control of the object, to deliver it to persons whom he or she knows, or should reasonably know, intend to use the object to facilitate a violation of this section. The innocence of an owner, or of anyone in control of the object, as to a direct violation of this section shall not prevent a finding that the object is intended for use, or designed for use, as drug paraphernalia.
(4) Instructions, oral or written, provided with the object concerning its use.
(5) Descriptive materials, accompanying the object which explain or depict its use.
(6) National and local advertising concerning its use.
(7) The manner in which the object is displayed for sale.
(8) Whether the owner, or anyone in control of the object, is a legitimate supplier of like or related items to the community, such as a licensed distributor or dealer of tobacco or marijuana products.
(9) The existence and scope of legitimate uses for the object in the community.
(10) Expert testimony concerning its use.
(f) This section shall not apply to any of the following:

violation of this section shall not constitute a criminal offense, but operation of a business in violation of the provisions of this section shall be grounds for revocation or nonrenewal of any license, permit, or other entitlement previously issued by a city, county, or city and county for the privilege of engaging in such business and shall be grounds for denial of any future license, permit, or other entitlement authorizing the conduct of such business or any other business, if the business includes the sale of drug paraphernalia.

As used in this division:
(a) “Marketing of illegal controlled substances” means the possession for sale, sale, or distribution of a specified illegal controlled substance, and shall include all aspects of making such a controlled substance available, including, but not limited to, its manufacture.

(b) “Individual user of an illegal controlled substance” means the individual whose use of a specified illegal controlled substance is the basis of an action brought under this division.
(c) “Level 1 offense” means the possession for sale of less than four ounces or the sale or furnishing of less than one ounce of a specified illegal substance.
(d) “Level 2 offense” means the possession for sale of four ounces or more but less than eight ounces of, or the sale or furnishing of one ounce or more but less than two ounces of, a specified illegal substance.
(e) “Level 3 offense” means the possession for sale of eight ounces or more but less than 16 ounces of, or the sale or furnishing of two ounces or more but less than four ounces of, a specified illegal substance.
(f) “Level 4 offense” means the possession for sale of 16 ounces or more of, or the sale or furnishing of four ounces or more of, a specified illegal controlled substance.
(g) “Participate in the marketing of illegal controlled substances” means to transport, import into this state, sell, possess with intent to sell, furnish, administer, or give away, or offer to transport, import into this state, sell, furnish, administer, or give away a specified illegal controlled substance. “Participate in the marketing of illegal controlled substances” shall include the manufacturing of an illegal controlled substance, but shall not include the purchase or receipt of an illegal controlled substance for personal use only.
(h) “Person” means an individual, governmental entity, corporation, firm, trust, partnership, or incorporated or unincorporated association, existing under or authorized by the laws of this state, another state, or a foreign country.
(i) “Period of illegal use” means, in relation to the individual user of an illegal controlled substance, the time of the individual’s first illegal use of an illegal controlled substance to the accrual of the cause of action.
(j) “Place of illegal activity” means, in relation to the individual user of an illegal controlled substance, each county in which the individual illegally possesses or uses an illegal controlled substance during the period of the individual’s use of an illegal controlled substance.
(k) “Place of participation” means, in relation to a defendant in an action brought under this division, each county in which the person participates in the marketing of illegal controlled substances during the period of the person’s participation in the marketing of illegal controlled substances.
(l) “Specified illegal controlled substance” means cocaine, phencyclidine, heroin, or methamphetamine and any other illegal controlled substance the manufacture, cultivation, importation into this state,
transportation, possession for sale, sale, furnishing, administering, or giving away of which is a violation of this Act.

MARIJUANA FEES

CHAPTER 1. General Provisions and Definitions

It is the intent of the people in enacting this part to discourage drug use and to raise revenue for drug education and drug awareness programs by enacting a supplemental fee on marijuana.

This part shall be known and may be cited as the Marijuana Supplemental Fee Law.

Except where the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in Part 1 shall govern the construction of this part.

For purposes of this part:

(a) “Marijuana” includes all marijuana, concentrated cannabis, and their derivatives, except that marijuana containing less than one-half of 1 percent tetrahydrocannabinol by weight is not subject to this supplemental fee.

(b) “Retailer” means any retailer licensed to sell marijuana at retail.

CHAPTER 3. Collection and Administration

Part 1 shall govern returns and payments, determinations, collections of fees, overpayments and refunds, and administration under this part.

The board shall enforce this part and may prescribe, adopt, and enforce rules and regulations relating to the administration and enforcement of this part. The board may prescribe the extent to which any ruling or regulation shall be applied without retroactive effect.

CHAPTER 4. Disposition of Proceeds and Adjustment of the Fee

Any amount required to be paid to the state under this part shall be paid to the Drug Abuse Prevention Supplemental Funding Account, which is hereby created in the General Fund. Upon appropriation by the Legislature, the moneys in the fund shall be expended exclusively for drug education, awareness, and rehabilitation programs under the jurisdiction of the State.

The fee imposed shall be annually reviewed to determine whether a fee less than that specified will
provide sufficient resources to support its drug education, awareness, and rehabilitation programs. Based on this annual review, the State shall adjust that fee to an amount not to exceed fifty dollars ($50) per ounce of marijuana that is necessary to fund its drug education, awareness, and rehabilitation programs
.

The Vehicle Code shall read:

(a) No person shall have in his or her possession on his or her person, while driving a motor vehicle, more than 16 ounces of marijuana~~,~~ or who ingests any amount of marijuana while driving a motor vehicle, or who possesses any amount of marijuana while driving in a motor vehicle that is not contained in a locked compartment or other locked container is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars ($100). This subdivision shall not preclude prosecution pursuant to any other provision of law that applies to

the impaired operation of a motor vehicle or other dangerous conduct. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the person has been previously convicted three or more times of an offense described in this subdivision during the two-year period immediately preceding the date of commission of the violation to be charged, the previous convictions shall also be charged in the accusatory pleading and, if found to be true by the jury upon a jury trial or by the court upon a court trial or if admitted by the person, the court shall divert and refer the person for education, treatment, or rehabilitation, without a court hearing or determination or the concurrence of the district attorney, to an appropriate community program which will accept the person. If the person is so diverted and referred, the person is not subject to the fine specified in this subdivision. In any case in which a person is arrested for a violation of this Act, the person shall be released by the arresting officer upon presentation of satisfactory evidence of identity and giving his or her written promise to appear in court, and shall not be subjected to booking.
:
A convicted drug felon shall be eligible to receive food stamps under this section.
(b) Subdivision (a) does not apply to a person who has been convicted of unlawfully transporting, importing into this state, selling, furnishing, administering, giving away, possessing for sale, purchasing for purposes of sale, manufacturing a controlled substance, possessing precursors with the intent to manufacture a controlled substance.
(c) Subdivision (a) does not apply to a person who has been convicted of unlawfully soliciting, inducing, encouraging, or intimidating a minor to participate in any activity listed in subdivision (b).
(d) As a condition of eligibility to receive food stamps, an applicant convicted of a felony drug offense that is not excluded under subdivision (b) or (c) shall be required to provide proof of one of the following subsequent to the most recent drug-related conviction:
(1) Completion of a government-recognized drug treatment program.
(2) Participation in a government-recognized drug treatment program.
(3) Enrollment in a government-recognized drug treatment program.
(4) Placement on a waiting list for a government-recognized drug treatment program.
(5) Other evidence that the illegal use of controlled substances has ceased, as established by State Department of Social Services regulations.
(e) The department may implement this section through an all-county letter or similar instructions from the director.
(f) The department shall adopt regulations as otherwise necessary to implement this Act. Emergency regulations adopted for implementation of this section may be adopted by the director. The adoption of emergency regulations shall be deemed to be an emergency and necessary for immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety, or general welfare.
C.
The provisions of this act are severable. If any provision of this act or its application is held invalid, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

D.

No reimbursement is required by this act because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, or changes the definition of a crime.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ECU-502 By: Starkey (ECU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the mandating of the use of natural gas in United States Post Office vehicles; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the United States Postal Service Budge Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Every USPS station will improve their economic status by switching their vehicles to natural gas or electric. There will also be a route revision, with emphasis on drop box location. (Elderly and disabled will be taken into consideration)

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill ECU-503 By: Robertson (ECU)

An act relating to the mandating of a statewide voting holiday to create a holiday to take place on the second Wednesday in November, that all possible state and local elections could be held on.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Oklahoma Statewide Voting Holiday Act of 2013"

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

All elections in the State of Oklahoma, not including National elections, where it is not feasable, shall be held on the second Wednesday in the month of November. This will be a Statewide holiday to encourage people to get out and vote.

Section 3. Definitions

Holiday - a day that employers are required to give their employees off, specifically in this instance for the purposes of voting.

Section 4. It is imperative to the preservation of our democratic system that we create a mechanism to open access to the polls, many people do not vote simply because they do not have the time or the polls are not open late enough when they get off work. This bill would solve the current problem, by mandating a time specifically for these purposes. This bill will be effective for the next state election takes place, or 90 days whichever comes first

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. NSU-501 By: Robinson (NSU)
Beasley (NSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the expansion of high school educational programs in the State of Oklahoma; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Parole Officer DLC Expansion Pack Alpha" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Oklahoma Parole Officers are to be held accountable for the aftercare of the ex-convicts in their charge. Arrangements are to be made to give parole officers the authority to send their charges to crisis units or like institutions only under the condition that the officer receives the proper training in crisis management and brief psychological education.

In addition, Parole Officers are to be required to receive certified training in mental illness akin to those given to substance abuse, grief, or school councilors. No advanced training in mental illness will be necessary.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. NSU-502 By: Robinson (NSU)
Beasley (NSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the mental stability of those under the care of the Oklahoma Department of Corrections; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "True Restorative Justice" Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

"Oklahoma Correctional Facility": Any facility such as a prison, jail, or rehabilitation clinic that is under the jurisdiction of the Oklahoma Department of Corrections.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

All students seeking post-secondary degrees in Psychological Counseling, Psychiatry, Behavioral Psychology, Substance Abuse Counseling, Clinical Nursing, and Theological Studies are to both enroll and fully complete in a semester of non-paid clinical/internship hours at Oklahoma Correctional Facilities in conjunction with the Oklahoma Board of Higher Education as a requirement for graduation.

Changes to the graduation/ degree obtainment criteria issued by the State of Oklahoma must be amended in order to accommodate this state policy.

Section 3. This act shall become effective two years after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. NSU-503 By: Robinson (NSU)
Beasley (NSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the expansion of high school educational programs in the State of Oklahoma; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Broken Homes" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

All publically funded-high schools within the State of Oklahoma shall establish a yearly, required, three-hour seminar for students that would require them to learn about mental illness in an age-appropriate fashion and how that affects families of criminals in the state by utilizing an hour of education in the following sociological concepts:

- Labeling Theory
- Deviance and Conformity
- Substance Abuse in the form of a Victim's Impact Panel

Section 3. This act shall become effective at the beginning of the next academic school year after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. NSU-504 By: Beasley (NSU)
Clark (NSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to food donation; providing short title; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Meal for One, Meal for All" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

If a business chooses to donate unopened, unspoiled, unused food product to a non-profit entity such as a homeless shelter or the like, the business will be given a tax credit in the amount of the value of the donations made.

Section 3. If the following requirements are met by the business then the business will be exempt from any liability caused by the donated items once possession has changed hands. However, if the agreement signed is found to be falsified the company forfeits all immunity from legal action.

These requirements include signing a binding agreement that the donated items have been stored safely, that the donated items are not expired, that the donated items are not defective in any way, and further by signing a waiver to offset the liability that comes from the transportation and donation of food; valid proof of purchases from original vendors for the donated items; and confirmation receipt from nonprofit organizations that receive donated food.

Section 4. This act shall be in effect January 1st, 2015.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. NSU-005 By: Ward (NSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to criminal punishment; providing short title; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Just and Fair" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

All criminal conviction punishments shall be accompanied with a percentage fine in proportion to the convicted individual's financial income.

Section 3. All misdemeanor convictions must be accompanied with a minimum five (5) percent fine. All felony convictions must be accompanied with a minimum ten (10) percent fine.

Section 4. The amount of the fine shall be the required percentage of the convicted individual's most recent tax fillings for gross income. If the individual has no tax records the judge shall set a just and reasonable fine in accordance with the principle of a felony being a higher fine than a misdemeanor.

Section 5. This act shall take effect 91.5 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. 506 By: Moore (NSU)
Robinson(NSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the rebuilding of Oklahoma's internal infrastructure to promote a stronger economy; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Better than Texas" Act of 2013.

Section 2. Definitions:

Infrastructure: The basic facilities, services, and installations needed for the functioning of a community or society, such as transportation and communications systems, water and power lines, and public institutions including schools, post offices, and prisons.

Strong economy: Advancements in technology, surplus in jobs, strong agricultural system, advancements in education, including a higher pay for educators. That may contribute to the success and prosperity of the state of Oklahoma.

Advancements: Development; progress, or act of moving forward.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 120 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Joint Resolution No. NSU-601 By: Ward (NSU) of the House
Harris-Till (NSU) of the Senate

AS INTRODUCED

A resolution acknowledging the importance of Interstate 44 and the traffic cone, establishing the Official Oklahoma State symbol, and establishing the Official Oklahoma State Vacation Destination .

WHEREAS, the State of Oklahoma is very well known across the country for our ongoing road construction; and

WHEREAS, that fact amazes us citizens since our roads appear to remain in a constant state of 'bad'; and

WHEREAS, anyone traveling across Oklahoma is significantly more likely to see a traffic cone than a redbud tree, bison, or wild turkey; and

WHEREAS, Interstate 44 originated in Oklahoma and is comprised of three turnpikes which are the H.E. Bailey, Turner, and Will Rogers Turnpikes; and

WHEREAS, Interstate 44 in Oklahoma has been under constant construction for over twenty years; and

WHEREAS, yes you read that right: constant construction since the early 1990's which is most of our lives; and

WHEREAS, most Oklahoma citizens would agree we have been exploited by the turnpike system our entire lives,

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE AND SENATE OF THE 1st SESSION OF THE 45th OKLAHOMA INTERCOLLEGIATE LEGISLATURE:

THAT, the official symbol of the State of Oklahoma shall be the blaze orange traffic cone; and

THAT, the official vacation destination of the State of Oklahoma shall be the H.E. Bailey, Turner, and/or Will Rogers Turnpikes.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OkCU-501 By: Ladd (OkCU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to firearms and higher education; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Women with Weapons" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Women are powerless in terms of self-defense, and are biologically inferior to the male species. This can be demonstrated in her wide range of emotions, as well as her inferior physical frame. Seeing as woman is too weak to defend herself without a weapon, it can be clearly demonstrated that women have special needs in regard to defense mechanisms. College women are also very feeble beings, not only faced with the stress of academia, but also the majority being of child bearing age. Therefore, with the exception of campus security, and police officers, be it resolved that only women, who have undergone the appropriate procedures in order to obtain permission to carry a firearm, may be allowed to carry firearms on public university campuses. This provision only pertains to women enrolled and/or affiliated with the university in which the firearm is carried.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OkCU-502 By: Jacobs (OKCU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to voting and elections; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the Voter Enfranchisement Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

A. All ballots for elections taking place in any township, town, city, municipality or county within this state shall have write-in blanks for all elected offices to be decided in said elections.

B. The following information shall be added to the voting instructions in all ballots:

To vote for a WRITE-IN candidate, clearly write in the name on the line provided AND complete the arrow pointing to your choice.

DO NOT CROSS OUT OR ERASE. If you make a mistake, ask for a new ballot.

C. All ballots shall contain blanks for write-in candidates identical to the example below:

FOR U.S. REPRESENTATIVE
DISTRICT NO. 1
(Vote for One)

MARY SMITH, Democrat ← ———
JOHN Q. PUBLIC, Republican ← ———
JANE DOE, Independent ← ———
_____ ← ———

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

A. An individual who wishes to seek nomination or election to a school,

village, township, city, county, state or federal office with write-in votes is required to file a formal declaration of intent with the appropriate election official no later than noon (12:00 p.m.) on the third Friday preceding the election for which he/she desires to run.

1. The local clerk shall be responsible for notifying the precinct board of any write-in candidate(s) who filed a declaration of intent by the aforementioned deadline.

2. A write-in vote cast for an individual who has not filed a declaration of intent shall be considered invalid.

3. A write-in vote cast for an individual who filed a declaration of intent shall be invalid unless the office for which the write-in vote was cast corresponds to the office identified on the declaration of intent.

4. In the event of a partisan primary election, a write-in vote cast for an individual who filed a declaration of intent shall be invalid unless the office and party correspond.

5. Write-in votes, as per the above reasons, shall not be considered when determining whether an "over vote" has occurred or whether a "crossover" vote has been cast at a partisan primary.

6. The requirement for the declaration of intent shall be waived if a candidate appearing on the ballot for the office involved is disqualified or dies after the deadline for filing a formal declaration of intent.

B. An individual who wishes to seek election to a city, county, state or federal office with write-in votes who cannot be in person to apply for the declaration of intent shall do so through a proxy representative.

1. The proxy shall provide three (3) forms of personal identification at the time of the filing of the declaration.

2. The proxy shall provide a signed and notarized letter from the candidate wishing to declare his/her intent to run for an elected office.

3. The proxy letter shall contain the following information:

a. The candidate's name;

b. The candidate's campaign or personal mailing address;

c. The candidate's Social Security number;

d. A statement of the candidate's desire to run for an office;

e. The specific name of the office for which he/she desires to run;

f. The full name, Social Security number or state-issued identification number, and campaign position title of the proxy presenting the letter;

g. The date of the letter;

h. The candidate's full name typed out;

i. The candidate's signature; and

j. The seal and signature of a registered notary public or elected judge in good standing in this state.

Section 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

A. Verification official groups shall be used to verify write-in ballots after the official closing time of polling places.

1. Each precinct shall have a group of eight (8) verification officials for ballots cast in an election.

2. Each verification group shall contain at least two (2) members of opposing registered parties, but no one group's membership shall compose a majority of the group.

B. These verification groups shall be charged with verifying the authenticity of votes cast for a write-in candidate.

1. Any ballot which has one (1) or more write-in candidates shall be examined by the verification group to determine the authenticity of the ballot and the candidate's name written in.

2. Any ballot write-in candidate shall be determined as valid with the agreement of at least five (5) members of the verification group.

3. Any write-in candidate which does not have the minimum number of verification officials' approval shall not be counted.

4. The groups may accept variations in the spelling of a write-in candidate's name if the voter's intent in casting the vote is clear.

5. Any ballot containing an intentional additional mark for or against any candidate, whether that name is printed on the ballot or is a write-in name, shall not be counted toward any candidate and shall be discarded.

C. These verification groups shall record all write-in votes as cast.

1. The record shall reflect:

a. The candidate's name with any name variations or misspellings preserved;

b. The office; and

c. The political party (if the election is a partisan primary).

2. The record shall be sent electronically to the state election board for final verification and tallying of votes.

Section 5. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

A write-in candidate shall be elected to the office for which he/she applied upon the receipt of more votes than any other candidate seeking the office. The only exceptions are:

A. The selecting of electors to cast electoral votes for the President of the United States, in which case those electoral votes shall be awarded to the electors for the write-in candidate if he/she receives more votes than any other candidate for that office; and

B. The selecting of a candidate in a partisan primary election, in which case the primary candidacy shall be awarded to the write-in candidate if he/she receives more votes than any other candidate for that office.

Section 6. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OkCU-503 By: Jacobs (OKCU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to motor vehicles and traffic violations; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the Passing Lane Reinstatement Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

A. The left-hand lanes of federal and state highways which contain more than two lanes proceeding in one direction shall be designated as passing lanes.

B. These lanes of traffic shall be reserved at all hours of any day for emergency vehicles in an emergency response status, which include, but are not limited to, those operated by fire departments, ambulance services or law enforcement agencies, whether governed by local, state, federal or tribal jurisdictions.

C. These lanes shall also be used by drivers who, when operating street legal motor vehicles or motorcycles at the posted speed limit, overtake and pass other drivers who operate their motor vehicles or motorcycles at a speed less than the posted limit.

D. Drivers who use these lanes shall do so only for a period of time necessary to safely overtake and pass one or more vehicles operating at a speed slower than the posted speed limit, and shall not exceed said speed limit by more than five miles per hour when in the process of overtaking and passing other vehicles; these drivers shall also merge with the flow of traffic in the right lane at the first opportunity.

E. Drivers operating their vehicles predominantly in the passing lane, without exhibiting effort to overtake and pass more slowly operating vehicles, shall:

1. On the first offense within one calendar year, be guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to a fine of not less than one hundred twenty-five dollars ($125.00);

2. On the second offense within one calendar year, be guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to a fine of not less than three hundred dollars ($300.00); and

3. On the third and subsequent offenses within one calendar year, be guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to a fine of not less than seven hundred fifty dollars ($750.00) and no less than eight (8) hours of court-appointed and state-approved traffic school.

F. The Oklahoma Department of Transportation (ODOT) shall be responsible for promulgating the rules and stipulations of this law by, but not limited to, the following means for a minimum of two (2) years after the implementation of this law:

1. Verbal and written notification when an individual applies to receive or renew his or her driver's license at any tag agency or other state-authorized institution; and

2. Verbal and written notification when an individual applies to receive or renew his or her car registration at any tag agency or other state-authorized institution.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OkCU-504 By: Jacobs (OKCU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to budgeting and intoxicating liquors; providing short title; providing for codification; enacting fees and costs; creating a special fund; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

SECTION 1. This act shall be known as the Alcoholic Beverage Statute Reform Act of 2013.

SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

A. All grocery stores, supermarkets and convenience stores in the state, with the purchase or renewal of a special license from the Oklahoma Alcoholic Beverage Law Enforcement Commission (ABLE), shall be allowed to sell strong beer and wine at a non-refrigerated temperature.

1. The strong beer and wine sold at the aforementioned places of businesses shall not compose greater than twenty percent (20%) of the entire alcoholic beverage inventory of that store at any time. Inventory shall be determined by the gross wholesale price of the product paid by the business.

2. The strong beer and wine sold at the aforementioned places of businesses shall be sold only between the hours of ten-o'-clock in the morning (10:00 a.m.) through nine-o'-clock in the evening (9:00 p.m.).

3. The strong beer and wine sold at the aforementioned places of businesses shall be conspicuously distinguished by packaging and by its location in the stores.

4. The strong beer and wine sold at the aforementioned places of businesses shall not be sold on the following days as recognized by the state or federal government:

a. New Year's Day;

b. Memorial Day;

c. Independence Day;

d. Labor Day;

e. Thanksgiving Day; or

f. Christmas Day.

B. An individual who wishes to purchase a special license through ABLE to allow the sale of strong beer or wine at his/her grocery store, supermarket or convenience store shall:

1. Purchase the special license through ABLE at a fee of one thousand dollars ($1,000.00) per calendar year; and

2. Complete four (4) hours of training in person through ABLE for the purchase or renewal of his special license. The training may be conducted at the place of business for which the special license was purchased, or at any ABLE location within the state.

C. Only one special ABLE license is permitted per person per year.

D. All strong beer and wine sold at the aforementioned places of business shall be taxed with a special levy at the rate of three-fourths of one percent (0.75%) on the gross retail price paid by the consumer, to be added at the point of purchase. These businesses shall remit the special tax to the Oklahoma Tax Commission by the last calendar day of each month.

SECTION 3. NEW LAW All specialty liquor stores in the state, with the purchase or renewal of a special license from ABLE, shall be allowed to sell strong beer and wine at a refrigerated temperature.

A. The strong beer and wine sold at a specially licensed specialty liquor store shall not compose greater than twenty-five percent (25%) of the entire alcoholic beverage inventory of that store at any time. Inventory shall be determined by the gross wholesale price of the product paid by the business.

B. The strong beer and wine sold at specially licensed specialty liquor stores shall be sold only between the hours of ten-o'-clock in the morning (10:00 a.m.) through nine-o'-clock in the evening (9:00 p.m.).

C. The strong beer and wine sold at specially licensed specialty liquor stores shall not be sold on the following days as recognized by the state or federal government:

1. New Year's Day;

2. Memorial Day;

3. Independence Day;

4. Labor Day;

5. Thanksgiving Day; or

6. Christmas Day.

D. An individual who wishes to purchase a special license through ABLE to allow the sale of strong beer or wine at his/her specialty liquor store shall:

1. Purchase the license through ABLE at a fee of two thousand dollars ($2,000.00) per calendar year; and

2. Complete four (4) hours of training in person through ABLE for the purchase or renewal of his license. The training may be conducted at the place of business for which the license was purchased, or at any ABLE location within the state.

E. Only one special ABLE license is permitted per person.

F. All strong beer and wine sold at the aforementioned places of business shall be taxed with a special levy at the rate of three-fourths of one percent (0.75%) on the gross retail price paid by the consumer, to be added at the point of purchase. These businesses shall remit the special tax to the Oklahoma Tax Commission by the last calendar day of each month.

SECTION 4. NEW LAW All employees of the aforementioned specialty liquor stores, grocery stores, supermarkets and convenience stores shall undergo one (1) hour of special training through ABLE per year.

A. This training shall cover the following information:

1. Identification of drunken or otherwise inebriated individuals;

2. The mandate to verify the date of birth of any individual attempting to purchase alcoholic beverages who appear to be at least thirty-five (35) years of age or greater;

3. The penalties for selling alcoholic beverages to any individual who is younger than twenty-one (21) years of age, or who appears to be inebriated, drunken or intoxicated;

4. The dangers of drunken or intoxicated driving; and

5. The importance of and technique in classifying and segregating strong beer and strong wine from low-point beer and low-point wine.

B. The training shall be conducted by an authorized ABLE agent either at the place of business for which the license was purchased, or at any ABLE location within the state.

SECTION 5. AMENDATORY For the purposes of this bill:

A. "Strong beer" and "strong wine" shall be defined as fermented beverages containing a percentage of alcohol by volume greater than three and two-tenths percent (3.2%).

B. "Low-point" beer and wine shall be defined as fermented beverages containing a percentage of alcohol by volume less than or equal to three and two-tenths percent (3.2%).

C. "Refrigerated" shall be defined as the storage of a fermented beverage at a temperature less than or equal to forty-four degrees Fahrenheit (44º F).

SECTION 6. NEW LAW A special fund in the state's General Revenue Fund shall be created to receive the special taxes and special license purchase fees mentioned in this bill.

A. The fund shall be called the "Oklahoma Anti-Drunk Driving Education Fund."

B. The fund shall be managed by the State Treasurer's office.

C. The fund shall be used by any authorized state agency for the purpose of slowing or preventing the growth of drunken driving in the state of Oklahoma.

D. Requests for grants from this fund shall be delivered, in writing, to the State Treasurer's office six (6) months after the passing of this bill.

SECTION 7. This act shall become effective on December 30, 2013.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OkCU-505 By: Grover (OkCU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to motor vehicle operation; providing short title; making certain acts unlawful; providing penalty; providing definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Focused Drivers" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 11-901d of Title 47, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. It shall be unlawful for any person within the state of Oklahoma on any public street or highway to operate a motor vehicle while using any non-hands free communication devices.
B. The provisions of subsection A of this section are not applicable to any person who is using their non-hands free device for the purpose of communicating an emergency situation to the following parties:
   1. An emergency response operator;
   2. A hospital, physician's office or health clinic;
   3. A provider of ambulance services;
   4. A provider of firefighting services; or
   5. A law enforcement agency.
C. Any person in violating of the provisions of subsection A of this section shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine that shall not exceed Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars ($250.00).
D. Any person in violating the provisions of subsection A of this section shall, upon conviction, be punished by the application of two points upon their driving record.

Section 3. "Non-hands free communication devices" include a mobile telephone or electronic device with which a user engages in a telephone call, sends, receives, or stores media, or sends or reads a text message while requiring the use of at least one hand.

Section 4. "Public street" refers to any main road or thoroughfare, such as a street, boulevard, or parkway, available to the public for use for travel or transportation.

Section 5. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OPSU-501 By: Stroud (OPSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to motor vehicles on college campuses; providing short title; providing for codification; providing for exemptions; providing for definitions; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Earn Your Right to Drive" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

All students attending an institute of higher education shall be prohibited from keeping and using a motor vehicle on campus.

Section 3. Exemptions:

The following shall be exempt from the prohibition:

A. Students living off-campus.
B. Freshman students who achieve and maintain a 3.5 GPA or higher for their first year.
C. All non-freshman students who maintain a cumulative GPA of 2.0 or higher.
D. Students approved by the President or Vice-President of their respective institutions.

Section 4. Definitions:

A. Freshman student: Any student with 0-24 credit hours at an institute of higher education.

B. Institute of Higher Education: All colleges and universities in the Oklahoma State System of Higher Education.

C. Campus: All institution property included but not limited to housing, classroom buildings, off-site institute property, or institutionally-maintained areas.

Section 5. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Concurrent Resolution No. 701 By: Orosco of the House (OPSU)
Murphy of the Senate (OPSU)

AS INTRODUCED

A concurrent resolution declaring ice cream cupcakes as the official dessert of Oklahoma.

WHEREAS, Oklahomans enjoy eating dessert; and

WHEREAS, ice cream and cupcakes are two of the best desserts ever and can be combined to form ice cream cupcakes; and

WHEREAS, there is a plentiful supply of cupcakes in Oklahoma City, the capital of the State of Oklahoma, and throughout the State of Oklahoma; and

WHEREAS, ice cream cupcakes are awesome.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE 1ST SESSION OF THE 45TH OKLAHOMA INTERCOLLEGIATE LEGISLATURE, THE SENATE CONCURRING THEREIN:

THAT ice cream cupcakes be recognized as the official dessert of the State of Oklahoma.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

HOUSE BILL NO. OSU-501 By: Allen (OSU)

AS INTODUCED

An act relating to the solemnization of marriage contracts providing short title; providing for codification; providing for nullification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

Section 1. This act shall be known as "The Civil Marriage Act of 2013"

Section 2. A new section of law to be added to Title 43 Section 7. as new subsection E, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

Everyone person in the state of Oklahoma who applies for a marriage contract must apply for their contract through their nearest or most convenient judicial official. This act removes the force of law from religious marriage ceremonies officiated by the clerical establishment or any other religious official aforementioned in previous statutes. All future marriage contracts must be presided over by judicial officials of the state of Oklahoma. All marriage contracts made in religious ceremonies prior to the enacting of "The Civil Marriage Act of 2013" will be grandfathered in and are not under the purview of this legislation.

Section 3. EXCEPTIONS

Marriage contracts enacted in other states in religious ceremonies will be respected and seen as legally binding contracts

Section 4. Any conflicting acts preceding this act are hereby nullified.

Section 5. This act shall become effective ninety (90) days after passage and approval

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-502 By: Barton (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to wellbeing of military families serving and within the Oklahoma Military Department (Oklahoma National Guard) and further development to "Get to a better state" of protection against natural disasters protection; providing short title; providing definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "OMD Family Wellness" Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS:

a. "Combat" as defined as a act of fighting
b. Oklahoma Military Department proper term referring to the Oklahoma National Guard
c. "Combat Zone" refers to an area designated by the President of the United States that is engaged in combat.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

As defined differently just as a member of the Oklahoma Military Department may not be serving in a "Combat Zone" they may still potentially se "Combat". With an effort to decrease the heavy burden on families with members with active military status within the military the State of Oklahoma shall attempt to work and provide when possible and probable an open line of communication so that a deployed member of the Oklahoma Military Department that is a mother, father, parent, or other family member shall be able to communicate with their spouse and spouse, children, and or family member state side in an effort to decrease the emotional stress on military families. For the protection of the value of the family structure and effectiveness of the state militia and military women serving within the Oklahoma Military Department abroad shall not serve in combat or serve in a position that they are likely to see combat that puts themselves in harm's way potentially endangering the their own lives and the lives of their fellow soldiers.

Section 4. It being immediately necessary for the greater good, promote the general welfare, in Order to form a more perfect State, establish Justice, insure domestic

Tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general Welfare, and secure the Blessings of Liberty to ourselves and do ordain the public peace, health and safety by declaring whereof this act shall take effect July 4, in the year of our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ 2013 and be in full form from and after its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-503 By: Barton (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to vehicle license plates; repealing O.S. §47-4-107, providing for codification; amending O.S.§47-429; amending O.S. §47-1113; providing for nullification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Plated Front and Back" Act of 2013.

Section 2. REPEALER O.S. §47-4-107. Subsection (d) is hereby repealed:

~~(d) A person who removes a license plate from a vehicle or affixes to a vehicle a license plate not authorized by law for use on said vehicle with intent to conceal or misrepresent the identity of the vehicle or its owner shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor.~~

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

The owner of a motor vehicle to which license plates have been assigned by the Department may remove the license plates from the motor vehicle and use them on another motor vehicle owned by a person operating a garage or owned by a motor vehicle dealer provided such use does not extend for more than five days and provided the use is limited to the time during which the first motor vehicle is being repaired or while the second motor vehicle is loaned to him for demonstration.

The policy of liability insurance issued to the owner of a motor vehicle and covering the operation thereof shall extend to and be the primary insurance applicable to his operation of a motor vehicle on which he has placed license tags from another motor vehicle.

A. Every license plate shall be securely fastened to the motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer to which it is assigned:

1. So as to prevent the plate from swinging,
2. In a position to be clearly visible, and
3. In a condition to be clearly legible.

B. No colored glass, colored plastic, bracket, holder, mounting, frame, or any other type of covering shall be placed, mounted, or installed on, around, or over any license plate if such glass, plastic, bracket, holder,

mounting, frame, or other type of covering in any way alters or obscures (i) the alpha-numeric information, (ii) the color of the license plate, (iii) the name or abbreviated name of the state wherein the vehicle is registered, or (iv) any character or characters, decal, stamp, or other device indicating the month or year in which the vehicle's registration expires. No insignia, emblems, or trailer hitches or couplings shall be mounted in such a way as to hide or obscure any portion of the license plate or render any portion of the license plate illegible. Their shall be nothing on the license plate that makes it unable to be read being but not limited to mud or reflective substance.

Section 4. AMMENDATORY O.S.§47-429.

No license or license plate issued pursuant to this Act may be sold ~~or transferred, and no license or license plate may be transferred from one vehicle to another~~.

Section 5. AMENDATORY O.S. §47-1113. Subsection A, 2 is amended to read as follows:

2. License plates assigned to a motor vehicle, other than a motorcycle, tractor truck, trailer, or semitrailer, or to persons licensed as motor vehicle dealers or transporters of unladen vehicles, shall be attached to the front and the rear of the vehicle. The license plate assigned to a motorcycle, trailer, or semitrailer shall be attached to the rear of the vehicle. The license plate assigned to a tractor truck shall be attached to the front of the vehicle. The license plates issued to licensed motor vehicle dealers and to persons licensed as transporters of unladen vehicles shall consist of one plate for each set issued and shall be attached to the rear of the vehicle to which it is assigned. License plates attached to trailers shall be attached within five feet of the rear of the trailer so that the license plate can be read by a following vehicle.

The license plates shall be securely attached to the front and rear of all vehicles and trailers for use on public roads and highways within the state, except truck-tractor plates which shall be attached to the front of the vehicle. The Tax Commission may, with the concurrence of the Department of Public Safety, by Joint Rule, change and direct the manner, place and location of display of any vehicle license plate when such action is deemed in the public interest. The license plate, decal and all letters and numbers shall be clearly visible at all times. The operation of a vehicle in this state, regardless of where such vehicle is registered, upon which the license plate is covered, overlaid or otherwise screened with any material, whether such material be clear, translucent, tinted or opaque, shall be a violation of this paragraph.

Section 6. Any acts in conflict with this legislation are hereby nullified

Section 7. It being necessary for the greater good, promote the general welfare, in Order to form a more perfect State, establish Justice, insure domestic Tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general Welfare, and secure the Blessings of Liberty to ourselves and do ordain the public peace, health and safety by declaring whereof this act shall take effect July 4, in the year of our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ 2015 and be in full form from and after its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2012)

House Bill No. OSU-504 By: Barton (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to legislative term limits; repealing Article 5 O.S. Section 17-A; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Restoring Rights of Voters" Act of 2012.

Section 2. REPEALER Article 5 O.S. § 17A is hereby repealed.

~~Any member of the Legislature who is elected to office after the effective date of this amendment shall be eligible to serve no more than 12 years in the Oklahoma State Legislature. Years in Legislative office need not be consecutive and years of service in both the Senate and the House of Representatives shall be added together and included in determining the total number of Legislative years in office. The years served by any member elected or appointed to serve less than a full Legislative term to fill a vacancy in office shall not be included in the 12-year limitation set forth herein; but no member who has completed 12 years in office shall thereafter be eligible to serve a partial term. Any member who is serving a Legislative term in office or who has been elected or appointed to serve a term in office on the effective date hereof shall be entitled to complete his or her term and shall be eligible to serve an additional 12 years thereafter. This amendment shall be effective on the 1st day of the year following its adoption.~~

Section 3. It being immediately necessary for the greater good, promote the general welfare, in Order to form a more perfect State, establish Justice, insure domestic Tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general Welfare, and secure the Blessings of Liberty to ourselves and do ordain the public peace, health and safety by declaring whereof this act shall take effect July 4, in the year of our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ 2013 and be in full form from and after its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-505 By: Barton (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to the misuse of pharmaceutical drugs controlled substances and illegal drugs, providing short title, providing for definitions, providing for codification, providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Policy Gone Up in Smoke” Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS:

d. "Illegal drug" means a drug whose distribution is a violation of state law

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

A. Possession of Illegal drugs includes physical possession as well as consumption. Violators are subject to state law and statutes. If drug producers, consumers, distributors or any other aiding and abetting persons or businesses are reported to or location revealed to the Oklahoma Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs or other law enforcement that leads to prosecution the source of this information the source may not be charged in relation to that single crime. If probable cause exists of the violation of the use or consumption of illegal or unprescribed drug the individual may be tested.

B. Ephedrine and pseudoephedrine shall become a prescription required pharmaceutical drug.

Section 4. It being immediately necessary for the greater good, promote the general welfare, in Order to form a more perfect State, establish Justice, insure domestic Tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general Welfare, and secure the Blessings of Liberty to ourselves and do ordain the public peace, health and safety by declaring whereof this act shall take effect July 4, in the year of our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ 2013 and be in full form from and after its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-506 By: Barton (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to drug education, providing definitions, providing for codification, providing penalties, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the “Education Policy Gone Up in Smoke” Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS:

a. "Illegal drug" means a drug whose distribution is a violation of state law

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Illegal drug use education consistent with the guidelines of the National Institute of Health and the State Department of Health about the negative effects of illegal drug consumption is required for all middle and high school students at least once in grades 6th through 8th and again at least once in grades 9th through 12th.

Section 4. PENALTIES

With the confirmed report of district and school delinquency the school district and school shall be flagged for observation for the following academic school year. If the needed improvements are not made for the following school year the school and district shall be publicly released as delinquent under the “Educating Before Getting High as a Cloud” Act and observed by school or district administration for subsequent years when the drug use and education is taught. The penalties shall be administered and followed up by the Oklahoma State Department of Education.

Section 5. It being immediately necessary for the greater good, promote the general welfare, in Order to form a more perfect State, establish Justice, insure domestic Tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general Welfare, and secure the Blessings of Liberty to ourselves and do ordain the public peace, health and safety by declaring whereof this act shall take effect July 4, in the year of our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ 2013 and be in full form from and after its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-507 By: Brock (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to Social Security benefits of minors; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Minor Benefits" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

If a parent of a child has passed away and has not worked long enough to receive Social Security benefits that the child is still entitled to Social Security benefits.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-508 By: Carlile (OSU)
Maxwell (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the University of Oklahoma men's basketball team's performance in the Bedlam basketball game; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "The Not So Boomer Sooner" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

In light of the University of Oklahoma's performance in the Men's 2013 Bedlam basketball game, all players on the men's basketball team at the University of Oklahoma shall be required to take a course in physics and a trigonometry based mathematics course to salvage any chance of the University of Oklahoma ever beating Oklahoma State University in Bedlam. Each class shall be worth 4 credit hours with a mandatory lab and be considered a requirement of each student in order to be considered eligible to be players on the University of Oklahoma Men's basketball team.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-509 By: Carroll (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

As act relating to tobacco & alcohol tax; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Medical Tax Act (MTA)" of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. When a consumer purchases a tobacco & alcohol item for recreation purposes, the subtotal tax of that item will be in the MTA fund.
2. If company is having trouble with their stocker holders, they may raise their price on item no more than $1.08 on the product.
3. Companies can only raise the prices once a year.
4. Funds from this act shall only be provided for medication, doctor visits, surgeries, and transportation for disabled & the senior citizens.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-510 Eno (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to high school graduation requirements; providing short title; providing definitions; providing for codification; providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

SECTION 1. This act shall be known as the "Future Success" Act of 2013.

SECTION 2. Definitions

Certificate of Completion shall be defined as a state-administered official document given to those students who have successfully completed the required secondary education program.

SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. A Certificate of Completion shall be awarded to those graduating seniors who have successfully completed all required classes in the district's curriculum but have not passed the state standardized tests.
2. Each individual graduating student must pass required classes in fields of Math, English, Science, and U.S. History with a grade of 70% or higher.
3. A Certificate of Completion shall be the equivalent of a high school diploma except in the case of applying to a higher education institution.

SECTION 4. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-511 By: Hesse (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to eyewitness identification procedures; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; providing for nullification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Arvin McGee" Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINTIONS

For the purposes of this Act:

A. "Administrator" means the person conducting the photo or live lineup;
B. "Suspect" means the person believed by law enforcement to be the possible perpetrator of the crime;
C. "Blind" means the administrator does not know the identity of the suspect;
D. "Blinded" means the administrator may know who the suspect is, but does not know which lineup member is being viewed by the eyewitness;
E. "Eyewitness" means a person who observes another person at or near the scene of an offense;
F. "Filler" means either a person or a photograph of a person who is not suspected of an offense and is included in an identification procedure;
G. "Live lineup" means an identification procedure in which a group of persons, including the suspected perpetrator of an offense and other persons not suspected of the offense, is displayed to an eyewitness for the purpose of determining whether the eyewitness identifies the suspect as the perpetrator;
H. "Photo lineup" means an identification procedure in which an array of photographs, including a photograph of the suspected perpetrator of an offense and additional photographs of other persons not suspected of the offense, is displayed to an eyewitness either in hard copy form or via computer for the purpose of determining whether the eyewitness identifies the suspect as the perpetrator; and
I. "Showup" means an identification procedure in which an eyewitness is presented with a single suspect for the purpose of determining whether the eyewitness identifies this individual as the perpetrator.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read

as follows:

A. Not later than January 1, 2014, any criminal justice entity conducting eyewitness identification procedures shall adopt written policies for using an eyewitness to identify a suspect upon viewing the suspect in person in a live lineup or showup or upon viewing a representation of the suspect in a photo lineup. Each government entity in Oklahoma that administers eyewitness identification procedures shall provide a copy of its written policies to the Secretary of Safety and Security no later than February 1, 2014.

B. A law enforcement agency shall biennially review policies adopted under this section. In developing and revising policies under this section, a law enforcement agency shall consider those practices shown by reliable evidence to enhance the accuracy of identification procedures. Each government entity in Oklahoma that administers eyewitness identification procedures must submit its updated written policies to the Secretary of the Department of Public Safety no later than February 1 of each odd-numbered year.

C. A law enforcement agency shall include in policies adopted under this Section practices to enhance the objectivity and reliability of eyewitness identifications and to minimize the possibility of mistaken identifications, including the following:

1. Having a blind or blinded administrator perform the live or photo lineup;
2. Providing the eyewitness with instructions that minimize the likelihood of an inaccurate identification;
3. Composing the lineup so that the fillers generally resemble the eyewitness's description of the perpetrator, and so that the suspect does not unduly stand out from the fillers;
4. Using the appropriate number of fillers in a live and a photo lineup;
5. Ensuring, when practicable, that a photograph of the suspect used in a photo lineup is contemporary and resembles his appearance at the time of the offense;
6. Presenting separate photo and live lineups when there are multiple eyewitnesses, ensuring the same suspect is placed in a different position for each identification procedure;
7. Having the administrator seek and document a clear statement from the eyewitness, at the time of the identification and in the eyewitness's own words, as to the eyewitness's confidence level that the person identified is the person who committed the crime;
8. Minimizing factors at any point in time that influence an eyewitness to identify a suspect or affect his or her confidence level in identifying a suspect, including verbal or nonverbal statements by or reactions from the

administrator;
9. Presenting lineup members one at a time;
10. Adopting relevant practices shown to enhance the reliability of an eyewitness participating in a showup procedure, such as identifying the circumstances under which a showup is warranted; transporting the eyewitness to a neutral, non-law enforcement location where the detained suspect is being held; removing the suspect from the law enforcement squad car; removing restraints from the suspect when he is being observed by the eyewitness; and administering the showup procedure close in time to the commission of the crime;
11. Video recording the entirety of the photo and live lineup and, where practicable, the showup procedure; and
12. Preserving photographic documentation of all live and photo lineup members, and showup suspects, as well as all descriptions provided by the eyewitness of the perpetrator.

D. All written departmental eyewitness identification policies shall be made available to the public upon request.

Section 4. PENALTIES

A. Any local or state department within the state of Oklahoma that has not adopted a set of written policies with regards to eyewitness identification procedure, or whose policies lack any of the aforementioned practices, by January 1st 2014, shall receive a fine not to exceed $2000 per day that the department is found to be in non-compliance with this law. The amount of the fine shall be determined by the Secretary of Safety and Security, or an appropriate official that the Secretary of Safety and Security chooses to delegate his or her authority to.

B. Any local or state department within the state of Oklahoma that has not submitted its written policies to the Secretary of Safety and Security by February 1st 2014 shall receive a fine not to exceed $500 per day that the department is found to be in non-compliance. The amount of the fine shall be determined by the Secretary of Safety and Security, or an appropriate official that the Secretary of Safety and Security chooses to delegate his or her authority to.

C. If, during the collection of evidence from eyewitness testimony in a criminal case, the department conducting the procedure fails to comply with the policies and practices mentioned in Section 3 of this act, that eyewitness testimony shall be inadmissible in a court of law.

D.

Section 5. Any current statute found to conflict with this act shall be rendered null and void with regards to the conflict it creates.

Section 6 . This act shall become effective January 1st, 2014 after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-512 By: Jackson (OSU)
Zimmerman (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the prohibition of personal, moving auto-weaponry; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for exemptions, providing for penalties and providing an emergency clause.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "No Cars, No Deaths" Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

Automobiles shall be defined as: a passenger vehicle designed for operation on ordinary roads and typically having four wheels and a gasoline or diesel internal-combustion engine.

Ammunition shall be defined as: gasoline, diesel, or in the case of hybrid cars, electricity operating batteries.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

All automobiles shall be prohibited from usage on all public roads and transport routes in the state of Oklahoma, due to the high velocity of accidental and intentional deaths resulting from usage.

Believing that keeping automobiles from discharging in public will significantly reduce deaths and the inefficient uses of finite resources, the state of Oklahoma will treat any offenders as criminals with intent to kill, and shall be tried as such and will be held without bail. Providers of auto-weaponry may not come across state lines and will be excommunicated if found in possession with intent to sell or distribute.

Section 4. EXEMPTIONS.

All moving auto-weaponry that is deemed essential to state wellbeing shall not be prohibited from traversing state roads and highways, in accordance with federal interstate commerce regulations.

Section 5. PENALTIES

Violators will only be excommunicated after their caravan has been loaded with criminals and meth producers, and will be sent back across state lines. Seeing as the ammunition for auto-weaponry is highly combustible and potentially harmful to precious human life, all ammunition will be prohibited from being sold for auto-weaponry use within the state.

Section 5. Due to the high value that Oklahomans place on the sanctity of life, this bill shall become effective immediately after passage.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-513 By: Neal of the House (OSU)
Hesse of the House (OSU)
Baser of the Senate (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the future of our Children and perpendicular dysfunction; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for nullification; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Fighting our own kind" Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITION

Doctor: Science Man

Hypertension Medicine: Any prescribed medicine aimed to control one's hypertension.

Perpendicular Dysfunction: Perpendicular dysfunction or PD is the inability to achieve or sustain a perpendicular member suitable for coition.

Non-Western medical practices: Any medical practice not commonly practiced in Western Countries and not supported by any form of science

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Hypertension can cause serious problems such as cerebral vascular accidents, acute decompensated heart failure, thyrotoxicosis, and renal failure. If a person cannot control their hypertension through healthy lifestyle habits such as losing weight and reducing sodium in their diet, their doctor may recommend non-Western medical practices. Hypertension medicine restricts who the people associated with perpendicular dysfunction really are: a parent. Due to perpendicular dysfunction (PD), doctors may only prescribe hypertension medicine to people unassociated with perpendicular dysfunction (PD).

Section 4. Any conflicting acts preceding this act are hereby nullified.

Section 5. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-514 By: Patton (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to child support; providing for short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Child Support Payment Addendum" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Title 43 § 413(D), The State of Oklahoma is not allowed to refund monies voluntarily submitted to the Central Child Support Registry until the full obligation of the parent has been met pursuant to Title 43§ 112(E) . Any monies voluntarily submitted to the Central Child Support Registry in excess of the current obligation will be noted as 'paid in advance' by the Central Child Support Registry and forwarded to the lawful recipient Parent / Guardian.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-515 By: Rossdeutscher (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to mystical creatures; providing short title; providing for codification; providing for enforcement; providing for sentencing; providing for definitions and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Rogue Unicorn" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW: stating what to do with rogue unicorns.

When Unicorns turn evil and starts creating chaos it shall henceforth become legal to hunt and or exterminate said rogue unicorn only after it has been deemed to be feral. It has to be deemed feral by a mystical equestrian vivandiere.

Section 3. DEFINITIONS:

Mystical Creatures- any creature to be numbered less than one-thousand (1000) and have special powers such as extreme speed, speed greater then 400miles per hour, abilities to control the elements, psychic control, ability to suck out souls of victims, or heat vision.

Hand- measurement used for equestrian animals; one (1) hand equals four (4)inches

Unicorn- a mystical creature with equestrian background that has a spire like protrusion from its head, the horn is said to be made from a material harder than diamond. This creature is as fast as light and as calm and gentle as a cool summer breeze. Generally it has been known to find these creatures dancing and frolicking in enchanted glades, flowery plains, or marmalade forests. Generally about seventeen (17) hands high.

Rogue Unicorn- A unicorn (as specified above), that is feral (as specified below). These creatures have been known to travel in barren wastelands, volcanic regions, dark enchanted forests, and occasionally dark subways in major cities such as Moscow, London, or New York City. Rogue Unicorns tend to use their powers to kill, maim, or harm other creatures including humans.

Feral- Any creature that becomes rabid, or rages uncontrollably. It's nature is

that to attack without provocation.

Mystical Equestrian Vivandiere- one who has knowledge and has studied behaviors of mystical equestrian animals.

Chimera- three headed predator that hunts on the ground and on wing. Has the hindquarters of a large black goat, the forequarters of a great lion, brownish black dragon wings. It has three heads, one of a goat, one of a dragon, and one of a lion. The goat head has amber eyes, the maneless lion head has green eyes, and the dragon head has black eyes. Stands five (5) feet tall, ten (10) feet long, and weighs approximately four thousand (4000) pounds.

Section 4. PENALTIES:

If you slay an innocent unicorn you shall have to endure five hundred days of incarceration at a remote island prison guarded by a seven (7) Chimera

Section 5. It being immediately necessary for the protection of humans and animals alike, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-516 By: Sandoval (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to drug testing high school students; providing short title; providing for codification, providing for penalties, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Too Cool for Drugs" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. All public schools in the State of Oklahoma will hereby be required to administer individually drug test to any student for their institution. Required for freshman and sophomores entering the 2013-2014 school year, but applies to just entering juniors and seniors.
2. Drug test required once a semester and after two years of attendance there is no more drug test required.
3. Drug test should be supervised and administered by medical professionals to avoid any falsification of urine.
4. Fundraising for the drug tests should be provided by the schools. Having the parents take them to the doctor and showing proof to the school of the drug test is valid and may be even covered by their insurance.

Section 3. PENALTIES

1. Public Schools not complying with the above statue will be fined $2,500 per person admitted without an administered drug test.
2. Any student or applicant who fails the drug test will have to pay the amount for consuming illegal drugs and since considered as a minor, will have to be sent to the Oklahoma State Juvenile Detention Center, which can lead to losing a year in high school.

Section 4. This act shall become effective for the 2013-2014 school year after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House No. OSU-517 By: Sauer (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the abolishment of required public university meal plans; providing short title; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Unfair Meal Plan Requirement" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

It shall be illegal for any public university in the state of Oklahoma to require any of its students to purchase a meal plan.

Section 3. PENALTIES

Any public university found to be in violation of this act shall receive a reduction of 15% of its funding from the state until they no longer require the meal plan.

Section 4. This act shall become effective the following school year.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-518 By: Sauer (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to of highway speed limits; providing short title; amending Oklahoma State Law 47-11-801; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Highway Speed Adjustment" Act of 2013.

Section 2. AMENDATORY §47-11-801 amended to read as follows:

A. Any person driving a vehicle on a highway shall drive the same at a careful and prudent speed not greater than nor less than is reasonable and proper, having due regard to the traffic, surface and width of the highway and any other conditions then existing, and no person shall drive any vehicle upon a highway at a speed greater than will permit the driver To bring it to a stop within the assured clear distance ahead.

B. Except when a special hazard exists that requires lower speed for compliance with subsection A of this section, the limits specified in this act or established as hereinafter authorized shall be maximum lawful speeds, and no person shall drive a vehicle on a highway at a speed in excess of such maximum limits:

1. ~~Seventy-five (75)~~ Eighty (80) miles per hour in locations comprising:
   a. the turnpike system, and
   b. rural segments of the interstate highway system, as may be designated by the Transportation Commission. Provided, however, the Commission shall determine prior to the designation of such segments that the public safety will not be jeopardized;

2. ~~Seventy (70)~~ Seventy five (75) miles per hour in locations which are:
   a. four-lane divided highways including, but not limited to, the interstate highway system, and
   b. super two-lane highways. As used in this section, a super two-lane highway shall mean any two-lane highway with designated passing lanes, and consisting of paved shoulders not less than eight (8) feet in width.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-519 By: Snow (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the reduction of a prisoners sentence through the passing of a proposed bill to the Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature; providing short title; providing for definitions, providing for codification, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Stop Oppressing Angry Prisoners" or "SOAP" Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

Violent Crime - Any crime including, but not limited to, murder, kidnapping, assault, or sexual offences.

Qualify – prisoners that aren't serving a life sentence and haven't committed a "violent crime."

Appropriate and worthy – The bill does not contain profane content as decreed by society and covers at least three quarters of the page.

Obscene content –any statement or act which strongly offends the prevalent morality of the time.

Section 3. NEW LAW: Prisoners who have not committed a "violent crime" may have the chance to reduce their sentencing by a maximum of 45 days per year. Prisoners that "qualify" for this opportunity may reduce their sentencing by composing bills "appropriate and worthy" to be heard by both houses of the Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature (OIL). Before being sent to OIL, the prisoners' bills will be scanned by correctional officers to search for "obscene content". From there, it is presented to the current floor leader for either acceptance or rejection at his/her discretion. Bills shall be submitted by the prisoner's number, instead of by name, to prevent bias. After going through the proper stages of being introduced and voted on, if the bill is passed, the prisoner shall receive a reduction of 5 days from his/her sentencing; however, if it is rejected, the prisoner shall only receive a reduction of 12 hours. If the bill is to be tabled or amendments are to be added, the prisoner will not receive any reduction of sentencing but may propose the bill during the next session of OIL. Though a prisoner may benefit by writing bills, there are no penalties for not doing so.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-520 By: Stubblefield (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the consumption of alcohol by minors; providing short title; providing definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalty; providing for nullification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "It's Your Home" Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

Alcoholic Beverage - Any drink capable of being consumed containing ethanol or ethyl alcohol

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of Law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Any child, with the consent of their Legal Guardian, may consume alcoholic beverages in the presence of their own home. The child cannot go into public with the alcohol or with alcohol in their system, of any degree. The guardian must be present in the home while the child is around alcohol within the child's reach.

Section 4. PENALTIES

If the legal guardian fails to comply with these rules then they will be charged for providing a minor with alcohol. This is only if they leave the child's company while the child has the beverage, or if the minor is caught in public with alcohol in hand or in system.

Section 5. Any conflicting acts preceding this act are hereby nullified.

Section 6. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-521 By: Stubblefield (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the consumption of alcohol by minors in a restaurant; providing short title; providing definitions; providing for codification; providing for exceptions; providing for penalties; providing for nullification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Consumption by Minors" Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

Alcoholic beverage - Any drink capable of being consumed containing ethanol or ethyl alcohol

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Once a child turns 16 years old, at public restaurants the child can consume alcoholic beverages by consent of a legal guardian. They must have a Legal guardian, one defined by the state of Oklahoma, in their presence at ALL times while drinking or even near the beverage. This includes not being able to go to the restroom or leaving table for any reason.

Section 4. EXCEPTIONS

This can be denied by the owner or manager of the restaurant, for liability reasons or whatever feelings they have.

Section 5. PENALTIES

If the legal guardian fails to comply with these rules then they will be charged for providing a minor with alcohol. This is only if they leave the child's company while the child has the beverage or if they give the child alcohol even after the restaurant manager or owner has denied the service of alcohol to the child.

Section 6. Any conflicting acts preceding this act are hereby nullified

Section 7. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-522 By: Tresner (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the educational funding and benefits for Oklahoma Veterans; providing short title; providing for codification, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Veterans Back To School" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Upon termination, expiration, or maturity of any Oklahoma veterans G.I. Bill benefits, said veterans shall be entitled to the same provisions as set forth in their respective form of G.I. Bill through the State of Oklahoma. With additional provisions and considerations to those that have a disability rating of forty percent (40%) or greater. Said benefits shall not be concurrent with Veterans Rehabilitative assistance or any other benefits available to said veteran through the respective branch of service or any other educational assistance or benefits offered through the veterans service in the United States military; be it that they served active duty or as a reservist or National Guard.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-523 By: Wietelman, Derek (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to establishing an End of Instruction Examination for American Government courses in Oklahoma public school districts; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing penalties and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Political Awareness" Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS:

a. Public schools: Any primary or secondary school that is primarily supported by public funds.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

In addition to the current requirements for graduation, an End of Instruction Examination testing knowledge of the American Federal Government shall also be required. All students wishing to graduate from a public school district in the State of Oklahoma must pass this exam before receiving a diploma. The exam will be scored and evaluated in the same manner as all other current End of Instruction examinations in the State of Oklahoma.

Section 4. PENALTIES

Any public school district found to be in noncompliance will face forfeiture of up to two percent of the funds they are scheduled to receive from the state of Oklahoma for the following school year.

Section 5. This act shall become effective for the 2014-2015 graduating class of Oklahoma public schools after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-524 By: Wietelman (OSU)
Yumul (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to refraining citizens from occupying public fountains for the purpose of pretending to be a bird; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as "The Fountain Protection Act."

Section 2. DEFINITIONS:

Public Fountain-a piece of architecture, which pours water into a basin or jets into the air for a decorative or dramatic effect on public property.

Birdlike Actions- any action relating to the bird species including but not restricted to: chirping, flapping of the arms, clucking, bathing oneself in fountain, and nesting while using branches and other nesting materials.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Being necessary for the safety and health of its citizens and the preservation of public fountains, the use of any public fountain for the purpose of pretending to be a bird or performing birdlike actions is hereby prohibited. Any birdlike conduct within fountain property will result in a penalty from the state of Oklahoma.

Section 4. PENALTIES

Any citizen found to be in violation of this act will be charged with a misdemeanor and be given a fine of up to $654.78. In addition, a maximum of 55 hours at the nearest animal shelter will be enforced.

Section 5. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-525 By: Wright (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to Oklahoma tobacco laws; providing short title; amending 21 O.S. 2010, Section 1247.B; amending 21 O.S. 2010, Section 1247.F; amending 21 O.S. 2010, Section 1247.H; amending 21 O.S. 2010, Section 1247.N; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Breath Easy" Act of 2013.

Section 2. AMENDMENT 21 O.S. Section 1247.B is amended to read as follows:

§Sec. 1247 B. All buildings, or portions thereof, owned or operated by this state shall be designated as nonsmoking; provided, however, each building may have one designated smoking room. As used in this paragraph, "buildings" shall not include ~~up to twenty-five percent (25%) of~~ any hotel or motel rooms rented to guests ~~if the rooms are properly ventilated so that smoke is not circulated to nonsmoking areas.~~

Section 3. AMENDMENT 21 O.S. Section 1247.F is amended to read as follows:

§Sec. 1247 F. No smoking shall be allowed within fifty (50) ~~twenty-five (25)~~ feet of the entrance or exit of any building specified in subsection B or C of this section.

Section 4. AMENDMENT 21 O.S. Section 1247.H is amended to read as follows:

§Sec. 1247 H. The restrictions provided in this section shall not apply to the following:

1. The room or rooms where licensed charitable bingo games are being operated, but only during the hours of operation of such games;

~~2. Up to twenty-five percent (25%) of the guest rooms at a hotel or other lodging establishment;~~

3. Retail tobacco stores predominantly engaged in the sale of tobacco products and accessories and in which the sale of other products is merely incidental and in which no food or beverage is sold or served for consumption on the premises;

4. Workplaces where only the owner or operator of the workplace, or the immediate family of the owner or operator, performs any work in the workplace, and the workplace has only incidental public access. "Incidental public access" means that a place of business has only an occasional person, who is not an employee, present at the business to transact business or make a delivery. It does not include businesses that depend on walk-in customers for any part of their business;

5. Workplaces occupied exclusively by one or more smokers, if the workplace has only incidental public access;

6. Private offices occupied exclusively by one or more smokers;

7. Workplaces within private residences, except that smoking shall not be allowed inside any private residence that is used as a licensed child care facility during hours of operation;

8. Medical research or treatment centers, if smoking is integral to the research or treatment;

9. A facility operated by a post or organization of past or present members of the Armed Forces of the United States which is exempt from taxation pursuant to Section 501 (c)(8), 501 (c)(10) or 501 (c)(19) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 501 (c)(8), 501 (c)(10) or 501 (c)(19), when such facility is utilized exclusively by its members and their families and for the conduct of post or organization nonprofit operations except during an event or activity which is open to the public; and

10. Any outdoor seating area of a restaurant; provided, smoking shall not be allowed within thirty (30) feet ~~fifteen (15) feet~~ of any exterior public doorway or any air intake of a restaurant.

Section 4. AMENDMENT 21 O.S Section 1247.N is amended to read as follows:

§Sec. 1247 N. Any person who knowingly violates this act is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of no less than fifty Dollars ($50.00) ~~not less than Ten Dollars ($10.00)~~ nor more than One Thousand Dollars ($1000.00). ~~nor more than One Hundred Dollars ($100.00)~~

Section 5. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-526 By: Wright (OSU)
Rossdeutscher (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to a ban of flirting; providing short title; providing definitions; providing for codification; providing exemptions; providing penalties; and providing an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Lewd and Prude" Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS:

a. Flirt: (to flirt) Flirting or coquetry is an activity involving verbal or written communication as well as body language by one person to another, suggesting an interest in a deeper relationship with the other person.

b. Body language: includes flicking the hair, eye contact, brief touching, open stances, close proximity etc.

c. Verbal communication: vocal tone, such as pace, volume, intonation. Challenges (teasing, questions, qualifying, and feigned disinterest) serve to increase tension, test intention and congruity.

d. Body Parts: This includes but is not limited to neck, face, hair, scalp, eyes, nose, mouth, tongue, teeth, throat, shoulders, arms, hands, wrists, forearms, elbows, fingers, chest, abdomen, pelvic region, buttocks, back, hips, thighs, knees, legs, ankles, feet, and toes

e. Salacious: obscene; grossly indecent.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

In the State of Oklahoma for sessions of Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislation a law shall come to pass that it is illegal for any human under the age of 21 to flirt or to respond to flirtation with any body parts. Committing or responding to this lewd and salacious act shall be punished by the city and state law enforcement.

Section 4. EXEMPTIONS:

Body parts that have an exemption to the law are ears. All animals that walk on four legs are exempt from this law. Any one that obtains written permission from his/her legal guardians and a permit from the state are exempt from this law.

Section 5. PENALTIES:

Any male or female under the age of 21 that engages in the act of flirting shall be punished by a three week mandatory anti-flirting class held at the end of a scheduled school day, community service of up to 100 hours shall be given at the discretion of the judge. In addition the offender can be confined to house arrest for a minimum of 3 months if deemed necessary by the judge.

Section 6. It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full form from and after its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-527 By: Zimmerman (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the statute of limitations for an act of sexual abuse against a child; providing short title; providing definitions; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Common Sense" Act of 2013.

Section 2. Definitions:

A child shall be defined as: any person under the age of seventeen years of age.

Sexual deviant shall be defined as: A person who commits an offense if he/she intentionally, knowingly, recklessly, with criminal negligence, by act or omission, causes to a child
(1) bodily injury;
(2) serious mental deficiency, impairment, or injury, but
(a) was not more than three years older than the victim;
(b) did not use duress, force, or a threat against the victim at the time of the offense.

Sexual abuse shall be defined as:
(1) engaging in sexual contact with the child or causing the child to engage in sexual contact; or
(2) intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any person:
A) exposing the person's anus or any part of the person's genitals, knowing the child is present; or
B) causing the child to expose the child's anus or any part of the child's genitals.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Any statute of limitations relating to the crimes of sexual abuse against a child by a sexual deviant shall be abolished.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OSU-801 By: Barton (OSU)
Kiper (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

A resolution strongly recommending the singing of the song "*Oklahoma*" to the Oklahoma House of Representatives.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

WHEREAS, the House of Representatives of the Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature finds singing the state song, "Oklahoma", daily and sometimes multiple times a day uplifting, energizing, and beneficial to the legislative process.

THEREFORE, be it resolved that we, the Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature House of Representatives of the 45th Legislative body strongly recommend to the respectable and honorable body of the House of Representatives of the great state of Oklahoma that the grand state song "Oklahoma" be sung on a regular basis to uplift their spirits and encourage camaraderie.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-501 By: Albanese (ORU)
Craighead (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to potential future parents; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for penalties; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Snip and Tied" Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

IQ Test: These tests will be done in Terman style scores, which are graded as follows:

140 and over	Genius or near genius
120-140	Very superior intelligence
110-120	Superior intelligence
90-110	Normal or average intelligence
80-90	Dullness
70-80	Borderline deficiency
50-69	Moron
20-49	Imbecile
below 20	Idiot

Laparoscopic sterilization: One of the two most common methods of having your "tubes tied". During this procedure, a small incision is made to allow for a laparoscope (a small, telescope-like instrument with a light) to be inserted. This allows for the surgeon to see the fallopian tubes. The surgeon closes the fallopian tubes by using rings, clamps, clips, or by sealing them shut with an electric current (electrocautery). Then, the incision is closed. A tubal laparoscopy procedure takes about 30 minutes. There is minimal scarring, and most women can go home the same day as the procedure.

Vasectomy: The vas deferens from each testicle is clamped, cut, or otherwise sealed. This prevents sperm from mixing with the semen that is ejaculated from

the penis. An egg cannot be fertilized when there are no sperm in the semen. The testicles continue to produce sperm, but the sperm are reabsorbed by the body. (This also happens to sperm that are not ejaculated after a while, regardless of whether you have had a vasectomy.) Because the tubes are blocked before the seminal vesicles and prostate, you still ejaculate about the same amount of fluid.

Obamacare: Healthcare reform bill (HR 3200).

The Man: May or may not be Jesus Christ, The Buddha, Bruce Willis, or the United States government. The few, the proud, 'merica.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

All citizens of Oklahoma who have turned 13 during the previous calendar year will be required to partake in a state-wide IQ test at local testing centers. This test will be administered by the school that the child attends. The Department of Education will enforce the testing by all schools, public and private. It will be administered along with the standardized testing required per school year. All costs will be covered by sex. Any child that is home-schooled must take the test at the public school in their district. All costs subsequent from the homeschooled child's testing must be covered by the homeschooled child or the homeschooled child's family because of their attempt to "stick it to the man" by homeschooling their child.

Section 4. PENALTIES

All males who receive an IQ score of 80 or below will be required to have a vasectomy. All females who receive an IQ score of 80 or below will be required to undergo laparoscopic sterilization.

Section 5. This act shall become effective 1 year after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-502 By: Albanese (ORU)
Rossdeutscher (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to tattoos; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "It's Permanent" Act of 2013.

Section 2. English Major Graduate- Someone who has an English, Writing, or Creative Writing bachelor's degree or something comparable to these bachelor degrees from a fully accredited University or College.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Every tattoo parlor located within the State of Oklahoma will have to hire at least 1 (one) English major graduate to check the spelling and grammar of all tattoos before they are tattooed onto the customer.

If a spelling or grammatical error is found within the wording of the tattoo, the recipient of the tattoo will need to sign a waiver stating that they are aware of the errors in their tattoo and that they wish to receive it anyway.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-503 By: Barnaby (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the harvesting and use of change found in any public or private fountain in the state of Oklahoma; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Best of wishes for O.I.L" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW: A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

The Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature shall be hereby granted the exclusive right and privilege to harvest all fountain change in the state of Oklahoma to be used for the sole purpose of funding the Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature.

All fountain change harvesting shall be performed by official "fountain change officers" appointed by the Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature.

Any persons found guilty of illegal change harvesting shall be deported from the state of Oklahoma and declared an illegal immigrant.

Section 3. DEFINITION:

"Fountain Change" shall hereby defined as any and all change found in any public or private fountain in the state Oklahoma.

"Fountain change officer" shall be defined as any person selected to harvest fountain change in the state of Oklahoma by the Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-504 By: Barnaby (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to requiring the Oklahoma Department of Human Services to increase the value of food stamps when used to purchase nutritional items approved by the Oklahoma Department of Human Services; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Nutrition benefit" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW: A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

The Oklahoma Department of Human Services shall be hereby required to increase the value of digital EBT food stamps when used to buy food products of high nutritional value.

The Oklahoma Department of Human Services shall designate the exact increases on the value of digital EBT food stamps.

The Oklahoma Department of Human Services shall determine what food items meet the qualification of having high nutritional value.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-505 By: Barnaby (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to requiring members of Congress to sign a statement declaring they have read a bill prior to voting on it; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Read the Bills Act of 2013" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Each bill, and every amendment, must be read in its entirety before a quorum in both the House and Senate.

Every member of the House and Senate who plans to vote in the affirmative – to vote for tax increases, for spending bills, for the retention or creation of programs, in support of laws and regulations – must sign a sworn affidavit, under penalty of perjury, that he or she has attentively either personally read, or heard read, the complete bill to be voted on.

Every old law coming up for renewal under the sunset provisions must also be read according to the same rules that apply to new bills.

Passage of a bill that does not abide by these provisions will render the measure null and void, and establish grounds for the law to be challenged in court.

Congress may not waive these requirements.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-506 By: M. Paulson (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to adoption in the state of Oklahoma; providing short title; providing definitions; providing restrictions; providing exemptions; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Fast Track Adoption Act of 2013."

Section 2. DEFINITIONS:

Adoptive Family: A family desiring to adopt a new born baby and willing to pay twenty-one thousand dollars for this adoption.

Biological/Birth Mother: A pregnant woman who is not able or desirous to parent a child but would instead like to give it up for adoption.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

The State of Oklahoma shall authorize the Adoption Services of Oklahoma to establish a new program which shall be known as the "Fast Track Adoption Program".

Under this program, the Adoption Services of Oklahoma shall be the mediator between the adoptive families and the biological mothers. They shall handle public awareness, the transfer of funds, the paperwork, and the guarantee of medical clearance.

In the Fast Track Adoption Program, an adoptive family will enroll to adopt a new born baby. After clearing a background check, completing the enrollment process, and being accepted into the program, this adoptive family will pay an upfront adoptive fee of twenty-one thousand dollars, seven thousand of which will be non-refundable. The twenty-one thousand will be distributed as follows: seven thousand to the Adoption Services of Oklahoma for administrative costs, seven thousand to the birth mother during her pregnancy, and seven thousand to the mother after the child has been born and placed in the adoptive home. The family may specify the desired race of the adopted child as well as whether or not they would like a child with a mental disability.

A pregnant woman must apply within the first three months of her pregnancy. She will undergo a background check, a medical checkup and a drug test. Once cleared, she will be enrolled in the program and must commit to abstaining from drugs, alcohol, and smoking during her pregnancy. She will be responsible to return monthly for an ultrasound and drug test. Seven thousand dollars will be given to her when she is five months pregnant. This is given for the purpose of covering medical expenses and providing for living costs during work leave. Upon birth of the child, once she has placed the child into the family's home, she will be given a final check of seven thousand dollars.

Section 4. Restrictions

A woman may only enroll in this program during one pregnancy.

If drugs, alcohol, or smoking are partaken of during the pregnancy, a woman will be permanently expelled from the program and she will be required to repay any money she has received from the Adoption Services of Oklahoma.

If a woman chooses to keep her child at birth, she will be required to repay any money she has received from the Adoption Services of Oklahoma.

If a family doesn't want a child after birth, they will receive a refund of fourteen thousand dollars and will not be allowed to enroll in the program again.

Section 5. Exemptions

In the event of a miscarriage, the woman will not receive any funds but will be able to enroll in the program again.

In the event that a child is born with an unexpected disability, the family will have the option not to keep the child and will not be penalized for their decision.

Section 6. This act shall become effective 365 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-507 By: M. Paulson (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to protection even upon threat, providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Protection from Verbal Threat Act of 2013."

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

Restraining order: a document issued by a civil court that orders the person who is abusing, harassing, or stalking to stop doing so or be punished by the court.

Threat: a statement promising damage of someone's health, property, or general wellbeing in an illegal manner.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Upon being verbally threatened, and if evidence of the threat can be provided, an individual may file for a restraining order. At the discretion of the court, a subsequent restraining order will be issued to protect this individual from the person who made the threat.

Section 4. This act shall become effective immediately after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-508 By: M. Paulson (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to tenure requirements in public schools; providing short title; providing for teacher performance incentive; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Tenure Removal Act of 2013."

Section 2. DEFINITIONS

Tenure: The guarantee that a teacher will not lose their job without just cause.

Common Core Standards: Educational standard providing for students to be college, career, and citizenship ready, focusing on core conceptual understandings and procedures. These standards are clearly laid out by the state government according to grade level. Although these standards are already defined, the will not be put into effect until 2015.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

New hires of the public schools system shall no longer be tenured after a period of two-five years, but they shall instead undergo yearly evaluation and be paid based upon performance. Starting wage shall begin at thirty-one thousand dollars for new teachers, up to thirty-seven thousand dollars for experienced teachers, based on evaluation. Payment shall cap at forty-five thousand. Current tenured teachers may decide if they would like to keep their tenure or to have a chance for yearly evaluation and a possible pay raise.

Yearly evaluations will occur, performed by the school board. Ultimately, the teachers will be evaluated based on their compliance with Common Core Standards. The teachers will also be observed and evaluated based on their classroom management and the overall student performance. Teachers must create and present to the board a report summarizing the year's work- showing what the students were taught, samples of their work, and precise examples of how Common Core standards were met.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 2 years after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature

1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-506 By: Kaemmerrer (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to welfare regulations; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Healthy Money" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Citizens of the state of Oklahoma participating the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) shall not be allowed to purchase food items that may be considered unnecessary and unhealthy, at the discretion of The Oklahoma State Department of Health (OSDH), with any SNAP card, stamp or other voucher. The OSDH shall produce a non-comprehensive and unclosed list of specific banned foodstuffs, to be determined by an OSDH-established standard of healthiness based on relative fat, calorie, carbohydrate, sugar and processed ingredient content.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 359 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House No. ORU-509 By: Kaemmerrer (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to regulation of toy dolls; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Innocent Eyes" Act of 2010.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Female toy dolls sold in Oklahoma retail stores shall not display dolls in doll clothing that is not age-appropriate. This shall include, but not be limited to, bikinis, cut-off shorts, off-the-shoulder frocks, small sized strapless tops (such as displayed on Barbie doll, No. 10), deep neckline and/or low-cut shirt.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 250 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Resolution No. ORU-701 By: Craighead (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

A resolution calling for all Oklahomans to remove from the common vernacular the words "retard" or "retarded" or any other forms of the word.

WHEREAS, Just as the "n word" was used in the common vernacular for hundreds of years, and

WHEREAS, The word "retard," is also offensive to people with special needs.

WHEREAS, This word is no longer acceptable and should be frowned upon by society,

WHEREAS, Oklahomans would find use more appropriate words when describing persons with "special needs."

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF THE 1st SESSION OF THE 45th OKLAHOMA INTERCOLLEGIATE LEGISLATURE:

THAT, All Oklahomans should take out the word "retard" or "retarded" or any other forms of the word from their everyday vernacular, for it is no longer acceptable by our progressive society.

THAT, Oklahomans would not use the words, "retard," or "retarded," or any other form of the word in a derogatory manner towards anyone.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature

1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-510 By: Hammond (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to Traffic Control; providing for short title, providing codification, providing for enforcement and providing and effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "S.T.O.P" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW: Vehicular traffic facing a steady yellow signal is thereby warned that the related green movement is being terminated or that a red indication will be exhibited immediately must come to a stop thereafter when vehicular traffic shall not enter the intersection.

Section 3. Failure to obey stop sign or traffic light – 2 Points

Traffic cameras shall capture images on sight with a flash that will inform the driver at the wheel that the law has been violated.

A traffic ticket will be mailed to the driver's place of residence upon a second violation with a minimum of $100.00

Section 4. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-511 By: HAMMOND (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to Oklahoma Welfare Reform; providing for short title, providing codification, providing for definitions and providing and effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Enough is Enough" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW: A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

A recipient of the welfare program will only be able to receive and reap benefits of the program for twenty-four (24) months. The recipient must be employed and must earn a steady income within the 24 months in order to wean off the welfare program successfully.

Section 3. Welfare Programs: Welfare programs are state regulated programs for those who live under the minimum accepted level means as determined by each state government. Welfare benefits can fall under multiple different program umbrellas, all of which require certain elements of eligibility to acquire and maintain payments.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-512 By: HAMMOND (ORU)
JAMES (RSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to Water Conservation Reform; providing for short title, providing codification, providing for implementation and providing and effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Cry Me A River" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW: A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

The Oklahoma Department of Water Resources (ODWR) is required to adopt an alternative method for setting targets through a public process. ODWR, in consultation with the Oklahoma Conservation Commission (OCC), is to develop standardized technical methodologies and criteria for calculating per capita water use, baseline use, population and other analytical metrics. ODWR is also directed to convene a representative Commercial, Industrial and Institutional (CII) Task Force to develop standard metrics and best management practices (BMPs) for CII water use.

Section 3. Urban agencies should immediately determine which target-setting option they expect to use, coordinate with regional groups, and organize their urban water management plans (UWMP) revision process to comply with this legislation.

Agricultural agencies should prepare (or revise) Agricultural Water Management Plans (AWMP) to document compliance.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-513 By: Himes (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the appropriation of funds during a zombie apocalypse; relating to the re-assignment of duties of various state departments during a zombie apocalypse; providing for providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for punishment and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Oklahoma Resident Evil" Act of 2013.

Section 2. Definitions:

1. Zombie Apocalypse shall be defined as an epidemic spread of a virus, via airborne or other means, which causes humans to regress to a state of being undead. Said humans therefore have already expired and lack the capacities of conscience and sentience necessary to classify them as living beings.
2. Cash Reserves shall be defined as all funds located on the premises including those found upon all state employees, pay telephones, vending appliances, and donation jars present therein.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as 8 O.S. 10-1 to read as follows:

A. Upon the declaration by the Governor of the State of Oklahoma that a Zombie Apocalypse exists the following actions shall be immediately carried out to their fullest extent employing the means necessary to satisfy the requirements of this legislation:
   a. The Cash Reserves of the following state agencies shall be gathered and prepared for delivery to the Treasury of the State of Oklahoma and shall be appropriated in the manner described below:
      i. The Oklahoma Water Resources Board for the purpose of water decontamination.
      ii. The Oklahoma Department of Wildlife Conservation for the purpose of a propaganda campaign declaring an "open season" on all zombie creatures.
      iii. The Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of creating a secret police force to identify persons concealing their infection.

iv. The Oklahoma Department of Public Safety for the purpose of securing all supplies necessary for exterminating zombies found upon Oklahoma roadways.

v. The Oklahoma Department of Human Services for the purpose of fortifying the Capitol building and grounds and the securing of cultural artifacts within the Capitol.

b. The Governor shall have full discretion over the final appropriation of the funds described above as long as he shall remain acting Governor of Oklahoma.

Section 4. Any person or organization found either unwilling or unable to comply with the measures set forth shall be guilty of treason and shall be conscripted into the state militia for the purpose of zombie bait and/or shall pay a fine of no less than six hundred sixty-six dollars and zero cents ($666.00).

Section 5. It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-514 By: Himes (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the Department of Parks and Wild life; providing for short title; providing codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Blind Eye" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

(a) A legally blind hunter may use a laser sighting device during regular hunting hours when assisted by a person who:

(1) is not legally blind;

(2) has a hunting license; and

(3) is at least 13 years of age.

(b) The legally blind hunter must carry proof of being legally blind.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-515 By: Himes (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to sex offenders; providing for short title; providing codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Stay Away" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. Luring, enticing child by various means, attempts; crime of second degree; subsequent offense, mandatory imprisonment;

a. A person commits a crime of the second degree if he attempts, via electronic or any other means, to lure or entice a child or one who he reasonably believes to be a child into a motor vehicle, structure or isolated area, or to meet or appear at any other place, with a purpose to commit a criminal offense with or against the child.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-516 By: Hughes (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the legality nude beaches in Oklahoma; providing short title; providing for codification; providing for definition; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Freedom from clothing" Act of 2012.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS:

Nudity: The state or fact of being naked.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Any body of water in Oklahoma with a surface area greater than (40,000) forty thousand surface acres, shall be permitted at least an eighth of a mile allowable beach nudity. For each additional (10,000) ten thousand surface acres, an additional 300 feet of beach shall be given for the purposes of nudity.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 180 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-517 By: Hughes (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the hours of sale for alcoholic beverages; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Late Night Liquor" Act of 2010.

Section 2. AMENDATORY OKLA. STAT. ANN. tit. 37, § 213 is hereby amended.

A. It shall be unlawful for any place licensed to sell beverages containing more than one-half of one percent (1/2 of 1%) of alcohol by volume and not more than three and two-tenths percent (3.2%) of alcohol by weight to sell, dispense, or serve such beverages for consumption on the premises between the hours of ~~two o'clock a.m.~~ and seven o'clock a.m. or allow such beverages to be consumed on the premises between the hours of ~~two o'clock a.m.~~ and seven o'clock a.m. ~~excepting Saturday nights when such beverages may not be sold, dispensed, served, or consumed on the premises between the hours of two o'clock a.m. and twelve o'clock noon on Sundays; provided, the governing body of any city or town is hereby authorized to prohibit, by ordinance regularly enacted, the sale, dispensing, serving, and consumption of such beverages between the hours of two o'clock a.m. on Sunday and seven o'clock a.m. of the following Monday.~~

B. It shall be unlawful for any place that is a commercial premises to allow beverages containing more than one-half of one percent (1/2 of 1%) alcohol by volume and not more than three and two-tenths percent (3.2%) of alcohol by weight to be consumed on such commercial premises ~~between the hours of two o'clock a.m~~. and seven o'clock a.m. As used in this subsection, "commercial premises" means a location or establishment at which this type of business or activity is carried on for profit.

It shall be unlawful to serve or sell alcoholic beverages between the hours of 4 a.m. and 7 a.m. It will be lawful to serve alcoholic beverages during all other hours.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-518 By: Hughes (ORU), Wagoner (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the probation of a construction company that is at least 30 days tardy on government contracts, being evaluated by the local government and possibly stripped of bidding rights for no less than 30 days and no more than 180, providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Oklahoma Roads Accountability" Act of 2012.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

If a construction company fails to finish a municipally contracted project within thirty (30) days of the quoted project completion date, that company will receive a yearlong probationary notice from the local government. If a company already on probation receives another notice, the company will be strictly reevaluated by the local government and excluding extenuating circumstances, have their bidding rights revoked for a period of time. The time for which a company can be stripped of bidding rights is no less than sixty (60) days and no more than (365) one three hundred and sixty five.

Section 3. DEFINITION:

"Extenuating circumstance" shall herby be defined as any excuse deemed excusable by the office of the county commissioner.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-519 By: Kemmerer(ORU)
Reynolds(ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to firearms; providing that any federal law which attempts to ban a semi-automatic firearm or to limit the size of a magazine of a firearm or other limitation on firearms in this state shall be unenforceable in Oklahoma; providing for a penalty; and providing for an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Firearm Protection" Act of 2013.

Section 2. A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

(a) No public employee, or dealer selling any firearm in this state shall enforce any act, law, statute, rule or regulation of the United States government relating to a personal firearm, firearm accessory or ammunition that is owned or manufactured commercially or privately in Oklahoma and that remains exclusively within the borders of Oklahoma.

(b) The attorney general may defend a citizen of Oklahoma who is prosecuted by the United States government for violation of a federal law relating to the manufacture, sale, transfer, or possession of a firearm, a firearm accessory or ammunition owned or manufactured and retained exclusively within the borders of Oklahoma.

(c) Any federal act, law, statute, rule, regulation or order created or effective on or after January 1, 2013 shall be unenforceable within the borders of Oklahoma if the act, law, statute, rule, regulation or order attempts to:

(i) Ban or restrict ownership of a semi-automatic firearm or any magazine of a firearm.

Section 3. PENALTY:

Any official, agent or employee of the United States government who enforces or attempts to enforce any act, order, law, statute, rule or regulation of the United States government upon a personal firearm, a firearm accessory or ammunition that is owned or manufactured commercially or privately in Oklahoma and that

remains exclusively within the borders of Oklahoma shall be guilty of felony and, upon conviction, shall be subject to imprisonment for not less than one (1) year and one (1) day or more than five (5) years, a fine of not more than five thousand dollars ($5,000.00), or both.

Any public officer or employee of the State of Oklahoma or any political subdivision of the state, that enforces or attempts to enforce an act, order, law, statute, rule or regulation of the government of the United States in violation of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be punished by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed two (2) years, or by a fine not to exceed One Thousand Dollars ($1,000.00), or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Section 4. It being necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect immediately upon its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 44th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-520 By: Murray (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to environmental sustainability; providing short title; providing for codification; providing for exemption; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Phosphorus" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Lawn fertilizers containing phosphorus over three percent will be banned from sale and usage in all Oklahoma counties. Grocery stores whom wish to sell fertilizer must sell a phosphorous-free blend.

Section 3. For someone wishing to sod a fresh area of land for new growth of foliage, phosphorous-containing fertilizers will be approved for use with the request of a permit and subsequent approval by the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-521 By: Murray (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to food waste management; providing short title; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Samaritan" Act of 2013.

Section 2. A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Grocery stores which sell packaged meat and produce will be required to make all expired products (non-rotten) available to local food banks and volunteer distribution companies instead of throwing them away. Only if there are no local organizations willing to take these products will the store be allowed to discard the products.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-522 By: Murray (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to education; providing short title; providing for codification; providing for funding and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Corporate Ethics" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

A new high school class will be optional at Oklahoma public schools to be taught in the ninth (9th) grade. This course will be an ethics course that teaches the pupil how to handle him or herself in a professional environment. This will include, but is not limited to, learning about proper business attire, how to carry one's self in an interview, and proper societal communication skills. The exact curriculum will be determined by the Oklahoma Ethics Commission upon the passage of this bill.

Section 3. Upon the passing of this bill, any additional funds needed for curriculum and additional teaching staff will be requested from the United States Government as part of the American Reinvestment and Recovery Act.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-523 By: Reynolds (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to child support; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Where Is the Proof?" Act of 2013.

Section 2. Child Support: the ongoing, periodic payment made by a parent for the financial benefit of a child following the end of a marriage or other relationship.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Upon petition by the person obligated to pay child support, the court shall order the person receiving child support payments to report to the court as to how the child support payments are being spent by furnishing receipts, bank statements or other records.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-524 By: Reynolds (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the right to bear arms; providing short title; providing for codification; providing penalties and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Second Amendment Preservation" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

It shall be the duty of the Legislature of this state to adopt and enact any and all measures as may be necessary to prevent the enforcement of all federal acts, laws, orders, rules, regulations, bans or registration requirements regarding firearms within the limits of this state or prohibiting citizens of this state from exercising their Second Amendment right.

Section 3. Any official, agent, or employee of the United States government or any employee of a corporation providing services to the United States government that enforces or attempts to enforce an act, order, law, statute, rule or regulation of the government of the United States in violation of this act shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction shall, upon conviction, be punished by imprisonment in the custody of the Department of Corrections not to exceed five (5) years, or by a fine not exceeding Five Thousand Dollars ($5,000.00), or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Any public officer or employee of the State of Oklahoma or any political subdivision of the state, that enforces or attempts to enforce an act, order, law, statute, rule or regulation of the government of the United States in violation of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction, be punished by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed two (2) years, or by a fine not to exceed One Thousand Dollars ($1,000.00), or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Section 4. It being necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect immediately upon its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-525 By: Reynolds (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to motor vehicles; providing for codification; providing for definitions; providing penalties and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Motor Vehicle Safety" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

It shall be unlawful for any person to operate a motor vehicle on any public street or highway of this state while using a cellular telephone or electronic communication device to compose, send, or read a text-based communication.

Section 3.

Cellular telephone: an analog or digital wireless telephone authorized by the Federal Communications Commission to operate in the frequency bandwidth reserved for cellular telephones. Electronic communication device: an electronic device that permits the user to manually transmit a communication of written text by means other than through an oral transfer or wire communication and includes, but is not limited to, a cellular telephone, personal digital assistant, text messaging device, or a computer. This term does not include a voice-activated global positioning or navigation system that is permanently affixed to a motor vehicle.

Compose, send or read: with respect to a text message means the manual entry, sending or retrieval of a text message to communicate with any person or device.

Section 4. Any person who violates the provisions of this section shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine and court costs that shall not exceed Five Hundred Dollars ($500.00).

Section 5. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-526 By: Rogers (ORU), Tanis (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to state education eligibility; providing short title; providing for definitions, providing for codification, providing for exceptions, and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "WWJD" Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS:

Naturalized: any person who has legally attained United States citizenship.

Residency: any place which primarily houses individuals, regardless of ownership or lease status, to include, but not be limited to, communal and/or familial dwelling places, apartments, townhouses, condominiums, or any residence acknowledged by state public records in which one is compliantly, non-aggressively, and in full knowledge and permission of the owner, occupying.

Section 3. NEW LAW: A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Any minor residing in the state of Oklahoma, regardless of individual national citizenship status or that of his/her parent/guardian's national citizenship status, shall be eligible to enroll in and receive state education in the same manner as natural-born or naturalized minors.

Minors shall not be required henceforth to provide proof of residency to enroll in state education.

Section 4. EXCEPTIONS:

1. A minor who is not a citizen of the United States shall not be eligible to enroll in state education if he/she has been convicted of any crime more severe than a misdemeanor.
2. All minors attempting to enroll in a school district which measures within twenty-five (25) miles from any Oklahoma state border must provide proof of residency in Oklahoma, in keeping with the aforementioned definition.

Section 5. This act shall become effective June 15, 2015, after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. ORU-527 By: Wagoner (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to blood donation and the prohibition of sexual orientation discrimination; providing for short title; providing for codification; providing for definitions; providing for penalties and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Oklahoma Donor Equality" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Blood Donation Centers operating in the state of Oklahoma are prohibited from rejecting donated blood based on the donor's sexual preference. Each donor seeking to donate whole blood, platelets or plasma must pass all standards previously established, including:

a) In good health
b) At least 16 years old
c) At least 110 pounds
d) Able to pass the physical and health history assessments

Furthermore, blood donation centers will remove all assessment questions relating to sexual preference or homosexual activity from the forms necessary to donate blood. All questions regarding past sexual behavior must be impartial of gender preference.

Section 3. DEFINITIONS:

Blood Donation Center: A place where blood is collected from donors, typed, separated into components, stored, and prepared for transfusion to recipients. A blood bank may be a separate freestanding facility or part of a larger laboratory in a hospital.

Section 4. PENALTIES:

First offense: If a donor's blood is rejected based solely on sexual preference, the donation bank will be fined $500.

Second offense: The second offense committed by the blood donation

center, the donation bank will be suspended from all operations for 30 days.

Third offense: If a third offense committed by the blood donation center, the donation bank will suspend all operations for 90 days, and will be fined $1000.

Section 5. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. RSU-501 By: Fields (RSU)
Zimmerman (OSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the proficiency of graduating high school students; providing short title; providing for exclusions; providing definitions; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Fields-Zimmerman" Act of 2013

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

All graduating seniors of public Oklahoma high schools must achieve a "B2 to C1" level of proficiency in a language other than English. Students will have the ability to test proficiency at the end of each semester and if proficiency is reached, instruction may cease. Every language proficiency test will be available to each student, and said tests will be created and provided by Oklahoma State Department of Education.

Section 3. Exclusions

Any students transferring from an out of state or private school will not have to complete said language requirements. International students will also be exempt. Students transferring from public schools within Oklahoma but who do not transfer to a school with the same language program will be excluded.

Section 4. Definitions

In accordance with the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages:

A "**B2**" level of proficiency is defined as: a vantage or upper intermediate speaker, who:

- Understand the main ideas of complex text on both concrete and abstract topics, including technical discussions in his/her field of specialization.
- Can interact with a degree of fluency and spontaneity that makes regular interaction with native speakers quite possible without strain for either party.
- Can produce clear, detailed text on a wide range of subjects and explain viewpoint on a topical issue giving the advantages and disadvantages of various options.

A "**C1**" level of proficiency is defined as: effective operational proficiency or advanced

- Can understand a wide range of demanding, longer texts, and recognize implicit meaning.
- Can express ideas fluently and spontaneously without much obvious searching for expressions.
- Can use language flexibly and effectively for social, academic and professional purposes.
- Can produce clear, well-structured, detailed text on complex subjects, showing controlled use of organizational patterns, connectors and cohesive devices.

Section 5. The act shall become effective beginning fall semester of the 2015 school year.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. RSU-502 By: James (RSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to property tax; providing short title; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Enough Property Tax" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Property tax shall be put at the value the house was purchased for. Property should not be taxed on current value as determined by the assessor. When property is sold, the new owner will be taxed based on that purchase price.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. RSU- 503 By: Black (RSU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to open primary voting; providing short title; providing for codification; providing for repealer; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Open Primaries Are Cool" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

A. No registered voter shall be restrained from voting in a primary election based upon the political preference designated on his/her recorded voter registration application, voter identification card, voter card or through proper change in political party preference adherent to 26 O.S. §1-110.

B. All references to "party affiliation" in 26 O.S. §1-110, 26 O.S. §4-110.1 (2013), 26 O.S. §4-112, 26 O.S. §4-118, and 26 O.S. §4-119 shall be replaced with "party preference."

Section 3. REPEALER

A. All statutes, bylaws and policies that contradict this legislation is nullified.

Section 4. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. RSU-504

By: Black (RSU)
Clemishire (RSU)
James (RSU)
Martin (RSU) of the House
Cunningham (RSU) of the Senate

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to sperm donation; providing short title; providing for codification; providing for exceptions and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Equal Terms for Different Sperms" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

No person within the State of Oklahoma shall be prohibited from donating sperm on account of height, weight, race, ethnicity, occupation, sexual orientation, educational attainment, eye color, and hair color.

Section 3. EXCEPTIONS:

Individuals with the following conditions may be prohibited from donating sperm:

- Any sexually transmitted diseases (Currently diagnosed)
- Diagnosed genetic mental illness
- History of drug abuse or use of illegal drugs

Section 4. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Resolution No. RSU-801 By: James (RSU)

AS INTRODUCED

A resolution for Bigfoot Protection

WHEREAS Sasquatch's are not a protected person's in the State of Oklahoma

WHEREAS they were residents of this land prior to European discovery

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF THE 1ST SESSION OF THE 45TH OKLAHOMA INTERCOLLEGIATE LEGISLATURE:

THAT Sasquatch's be protected and recognized by the State of Oklahoma.

THAT they are protected under the constitutional rights given to all citizens of the State of Oklahoma.

THAT reservations shall be established for Bigfoot habitats and protected by the Bureau of Indian affairs.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. RSC-001 By: Fox (RSC)
Perry (RSC)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to Title 25 of the Oklahoma general statues; providing short title; providing for amendment of current law; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Subcontractors Are People Too" Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITION:
"Subcontractor" means a subcontractor, contract employee, staffing agency, or any contractor regardless of its tier.

Section 3. AMENDATORY. Title 25 Sec 25-16, is amended to read as follows:
Person includes corporation and subcontractor. The word "person," except when used by way of contrast, includes not only human beings, but bodies politic, corporate, and subcontractor.

Section 4. AMENDATORY. Title 25 Sec 25-1301, is amended to read as follows:
As used in Section 1101 et seq. of this title:
8. "Employee" means an individual who receives income ~~a salary or wages~~ from an employer. Employee shall ~~not~~ include ~~independent contractors~~ subcontractors.

Section 5. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.
.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. UCO- 501 By: Heggy (UCO)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Get To Work" Act of 2013.

Section 2. A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Any teacher in the state of Oklahoma that exceeds the amount of personal or sick days allotted for one full school year will be required to pay for any substitute cost for those days exceeding.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. UCO-502 By: Wilson (UCO)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the punishment of minors; providing short title; providing clarification; providing definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This amendment shall be known as the "We're Still Kids" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Causing, aiding, abetting or encouraging minor to become delinquent, in need of supervision, or dependent and neglected - Penalty.

Any person over the age of 18 who knowingly and willfully:

1. Causes, aids, abets or encourages a minor to be, to remain or to become delinquent, in need of supervision or dependent and neglected, or

2. Omits the performance of any duty, which act or omission causes or tends to cause, aid, abet, or encourage any minor to be delinquent, in need of supervision or dependent and neglected, within the purview of the Oklahoma Children's Code or the Oklahoma Juvenile Code,

Upon conviction, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, as applicable, shall be punished pursuant to the provisions of Section 856, 858.1 or 858.2 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. UCO-503 By: Wilson (UCO)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the punishment of violent offenders; providing short title; providing clarification; providing definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Stay in Control" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

All those persons who were deemed violent offenders will receive what will be equivalent of twice the punishment of a crime if:

1) They are convicted of a DUI, PI, MIP, and other drug related crimes;
2) They are convicted of an illegal weapons charge;

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. UCO-504 By: Wilson (UCO)
Craighead (ORU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to entertainment for the population of Oklahoma and recreation for delinquents; providing short title; providing clarification; providing definitions; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Delinquent Internment and Extermination (D.I.E)" Act of 2013.

Section 2. Definitions

Youthful Offender Act of 1998: Upon conviction of a crime as a youthful offender, the court may impose a sentence not to exceed the amount possible for adult criminal conviction or 10 years, whichever is less. A special review hearing is required prior to the youth reaching 18 years of age where the court has several options available, including discharging the case, modifying the juvenile disposition, or transferring the youth to the custody of the Department of Corrections to serve the remainder of the Youthful Offender sentence.

Juvenile offenders, ages 13 or 14, who are charged with murder in the first degree will be automatically treated as an adult, unless certified as a youth offender or juvenile pursuant to the Youthful Offender Act.

A court may defer delinquency proceedings for 180 days for any youth that has not been previously adjudicated delinquent, is currently charged with a misdemeanor, submits a guilty plea, and if the youth and their parent or legal guardian agree to participate in a court-approved alternative program for first-time offender.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Once a year, one male and one female from each juvenile delinquent center in the State of Oklahoma will be chosen to be part of a once in a lifetime athletic competition called The Predator to Prey (P2P) Games. The winner of the games will be given a clean record and released from their juvenile delinquent center and the opportunity to join the Armed Forces of the United States. Funding for the first year of this project will be siphoned from the State Health

Department's annual budget.

From the second year forward, the State of Oklahoma will create contracts with every major television network in Oklahoma to broadcast the event on an annual basis, splitting revenues from broadcast advertising between contracted networks and the State. This agreement will use all State-gained revenues to pay off initial debts and future operating costs for the annual competition, with all future, excess, State-gained revenues funding the Lead Individuals to Fantastic Ethics (L.I.F.E.). This program will provide education and reform to poverty-stricken areas with high rates of crimes committed by minors.

The location of the games will occur in one of the four corners of Oklahoma to celebrate the diverse biomes, distinct landscapes, and esoteric cultures of Oklahoma. The games will rotate every year between the Northwest, Southwest, Northeast, and Southeast corners of the state.

Rules and Provisions for the Predator to Prey (P2P) Games:

1. Each contestant must be between the ages of 11 and 18.
2. The contestants must be current juveniles in the Oklahoma Juvenile Delinquent System and have committed a crime greater than or equal to the charges outlined in the Youthful Offender Act of 1998.
3. The contestants will be picked by using a computer generated random selection process done by Medtox laboratories.
4. One male and one female will be chosen from each from Juvenile Delinquent Center in the state of Oklahoma, and then cut down to the top 12 most violent contestants.
5. Each contestant will be given 6 months to train in whatever skills he/she thinks will be appropriate for his/her style of fighting.
6. No firearms will be allowed in the fighting arena.
7. The head game-maker of the games will be none other than our own Governor Scott Chance.
8. The head game-maker will be given the opportunity to choose a committee of 10 game makers not including himself.
9. The committee will choose the specific details of the game of the current year.
10. The games will end when there is only one delinquent left.

Section 5. This act shall become effective two years after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. UCO-505 By: Kouts (UCO)

AS INTRODUCED

An act establishing school choice through tax credit scholarships for students identified as gifted; Bright Futures Act of 2013; A new section of law to be codified as Section 1203.402 of Title 70, effective June 31st, 2013.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Bright Futures" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

A. Students who have been tested and identified as gifted will be offered scholarships within 30 days of their testing. The scholarships will be used to transfer the student to an accredited private or charter school which will better suit their educational needs. Gifted students are described in the Education of Gifted and Talented Children Act of 1981, as being "those children identified at the preschool, elementary and secondary level as having demonstrated potential abilities of high performance capability and needing differentiated or accelerated education or services."

This definition describes students who score in the top three percent (3%) on any national standardized test of intellectual ability, and may also include students who demonstrate excellence in creative thinking, leadership, visual or performing arts, or specific academic abilities.

B. In order to obtain scholarships for gifted students, the State of Oklahoma will provide tax credits of up to 3 million dollars in total to individuals (1.5 million dollars) and corporations (1.5 million dollars) which make donations to scholarship-granting organizations.

C. In order to qualify for a scholarship, the student must have residence in Oklahoma, and have a household income of no more than 300% of the standard. After receiving a scholarship, students must keep a GPA of no less than a 3.0 during the year they use the scholarship to continue to qualify the following year.

D. Scholarships may be used at any accredited school the student gains acceptance to, including public, private and charter schools.

E. Schools which receive these gifted students on scholarship must:

A. Be accredited.
B. Comply with Title 70 Legislation (Education of Gifted and Talented Children Act of 1981).
C. Create an IEP (Individualized Education Program) for each student to ensure the students get the most out of their program.

F. The student's scholarship application must be submitted by the parent/guardian to the Oklahoma State Department of Education (OSDE) by mail or fax, with the required documentation, by December 1 of the year that parent/guardian is seeking the scholarship. Applications received after December 1 will be processed for the following school year.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature

1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. UCO-506 By: Cary (UCO)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the formation of a political party to require 5,000 signatures ; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Ballot Reform" Act of 2012.

Section 2. AMENDATORY 26 O.S. § 1-108.2 is to be amended as follows to read as follows:

Section 1-108.2 2. After such notice is filed, petitions seeking recognition of a political party, in a form to be prescribed by the Secretary of the State Election Board, shall be filed with such Secretary, bearing the signatures of registered voters equal to at least ~~five percent (5%) of the~~ five thousand total votes cast in the last General Election either for Governor or for electors for President and Vice President. Each page of such petitions must contain the names of registered voters from a single county. Petitions may be circulated a maximum of one (1) year after notice is filed, provided that petitions shall be filed with the Secretary no later than March 1 of an even-numbered year. Such petitions shall not be circulated between March 1 and November 15 of any even-numbered year; and

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. UCO-507 By: Ahrabi (UCO)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to Beards; providing short title; providing for penalty; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Beards gets you Babes" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

(1) Every time a civilian notices a man/woman with a beard, they are obligated to say the phrase "Nice beard bro, I respect your beard."

(2) If two people with beards cross paths then they must high-five, and rub each other's beards for at least 30 seconds.

(3) A violation of section (1) and/or (2) is an infraction punishable by a sharpie mark to the face.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 1 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 44th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. UCO-508 By: Ahrabi (UCO)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the use of a wireless telephone; providing short title; providing for a fine; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Ring-Ring….Hello?" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

(a) A person shall not drive a motor vehicle while using a wireless telephone unless that telephone is specifically designed and configured to allow hands-free listening and talking, and is used in that manner while driving.

(b) A violation of this section is an infraction punishable by a base fine of twenty dollars ($20) for a first offense and fifty dollars ($50) for each subsequent offense.

(c) This section does not apply to a person using a wireless telephone for emergency purposes, including, but not limited to, an emergency call to a law enforcement agency, health care provider, fire department, or other emergency services agency or entity.

(d) This section does not apply to an emergency services professional using a wireless telephone while operating an authorized emergency vehicle in the course and scope of his or her duties.

(e) This section does not apply to a person while driving a motor vehicle on private property.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. 5010 By: Wilder (UCO)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to Oklahoma dental practices; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Oklahoma Dental Care Reform" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

a) As used in this act:

1. ''Proprietor'' means any person who employs dentists or dental hygienists in the operation of a dental office.

2. ''Dental franchisor'' means any person or entity, pursuant to a written agreement, who provides a licensed dentist any dental practice management consulting services, which may include marketing or advertising services, signage or branding consulting, or places in possession of a licensed dentist such dental material or equipment as may be necessary for the management of a dental office on the basis of a lease or any other agreement for compensation. A person or entity is not a dental franchisor if the agreement with the dentist:

a. Permits the person or entity to interfere with the professional judgment of the dentist; or

b. contains terms that would constitute a violation of the dental practices act, rules and regulations adopted by the board, any orders and directives issued by the board or any other applicable law.

3. ''Unlicensed proprietor'' means any person or entity not authorized to own or operate a dental practice that enters into an agreement with a dentist or dental hygienist related to the practice of dentistry or dental hygiene which:

a. Permits the person or entity to interfere with the

professional judgment of the dentist; or

b. contains terms that would constitute a violation of the dental practices act, rules and regulations adopted by the board, any orders and directives issued by the board or any other applicable law. A licensee of dentistry who enters into any arrangement with an unlicensed proprietor may have such license limited, suspended or revoked by the board.

b) The estate or agent for a deceased or substantially disabled dentist may employ dentists, for a period of not more than one year 18 months following the date of death or substantial disability of the dentist, to provide service to patients until the practice can be sold or closed. Upon application showing good cause, including, but not limited to, evidence of a good faith effort to sell or close the dental practice, the Oklahoma dental board may extend the time in six-month increments for a period of not more than one additional year for which the practice can be sold or closed.

The Oklahoma dental board may adopt rules and regulations as necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

c) The board may suspend or revoke the license of any dentist who shall permit any dental hygienist operating under such dentist's supervision to perform any operation other than that permitted under the provisions of article 14 of chapter 65 of the Oklahoma Statutes Annotated, or acts amendatory thereof and amendments thereto, and may suspend or revoke the license of any hygienist found guilty of performing any operation other than those permitted under article 14 of chapter 65 of the Oklahoma Statutes Annotated, or acts amendatory thereof and amendments thereto. No license of any dentist or dental hygienist shall be suspended or revoked in any administrative proceedings without first complying with the notice and hearing requirements of the Oklahoma administrative procedure act.

d) The practice of dental hygiene shall include those educational, preventive, and therapeutic procedures that result in the removal of extraneous deposits, stains and debris from the teeth and the rendering of smooth surfaces of the teeth to the depths of the gingival sulci. Included among those educational, preventive and therapeutic procedures are the instruction of the patient as to daily personal care, protecting the teeth from dental caries, the scaling and polishing of the crown surfaces and the planing of the root surfaces, in addition to the curettage of those soft tissues lining the free gingiva to the depth of the gingival sulcus and such additional educational, preventive and

therapeutic procedures as the board may establish by rules and regulations.

e) Subject to such prohibitions, limitations and conditions as the board may prescribe by rules and regulations, any licensed dental hygienist may practice dental hygiene and may also perform such dental service as may be performed by a dental assistant.

f) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the practice of dental hygiene shall be performed under the direct or general supervision of a licensed dentist at the office of such licensed dentist. The board shall designate by rules and regulations the procedures which may be performed by a dental hygienist under direct supervision and the procedures which may be performed under general supervision of a licensed dentist.

    a. ''Direct supervision'' means that the dentist is in the dental office, personally diagnoses the condition to be treated, personally authorizes the procedure and before dismissal of the patient evaluates the performance; and

    b. ''General supervision'' means a Oklahoma licensed dentist may delegate verbally or by written authorization the performance of a service, task or procedure to a licensed dental hygienist under the supervision and responsibility of the dentist, if the dental hygienist is licensed to perform the function, and the supervising dentist examines the patient at the time the dental hygiene procedure is performed, or during the 12 calendar months preceding the performance of the procedure, except that the licensed hygienist shall not be permitted to diagnose a dental disease or ailment, prescribe any treatment or a regimen thereof, prescribe, order or dispense medication or perform any procedure which is irreversible or which involves the intentional cutting of the soft or hard tissue by any means. A dentist is not required to be on the premises at the time a hygienist performs a function.

g) The practice of dental hygiene may be performed with consent of the parent or legal guardian, on children participating in residential and nonresidential centers for therapeutic services, on all children in families which are receiving family preservation services, on all children in the custody of the secretary of social and rehabilitation services or the commissioner of juvenile justice authority and in an out-of-home placement residing in foster care homes, on children being served by runaway youth programs and homeless shelters; and on children birth to five and children in public and nonpublic schools

kindergarten through grade 12 regardless of the time of year and children participating in youth organizations, so long as such children birth to five, in public or nonpublic schools or participating in youth organizations also meet the requirements of Medicaid, healthwave, or free or reduced lunch programs or Indian health services who are dentally underserved are targeted; at any state correctional institution, local health department or indigent health care clinic, and at any federally qualified health center, federally qualified health center look-alike or a community health center that receives funding from section 330 of the health center consolidation act, on a person, inmate, client or patient thereof and on other persons as may be defined by the board; so long as:

a. The dental hygienist has received an ‘‘extended care permit I‘‘ from the Oklahoma dental board specifying that the dental hygienist has performed 1,200 hours of dental hygiene care within the past three years or has been an instructor at an accredited dental hygiene program for two academic years within the past three years;

b. the dental hygienist shows proof of professional liability insurance;

c. the dental hygienist is sponsored by a dentist licensed in the state of Oklahoma, including a signed agreement stating that the dentist shall monitor the dental hygienist’s activities, except such dentist shall not monitor more than five dental hygienists with an extended care permit;

d. the tasks and procedures are limited to:

i. removal of extraneous deposits, stains and debris from the teeth and the rendering of smooth surfaces of the teeth to the depths of the gingival sulci;

ii. the application of topical anesthetic if the dental hygienist has completed the required course of instruction approved by the dental board;

iii. the application of fluoride;

iv. dental hygiene instruction;

v. assessment of the patient’s apparent need for further evaluation by a dentist to diagnose the presence of dental caries and other abnormalities; and

vi. other duties as may be delegated verbally or in writing by the sponsoring dentists consistent with this act;

e. the dental hygienist advises the patient and legal guardian that the services are preventive in nature and do not constitute a comprehensive dental diagnosis and care

f. the dental hygienist provides a copy of the findings and the report of treatment to the sponsoring dentist and any other dental or medical supervisor at a participating organization found in this subsection; and

g. any payment to the dental hygienist for dental hygiene services is received from the sponsoring dentist or the participating organization found in this subsection.

h) The practice of dental hygiene may be performed at an adult care home, hospital long-term care unit, state institution, local health department or indigent health care clinic on a resident of a facility, client or patient thereof so long as:

a. A licensed dentist has delegated the performance of the service, task or procedure;

b. the dental hygienist is under the supervision and responsibility of the dentist;

c. either the supervising dentist is personally present or the services, tasks and procedures are limited to the cleaning of teeth, education and preventive care; and

d. the supervising dentist examines the patient at the time the dental hygiene procedure is performed or has examined the patient during the 12 calendar months preceding performance of the procedure.

i) The practice of dental hygiene may be performed with consent of the parent or legal guardian, on children participating in residential and nonresidential centers for therapeutic services, on all children in families which are receiving family preservation services, on all children in the custody of the secretary of social and rehabilitation services or the commissioner of juvenile justice authority and in an out-of-home placement residing in foster care homes, on children being served by runaway youth programs and homeless shelters; and on children birth to five and children in public and nonpublic schools

kindergarten through grade 12 regardless of the time of year and children participating in youth organizations, so long as such children birth to five, in public or nonpublic schools or participating in youth organizations also meet the requirements of medicaid, healthwave, or free or reduced lunch programs or Indian health services who are dentally underserved are targeted; at any state correctional institution, local health department or indigent health care clinic, and at any federally qualified health center, federally qualified health center look-alike or a community health center that receives funding from section 330 of the health center consolidation act, on a person, inmate, client or patient thereof and on other persons as may be defined by the board; so long as:

a. The dental hygienist has received an ‘‘extended care permit I‘‘ from the Oklahoma dental board specifying that the dental hygienist has performed 1,200 hours of dental hygiene care within the past three years or has been an instructor at an accredited dental hygiene program for two academic years within the past three years;

b. the dental hygienist shows proof of professional liability insurance;

c. the dental hygienist is sponsored by a dentist licensed in the state of Oklahoma, including a signed agreement stating that the dentist shall monitor the dental hygienist’s activities, except such dentist shall not monitor more than five dental hygienists with an extended care permit;

d. the tasks and procedures are limited to:

i. removal of extraneous deposits, stains and debris from the teeth and the rendering of smooth surfaces of the teeth to the depths of the gingival sulci;

ii. the application of topical anesthetic if the dental hygienist has completed the required course of instruction approved by the dental board;

iii. the application of fluoride;

iv. dental hygiene instruction;

v. assessment of the patient’s apparent need for further evaluation by a dentist to diagnose the presence of dental caries and other abnormalities; and

vi. other duties as may be delegated verbally or in writing by the sponsoring dentists consistent with this act;

e. the dental hygienist advises the patient and legal guardian that the services are preventive in nature and do not constitute a comprehensive dental diagnosis and care;

f. the dental hygienist provides a copy of the findings and the report of treatment to the sponsoring dentist and any other dental or medical supervisor at a participating organization found in this subsection; and

g. any payment to the dental hygienist for dental hygiene services is received from the sponsoring dentist or the participating organization found in this subsection.

j) The practice of dental hygiene may be performed on persons with developmental disabilities and on persons who are 65 years and older who live in a residential center, an adult care home, subsidized housing, hospital long-term care unit, state institution or are served in a community senior service center, elderly nutrition program or at the home of a homebound person who qualifies for the federal home and community based service (HCBS) waiver on a resident of a facility, client or patient thereof so long as:

a. The dental hygienist has received an ‘‘extended care permit II’’ from the Oklahoma dental board specifying that the dental hygienist has:

i. performed 1,600 hours of dental hygiene care or has been an instructor at an accredited dental hygiene program for two academic years within the past three years; and

ii. completed six hours of training on the care of special needs patients or other training as may be accepted by the board;

b. the dental hygienist shows proof of professional liability insurance;

c. the dental hygienist is sponsored by a dentist licensed in the state of Oklahoma, including a signed agreement stating that the dentist shall monitor the dental hygienist’s activities, except such dentist shall not monitor more than five dental hygienists

with an extended care permit II;

d. the tasks and procedures are limited to:

i. removal of extraneous deposits, stains and debris from the teeth and the rendering of smooth surfaces of the teeth to the depths of the gingival sulci;

ii. the application of topical anesthetic if the dental hygienist has completed the required course of instruction approved by the dental board;

iii. the application of fluoride;

iv. dental hygiene instruction;

v. assessment of the patient's apparent need for further evaluation by a dentist to diagnose the presence of dental caries and other abnormalities; and

vi. other duties as may be delegated verbally or in writing by the sponsoring dentists consistent with this act;

e. the dental hygienist advises the patient and legal guardian that the services are preventive in nature and do not constitute comprehensive dental diagnosis and care

f. the dental hygienist provides a copy of the findings and the report of treatment to the sponsoring dentist and any other dental or medical supervisor at a participating organization found in this subsection;

g. any payment to the dental hygienist for dental hygiene services is from the sponsoring dentist or the participating organization found in this subsection; and

h. the dental hygienist completes a minimum of six hours of education in the area of special needs care within the board's continuing dental education requirements for relicensure.

k) The expanded practice of dental hygiene may be performed with consent of the parent or legal guardian, on children participating in residential and nonresidential centers for therapeutic services, on all children in families which are receiving family preservation services, on all children in the custody of the secretary of social and rehabilitation services or the commissioner of juvenile justice authority

and in an out-of-home placement residing in foster care homes, on children being served by runaway youth programs and homeless shelters; and on children birth to five and children in public and nonpublic schools kindergarten through grade 12 regardless of the time of year and children participating in youth organizations, so long as such children who are dentally underserved are targeted; at any state correctional institution, local health department or indigent health care clinic, and at any federally qualified health center, federally qualified health center look-alike or a community health center that receives funding from section 330 of the health center consolidation act, on a person, inmate, client or patient; on persons with developmental disabilities and on persons who are 65 years and older who live in a residential center, an adult care home, subsidized housing, hospital long-term care unit, state institution or are served in a community senior service center, elderly nutrition program or at the home of a homebound person who qualifies for the federal home and community based service (HCBS) waiver on a resident of a facility, client or patient thereof so long as:

a. The dental hygienist has received an ‘‘extended care permit III’’ from the Oklahoma dental board specifying that the dental hygienist has:

    i. Performed 2,000 hours of dental hygiene care or has been an instructor at an accredited dental hygiene program for three academic years within the past four years; and

    ii. completed a course of study of 18 seat hours approved by the board which includes, but is not limited to, emergency dental care techniques, the preparation and placement of temporary restorations, the adjustment of dental prostheses and appropriate pharmacology;

b. the dental hygienist shows proof of professional liability insurance;

c. the dental hygienist is sponsored by a dentist licensed in the state of Oklahoma, including a signed agreement stating that the dentist shall monitor the dental hygienist’s activities, except such dentist shall not monitor more than five dental hygienists with an extended care permit III;

d. the tasks and procedures are limited to:

    i. Removal of extraneous deposits, stains and debris from

the teeth and the rendering of smooth surfaces of the teeth to the depths of the gingival sulci;

ii. the application of topical anesthetic if the dental hygienist has completed the required course of instruction approved by the dental board;

iii. the application of fluoride;

iv. dental hygiene instruction;

v. assessment of the patient's apparent need for further evaluation by a dentist to diagnose the presence of dental caries and other abnormalities;

vi. identification and removal of decay using hand instrumentation and placing a temporary filling, including glass ionomer and other palliative materials;

vii. adjustment of dentures, placing soft reline in dentures, checking partial dentures for sore spots and placing permanent identification labeling in dentures;

viii. smoothing of a sharp tooth with a slow speed dental handpiece;

ix. use of local anesthetic, including topical, infiltration and block anesthesia, when appropriate to assist with procedures where medical services are available in a nursing home, health clinic or any other settings if the dental hygienist has completed a course on local anesthesia and nitrous oxide as required in this act;

x. extraction of deciduous teeth that are partially exfoliated with class 4 mobility; and

xi. other duties as may be delegated verbally or in writing by the sponsoring dentist consistent with this act;

e. the dental hygienist advises the patient and legal guardian that the services are palliative or preventive in nature and do not constitute comprehensive dental diagnosis and care;

f. the dental hygienist provides a copy of the findings and the report of treatment to the sponsoring dentist and any other dental or medical supervisor at a participating organization

found in this subsection;

g. the dental hygienist notifies the patient or the patient's parent or legal guardian of such patient's need for treatment by a dentist, when the dental hygienist finds an apparent need for evaluation to diagnose the presence of dental caries and other abnormalities;

h. any payment to the dental hygienist for dental hygiene services is received from the sponsoring dentist or the participating organization found in this subsection; and

i. the dental hygienist completes a minimum of three hours of education related to the expanded scope of dental hygiene practice in subsection (h)(4) of this act within the board's continuing dental education requirements for relicensure.

Section 3. This act shall become effective immediately after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Joint Resolution No. OU-01 By: Berry (OU) of the House
Sweatman (OU) of the Senate

AS INTRODUCED

A joint resolution reforming Oklahoma's legislative and congressional redistricting process, to be submitted to the people in accordance with the provisions of Section 1 of Article XXIV of the Oklahoma Constitution; amending Article 5 § 11 of the Oklahoma Constitution; providing for the creation of an Independent Redistricting Commission; proving for Commission legal liability; providing for Commission member selection guidelines; providing for Commission funding; providing for Act severability; providing ballot title; and directing filing.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENATIVES AND THE SENATE OF THE 1ST SESSION OF THE 45TH OKLAHOMA INTERCOLLEGIATE LEGISLATURE

Section 1. The Oklahoma Election Commission shall refer to the people for their approval or rejection, as in accordance with Section 1 of Article XXIV of the Oklahoma Constitution, the following proposed amendments to Article 5 § 11 of the Oklahoma Constitution and additions to Title 14 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

Section 2. AMENDATORY O.C. Article 5 § 11 is amended to read as follows:

Article 5 § 11A ~~Legislature~~ Independent Redistricting Commission to apportion Legislature and Congress ~~– Failure to make apportionment – Bipartisan Commission on Legislative Apportionment.~~

The apportionment of the Legislature *and Congressional Districts* shall be accomplished by the ~~Legislature~~ Independent Redistricting Commission according to the provisions of this article~~, within ninety (90) legislative days after the convening of the first regular session of the Legislature following each Federal Decennial Census. If the Legislature shall fail or refuse to make such apportionment within the time provided herein, then such apportionment shall be accomplished by the Bipartisan Commission on Legislative Apportionment, according to the provisions of this article. The Commission shall be composed of seven (7) members as follows: the Lieutenant Governor, who shall be nonvoting and the chair of the Commission; two members, one republican and one democrat, appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate; two members, one republican and one democrat, appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives; and two members, one republican and one democrat, appointed by the Governor.~~

Article 5 § 11B. Order of apportionment rendered by Commission.

Each order of apportionment rendered by the ~~Bipartisan~~ Independent Redistricting Commission on Legislative or Congressional apportionment shall be in writing and shall be filed with the Secretary of State and shall be signed by at least ~~four~~ six (6) members of the Commission.

Article 5 § 11D. Determination by Supreme Court.

Upon review, the Supreme Court shall determine whether or not the apportionment order of the Commission or Act of the legislature is in compliance with the formula as set forth in this Article and, if so, it shall require the same to be filed or refilled as the case may be with the Secretary of State forthwith, and such apportionment shall become final on the date of said writ. In the event the Supreme Court shall determine that the apportionment order of said Commission or legislative Act is not in compliance with the formula for either the State Senate, ~~or the~~ State House of Representatives, or Congressional Districts as set forth in this Article, it will remand the matter to the Commission or appropriate body considering the date with directions to modify its order to achieve conformity with the provisions of this Article

Section 3. NEW LAW Section 3 is codified as O.C Article 5 § 11F Commission Duties to read:

(A) The Independent Redistricting Commission shall draw new district lines (also known as "redistricting") for State Legislature and Congressional districts. This Commission shall be created no later than December 31 in 2020, and in each year ending in the number zero thereafter.

(B) The Independent Redistricting Commission (hereinafter the "Commission") shall:

(1) Conduct an open and transparent process enabling full public consideration of and comment on the drawing of district lines;

(2) Draw district lines according to the redistricting criteria specified in this article; and

(3) Conduct themselves with integrity and fairness.

(C) The selection process is designed to produce a Commission that is independent from legislative influence and reasonably representative of this State's diversity.

(1) The Commission shall consist of nine (9) members, as follows: (3) who are registered with the largest political party in Oklahoma based on registration, three (3) who are registered with the second largest political party in Oklahoma based on registration, and three (3) who are not registered with either of the two largest political parties in Oklahoma based on registration.

(2) Each Commission member shall be a voter who has been continuously registered in Oklahoma with the same political party or unaffiliated with a

political party and who has not changed political party affiliation for five (5) or more years immediately preceding the date of his or her appointment. Each Commission member shall have voted in two (2) of the last three (3) statewide general elections immediately preceding his or her application.

(3) The term of office of each member of the Commission expires upon the appointment of the first member of the succeeding Commission.

(5) Six (6) members of the Commission shall constitute a quorum. Six (6) or more affirmative votes shall be required for any official action. The four (4) final maps must be approved by at least six (6) affirmative votes which must include at least two (2) votes of members registered from each of the two largest political parties in Oklahoma based on registration and two (2) votes from members who are not registered with either of these two political parties.

(6) Each Commission member shall apply this article in a manner that is impartial and that reinforces public confidence in the integrity of the redistricting process. A Commission member shall be ineligible for a period of ten (10) years beginning from the date of appointment to hold elective public office at the federal, state, county, or city level in this State. A member of the Commission shall be ineligible for a period of five (5) years beginning from the date of appointment to hold appointive federal, state, or local public office, to serve as paid staff for the Legislature or any individual legislator or to register as a federal, state, or local lobbyist in this State.

(D) By August 15 in 2021, and in each year ending in the number one thereafter, the Commission shall approve four (4) final maps that separately set forth the district boundary lines for the State House, State Senate, Congressional House, and Congressional Senate. Upon approval, the Commission shall certify the four (4) final maps to the Secretary of State.

(E) The Commission shall issue, with each of the four (4) final maps, a report that explains the basis on which the Commission made its decisions in achieving compliance with the criteria listed in subdivision (d) and shall include definitions of the terms and standards used in drawing each final map.

(F) Upon receiving the Commission's final maps, the Secretary of State shall certify them to the Legislature.

(1) For the next thirty (30) days thereafter the Legislature shall have the opportunity to amend District Lines, providing the changes affect no more than 2% of the population in any given district. Any proposed changes must be approved by a 2/3 vote in each chamber of the Legislature.

(2) After the thirty (30) day window for changes has expired the Legislature shall certify the new final maps containing any approved changes to the Secretary of State.

(G) Any approved changes must be accompanied by a report that explains the basis on which the Legislature made its decisions in compliance with the criteria of this Article.

(H) If the Commission does not approve a final map by at least the requisite votes and the required date listed in subdivision (d) the Secretary of State shall immediately petition the Supreme Court for an order directing the appointment of special masters to adjust the boundary lines of the previous district map in accordance with the redistricting criteria and requirements set forth in this Article. Upon its approval of the masters' map, the court shall certify the resulting map to the Secretary of State, which map shall constitute the certified final map for the subject type of district.

Section 4. NEW LAW Section 4 is codified as O.C. Article 5 § 11G Commission Liability to read:

(A) The Commission has the sole legal standing to defend any action regarding a certified final map, and shall inform the Legislature if it determines that funds or other resources provided for the operation of the Commission is not adequate. The Legislature shall provide adequate funding to defend any action regarding a certified map. The Commission has sole authority to determine whether the Attorney General or other legal counsel retained by the Commission shall assist in the defense of a certified final map.

(B) The Supreme Court has original and exclusive jurisdiction in all proceedings in which a certified final map is challenged.

(1) Any registered voter in this state may file a petition for a writ of mandate or writ of prohibition, within forty five (45) days after the Commission has certified a final map to the Secretary of State, to bar the Secretary of State from implementing the plan on the grounds that the filed plan violates this Constitution, the United States Constitution, or any federal or state statute.

(2) The Supreme Court shall give priority to ruling on a petition for a writ of mandate or a writ of prohibition filed pursuant to paragraph

(3) If the court determines that a final certified map violates this Constitution, the United States Constitution, or any federal or state statute, the court shall fashion the relief that it deems appropriate.

Section 5. NEW LAW Section 5 is codified as O.S §14-137 to read:

137.1 Independent Redistricting Commission General Provisions.

(A) This chapter implements Article 5 of the Oklahoma Constitution by establishing the process for the selection and governance of the Independent

Redistricting Commission.

(B) For purposes of this chapter, the following terms are defined:

(1) "Commission" means the Independent Redistricting Commission.

(2) "Day" means a calendar day, except that if the final day of a period within which an act is to be performed is a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday, the period is extended to the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday.

(3) "Panel" means the Applicant Review Panel.

(4) "Qualified independent auditor" means an auditor who is currently licensed by the Oklahoma Board of Accountancy and has been a practicing independent auditor for at least 10 years prior to appointment to the Applicant Review Panel.

(C) The Legislature may not amend this chapter unless all of the following are met:

(1) By the same vote required for the adoption of the final set of maps, the Commission recommends amendments to this chapter to carry out its purpose and intent.

(2) The exact language of the amendments provided by the Commission is enacted as a statute approved by a two-thirds vote of each house of the Legislature and signed by the Governor.

(3) The bill containing the amendments provided by the Commission is in print for ten (10) days before final passage by the Legislature.

(4) The amendments further the purposes of this Act.

(5) The amendments may not be passed by the Legislature in a year ending in 0 or 1.

137.2 Independent Redistricting Commission Selection Process.

(A) By January 1 in 2020, and in each year ending in the number zero thereafter, the State Auditor shall initiate an application process, open to all registered Oklahoma voters in a manner that promotes a diverse and qualified applicant pool.

(B) The State Auditor shall remove from the applicant pool individuals with conflicts of interest including:

(1) Within the ten (10) years immediately preceding the date of application, neither the applicant, nor a member of his or her immediate family may have done any of the following:

(a) Been appointed to, elected to, or have been a candidate for federal or state office.

(b) Served as an officer, employee, or paid consultant of a political party or of the campaign committee of a candidate for elective federal or state office.

(c) Served as an elected or appointed member of a political party central committee.

(d) Been a registered federal, state, or local lobbyist.

(e) Served as paid congressional or legislative staff.

(2) Staff and consultants to, persons under a contract with, and any person with an immediate family relationship with the Governor, a Member of the Legislature, a member of Congress, or a member of the State Board of Equalization, are not eligible to serve as Commission members. As used in this subdivision, a member of a person's "immediate family" is one with whom the person has a bona fide relationship established through blood or legal relation, including parents, children, siblings, and in-laws.

(C) The State Auditor shall establish an Applicant Review Panel, consisting of three (3) qualified independent auditors, to screen applicants. The State Auditor shall randomly draw the names of three (3) qualified independent auditors from a pool consisting of all auditors employed by the state and licensed by the Oklahoma Board of Accountancy at the time of the drawing. The State Auditor shall draw until the names of three (3) auditors have been drawn including one who is registered with the largest political party in Oklahoma based on party registration, one who is registered with the second largest political party in Oklahoma based on party registration, and one who is not registered with either of the two largest political parties in Oklahoma. After the drawing, the State Auditor shall notify the three (3) qualified independent auditors whose names have been drawn that they have been selected to serve on the panel. If any of the three (3) qualified independent auditors decline to serve on the panel, the State Auditor shall resume the random drawing until three (3) qualified independent auditors who meet the requirements of this subdivision have agreed to serve on the panel. A member of the panel shall be subject to the conflict of interest provisions set forth in paragraph (B) of subsection 137.2.

(D) Having removed individuals with conflicts of interest from the applicant pool, the State Auditor shall no later than August 1 in 2020, and in each year ending in the number zero thereafter, publicize the names in the applicant pool and provide copies of their applications to the Applicant Review Panel.

(E) From the applicant pool, the Applicant Review Panel shall select thirty (30) of the most qualified applicants, including ten (10) who are registered with the largest political party in Oklahoma based on registration, ten (10) who are registered with the second largest political party in Oklahoma based on registration, and ten (10) who are not registered with either of the two largest political parties in Oklahoma based on registration. These subpools shall be created on the basis of relevant analytical skills, ability to be impartial, and appreciation for Oklahoma's diverse demographics and geography. The members of the panel shall not communicate with any Legislative Member, Congressional member, or their representatives, about any matter related to the nomination process or applicants prior to the presentation by the panel of the pool of recommended applicants to the Secretary of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the House.

(F) By October 1 in 2020, and in each year ending in the number zero thereafter, the Applicant Review Panel shall present its pool of recommended applicants to the Secretary of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the House. No later than November 15 in 2020, and in each year ending in the number zero thereafter, the President pro Tempore of the Senate, the Minority Floor Leader of the Senate, the Speaker of the House, and the Minority Floor Leader of the House may each strike one (1) applicant from each subpool of ten (10) for a total of four (4) possible strikes per subpool. After all legislative leaders have exercised their strikes, the Secretary of the Senate and the Chief Clerk of the House shall jointly present the pool of remaining names to the State Auditor.

(G) No later than November 20 in 2020, and in each year ending in the number zero thereafter, the State Auditor shall randomly draw nine (9) names from the remaining pool of applicants as follows: three (3) from the remaining subpool of applicants registered with the largest political party in Oklahoma based on registration, three (3) from the remaining subpool of applicants registered with the second largest political party in Oklahoma based on registration, and three (3) from the remaining subpool of applicants who are not registered with either of the two largest political parties in Oklahoma based on registration. These nine (9) individuals shall serve on the Independent Redistricting Commission.

137.3 Independent Redistricting Commission Vacancy, Removal, Resignation, Absence.

(A) In the event of substantial neglect of duty, gross misconduct in office or inability to discharge the duties of office, a member of the Commission may be removed by the Governor with the concurrence of two-thirds of the Members of the Senate after having been served written notice and provided with an opportunity for a response. A finding of substantial neglect of duty or gross misconduct in office may result in referral to the Attorney General for criminal prosecution or the appropriate administrative agency for investigation.

(B) Any vacancy, whether created by removal, resignation, or absence, in the nine (9) Commission positions shall be filled within thirty (30) days after the vacancy occurs, from the pool of applicants of the same voter registration category as the vacating nominee that was remaining as of November 20 in the year in which that pool was established. If none of those remaining applicants are available for service, the State Auditor shall fill the vacancy from a new pool created for the same voter registration category in accordance with this Act.

137.4 Independent Redistricting Commission Miscellaneous Provisions.

(A) The activities of the Commission are subject to all of the following:

(1) The Commission shall comply with the Oklahoma Public Meeting Act Title 25, O.S. §§ 301-314 or its successor. The Commission shall provide

not less than fourteen (14) days' public notice for each meeting, except that meetings held in August in the year ending in the number one may be held with three (3) days' notice.

(2) The records of the Commission pertaining to redistricting and all data considered by the Commission are public records that will be posted in a manner that ensures immediate and widespread public access.

(3) Commission members and staff may not communicate with or receive communications about redistricting matters from anyone outside of a public hearing. This paragraph does not prohibit communication between Commission members, staff, legal counsel, and consultants retained by the Commission that is otherwise permitted by the Oklahoma Public Meeting Act or its successor outside of a public hearing.

(4) The Commission shall select one of their members to serve as the chair and one to serve as vice chair. The chair and vice chair shall not be of the same party.

(5) The Commission shall hire Commission staff, legal counsel, and consultants as needed. The Commission shall establish clear criteria for the hiring and removal of these individuals, communication protocols, and a code of conduct. The Commission shall apply the conflicts of interest listed in paragraph (B) of subsection137.2 to the hiring of staff to the extent applicable. The Secretary of State shall provide support functions to the Commission until its staff and office are fully functional. The Commission shall require that at least one of the legal counsels hired by the Commission has demonstrated extensive experience and expertise in implementation and enforcement of the federal Voting Rights Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1971 and following). The Commission shall make hiring, removal, or contracting decisions on staff, legal counsel, and consultants by six (6) or more affirmative votes including at least two (2) votes of members registered from each of the two largest parties and two (2) votes from members who are not registered with either of the two largest political parties in Oklahoma.

(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no employer shall discharge, threaten to discharge, intimidate, coerce, or retaliate against any employee by reason of such employee's attendance or scheduled attendance at any meeting of the Commission.

(7) The Commission shall establish and implement an open hearing process for public input and deliberation that shall be subject to public notice and promoted through a thorough outreach program to solicit broad public participation in the redistricting public review process. The hearing process shall include hearings to receive public input before the Commission draws any maps and hearings following the drawing and display of any Commission maps. In addition, hearings shall be supplemented with other activities as appropriate to further increase opportunities for the public to observe and participate in the review process. The Commission shall display the maps for public comment in a manner designed to achieve the widest public access reasonably possible.

Public comment shall be taken for at least fourteen (14) days from the date of public display of any map.

(B) The Legislature shall take all steps necessary to ensure that a complete and accurate computerized database is available for redistricting, and that procedures are in place to provide the public ready access to redistricting data and computer software for drawing maps. Upon the Commission's formation and until its dissolution, the Legislature shall coordinate these efforts with the Commission.

Section 6. NEW LAW Section 6 is codified as O.S §14-138 to read:

138.1 Independent Redistricting Commission Compensation.

Members of the Commission shall be compensated at the rate of three hundred dollars ($300) for each day the member is engaged in Commission business. For each succeeding Commission, the rate of compensation shall be adjusted in each year ending in nine (9) by the cumulative change in the Oklahoma Consumer Price Index, or its successor. Members of the panel and the Commission are eligible for reimbursement of personal expenses incurred in connection with the duties performed pursuant to this act. A member's residence is deemed to be the member's post of duty for purposes of reimbursement of expenses.

138.2 Independent Redistricting Commission Budget, Fiscal Oversight.

(A) In 2019, and in each year ending in nine (9) thereafter, the Governor shall include in the Governor's Budget submitted to the Legislature pursuant to the Oklahoma Constitution amounts of funding for the State Auditor, the Independent Redistricting Commission, and the Secretary of State that are sufficient to meet the estimated expenses of each of those officers or entities in implementing the redistricting process required by this Act for a three-year period, including, but not limited to, adequate funding for a statewide outreach program to solicit broad public participation in the redistricting process. The Governor shall also make adequate office space available for the operation of the Commission. The Legislature shall make the necessary appropriation in the Budget Act, and the appropriation shall be available during the entire three-year period. The appropriation made shall be equal to the greater of two million dollars ($2,000,000), or the amount expended pursuant to this subdivision in the immediately preceding redistricting process, as each amount is adjusted by the cumulative change in the Oklahoma Consumer Price Index, or its successor, since the date of the immediately preceding appropriation made pursuant to this subdivision. The Legislature may make additional appropriations in any year in which it determines that the Commission requires additional funding in order to fulfill its duties.

(B) The Commission, with fiscal oversight from the Department of Finance or its successor, shall have procurement and contracting authority and may hire staff

and consultants for the purposes of this Act, including legal representation.

Section 7. Act Severability.

The provisions of this Act are severable. If any provision of this Act or its application is held to be invalid, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

Section 8. The ballot title for the proposed Constitutional amendments as set forth in SECTIONS 2, 3, and 4, and additions to the Oklahoma Statutes as found in SECTIONS 5 and 6 shall be in the following form:

REFORMS FOR TRANSPARANCY AND FAIRNESS IN LEGISLATIVE REDISTRICING

Legislative Referendum No. XXX O.I.L Question No. XXX

THE GIST OF THE PROPOSITION IS AS FOLLOWS:

This measure amends and adds sections to the Oklahoma Constitution and adds new sections to the Oklahoma Statutes. Under current law, legislators draw the boundaries for their own political districts behind closed doors. This creates a clear conflict of interest as politicians are allowed to choose their voters before the voters have a real chance to choose them. This practice, widely known as 'Gerrymandering,' is self-serving for politicians and can lead to the disenfranchisement of Oklahoma voters. The passage of this measure would effectively abolish the practice of 'Gerrymander' redistricting and in its place, create an Independent Redistricting Commission consisting of Oklahoma voters without a vested political interest in the outcome. The Independent Redistricting Commission shall draw district lines for the State House, State Senate, Congressional House, and Congressional Senate districts. Meetings of the Independent Redistricting Commission shall be open to the public as to ensure transparency and fairness. .

SHALL THESE AMENDMENTS BE APPROVED BY THE PEOPLE?

_____ YES, FOR THE AMMENDMENTS
_____ NO, AGAINST THE AMMENDMENTS

Section 9. The Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives, immediately after the passage of this resolution, shale file and prepare one copy thereof, including the Ballot Title set forth in Section 8 hereof, with the Secretary of State and one copy with the Attorney General.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

HOUSE BILL NO. OU-501 By: Bryant (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to firearms; creating the Firearms Freedom Act; providing short title; providing definitions; making certain firearms, firearm accessories, or ammunition exempt from federal law or federal regulation; providing exceptions; requiring certain identification mark on firearms manufactured or sold in Oklahoma; establishing conditions for the possession and purchase of specified firearms; providing legislative findings and declarations of authority; providing applicability of act; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Firearms Freedom Act".

SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 16-101 of Title 12A, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

As used in Sections 2 through 5 of this act, the following definitions apply:

1. "Borders of Oklahoma" means the boundaries of Oklahoma described in Section 3 of Article I of the Oklahoma Constitution;

2. "Firearm" means any weapon which will or is designed to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive and shall not include any fully automatic weapon or any weapon designed to fire a rocket-propelled grenade or any explosive projectile;

3. "Firearm accessories" means items that are used in conjunction with or mounted upon a firearm but are not essential to the basic function of a firearm including, but not limited to, telescopic or laser sights, magazines, folding or aftermarket stocks and grips, ammunition carriers, optics for target identification and lights for target illumination;

4. "Generic and insignificant parts" includes but is not limited to springs, screws, nuts, and pins; and

5. "Manufactured" means that a firearm, a firearm accessory, or ammunition has been created from basic materials for functional usefulness, including but not limited to, forging, casting, machining, molding or other processes for working materials.

SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 16-102 of Title 12A, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. A personal firearm, a firearm accessory, or ammunition that is manufactured commercially or privately in Oklahoma and that remains exclusively within the borders of Oklahoma is not subject to federal law, federal taxation or federal regulation, including registration, under the authority of the United States Congress to regulate interstate commerce. It is declared by the Oklahoma Legislature that those items have not traveled in interstate commerce. This section applies to a firearm, a firearm accessory, or ammunition that is manufactured in Oklahoma from basic materials and that can be manufactured without the inclusion of any significant parts imported from another state or foreign country. Generic and insignificant parts that have other manufacturing or consumer product applications are not firearms, firearms accessories, or ammunition, and their importation into Oklahoma and incorporation into a firearm, a firearm accessory, or ammunition manufactured in Oklahoma does not subject the firearm, firearm accessory, or ammunition to federal regulation. It is declared by the Oklahoma Legislature that basic materials including, but not limited to, polymers, unmachined metal, ferrous or nonferrous, bar stock, ingots or forgings and unshaped wood are not firearms, firearms accessories, or ammunition and are not subject to congressional authority to regulate firearms, firearms accessories, and ammunition under interstate commerce as if they were actually firearms, firearms accessories, or ammunition. The authority of the United States Congress to regulate interstate commerce in basic materials does not include authority to regulate firearms, firearms accessories, and ammunition made within Oklahoma borders from those materials. Firearms accessories that are imported into Oklahoma from another state and that are subject to federal regulation as being in interstate commerce do not subject a firearm to federal regulation under interstate commerce because the firearm accessory is attached to or used in conjunction with a firearm in Oklahoma.

B. A firearm manufactured or sold in Oklahoma under the provisions of this act shall have the words “Made in Oklahoma” clearly stamped, inscribed or otherwise marked on a central metallic part of the firearm, such as the receiver or frame.

C. To possess a firearm covered by this section a person shall:

1. Not have been convicted of any felony in any state, territory or other jurisdiction of the United States;
2. Not currently be adjudicated as legally incompetent; and
3. Not have been committed to a mental health institution.

D. To purchase a firearm covered by this section a person shall:

1. Be at least:
   a. twenty-one (21) years of age if the firearm is a handgun, or
   b. eighteen (18) years of age if the firearm is a shotgun or rifle;

2. Not have been convicted of any felony in any state, territory or other jurisdiction of the United States;

3. Not currently be adjudicated as legally incompetent; and

4. Not have been committed to a mental health institution.

SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 16-103 of Title 12A, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

The Legislature declares that the authority for Sections 2 through 5 of this act is the following:

1. The Tenth Amendment to the United States Constitution guarantees to the states and their people all powers not granted to the federal government elsewhere in the United States Constitution and reserves to the state and people of Oklahoma certain powers as they were understood at the time that Oklahoma was admitted to statehood in 1907. The guaranty of those powers is a matter of contract between the state and people of Oklahoma and the United States as of the time that the compact with the United States was agreed upon and adopted by Oklahoma and the United States in 1907;

2. The Ninth Amendment to the United States Constitution guarantees to the people rights not granted in the United States Constitution and reserves to the people of Oklahoma certain rights as they were understood at the time that Oklahoma was admitted to statehood in 1907. The guaranty of those rights is a matter of contract between the state and people of Oklahoma and the United States as of the time that the compact with the United States was agreed upon and adopted by Oklahoma and the United States in 1907;

3. The regulation of intrastate commerce is vested in the states under the Ninth and Tenth Amendments to the United States Constitution, particularly if not expressly preempted by federal law. The United States Congress has not expressly preempted state regulation of intrastate commerce pertaining to the manufacture on an intrastate basis of firearms, firearms accessories, and ammunition;

4. The Second Amendment to the United States Constitution reserves to the people the right to keep and bear arms as that right was understood at the time that Oklahoma was admitted to statehood in 1907, and the guaranty of the right is a matter of contract between the state and people of Oklahoma and the United States as of the time that the compact with the United States was agreed upon and adopted by Oklahoma and the United States in 1907; and

5. Section 26 of Article II of the Oklahoma Constitution clearly secures to

Oklahoma citizens and prohibits interference with the right of individual Oklahoma citizens to keep and bear arms. This constitutional protection is unchanged from the 1907 Oklahoma Constitution, which was approved by the United States Congress and the people of Oklahoma, and the right exists as it was understood at the time that the compact with the United States was agreed upon and adopted by Oklahoma and the United States in 1907.

SECTION 5. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 16-104 of Title 12A, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

The provisions of this act applies to firearms, firearms accessories, and ammunition that are manufactured, as defined in Section 2 of this act, and retained in Oklahoma after November 1, 2013.

SECTION 6. This act shall become effective November 1, 2013.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OU-502 By: Cramer (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the employment application process for ex-convicts ; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Reformed and Back to Work" Act of 2012.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Once a person has been released from incarceration, and 7 years have passed since the end of his/her parole time period then potential employers are no longer allowed to discriminate based on the criminal history of the applicant. This applies to those who were incarcerated due to non-violent offenses, and have not been arrested since their release. Exceptions to this law are sex-related offenses involving a minor in any form or fashion, in which potential employers can inquire into at any point in time, and offenses that are rationally related to the area of employment, in which potential employers can also inquire into at any point in time. When denied, the applicant is entitled to a written explanation describing reasons an employment offer was not extended. This is to be delivered within 30 days of request. Employers that choose not to follow the law will be fined between 500 and 1,000 dollars per offense.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval. Once the 90 days have passed, all citizens who would have been eligible are now encompassed by the law.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OU-503 By: Cramer (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to making election day in the state of Oklahoma a civic holiday; providing short title; providing for codification; and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Celebrate Voting" Act of 2012.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

On the Tuesday following the first Monday in November in years evenly divisible by four, all employees cannot be required to go to work. Those who do not go to work cannot be penalized in anyway. The exception to this rule is that any employee needed for the election process will be required to attend work. This includes state employed bus drivers, poll workers, amongst others. Employers found to be in violation of this law will be charged up to 2,000 dollars per offence, and be looked upon as suppressing the vote.

Section 3. It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OU-504 By: Hammons (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to labor; providing short title; providing for repealer; providing for codification; and providing for effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Freedom of Employment Act of 2013".

Section 2. REPEALER The Oklahoma Minimum Wage Act, 40 O.S. § 197.1 *et seq*, is hereby repealed.

Section 3. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OU-506 By: Hammons (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to revenue and taxation; ordering a legislative referendum pursuant to the Oklahoma Constitution; providing for levy of a tax on the sales of goods; providing for apportionment of fund; providing for collection and administration of tax; providing definitions; providing for codification; providing for effective date; providing ballot title; and directing filing.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. Pursuant to Section 3 of Article V of the Oklahoma Constitution, there is hereby ordered the following legislative referendum which shall be filed with the Secretary of State and addressed to the Governor of the State, who shall submit the same to the People for their approval or rejection at the next General Election.

SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

1. All taxes levied by the Oklahoma Statutes are hereby repealed.
2. There is hereby levied upon the sales of all goods sold an excise tax of seventeen and one half percent (17.5%).
3. All revenues collected under this section shall be apportioned to the General Fund.
4. The taxes levied by this section shall be collected and administered by the Oklahoma Tax Commission as provided for by law.
5. As used in this section, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

"Goods" includes any and all tangible commodities, including intangible commodities which are manifested in tangible form. "Goods" does not include groceries, professional and non-professional services, or personal clothing items.

"Groceries" includes any and all fresh fruits and vegetables and nutritious foods as certified by the Oklahoma Department of Agriculture.

"Professional and non-professional Services" includes the provision of any and all acts of technical and non-technical labor

"Personal clothing items" include articles of clothing and footwear worn on or about the human body with a sales price of less than One Hundred Dollars ($100.00). "Personal clothing items" does not include clothing or footwear

designed for athletic activity, jewelry, handbags, luggage, umbrellas, wallets, watches, and similar items carried on or about the human body.

SECTION 3. This act shall become effective January 1, 2014.

SECTION 4. The Ballot Title for the proposed amendment to the Oklahoma Statutes as set forth in SECTIONS 2 and 3 of this act shall be in the following form:

BALLOT TITLE

Legislative Referendum No. _____ State Questions No. _____

THE GIST OF THE PROPOSITION IS A FOLLOWS:

This measure repeals all currently existing State taxes. The measure places a tax on the sales of goods. The tax will be 17 and one half cents per one dollar of sales price. The measure exempts from taxation groceries, profession and non-professional services, and personal clothing items. Groceries are any fruits, vegetables, and other nutritious foods. Professional and non-professional services are acts of labor. Personal clothing items are those things worn on the human body. Monies from the tax will be used to support the functions of the State Government, including healthcare, education, transportation, and law enforcement. The tax will begin on January 1, 2014.

SHALL THE PROPOSAL BE APPROVED?
FOR THE PROPOSAL – YES _____
AGAINST THE PROPOSAL – NO _____

SECTION 5. Immediately after the passage of this act, one copy thereof, including the Ballot Title as set forth in SECTION 4 hereof, shall be filed with the Secretary of State and one copy shall be filed with the Attorney General.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OU-507 By: Herrian (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to water treatment; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for new facilities; providing fund management; providing revenue; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the Nix Hex…avalent Chromium Act of 2013.

Section 2. DEFINITIONS:

Hexavalent Chromium: The carcinogenic oxidized version of the Heavy Metal Chromium.

Method 218.7: A scientific process used to identify desired molecules/compounds. EPA Recommended

Reduction/Coagulation/Filtration System: Chromium water filtration system designed and used in Glendale, California.

Ferrous Sulphate: The most effective dosing agent used in RCF systems.

0.2 $\mu g/m^3$: Level of Chromium determined to be safe by the State of California.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

The Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality (ODEQ) will now be required to quinquennially test all public sources of drinking water, excluding those that are not processed at State or City treatment facilities, for Hexavalent Chromium. This will be tasked to the Water Quality Division (WQD), who will be required to follow Method 218.7, as recommended by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), to determine Hexavalent Chromium levels. In the event that the WQD lack the research equipment, workforce, or education required to perform the detection process, new funds will be added to their budget in the amount necessary to correctly conduct the tests. Should any new lab equipment/individuals be found useful for any other State backed research, then said equipment/individuals may be repurposed in the event that they are not currently performing Chromium tests. All data will be provided to the public concerning the concentration and locations of the tainted water sites.

Section 4. NEW LAW A new law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Should a source of drinking water show levels of Hexavalent Chromium above 0.2 $\mu g/m^3$ then the ODEQ shall be provided with the funds necessary to supplement the local water facility with the equipment, workforce, and education required to filter the Hexavalent Chromium to or below the mentioned level. The facilities in need of Hexavalent Chromium filtration will receive Reduction/Coagulation/Filtration (RCF) systems based off the recommendations and research of Glendale, California. The ODEQ will be in charge of contracting the individuals or companies capable of interpreting the research, applying the research to the construction of the new systems, and determining the dose size of the Ferrous Sulphate. The size of the new RCF systems will vary according to the flow rate of the facility it is being built in.

Section 5. NEW LAW A new law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

New funds will be made available to all water facilities for the increased operation and maintenance. The ODEQ will be responsible for the disbursement of this funding and base its decisions off the estimated operation and maintenance costs from the Glendale research. The ODEQ will also oversee the waste disposal of the facilities to ensure that the most cost effective disposal process within Oklahoma State and Federal Law is used.

Section 6. NEW LAW A new law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

A new sales tax of .2% will be added to the current tax rate with all proceeds going towards the ODEQ. The ODEQ may save up to $10 million of any surplus in its budget for emergency use. After the emergency fund is filled, all surpluses will be returned to the general budget. The ODEQ will not be allowed to perform any responsibilities outlined in this bill until one year's worth of taxes has been collected. Should the ODEQ's annual budget not allow the construction of multiple RCF systems, preference will be given cities with the highest Hexavalent Chromium levels.

Section 7. This act shall take effect January 1, 2014.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OU-508 By: Hammons, J. (OU)
King, T. (OU)
Cary, J. (UCO)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the legalization of the adult services industry and providing funding for schools; providing short title; providing for codification; providing for amendment; providing for definitions; providing penalties and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Sex for Schools" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Any individual may provide adult services as long as they are a Licensed Adult Service Professional. In addition, the sales tax from these transactions is appropriated to the school district in which the transaction occurred.

Section 3. AMENDMENT Amend Title 21-1029 of the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows :

Prostitution" means:

a. the giving or receiving of the body for sexual intercourse, fellatio, cunnilingus, masturbation, anal intercourse or lewdness with any person not his or her spouse, in exchange for money or any other thing of value <u>without a license from the State of Oklahoma,</u> or

b.

b. the making of any appointment or engagement for sexual intercourse, fellatio, cunnilingus, masturbation, anal intercourse or lewdness with any person not his or her spouse, in exchange for money or any other thing of value <u>without a license from the State of Oklahoma</u>;

Section 4. DEFINITIONS

"Adult Services"- the giving or receiving of the body for sexual intercourse, fellatio, cunnilingus, masturbation and anal intercourse with any person not his or her spouse, in exchange for money with proper licenses and paying taxes on each transaction.

"Licensed Adult Services Professional"-an individual licensed from the state of Oklahoma that can provide a range of adult services. In order to obtain the license, the individual must be eighteen (18) years of age, submit to quarterly inspections of facilities, and submit to and maintain record of monthly sexually transmitted disease tests.

Section 5. PENALTY

Those providing adult services without proper licensing are eligible to be charged with prostitution and punished according to Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

Section 6. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. OU-509 By: Kiper (OU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to being kind, and teaching kindness in publicly funded schools; providing short title; providing for definitions; providing for codification; providing for effective date; and providing penalties

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

Section 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes under title 70, unless there is created duplication in numbering, reads as follows: Sections 1 through 3 of this act shall be known and be cited as the "Kindness in Classroom Act"

Section 2. DEFINITIONS:

e. Kindness: The quality or state of being Kind, wanting and liking to do good and to bring happiness to others; showing or growing out of gentleness or goodness of heart.

f. Bystander Effect: a social psychological phenomenon that refers to cases where individuals do not offer any means of help in an emergency situation to the victim when other people are present.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

A. Based upon the overall lack of kindness of the general public, the legislature hereby finds that Children in Oklahoma Public Schools should learn the importance of kindness and the bystander effect.

B. The purpose of the Kindness in the Classroom Act is to provide parents or guardians of children enrolled in Oklahoma Public Schools an opportunity to attend a kindness assembly, where addressed issues may include any or all of the following topics, as well as any topics approved by the local school board:
   a. Bystander Effect Training, to prevent bystander effect
   b. Listening Skills to encourage better listening practices
   c. Volunteering Information, for the local community
   d. Importance of being kind to everyone you meet

Section 4. This act shall become effective June 1, 2014.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. SNU-501 By: Rice (SNU) of the House
Crofford (SNU) of the Senate

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to raising revenue by chronology-based taxation; providing short title; providing for codification; providing for exceptions; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Time is Money, and Money is Taxable" Act of 2013.

Section 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

Oklahoma residents shall be taxed upon the anniversary of their birth. The amount of the tax shall be ten cents ($.10) for every day lived since the preceding birthday. It shall be referred to as the "time tax."

Section 3. EXEMPTIONS

The following individuals shall be exempted:

a. Chuck Norris, because no government is able to control him anyway
b. Zombies, as they are no longer living
c. The Trinity, as his/their presence in the state of Oklahoma cannot be proven in a court of law
d. Every member of the OIL House and Senate who vote "yea," "yes," or "A got money and you know it, yes" on this bill
e. The OIL governor, if and only if he does not veto this bill

Section 4. PENALTIES

Individuals convicted of evading the time tax shall be punished by being subjected to Count Tyrone Rugen's machine which sucks days of one's life away, as demonstrated in the widely-known historical documentary, *The Princess Bride.* The days taken away shall be equal to the number of days for which the time tax was not paid. Furthermore, their tax rate shall be changed to ten-hundredths of a dollar ($.10).

Any individuals found suggesting that this measure is an attempt by the state to serve as a "Time Lord" will have their tax rate changed to one hundred-thousandths of a dollar ($.10).

Section 5. This act shall become effective 90 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature

1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Bill No. SNU 502 By: Rice, Tim (SNU)

AS INTRODUCED

An act relating to the cultivation and use of the *Cannabis* plant genus in the state of Oklahoma; providing short title; providing for codification and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA

Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Leading the Way" Act of 2013.

Section 2. Definitions:

Medicinal Strain: A variety bred to contain a quantity of cannabanoids sufficient for pain reduction, nausea relief etc. at an unlimited concentration.

Industrial: A variety bred for fiber and seed production with a low concentration of cannabanoids with a concentration of active cannabanoids no higher than 0.03 percent.

Recreational Strain: A variety containing up to 15% active cannabanoids.

Section 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes to read as follows:

The cultivation, sale and consumption of the *Cannabis* plant genus shall henceforth not be a crime in the State of Oklahoma if pursuant to the following regulations.

Subsection 1.
1. Cultivation and Certification

Those wishing to cultivate plants of the *Cannabis* genus in the state of Oklahoma must acquire a grower's permit from the Oklahoma Department of Agriculture Food and Forestry (ODAFF) or its successor. Seed shall be provided by a state seed bank that shall provide the best suited seed for the intended final crop at a reasonable cost. The three categories of seed and the requirements for being certified as such, shall be as follows:

Medical: May contain an unlimited concentration of active cannabanoids. to receive certification for distribution as medical grade cannabis, it must be grown organically, without the use of artificial fertilizers or pesticides.

Recreational: May contain up to 15% concentration of active cannabaniods. To receive certification for distribution, it must be grown organically, without the use of artificial fertilizers or pesticides.

Industrial: May contain only up to 0.03% concentration of active cannabanoids. It may be cultivated using traditional agricultural methods.

2. Restrictions

Unless specifically allowed by the municipal government, *Cannabis* crops may not be cultivated outdoors inside municipal limits. Indoor cultivation with the exception of greenhouses and similar structures, is prohibited unless a specialized permit is acquired from the ODAFF.

A buffer zone of 500 yards from the public space must be observed for the outdoor cultivation of any variety.

Subsection 2. Sale and Distribution

1. Medical

Medically certified *Cannabis* may be sold at licensed pharmacies in forms that allow for consumption via non-smoking methods.

2. Recreational

Recreationally certified *Cannabis* shall conform to existing regulations governing the sale of tobacco products.

3. Industrial

Industrially certified *Cannabis* shall conform to existing regulations regarding (dependent on its use) fiber and oil crops.

4. Distributors of *Cannabis*-derived products certified for medical and recreational use shall not be permitted to advertise them in the public space.

Subsection 3. Revenue and Expenditures

Medical *Cannabis* shall be taxed at a rate of 4.2 (four point two) percent in state.

Recreational *Cannabis* shall be taxed according to existing state statutes regarding tobacco products with an additional 8.4 (eight point four) percent tax that shall be allocated to public health efforts in the state.

Industrial *Cannabis* shall be taxed according to existing statutes regarding fiber and oil crops with an additional 2.1 (two point one) percent tax that shall be allocated to the creation and maintenance of public infrastructure in the state.

Subsection 4. Penalties

Individuals who cultivate *Cannabis* plants for commercial purposes without a permit shall be fined $1000 (one thousand dollars).

Individuals who possess permits but are found to have cultivated a more powerful variety than their permit shall be fined $1000 (one thousand dollars) and have their permit revoked for two years.

Individuals who advertise via television, radio or public billboard shall be fined $10000 (ten thousand dollars).

Individuals who are found consuming *Cannabis* products in public will be fined $100 (one hundred dollars).

Individuals found guilty of consuming inhaled *Cannabis* products in the presence of children will be fined $500 (five hundred dollars).

Section 4. This act shall become effective 365 days after passage and approval.

Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature
1st Session of the 45th Legislature (2013)

House Joint Resolution Number By: House Appropriations Committee

AS INTRODUCED

A Joint Resolution authorizing and appropriating funds for general conference expenses; creating a short title; stating legislative intent; and declaring an emergency.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE SENATE OF THE OKLAHOMA INTERCOLLEGIATE LEGISLATURE THAT:

SECTION 1: For the sole purpose of identification, the short title of this Joint Resolution shall be "The Omnibus Authorization and Appropriations Joint Resolution of the 1st Session of the 45th Legislature."

SECTION 2: The intent of this Joint Resolution shall be to authorize and appropriate funds for the Fall 2013 Conference.

REVENUES

SECTION 3: The revenues for the 1st Session of the 45th Legislatures are $_____.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

SECTION 4: For the performance of such duties as the House of Representatives deems necessary, there is hereby authorized and appropriated to the House of Representatives the amount of $_____.

SECTION 5: The administration of all funds authorized and appropriated to the House of Representatives shall be under the control of the Speaker of the House, subject to overruling by the House of Representatives.

SECTION 6: In the event that the House of Representatives shall sponsor an event for its membership and any quests, only monies in excess of the cost of the event shall be considered as revenue. All monies not in excess of the cost shall be immediately posted to the House of Representatives.

SENATE

SECTION 7: For the performance of such duties as the Senate deems necessary, there is hereby authorized and appropriated to the Senate the amount of $_____.

SECTION 8: The administration of all funds authorized and appropriated to the Senate shall be under the control of the President Pro Tempore, subject to overruling by the Senate.

SECTION 9: In the event that the Senate shall sponsor an event for its membership and any quests, only monies in excess of the cost of the event shall be considered as revenue. All monies not in excess of the cost shall be immediately posted to the Senate.

COURT

SECTION 10: For the performance of such duties as the Supreme Court deems necessary, there is hereby authorized and appropriated to the Supreme Court the amount of $_____.

SECTION 11: For the purchase of Supreme Court clothing and supplies, there is hereby authorized and appropriated to the Supreme Court the amount of $_____.

SECTION 11: The administration of all funds authorized and appropriated to the Supreme Court shall be under the control of the Chief Justice, subject to overruling by the Supreme Court.

SECTION 12: In the event that the Supreme Court shall sponsor an event for its membership and any quests, only monies in excess of the cost of the event shall be considered as revenue. All monies not in excess of the cost shall be immediately posted to the Supreme Court.

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

SECTION 13: For the performance of such duties as the Governor deems necessary, there is hereby authorized and appropriated to the Executive Branch the amount of $_____.

SECTION 14: The administration of all funds authorized and appropriated to the Executive Branch shall be under the control of the Governor.

SECTION 15: For the performance of such duties as the Lieutenant Governor deems necessary, there is hereby authorized and appropriated to the Lieutenant Governor the amount of $_____ from the funds collectively authorized and appropriated to the Executive Branch.

SECTION 16: The administration of all funds authorized and appropriated to the Lieutenant Governor shall be under the control of the Lieutenant Governor, subject to override by the Governor.

TROPHY FUND

SECTION 17: For the purchase of trophies by the Governor, there is hereby appropriated the amount of $_____.

EMERGENCY CLAUSE

SECTION 18: It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, and safety, an emergency is declared to exist by reason whereof this joint resolution shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage.

ADDRESSES

First Session of the Forty-Fifth Oklahoma Intercollegiate Legislature

Hotel - 1511 NW Expressway St, Oklahoma City, OK, 73118 United States

Oklahoma State Capitol - 2300 N Lincoln Blvd Oklahoma City, OK 73105

Chickasaw Bricktown Ballpark - 2 S Mickey Mantle Dr., Oklahoma City, OK 73104

Elevation Trampoline Park - 14402 N Lincoln Blvd, Edmond, OK 73013

Remington Park - 1 Remington Pl, Oklahoma City, OK 73111

Mid-Del Food Pantry - Mid-Del Food Pantry, 322 N Midwest Blvd, Midwest City, OK

Feed the Children - 4529 Enterprise Place OKC, OK 73128